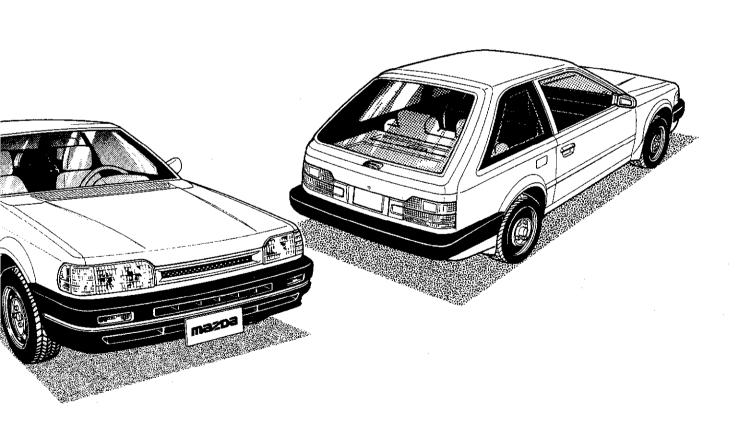
Mazda 323

1988 Workshop Manual





1988 Mazda 323 Workshop Manual

FOREWORD

This workshop manual is intended for use by service technicians of authorized Mazda dealers to help them service Mazda vehicles. This manual can be also useful for Mazda owners in diagnosing certain problems and performing some repair and maintenance on Mazda vehicles.

For proper repair and maintenance, it is important to be thoroughly familiarized with this manual. It is recommended that this manual always be kept in a handy place for quick and easy reference.

All the contents of this manual, including photographs, drawings, and specifications, are the latest available at the time of printing. As modifications affecting repair or maintenance occur, relevant information supplementary to this volume will be made available at Mazda dealers. This manual should be kept up-to-date.

Mazda Motor Corporation reserves the right to alter the specifications and contents of this manual without obligation or advance notice.

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Mazda Motor Corporation HIROSHIMA JAPAN

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

BASIC ASSUMPTIONS

This workshop manual assumes that you have and know how to properly use certain special tools which are necessary for the safe and efficient performance of service operations on Mazda vehicles. The manual also assumes that you are generally familiar with automobile systems and basic service and repair procedures. You should not attempt to use this manual unless these assumptions are correct and you understand the consequences described below.

SAFETY RISK

This manual contains certain notes, warnings, etc., which you should carefully read and follow in order to eliminate the risk of personal injury to yourself or others and the risk of improper service which may damage the vehicle or render it unsafe. The fact that there are not such notes, etc., with respect to any specific service method does not mean that there is no possibility that personal safety or vehicle safety will be jeopardized by the use of incorrect methods or tools.

POSSIBLE LOSS OF WARRANTY

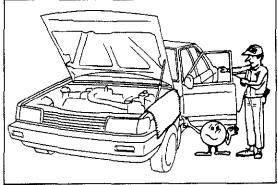
The manufacturer's warranty on Mazda vehicles and engines can be voided if improper service or repairs are performed by persons other than an authorized Mazda dealer.

FUNDAMENTAL PROCEDURES

As you read through the procedure, you will come across NOTES, CAUTIONS, and WARNINGS. Each one is there for a specific purpose. NOTES give you added information that will help you to complete a particular procedure. CAUTIONS are given to prevent you from making an error that could damage the vehicle. WARNINGS remind you to be especially careful in those areas where carelessness can cause personal injury. The following list contains some general WARNINGS that you should follow when you work on a vehicle.

PROTECTION OF THE VEHICLE

Always be sure to cover fenders, seats, and floor areas before starting work.



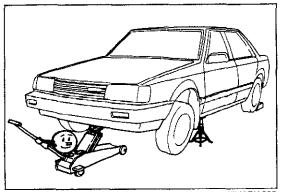
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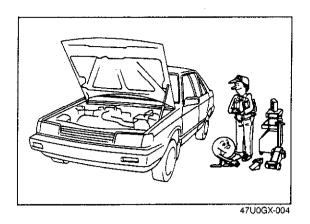
A WORD ABOUT SAFETY

The following precautions must be followed when jacking up the vehicle.

- 1. Block wheels.
- Use only specified jacking positions.
- 3. Support vehicle with safety stands (rigid racks).

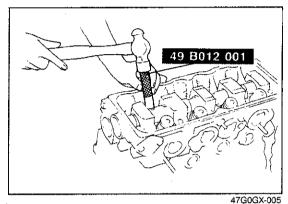
Start the engine only after making certain the engine compartment is clear of tools and people.





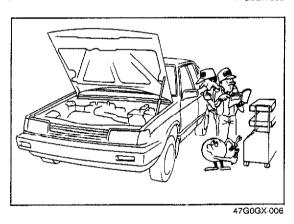
PREPARATION OF TOOLS AND MEASURING EQUIPMENT

Be sure that all necessary tools and measuring equipment are available before starting work activity.



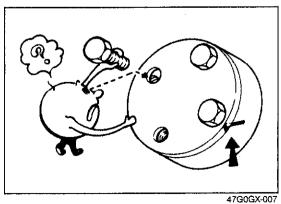
SPECIAL TOOLS

Use special tools when they are required.



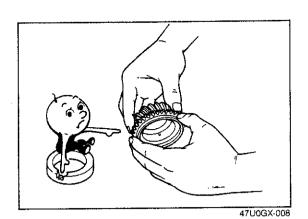
REMOVAL OF PARTS

While correcting a problem, try also to determine the cause. Begin work only after first learning which parts and subassemblies must be removed and disassembled for replacement or repair.



DISASSEMBLY

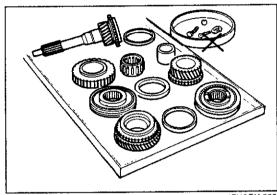
If the disassembly procedure is complex, requiring many parts to be disassembled, all parts should be disassembled in a way that will not affect their performance or external appearance and can be identified so that reassembly can be performed efficiently.



DISASSEMBLY

1. Inspection of parts

Each part when removed should be carefully inspected for malfunctioning, deformation, damage or other problems.

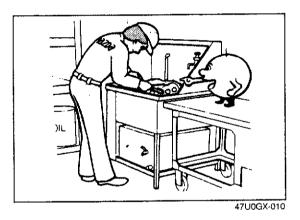


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2. Arrangement of parts

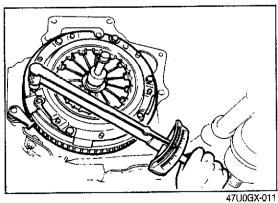
All disassembled parts should be carefully arranged for reassembly.

Be sure to separate or otherwise identify the parts to be replaced from those that will be reused.



3. Cleaning parts for reuse

All parts to be reused should be carefully and thoroughly cleaned by the appropriate method.

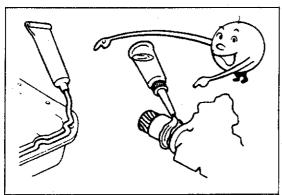


REASSEMBLY

Standard values, such as torques and certain adjustments, must be strictly observed in the reassembly of all parts.

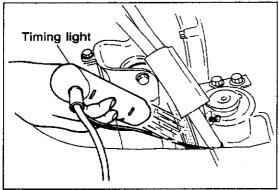
If removed, these parts should be replaced with new ones.

- 1.Oil seals
- 2. Gaskets
- 3. O-rings
- 4. Lock washers
- 5. Cotter pins (split pins)
- 6. Nylon nuts



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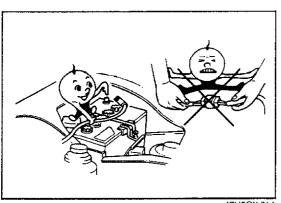
- Depending on where they are;
- 1 Sealant should be applied to gaskets
- 2. Oil should be applied to moving components of
- 3. Specified oil or grease should be applied at the prescribed locations (oil seals, etc.) before assembly.



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ADJUSTMENTS

Use gauges and testers to make adjustments to standard values.



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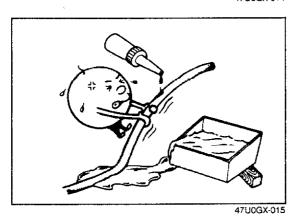
ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Be sure to disconnect the battery cable from the negative (-) terminal of the battery.

Never pull on the wiring when disconnecting connectors.

Locking connectors must be heard to click for the connector to be secure.

Handle sensors and relays carefully. Be careful not to drop them or hit them against other parts.



RUBBER PARTS AND TUBING

Always prevent gasoline or oil from touching rubber parts or tubing.

VEHICLE JACK AND SUPPORT POSITIONS

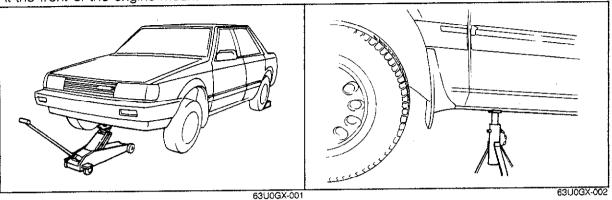
JACK AND SAFETY STAND (RIGID RACK) POSITIONS

FRONT

Jack position:

At the front of the engine mount member

Safety stand positions: On both side sills (front)



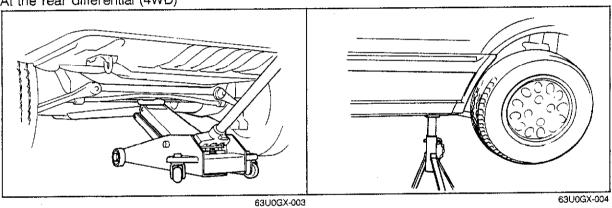
REAR

Jack position:

At the center of the rear crossmember (2WD) At the rear differential (4WD)

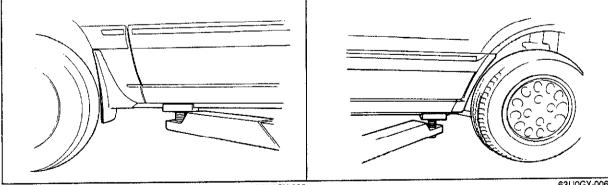
Safety stand positions:

On both side sills (rear)



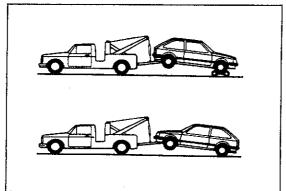
VEHICLE LIFT (2-SUPPORT TYPE) POSITIONS

REAR Front On both side sills On both side sills

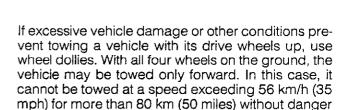


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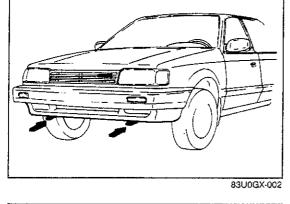
Proper towing equipment is necessary to prevent damage to the vehicle during any towing operation. Laws and regulations applicable to vehicles in tow

Release the parking brake, place the shift lever in neutral, and set the ignition key in the "ACC" position. As a rule, towed vehicles should be pulled with the

If the towing speed will exceed 56 km/h (35 mph), or if the towing distance will exceed 80 km (50 miles), use either of these two methods:

- 1. Place the front wheels on dollies.
- 2. Tow with the front wheels raised.

of damaging the transaxle.



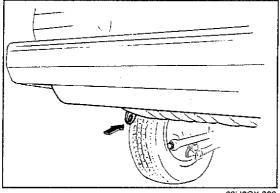
CAUTIONS

TOWING

must always be observed.

drive wheels off the ground.

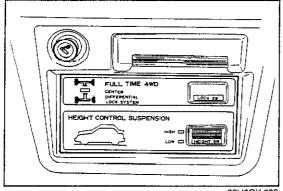
- a) The power assistance for the brakes and steering will be in-operable while the engine
- b) When either towing hooks or chains are used, always pull the cable or chain straight away from the hook and do not apply any sideways force to it. To further help prevent damage, do not take up slack too quickly in the cable or chain.
- c) The rear towing hook should be used only in an emergency situation, (e.g., to pull the vehicle from a ditch, a snowbank, or mud).



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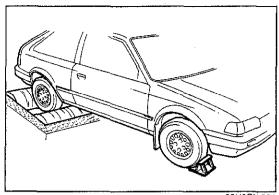
d) (4WD model)

The center differential must never be in "Lock".



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G MAINTENANCE NOTES/CHASSIS & ENGINE NUMBER LOCATION



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83U0GX-005

MAINTENANCE NOTES (4WD MODEL)

If a speedometer tester or brake tester is used, unlock the center differential, and also note the followings.

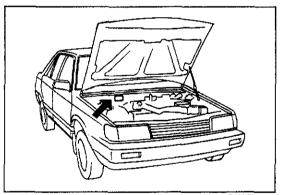
Speedometer Tester

- Place the rear wheels on the rollers
- Be sure to block the front wheels
- Shift to 2nd gear, carefully engage the clutch at low engine rpm, and increase engine speed gradually
- After completing the test, do not brake suddenly.

Brake Tester

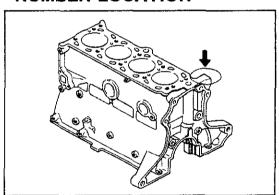
- Place the wheels to be measured on the rollers.
- Shift to neutral

CHASSIS NUMBER LOCATION



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ENGINE MODEL AND NUMBER LOCATION



ABBREVIATIONS

AAS	Air adjust screw
AAV	Anti-afterburn valve
	After bottom dead center
ACC	
A/C	
ACV	
ASA,	Adjustable shock absorber
ASS"Y	Assembly
ATDC	After top dead center
ATF	Automatic transmission fluid
	Automatic transaxle
BAC	Bypass air control
BBDC	Before bottom dead center
	Before top dead center
CPU	Central processing unit
CSD	
	Double overhead camshaft
EGI	Electrical gasoline injection
EGR	. Exhaust gas recirculation
E/L	. Electrical load
ELR	. Emergency locking retractor
EX	. Exhaust
Fig	
IC	. Integrated circuit
IG/IGN	
IN	. Intake
INT	
ISC	. Idle speed control
JB	
LH	1
M,	
MAS	. Mixture adjust screw
	. Malfunction indicator light
	. Manual transmission
MTX	
O/D	
OFF	
ON	
	. Proportioning by-pass valve
PCV Valve	. Positive crankcase ventilation valve
PS	. Power steering
PW	
QSS	
RH	. Right hand
Sec	. Second(s)
SST	
ST	
SW	
TDC	
4WD	. 4-wheel drive

UNITS

N·m (m-kg, ft-lb)	. Torque
rpm	. Revolutions per minute
A	. Ampere(s)
V	. Volt(s)
Ω	Ohm(s)(resistance)
KPa (kg/cm², psi)	Pressure (usually positive)
mm Hg (in Hg)	Pressure (usually negative)
W	Watt

83U0GX-009

PRE-DELIVERY INSPECTION AND SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE SERVICES

PRE-DELIVER	RY INSPECTION		0—	2
SCHEDULED	MAINTENANCE	SERVICES	0—	3
			6311007.0	25

PRE-DELIVERY INSPECTION TABLE

EXTERIOR

INSPECT and ADJUST, if necessary, the following items to specification: Glass, exterior bright metal and paint for damage Wheel lug bolts/nuts 88—118 N·m (9—12 m·kg, 65—87 ft-lb) Tire pressures Front 196 N (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) Rear 177 N (1.8 kg/cm², 26 psi) All weatherstrips for damage or detachment Operation of hood release and lock Operation of trunk lid, back door and fuel lid opener (if equipped) Door operation and alignment Headlight aim INSTALL following parts: Wheel caps or rings (if equipped) Outside mirror (s) UNDER HOOD-ENGINE OFF INSPECT and ADJUST, if necessary, the following items to specification:	 ☐ Heater, defroster and air conditioner at various mode selections (if equipped) ☐ Sunroof (if equipped) ADJUST antenna trimmer on radio (if equipped) CHECK the following items: ☐ Presence of spare fuse ☐ Upholstery and interior finish CHECK and ADJUST, if necessary, the following items: ☐ Operation and fit of windows ☐ Pedal height and free play of brake and clutch pedal ☐ Pedal height mm (in) ☐ Free play mm (in) Clutch 2WD 214.5-219.5 (8.44-8.64) ☐ 9-15 (0.35-0.59) pedal 4WD 229-234 (9.02-9.22) D.6-3.0 (0.02-0.12) Brake pedal 214-219 (8.43-8.63) ☐ Parking brake 5-7 notches/98 N (10 kg. 22 lb) UNDER HOOD-ENGINE RUNNING AT OPERATING TEMPERATURE
☐ Fuel, coolant and hydraulic lines, fittings, connections and components for leaks ☐ Engine oil level ☐ Power steering fluid level (if equipped) ☐ Brake master cylinder fluid level ☐ Clutch master cylinder fluid levels (if equipped) ☐ Windshield washer reservoir fluid level ☐ Radiator coolant level and specific gravity	CHECK following items: ☐ Operation of throttle sensor ☐ Automatic transaxle fluid level ☐ Initial ignition timingBTDC 2 ± 1° Non turbo BTDC 12° ± 1° Turbo ON HOIST CHECK the following items:
Protection Specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) Above -4°C (25°F) 1.028 Above -16°C (3°F) 1.054 Above -26°C (-15°F) 1.066 Above -40°C (-40°F) 1.078 ☐ Tightness of battery terminals ☐ Manual transaxle oil level ☐ Drive belt(s) tensionRefer to section 1 ☐ Accelerator cable for free movement CLEAN spark plugs INTERIOR	CHECK the following items: ☐ Underside fuel, coolant and hydraulic lines, fittings, connections and components for leaks ☐ Tires for cuts or bruises ☐ Steering linkage, suspension, exhaust system and all underside hardware for looseness or damage REMOVE protective cover from brake disc (if equipped) ROAD TEST CHECK the following items: ☐ Brake operation ☐ Clutch operation (MTX only) ☐ Steering control ☐ Operation of meters and gauge
INSTALL the following parts: ☐ Rubber stopper for inside rear view mirror (if equipped) ☐ Fuse for accessories CHECK the operation of the following items: ☐ Seat controls (sliding and reclining) and head rest ☐ Seat belts and warning system ☐ Ignition switch and steering lock ☐ Power window (if equipped) ☐ Inhibitor switch (ATX only) ☐ All lights including warning and indicator lights ☐ Ignition key reminder buzzer (if equipped) ☐ Horn, wipers and washers (front and rear, if equipped) ☐ Radio and antenna (if equipped) ☐ Center differential lock switch	□ Squeaks, rattles or unusual noise □ Engine general performance □ Emergency locking retractors □ Cruise control system (if equipped) AFTER ROAD TEST REMOVE seat and floor mat protective covers CHECK for necessary owner information materials, tools and spare tire in vehicle

83U00X-001

☐ Cigarette lighter and clock (if equipped)☐ Remote control outside mirror (S) (if equipped)

Follow the Schedule 1 (Normal Driving Condition) if you mainly operate your vehicle where none of the following conditions apply. Contrary follow the Schedule 2 (Unique Driving Condition) if one or more them apply;

- Repeated short distance driving.

- Driving in dusty condition.
 Driving in extended use of brakes.
 Driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials.

- Driving on rough and/or muddy road.
 Extended periods of idling and/or low speed operation.
 Driving for a prolonged period in cold temperature and/or extremely humid climates.

Schedule 1 (Normal Driving Condition)

MAIN	Numbe	r of me	onths or	miles (l	kilomete	ers), whi							
INTERVALS		Months	7.5	15	22.5	30	37.5	45	52.5	60	Service data and inspection points	Barra	
MAINTENANCE		x 1,000 miles	7.5	15	22.5	30	37.5	45	52.5	60	Service data and inspection points	Page	
OPERATION		x 1,000 km	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	·		
Drive belts						1				1	Check for damage Tension	1A—6 1B—6	
Engine oil	Non t	urbo	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Oil pan capacity: B6 EGI engine 3.0 liters (3.2 US qt, 2.5 Imp qt)	1A—5	
Liigiiio oii	Turbo			Replace	every 5,	000 mile	es (8,000	km) or	5 months		B6 DOHC engine 3.2 liters (3.4 US qt, 2.8 Imp qt)	1B—5	
Oil filter	Non t		R	Replace	R every 5.	R 000 mile	R es (8.000	R km) or	R months	R	Oil filter capacity: 0.3 liter (0.32 US qt, 0.26 Imp qt)	2A-4 2B-4	
Engine timing b	elt *1		R				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		96,000 k		_		
Air cleaner elem	nent					R				R		1A—5 1B—5	
Spark plugs						R				R	Plug gap: 1.0—1.1 mm (0.039—0.043 in) Recommended spark plugs B6 EGI B6 DOHC NGK BPR5ES-11 BCPR6E-11 NIPPON DENSO W16EXR-U11 Q20PR-U11 CHAMPION RN11YC4 —	1A—8 1B—8 5—29	
Cooling system				I				1		ı	Hoses for cracks or wear Coolant level	3A—4 3B—4	
Engine coolant						R				R	Coolant capacity: B6 EGI: 5.0 liters (5.3 US qt, 4.4 imp qt)MTX 6.0 liters (6.3 US qt, 5.3 imp qt)ATX B6 DOHC 6.0 liters (6.3 US qt, 5.3 imp qt)	3A—4 3B—4	
Fuel filter										R	_	1A45 1B51	

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

SERVICES

Schedule 1 (Normal Driving Condition)

MAINTENANCE	Numbe	r of me	onths o	r miles (l	diomet		1				
INTERVALS	Months	7.5	15	22.5	30	37.5	45	52.5	60		
MAINTENANCE	x 1,000 miles	7.5	15	22.5	30 48	37.5 60	45	52.5	60	Service data and inspection points	Page
OPERATION	x 1,000 km	12	24	36			72	84	96	-	İ
Idle speed					A*2				A*2	850 ± 50 rpmATX P rangeMTX N range	_
Fuel lines					1*3			ļ :	1*3	Fittings, connections and components for leaks	4A—3 4B—3
Brake line hoses and conr	nection		1		1		1		1	Proper attachment and connections	
Clutch pedal			1		1		1			 Operation Pedal height: 214.5 ± 5 mm (8.44 ± 0.2 in) 2WD model 229 ± 5 mm (9.02 ± 0.2 in) 4WD model Free play: 9—15 mm (0.35—0.59 in) 2WD model 0.6—3.0 mm (0.02—0.12 in) 4WD model 	6—5 6—9
Drum brake			·		I				I	Wheel cylinder operation and leakage Lining for wear or damage Thickness of lining minimum1.0 mm (0.039 in) Drum inner diameter maximum201 mm (7.91 in)	11—3
Disc brake			1		1		l		l	Caliper operation Thickness of disc plate minimumFront 16 mm (0.63 in) Rear 9 mm (0.35 in) Thickness of pad minimumFront 2.0 mm (0.079 in) Rear 1.0 mm (0.039 in)	11—2
Steering operation and link					!				1	 Operation and looseness Fluid leakage or oozing Free play0—30 mm (0—1.18 in) 	10— 10—
Front suspension ball joint					1				1	Damage, looseness and grease leakage	
Driveshaft dust boots										Cracking and damage	9-7
Bolts and nuts on chassis	and body		T				Τ			Retighten all loose nuts and bolts	_
Exhaust system heat shield	4				1				ı	Insulation clearance	4A—7 4B—8
Transfer oil (4WD model)		R	ļ <u></u>		R				R	Oil capacity0.5 liter (0.53 US qt, 0.44 imp qt)	7C—
Rear axle oil (4WD model)		,							R	Oil capacity0.65 liter (0.69 US qt, 0.57 Imp qt)	9-42

Note

1 ... Inspect, and if necessary correct, clean or replace

A...Adjust

R...Replace or change

T...Tighten

L...Lubricate

After 60 months or 60,000 miles (96,000 km), continue to follow the described maintenance items and intervals periodically.

As for * marked items in this maintenance chart, please pay attention to the following points.

- *1 Replacement of timing belt is required at every 60,000 miles (96,000 km). Failure to replace the timing belt may result in damage to the engine.
- *2 This maintenance operation is required for all states except California. However we do recommended that this operation be performed on California vehicles as well.
- *3 This maintenance operation is recommended by Mazda. However, this maintenance is not necessary for emission warranty coverage or manufacturer recall liability.

323 Revised 10/87

Schedule 2 (Unique Driving Condition)

MAINTENA	NCE	Num	ber o	f mor	iths o	r mile	s (kil	omete	ers). V	vhiche	ever c	omes	first	•					
INTERV	ALS	Months	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60					
MAINTENANCE		x 1,000 miles	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	Service data and inspection points	Page			
OPERATION		x 1,000 km	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72_	80	88	96					
Drive belt								1							Check for damage Tension	1A6 1B6			
Engine oil	Non	turbo	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	Oil pan capacity: B6 EGI engine3.0 liters (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt)	1A5			
	Turk				Replace	e ever	y 3,00	0 mile	s (5,0	00 km) or 3	monti			B6 DOHC engine3.2 liters (3.4 US qt, 2.8 Imp qt)	1B-5			
Oil filter	Non Turt	turbo o	<u>R</u>	I R	R teplace	R e ever	R y 3,00	LR 0 mile	R s (5,0	R 00 km	R) or 3	R month	_R ns	R	Oil filter capacity: 0.3 liter (0.32 US qt, 0.26 Imp qt)	2A-4 2B-4			
Engine timing be	elt *1			Rep	olace t	he tim	ing be	elt eve	ry 60,	000 m	iles (9	6,000	km)						
Air cleaner eleme	ent				1*2			R			*2		_	R		1A-5 1B-5			
															Plug gap: 1.0—1.1 mm (0.039—0.043 in) Recommended spark plugs				
Spark plugs								R						R	B6 EGI B6 DOHC	1A-8 1B-8 5-29			
Cooling system								ł			1				Hoses for cracks or wear Coolant level	3A-4 3B-4			
Engine coolant								R						R	 Coolant capacity B6 EGI; 5.0 liters (5.3 US qt, 4.4. Imp qt)ATX 6.0 liters (6.3 US qt, 5.3 Imp qt)ATX B6 DOHC 6.0 liters (6.3 US qt, 5.3 Imp qt) 	3A-4 3B-4			
Idle speed					ļ	ļ		A*2			-			A*2	850 ± 50 rpmATX P rangeMTX N range				
Fuel filter						<u> </u>								R		1A45 1B45			
Fuel lines					ļ			J* ³						1	Fittings connections and components for leaks	4A-33 4B-36			
Brake line hoses	and c	onnection			1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1				Proper attachment and connections				
Brake fluid							<u> </u>	R						R	Brake fluid FMVSS116 DOT3 or DOT4 or SAEJ1703a	1111			

Schedule 2 (Unique Driving Condition)

INTERVALS	Months	5	f mor	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60			
MAINTENANCE	x 1,000 miles	1,000 miles	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40			55	60	Service data and inspection points	Page
OPERATION	x 1,000 km	8	16	24	32	40	48	56		72	80	88	96			
Clutch pedal	100 / 100		A Printer of the Control of the Cont	1						I				 Operation Pedal height: 214.5 ± 6 mm (8.44 ± 0.20 in) 2WD model 229 ± 5 mm (9.02 ± 0.20 in) 4WD model Free play 9—15 mm (0.35—0.59 in) 2WD model 0.6—3.0 mm (0.02—0.12 in) 4WD model 	6	
Drum brake							I						-	 Wheel cylinder operation and leakage Lining for wear or damage Thickness of lining minimum 1.0 mm (0.039 in) Drum inner diameter maximum 201 mm (7.91 in) 	112	
Disc brake							1			l			1	Caliper operation Thickness of pad minimum Front2.0 mm (0.79 in) Rear1.0 mm (0.039) Thickness of disc plate minimum Front16 mm (0.63 in) Rear9 mm (0.35 in)	11	
Steering operation and							ı						1	 Operation and looseness Fluid leakage or oozing Free play0—30 mm (0—1.18 in) 	10— 10—	
Front suspension ball j	oint												ı	Damage looseness and grease leakage	ļ <u> </u>	
Front and rear wheel b	earing												L	 Lubricate with lithium grease (NLGI No. 2) All friction surfaces 	9—2 9—3	
Drive shaft dust boots							1						1	Cracking and damage	9_	
Bolts and nuts on chas body	ssis and			Т			T			T			Т	Retighten all loose nuts and bolts		
Exhaust system heat sl	nield						1						ı	Insulator clearance	4A	
Transfer oil (4WD mod	el)	R					R						R	Oil capacity0.5 liter (0.53 US qt, 0.44 imp qt)	7C-	
Rear axle oil (4WD) mo	odel)												R	Oil capacity0.65 liter (0.69 US qt, 0.57 lmp qt)	9—	

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE SERVICES

I ... Inspect, and if necessary correct, clean or replace

A...Adjust

R...Replace or change

T...Tighten

L...Lubricate

After 60 months or 60,000 miles (96,000 km), continue to follow the described maintenance items and intervals periodically.

As for * marked items in this maintenance chart, please pay attention to the following points.

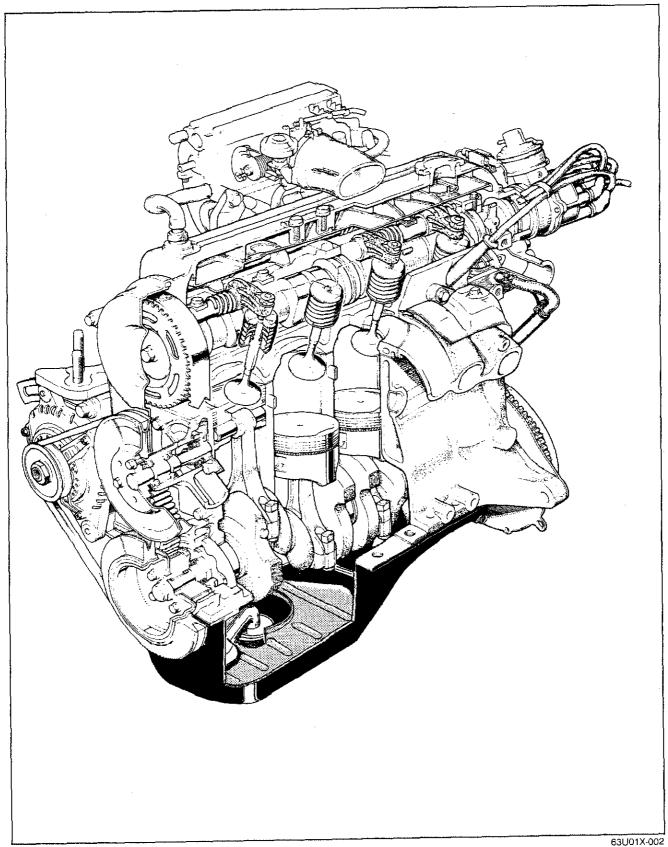
- *1 Replacement of the timing belt is required at every 60,000 miles (96,000 km). Failure to replace the timing belt may result in damage to the engine.
- *2 This maintenance operation is required for all states except California. However we do recommended that this operation be performed on California vehicles as well.
- *3 This maintenance operation is recommended by Mazda. However, this maintenance is not necessary for emission warranty coverage or manufacturer recall liability.

ENGINE (B6 EGI)

OUTLINE	1A- 2
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TUNE-UP PROCEDURE	
ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE	
TIMING BELT.	
CYLINDER HEAD	
VALVE SEAL	
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	1A25
DISASSEMBLY	1A-28
INSPECTION AND REPAIR	
ASSEMBLY	

OUTLINE

STRUCTURAL VIEW



SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Engine model	B6				
Туре			Gasoline, 4-cycle				
Cylinder arrange	ement and number		In line 4-cylinders				
Combustion cha	amber		Multispherical				
Valve system			OHC, belt-driven				
Displacement		cc (cu in)	1,597 (97.4)				
Bore and stroke	,	mm (in)	78 × 83.6 (3.07 × 3.29)				
Compression ra	tio		9.3 : 1				
Compression	kP	a (kg/cm², psi)—rpm	1,324 (13.5, 192) — 270				
		Open BTDC	14°				
	IN ·	Close ABDC	50°				
Valve timing		Open BBDC	52°				
	EX	Close ATDC	12°				
		IN	0. Maintenance free				
Valve clearance	mm (in)	EX	0. Maintenance free				
Idle speed (MTX	(in neutral, ATX in '	'P'' range) rpm	850 ± 50				
Ignition timing		BTDC	2° ± 1°				
Firing order	, page 14 and 15 and 16		1—3—4—2				

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

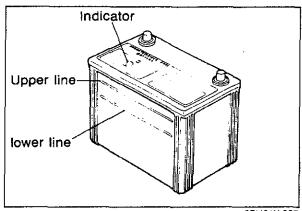
Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Difficult starting	Malfunction of engine-related components Burned valve Worn piston, piston ring, or cylinder Failed cylinder head gasket	Replace Replace or repair Replace	1A—38 1A—46 1A—15
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4A	
	Malfunction of electrical system	Refer to Section 5	
Poor idling	Malfunction of engine-related components Malfunction of HLA Poor valve to valve seat contact Failed cylinder head gasket	Replace Repair or replace Replace	1A61 1A41
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4A	
Excessive oil consumption	Oil working up Worn piston ring groove or sticking piston ring Worn piston or cylinder	Replace Replace or repair	1A46 1A46
	Oil working down Worn valve seal Worn valve stem or guide	Replace Replace	1A21 1A38
	Oil leakage	Refer to Section 2A	

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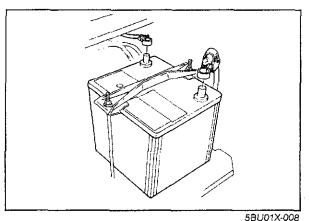
Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Insufficient power	Insufficient compression Malfunction of HLA Compression leakage from valve seat Seized valve stem Weak or broken valve spring Failed cylinder head gasket Cracked or distorted cylinder head Sticking, damaged, or worn piston ring Cracked or worn piston	Replace Repair Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace	1A61 1A41 1A38 1A41 1A15 1A37 1A46 1A46
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4A	
	Others Slipping clutch Dragging brakes Wrong size tires	Refer to Section 6 Refer to Section 11 Refer to Section 12	
Abnormal combustion	Malfunction of engine-related components Malfunction of HLA Sticking or burned valve Weak or broken valve spring Carbon accumulation in combustion chamber	Replace Replace Replace Eliminate carbon	1A—61 1A—38 1A—41
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4A	
Engine noise	Crankshaft or bearing related parts Excessive main bearing oil clearance Main bearing seized or heat-damaged Excessive crankshaft end play Excessive connecting rod bearing oil clearance Connecting rod bearing seized or heat-damaged	Replace or repair Replace Replace or repair Replace or repair Replace	1A53 1A53 1A54 1A55 1A55
	Piston related parts Worn cylinder Worn piston or piston pin Seized piston Damaged piston ring Bent connecting rod	Replace or repair Replace Replace Replace Replace	1A—45 1A—47 1A—46 1A—46 1A—48
	Valves or timing related parts Malfunction of HLA * Broken valve spring Excessive valve guide clearance Malfunction of timing belt tensioner Insufficient lubrication of rocker arm	Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace	1A-61 1A-41 1A-38 1A-50 1A-43
	Malfunction of cooling system	Refer to Section 3A	
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4A	
	Others Malfunction of water pump bearing Improper drive-belt tension Malfunction of alternator bearing Exhaust gas leakage	Replace Adjust Replace Repair	 1A_6 1A_37

^{*} Tapet noise may occur if the engine is not operated for an extended period of time. The noise should disappear after the engine has reached normal operating temperature.

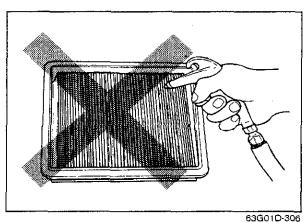
83U01A-004



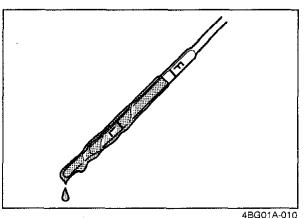
5BU01X-007



58U01X-00



000010-000



TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Tune the engine according to the procedures described below.

5BU01X-006

Battery

- 1. Check the indicator sign on the top of the battery. If the indicator sign is blue, the battery is normal.
- If the blue indicator sign is not visible, then the electrolyte level of the battery is low and/or the capacity is insufficient.
- 3. Add distilled water and/or recharge according to the procedures described in Section 5.
- 4. Check the tightness of the terminals to ensure good electrical connections. Clean the terminals and coat the terminals with grease.
- 5. Inspect for corroded or frayed battery cables.
- 6. Check the rubber protector on the positive terminal for proper coverage.

Air Cleaner Element

Visually check that the air cleaner element for excessive dirt, damage or oil. Replace if necessary

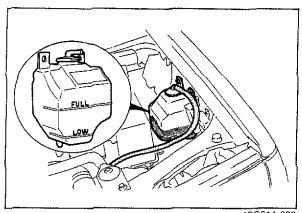
Caution

Do not clean the air cleaner element with compressed air.

Engine Oil

Check the engine oil level and condition with the oil level gauge.

Add oil, or change it, if necessary.

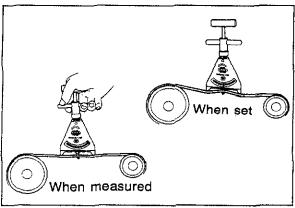


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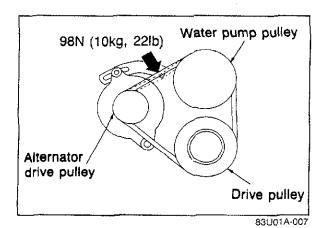
Pulley

Belt

83U01A-005



83U01A-006



Coolant Level

Check that the coolant level is near the radiator inlet port, and that the level in the reserve tank is between the FULL and LOW marks.

Add coolant if the level is low.

Warning

Never remove the radiator cap while the engine is hot.

Wrap a thick cloth around the cap and carefully remove the cap.

Drive Belt

- 1. Check that the drive belt is positioned in the pulley groove.
- 2. Check the drive belt for wear, cracks, or fraying.
- 3. Check the pulley for damage.

Inspection of belt tension

Check the drive belt tension by using the tension gauge.

Standard tension

N (kg. lb)

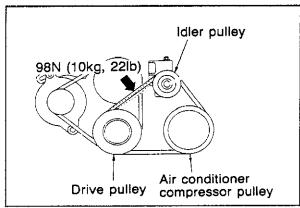
	. ()	
Belt	New	Used
Alternator	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)
A/C	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—461 (43—50, 95—110)
P/S	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)
A/C and P/S	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)

Inspection of belt deflection

Check the drive belt deflection by applying moderate pressure (98 N, 10 kg, 22 lb) midway between the pulleys.

Alternator drive belt

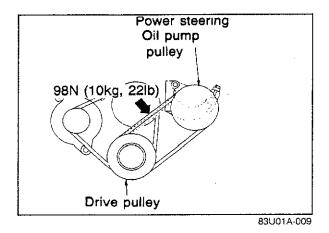
New: 8—9 mm (0.31—0.35 in) Used: 9—10 mm (0.35—0.39 in)



83U01A-008

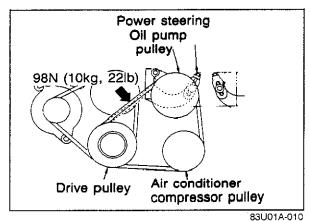
A/C drive belt

New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)



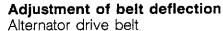
P/S oil pump drive belt

New: 8—9 mm (0.31—0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)



A/C and P/S oil pump drive belt

New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)



1. Loosen the alternator mounting bolt A and adjusting bolt B.

2. Lever the alternator outward and apply tension to the belt.

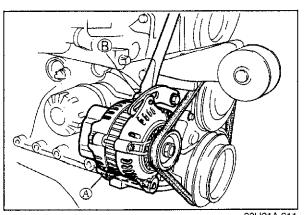
Tighten the adjusting bolt B.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

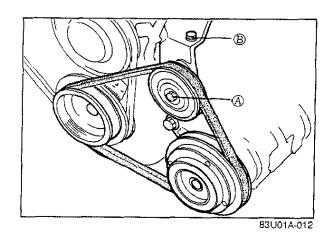
4. Tighten the mounting bolt A.

Tightening torque: 37-52 N·m (3.8-5.3 m-kg, 27-38 ft-lb)

5. Recheck the belt tension or deflection.



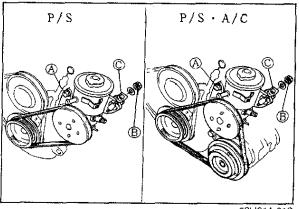
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A/C drive belt

- 1. Loosen the idier pulley lock bolt A.
- 2. Adjust the belt tension and deflection by turning the adjusting bolt B.
- 3. Tighten the idler pulley lock bolt A.

Tightening torque: 31—46 N·m (3.2—4.7 m-kg, 24—34 ft-lb)



83U01A-013

P/S oil pump drive belt, A/C and P/S oil pump drive belt

- Loosen the mounting bolt A and adjusting bolt lock nut B.
- 2. Adjust the belt tension and deflection by turning the adjusting bolt C.
- 3. Tighten the adjusting bolt lock nut B and mounting bolt A.

Tightening torque:

Boit A: 31-46 N·m

(3.2—4.7 m-kg, 24—34 ft-lb)

Nut B: 36—54 N·m

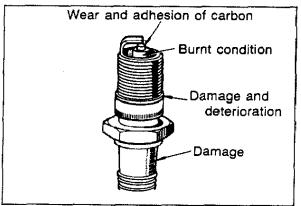
(3.7—5.5 m-kg, 27—40 ft-lb)



Check the following points, clean or replace if necessary.

- 1. Damaged insulation
- 2. Worn electrodes
- 3. Carbon deposits
- 4. Damaged gasket
- 5. Burnt spark insulator
- 6. Plug gap

Standard plug gap: 1.00—1.10 mm (0.039—0.043 in)

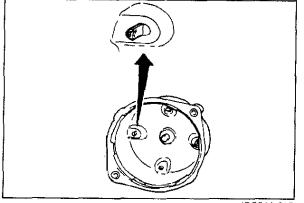


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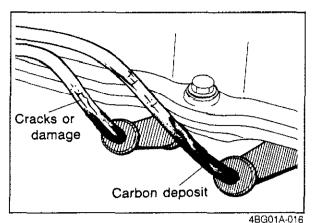
Distributor Cap

Check the following points. If necessary, replace the distributor cap.

- 1. Cracks, carbon deposits
- 2. Burnt or corroded terminals
- 3. Worn distributor center contact



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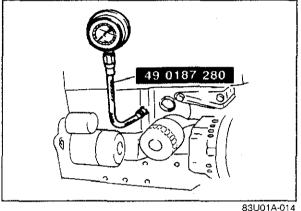


High-tension Lead

Check the following points, if necessary clean or replace.

- 1. Damaged lead
- 2. Carbon deposits



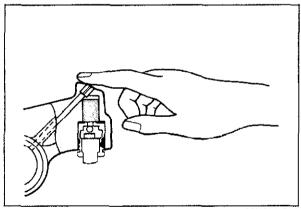


Hydraulic Lash Adjuster

Note

Tapet noise may occur if the engine is not operated for an extended period of time. The noise should disappear after the engine has reached normal operating temperature.

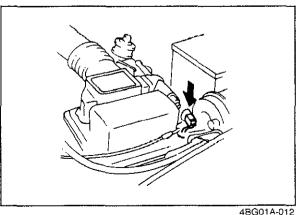
- 1. Check for tappet noise, if noise exsists, check the followings:
 - (1) Engine oil condition and level
 - (2) Engine oil pressure (Refer to section 2A)



2. If the noise does not disappear, check for movement of the HLA by pusning down each rocker arm by hand.

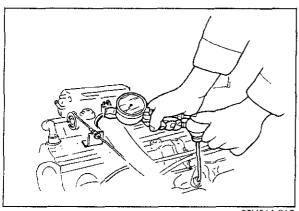
3. If the rocker arm moves down, replace the HLA. (Refer to page 1A-61)



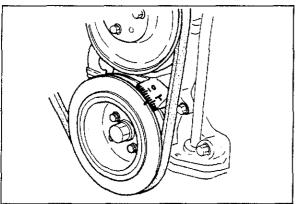


Compression

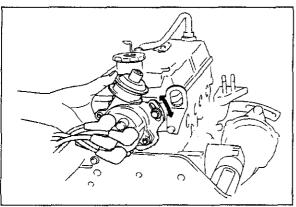
- 1. Warm up the engine to operating temperature.
- 2. Turn it off for about 10 minutes to reduce the exhaust pipe temperature.
- 3. Remove all spark plugs.
- 4. Disconnect the primary wire connector from the ignition coil.



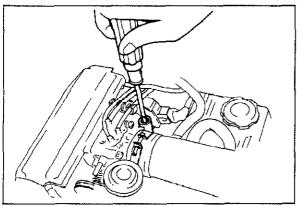
83U01A-016



83U01A-017



83U01A-018



83U01A-019

- 5. Connect a compression gauge to the No. 1 spark plua hole.
- 6. Fully depress the accelerator pedal and crank the
- 7. Check whether the gauge reads within the limits.

Standard compression: 1,324 kPa (13.5 kg/cm², 192 psi) Compression limit: 932 kPa (9.5 kg/cm², 135 psi)

- 8. Check each cylinder.
- 9. Refit the primary wire connector securely to the ignition coil.
- 10. Install the spark plugs and high-tension leads.

Ignition Timing

- 1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Turn all electric loads OFF.
- 3. Connect a timing light tester.
- 4. Disconnect the vaccum hose from the vacuum control, and plug the hose.
- 5. Disconnect the black connector at distributor.
- 6. Check that the ignition timing mark (yellow) on the crankshaft pulley and the timing mark on the timing belt cover are aligned.

Ignition timing: 2 ± 1° BTDC

- If necessary, adjust the ignition timing by turning the distributor.
- 8. Reconnect the vacuum hose and the black connector at distributor.

Idle Speed

- 1. Connect a tachometer to the engine.
- 2. Turn off all lights and other unnecessary electrical loads.
- 3. Check the idle speed. If necessary, turn the air adjust screw and adjust to specifications.

Idle speed

MTX: $850 \pm 50 \text{ rpm (in neutral)}$ ATX: $850 \pm 50 \text{ rpm (in "P" range)}$

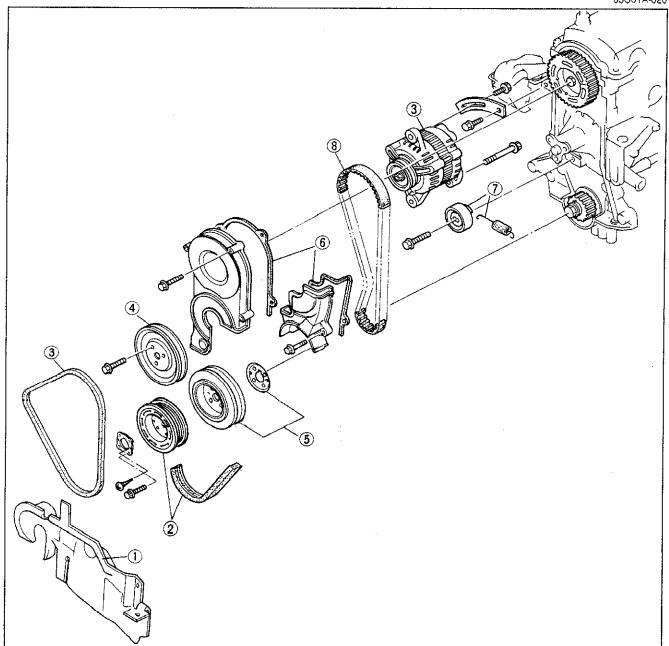
ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

TIMING BELT

Removal

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.

83U01A-020



83U01A-021

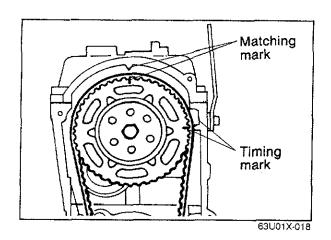
- 1. Engine side cover
- 2. A/Č and P/S drive belt and pulley
- 3. Alternator and alternator drive belt
- 4. Water pump pulley

- 5. Crankshaft pulley and baffle plate
- 6. Upper and lower timing belt cover
- 7. Timing belt tensioner and spring
- 8. Timing belt

Note

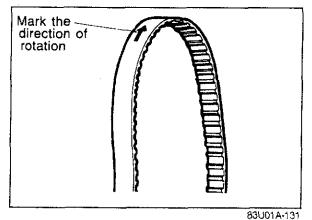
Remove the No.3 engine mount installation nuts and lower the engine to remove A/C and P/S pulley and the crankshaft pulley.

1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (TIMING BELT)



Before removing the timing belt, do the following:

1. Turn the crankshaft to align the matching mark of the camshaft pulley with the cylinder head and the cylinder head cover timing mark.



2. Mark the direction of rotation on the timing belt.

Note

The direction arrow is so the belt can be reinstalled in the same direction.

3. Remove the timing belt.

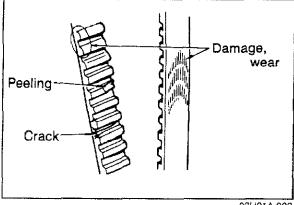
Caution

Do not allow any oil or grease on the timing

Inspection

Refering to page 1A—49, inspect the following parts:

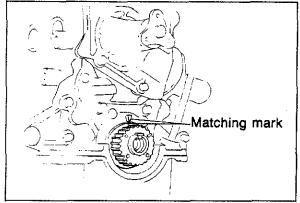
- 1. Timina belt
- 2. Timing belt tensioner and spring
- 3. Timing belt pulley
- 4. Camshaft pulley



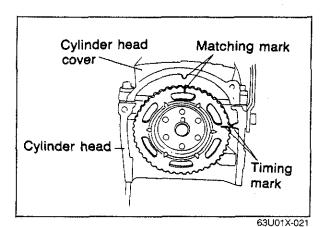
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Installation

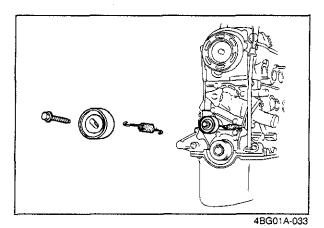
1. Be sure that the timing mark on the timing belt pulley is aligned with the matching mark.



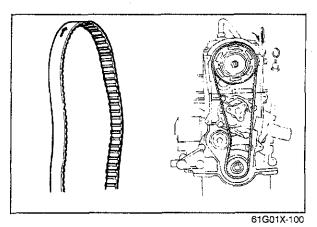
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2. Be sure that the matching mark on the camshaft pulley is aligned with the cylinder head cover matching mark. If it is not aligned, turn the camshaft to align.



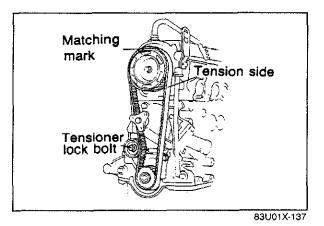
3. Install the timing belt tensioner and spring. Temporarily secure it so the spring is fully extended.



4. Install the timing belt.

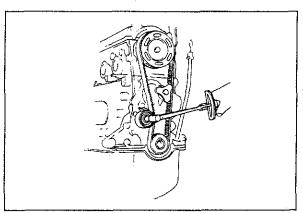
Caution

- a) The timing belt must be reinstalled in the same direction of previous rotation if it is
- b) Be sure that there is no oil, grease, or dirt on the timing belt.



Note Remove all spark plugs for easier rotation.

- 5. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation. (Clockwise)
- 6. Check that the timing marks are correctly aligned. If not repeat the above-mentioned procedure.
- 7. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt and apply tension to the belt.

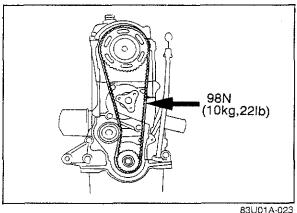


83U01A-129

8. Tighten the timing belt tensioner to specification.

Tightening torque: 19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)

9. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation and check the matching marks for alignment.



10. Measure the tension between the crankshaft pulley and the camshaft pulley. If the timing belt tension is not correct, temporarily secure tensioner lock bolt so the spring is fully extended and repeat steps 5-9 above or replace the tensioner spring.

Timing belt deflection: 12-13 mm (0.47-0.51 in) / 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb)

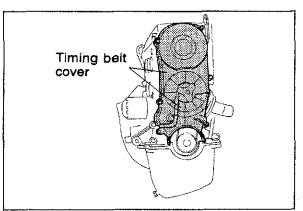
Caution Be sure not to apply tension other than that of the tensioner spring.

11. Install the lower and upper timing belt cover.

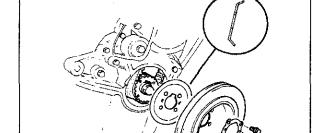
Tightening torque: 8—11 Nm (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

12. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15-23 N·m (1.5-2.3 m-kg, 11-17 ft-lb)



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83U01A-024

13. Install the baffle plate and the crankshaft pulley.

Tightening torque: 12-17 N·m (1.25—1.75 m-kg, 109—152 in-lb)

14. Install the No.3 engine mount bracket.

Tightening torque: 60-85 Nm (6.1-8.7 m-kg, 44-63 ft-lb)

- 15. Install the drive belt and adjust the belt tension (refer to page 1A-6).
- 16. Install the engine side cover.
- 17. Connect the battery negative cable.

CYLINDER HEAD Removal

Warning Release the fuel pressure (Refer to FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE of FUEL SYSTEM section).

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the coolant.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.

83U01A-025

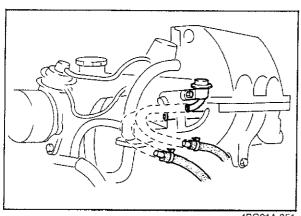
83U01A-026

- 1. Air cleaner assembly
- 2. Oil level gauge
- 3. Accelerator cable and cruise control cable
- 4. Fuel hoses
- 5. Heater hoses
- 6. Brake vacuum hose
- 7. Canister hose
- 8. Engine harness connectors 15. Intake manifold assembly

- 9. High-tension leads
- 10. Distributor
- 11. Spark plugs
- 12. Engine hanger and ground wire
- 13. Upper radiator hose
- 14. Water bypass hose and bracket

- 16. Exhaust manifold insulator
- 17. Exhaust manifold
- 18. Water pump pulley
- 19. Upper timing belt cover
- 20. Timing belt
- 21. Cylinder head cover
- 22. Cámshaft pulley
- 23. Cylinder head bolts
- 24. Cylinder head
- 25. Thermostat assembly

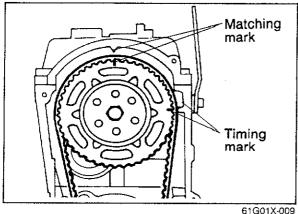
1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (CYLINDER HEAD)



4BG01A-051

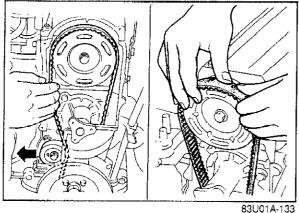
Fuel hose

After disconnecting the inlet and return fuel hoses. plug them.



Timing belt

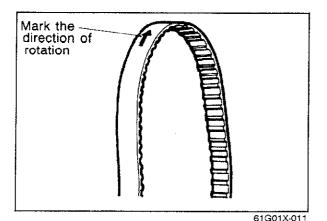
1. Before removal of timing belt, turn the crankshaft to align the matching mark on the camshaft pulley with the matching mark on the cylinder head cover.



- 2. Loosen the timing belt tensioner lock bolt.
- 3. Pull the tensioner in the direction indicated by arrow and temporarily tighten the lock bolt.
- 4. Remove the timing belt.

Caution

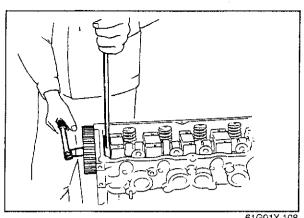
Do not allow any oil or grease on the timing belt.



Note

Direction arrow is for reassembling the timing belt in the same direction.

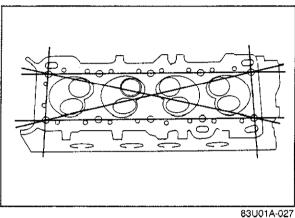
5. Mark the forward direction arrow on the timing belt.



61G01X-108

Camshaft pulley

- 1. Remove the cylinder head cover.
- 2. Hold the camshaft using a suitable wrench on the cast hexagon.
- 3. Remove the camshaft pulley.



Disassembly of Cylinder Head

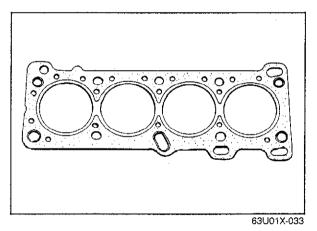
Refer to page 1A-32

Inspection

Refer to page 1A-37

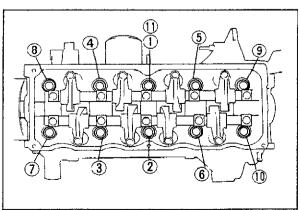
Assembly

Refer to page 1A-59



Installation

- 1. Thoroughly remove all dirt and grease from the top of the cylinder block with a rag.
- 2. Place the new cylinder head gasket in position.



Tightening torque:

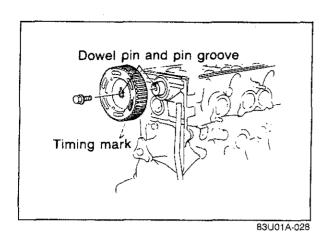
figure.

75—81 N·m (7.7—8.3 m-kg, 56—60 ft-lb)

3. Install the cylinder head, and tighten the cylinder head bolts gradually in the order shown in the

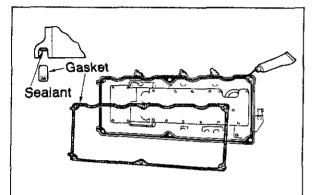
63U01X-034P

1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (CYLINDER HEAD)

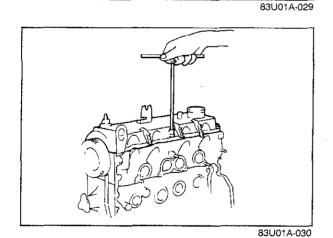


 Install the camshaft pulley onto the dowell pin and keyway with the matching mark straight up, so that the timing marks on the camshaft pulley and cylinder head align.

Tightening torque: 49-61 N·m (5.0-6.2 m-kg, 36-45 ft-lb)

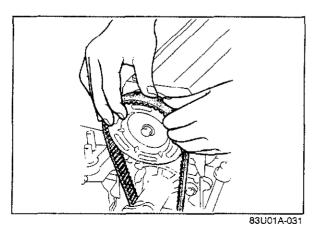


5. Apply a coat of sealant to the cylinder head cover as shown in the figure.

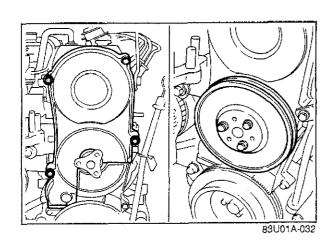


6. Install the cylinder head cover.

Tightening torque: 5—9 Nm (0.5—0.9 m-kg, 43—78 in-lb)



7. Install the timing belt (Refer to page 1A-11).

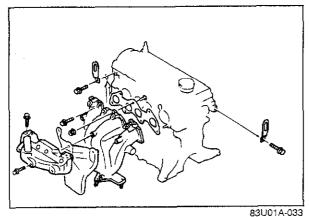


8. Install the upper timing belt cover.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

9. Install the water pump pulley.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

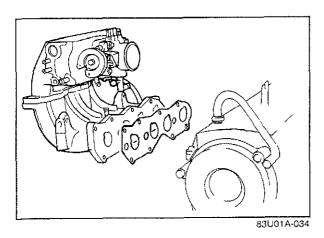


10. Install engine ground, front and rear engine hanger.

Tightening torque:
Front: 37—63 N·m
(3.8—6.4 m-kg, 27—46 ft-lb)
Rear: 19—30 N·m
(1.9—3.1 m-kg, 14—22 ft-lb)

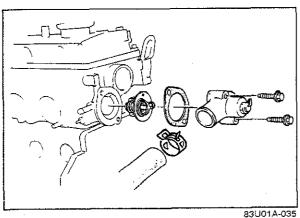
11. Install the exhaust manifold.

Tightening torque: 16—23 N·m (1.6—2.3 m-kg, 12—17 ft-lb)



- 12. Install the exhaust manifold insulator.
- 13. Install the water bypass hose bracket.
- 14. Install the intake manifold assembly.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

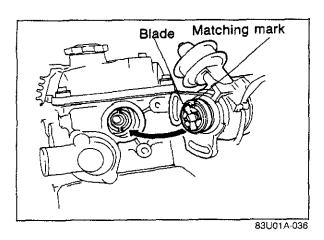


- 15. Install the thermostat assembly. (Refer to 1A-66.)
- 16. Connect the upper radiator hose.

Note

Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

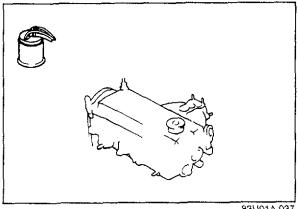
1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (CYLINDER HEAD)



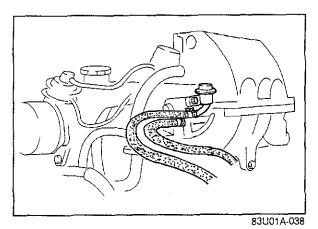
- 17. Align the distributor blade with the small oil holes, then install the distributor by referring to Section 5.
- 18. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15—23 N·m (1.5—2.3 m-kg, 11—17 ft-lb)

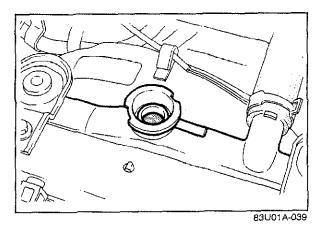
19. Install the high-tension leads.



- 20. Install the engine harness connectors.
- 21. Install the canister hoses.
- 22. Install the vacuum hoses.



- 83U01A-037
- 23. Install the brake vacuum hose.
- 24. Install the heater hoses.
- 25. Install the fuel hose.
- 26. Install the accelerator cable and cruise control cable.



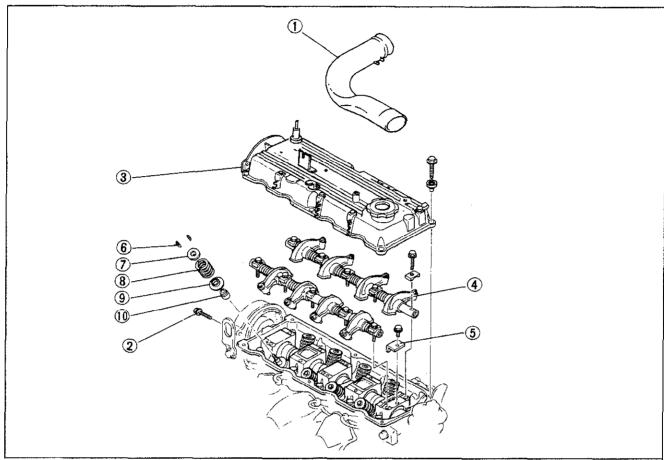
- 27. Install the oil level gauge.
- 28. Install the air cleaner assembly.
- 29. Fill the radiator with coolant.
- 30. Perform the necessary engine adjustments referring to TUNE-UP PROCEDURE section.

VALVE SEAL

Removal

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Remove each part in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.

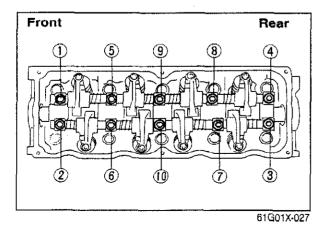
61G01X-025



83U01A-040

- 1. Air intake pipe
- 2. Upper timing belt cover bolt
- 3. Cylinder head cover
- 4. Rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly
- 5. Thrust plate

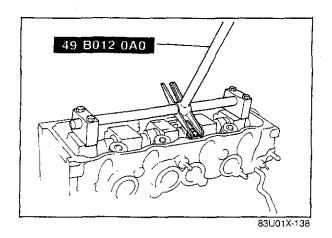
- 6. Spring retainer
- 7. Upper valve spring seat
- 8. Valve spring
- 9. Lower valve spring seat
- 10. Valve seal



Rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly

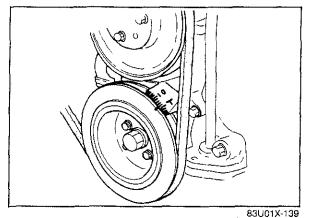
- 1. Remove the rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly by gradually loosening the bolts in the order shown in the figure.
- 2. Plug the oil drain hole with a rag to prevent the spring retainer from falling into the oil pan.

1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (VALVE SEAL)

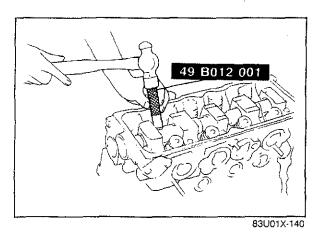


Valve seal

- 1. Remove the thrust plate.
- 2. Install the **SST** on the rocker arm shaft assembly installation hole.

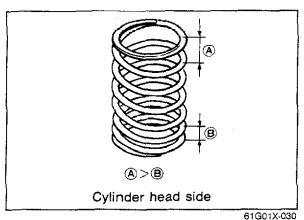


- 3. Position the piston of the valve seal to be replaced at top dead center by turning the crankshaft pulley.
- 4. Remove the spring retainer by pressing down on the **SST**.
- 5. Remove the valve spring and spring seats (upper and lower).
- 6. Remove the valve seal from the valve guide with pliers or the **SST** (49 S120 170).



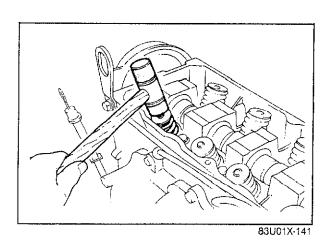
Installation

- 1. Apply a coat of engine oil to the inner surface of the new valve seal.
- 2. Push it on gently, with the SST.

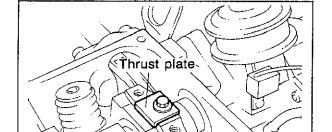


3. Install the valve spring.

Note Install the valve spring with its narrow pitch end toward the cylinder head.

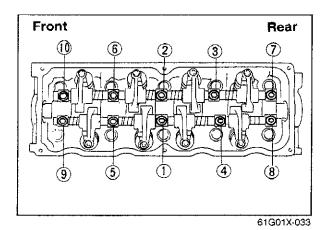


4. Install the spring retainer with the SST (49 B012 0A0), and lightly tap the end to confirm correct assembly.



5. Install the thrust plate.

Tightening torque: 8-11 N·m (0.8-1.1 m-kg, 69-95 in-lb)

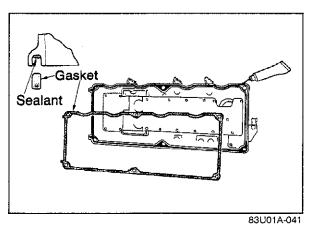


61G01X-032

6. Install the rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly on the cylinder head and tighten it gradually in the order shown in the figure.

Note Use the installation bolts for alignment when installing.

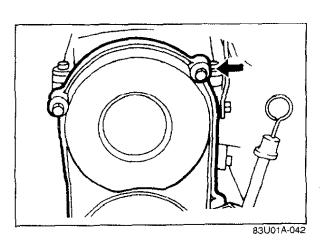
Tightening torque: 22-28 N·m (2.2-2.9 m-kg, 16-21 ft-lb)



- 7. Apply a coat of sealant to the cylinder head cover as shown in the figure.
- 8. Install the cylinder head cover.

Tightening torque: 5-9 N·m (0.5-0.9 m-kg, 43-78 in-lb)

1A ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (VALVE SEAL)



9. Install the upper timing belt cover bolt.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

10. Install the air intake pipe.

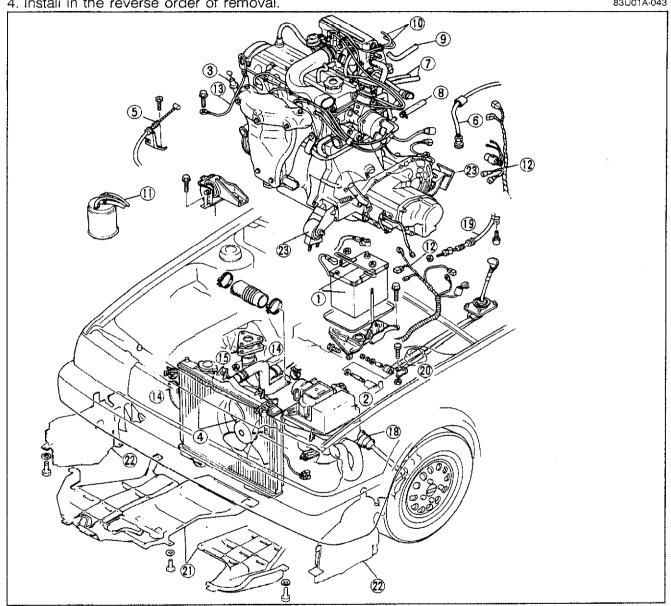
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Warnig Release the fuel pressure (Refer to FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE of FUEL SYSTEM section).

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the engine oil, transaxle oil and coolant.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown below.

4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

83U01A-043

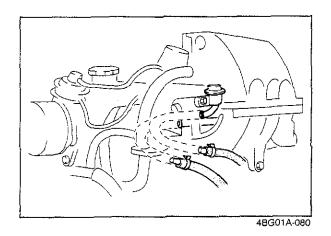


83U01A-044

- 1. Battery and battery carrier
- 2. Air cleaner assembly
- 3. Oil level gauge
- 4. Cooling fan and radiator assembly
- 5. Accelerator cable and cruise control cable (if equiped)
- 6. Speedometer cable

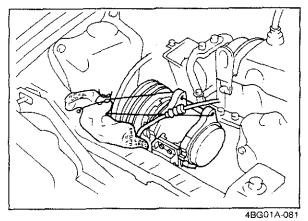
- 7. Fuel hoses
- 8. Heater hoses
- 9. Brake vacuum hose
- 10. 3-way solenoid valve hoses
- 11. Canister hose
- 12. Engine harness connectors
- 13. Engine ground
- 14. Upper and lower radiator hose
- 15. Exhaust pipe

- 16. A/C compressor (if equipped)
- 17. P/S oil pump (if equipped)
- 18. Driveshafts
- 19. Clutch control cable (MTX)
- 20. Shift control rod (MTX) or shift control cable (ATX)
- 21. Under cover
- 22. Side cover
- 23. Engine mount



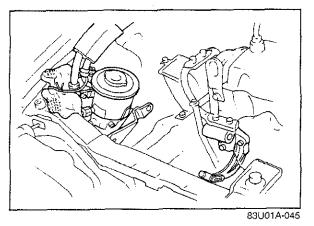
Fuel Hose

After disconnecting the fuel hoses (inlet and return), plug them to avoid fuel leakage.



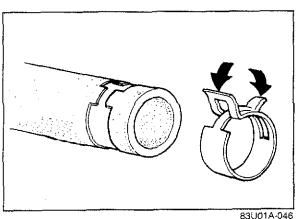
A/C Compressor

Remove the compressor, and then, with the highpressure and low-pressure hoses still connected to it, secure the compressor as shown in the figure.



P/S Pump

Secure the P/S pump as shown in the figure. Be careful not to damage the pipe when the engine is removed and installed.

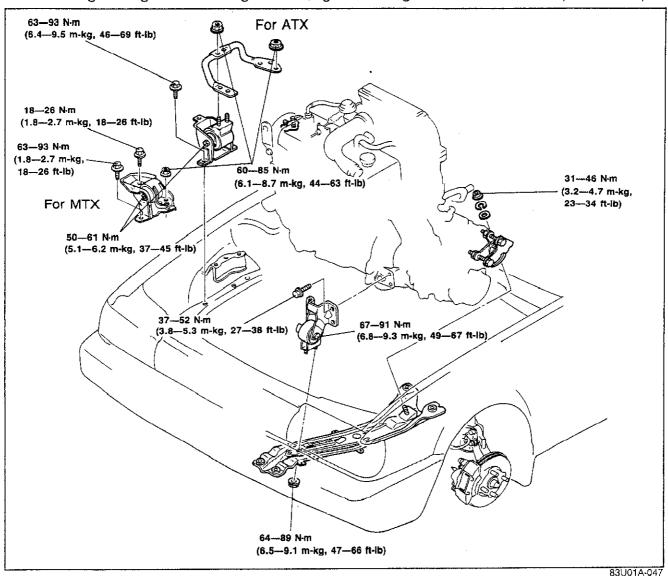


Hose Clamp

- 1. Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose.
- 2. Squeeze the clamp lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

Engine Mount Torque Specification

After installing the engine into the engine room, tighten the engine mount bolts to the specified torque.



Steps After Installation

- 1. Adjust the drive belt tension. (Refer to 1A-6)
- 2. Fill the radiator and sub tank with coolant.
- 3. Fill the engine with engine oil.
- 4. Fill the transaxle with transaxle oil.

Check Engine Condition

- 1. Check for leaks.
- 2. Perform engine adjustment as necessary.
- 3. Perform a road test.
- 4. Recheck the oil and coolant levels.

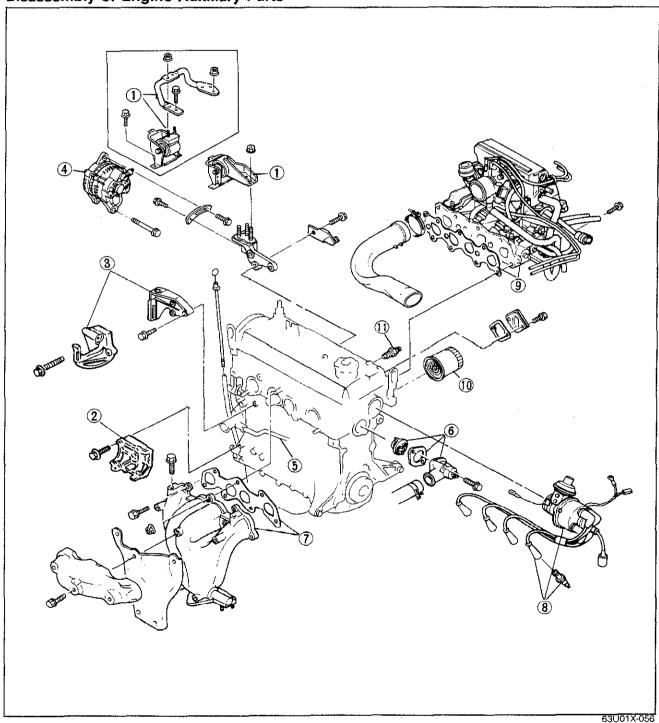
83U01A-048

DISASSEMBLY

Disassembly Note

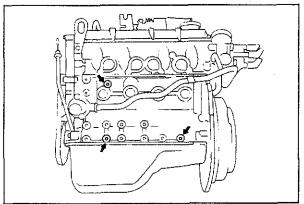
- 1. Care should be taken during the disassembly of any part or system to study its order of assembly. Any deformation, wear, or damage also should be noted.
- 2. Code all identical parts (such as pistons, piston rings, connecting rods, and valve springs) so that they can be reinstalled in the position from which they were removed.
- 3. After steam cleaning the parts, use compressed air to blow off any remaining water.
- 4. Remove the parts in the order shown in the figure.

Disassembly of Engine Auxiliary Parts

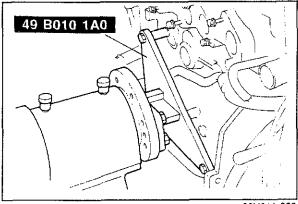


- Engine mount and engine bracket
 A/C compressor bracket
- 3. P/S pump bracket
- 4. Alternator
- 5. Coolant bypass pipe and hose6. Thermostat cover and thermostat
- 7. Exhaust manifold and gasket
- 8. High-tension leads, spark plugs and distributor
- 9. Intake manifold assembly and gasket
- 10. Oil filter
- 11. Oil pressure switch

83U01A-049



83U01X-142

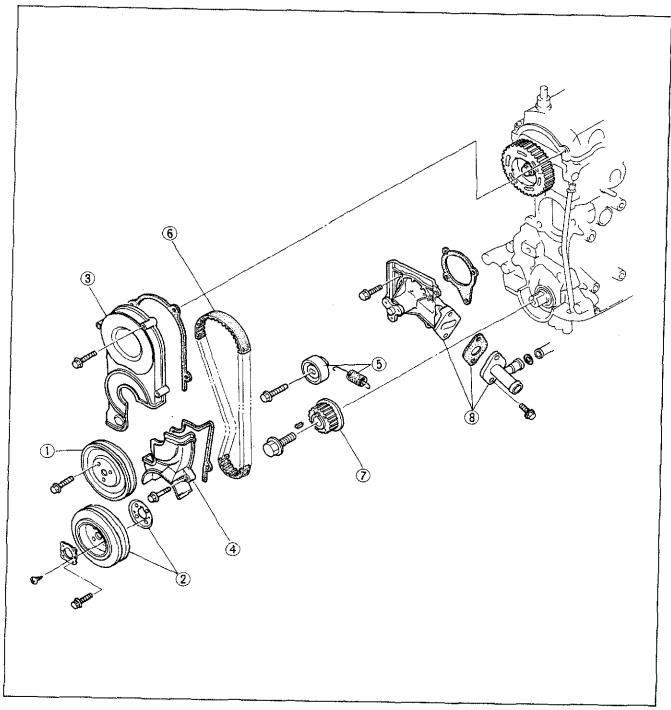


83U01A-050

Engine hanger

After removing the exhaust manifold, install the engine on the SST.

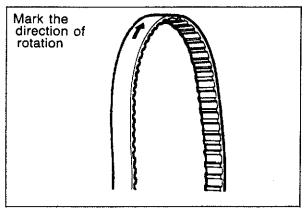
Disassembly of front of Engine



83U01A-051

- Waterpump pulley
 Crankshaft pulley and baffle plate
 Upper timing belt cover
 Lower timing belt cover

- 5. Timing belt tensioner and spring6. Timing belt7. Timing belt pulley8. Water pump and coolant inlet pipe



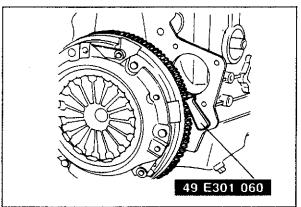
83U01A-134

Timing belt

- 1. Remove the tensioner spring after loosening the tensioner lock bolt.
- 2. Mark the direction of rotation on the timing belt.
- 3. Remove the timing belt.

Caution

Do not allow any oil or grease on the timing belt.

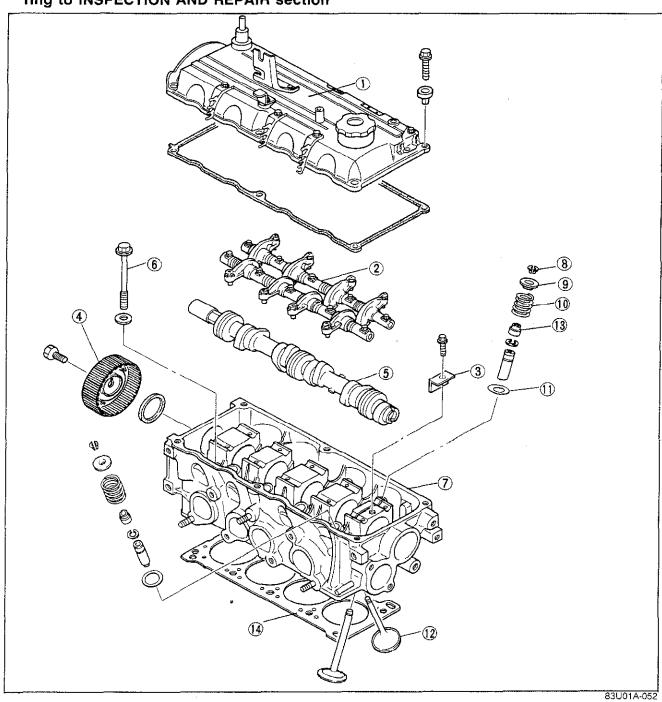


83U01X-143

Crankshaft pulley and timing belt pulley Set the SST to the flywheel. Remove the crankshaft pulley and the timing belt pulley.

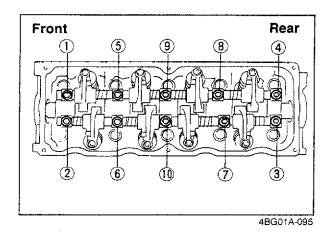
Disassembly Related to Cylinder Head

Note During disassembly, inspect the camshaft end play, camshaft bearing oil clearance referring to INSPECTION AND REPAIR section



- 1. Cylinder head cover
- 2. Rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly
- 3. Thrust plate
- 4. Camshaft pulley
- 5.Camshaft
- 6. Cylinder head bolts
- 7. Cylinder head

- 8. Spring retainers
- 9. Upper spring seats
- 10. Valve springs
- 11. Lower spring seats
- 12. Valves
- 13. Valve seals
- 14. Cylinder head gasket



Caution

in the figure.

bly with bolts.

Do not mix up the various parts of the rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly.

1. Loosen the bolts gradually in the sequence shown

2. Remove the rocker arm and rocker shaft assem-

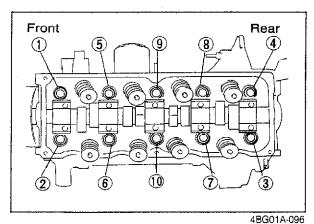
Rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly



83U01A-053

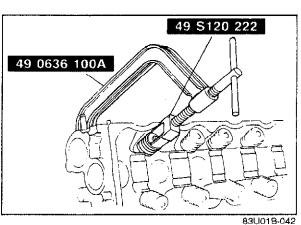
Camshaft pulley

- 1. Hold the camshaft using a suitable wrench on the cast hexagon.
- 2. Remove the camshaft pulley.



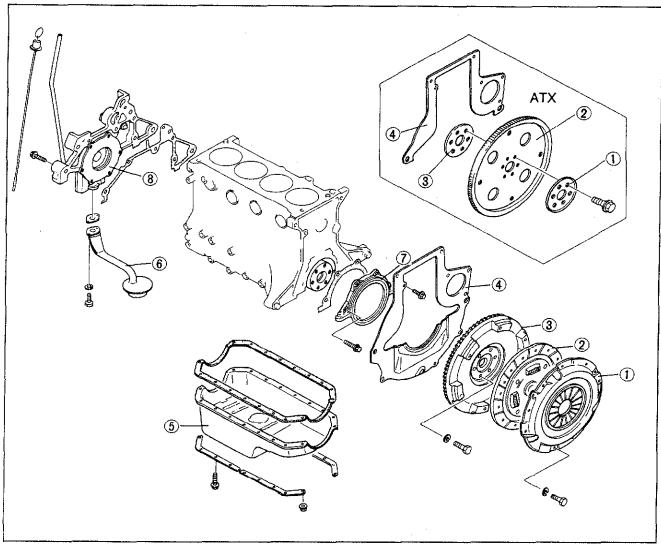
Cylinder head bolt

Remove the cylinder head bolts in the numbered order shown in the figure. Loosen them gradually, in order.



Remove the valves from the cylinder head with the SST.

Disassembly Related to Lubrication System and Flywheel



83U01A-054

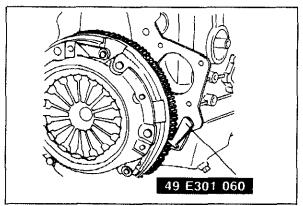
- 1. Clutch cover (MTX), Backing plate (ATX) 2. Clutch disc (MTX), Drive plate (ATX) 3. Flywheel (MTX), Adaptor (ATX)

- 4. End plate

- 5. Oil pan
- 6. Oil strainer
- 7. Rear cover
- 8. Oil pump

Clutch cover and flywheel

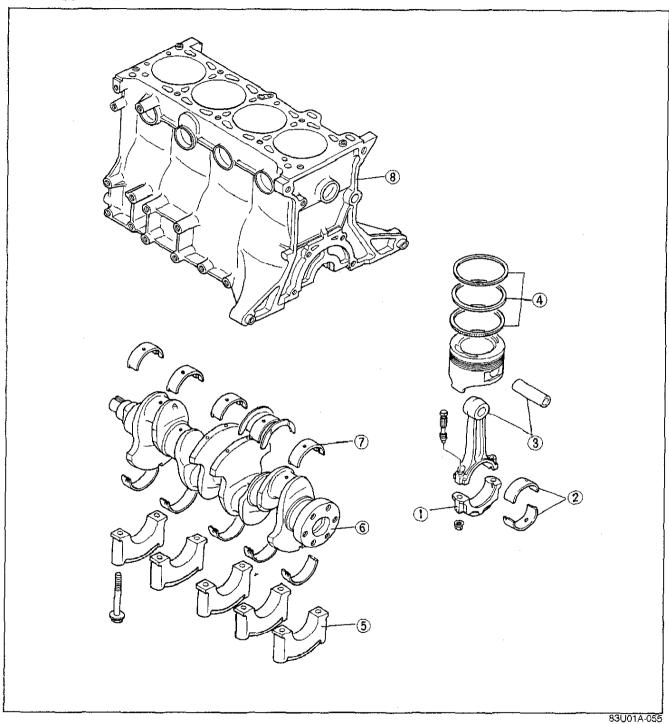
Remove the clutch cover and flywheel with the SST as shown in the figure.



83U01X-144

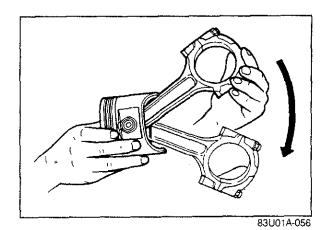
Disassembly Related to Crankshaft and Piston

During disassembly, inspect the crankshaft end play, main journal bearing oil clearance, connecting rod bearing oil clearance, connecting rod side clearance referring to ASSEM-BLY section.



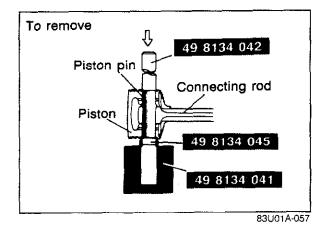
- Connecting rod caps
 Connecting rod bearings
- 3. Connecting rod and piston pin
- 4. Piston rings

- 5. Main bearing caps
- 6. Crankshaft
- 7. Main bearings
- 8. Cylinder block

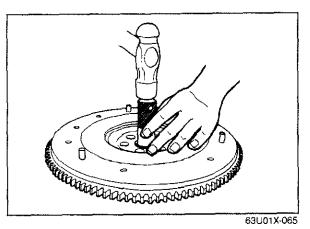


Piston and connecting rod

 Check the oscillation torque of the connecting rod as shown in the figue. If the large end does not drop by its own weight, replace the piston and/or piston pin.



2. Remove the piston pin with the SST as shown.



Flywheel pilot bearing

Use suitable pipe and punch out to the crankshaft side of the flywheel, as shown in the figure.

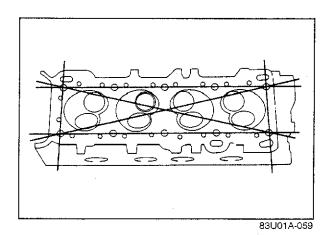
INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- 1. Clean all parts, taking care to remove any gasket fragments, dirt, oil or grease, carbon, moisture residue, or other foreign material.
- 2. Inspect and repair in the order specified.

Caution

Be careful not to damage the joints or friction surfaces of aluminum alloy components such as the cylinder head or pistons.

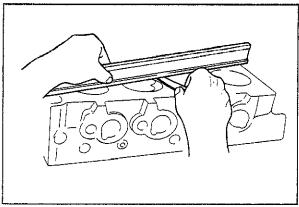
83U01A-058



Cylinder Head

- 1. Inspect the cylinder head for damage, cracks, and leakage of water or oil, replace if necessary.
- 2. Measure the cylinder head distortion in the six directions shown in the figure.

Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.



83U01A-060

IN EX83U01A-061

3. If the cylinder head distortion exceeds specification, grind the cylinder head surface. If the cylinder head height is not within specification, replace it.

Heiaht:

107.4—107.6 mm (4.228—4.236 in)

Grinding: 0.20 mm (0.008 in) max.

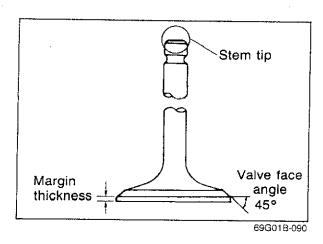
Note

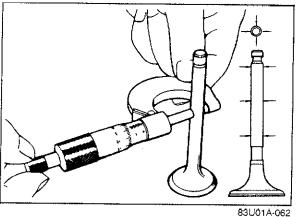
Before grinding the cylinder head, first check the following and replace the head if necessary.

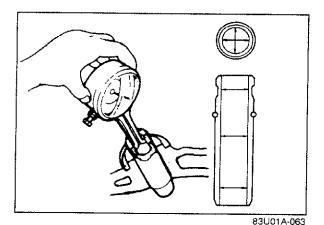
- Sinking of valve seat
- Distortion of manifold contact surface
- Camshaft oil clearance and end play
- 4. Measure the manifold contact surface distortion in the six directions shown in the figure.

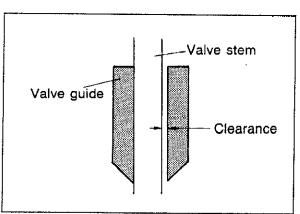
Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.

5. If distortion exceeds specification, grind the surface or replace the cylinder head.









83U01A-064

Valve and Valve Guide

- 1. Inspect each valve for the following, replace or resurface as necessary.
 - (1) Damaged or bent stem
 - (2) Roughness or damage to the face
 - (3) Damage or uneven wear of the stem tip
- 2. Check the valve head margin thickness, replace if necessary

Margin thickness

IN: 0.5 mm (0.020 in) min. EX: 1.0 mm (0.039 in) min.

3. Measure the valve length.

Length

IN: 103.77 mm (4.0854 in) EX: 102.67 mm (4.0421 in)

4. Measure the valve stem diameter.

Diameter

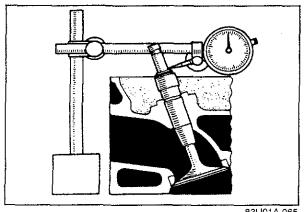
IN: 6.970—6.985 mm (0.2744—0.2750 in) EX: 6.965—6.980 mm (0.2742—0.2748 in)

5. Measure the valve guide inner diameter.

Inner diameter

IN: 7.01—7.03 mm (0.2760—0.2768 in) EX: 7.01—7.03 mm (0.2760—0.2768 in)

- 6. Measure the valve stem to guide clearance.
 - (1) Method No. 1
 Subtract the valve stem measurement from the corresponding valve guide inner diameter measurement.



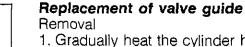
83U01A-065

(2) Method No. 2 Measure the valve stem play at a point close to the valve guide with the valve lifted off the valve seat.

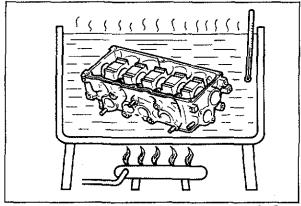
Clearance

IN: 0.025-0.060 mm (0.0010-0.0024 in) EX: 0.030—0.065 mm (0.0012—0.0026 in) Maximum: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

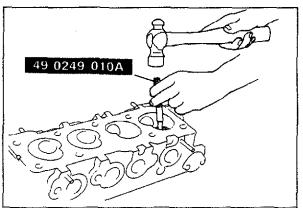
7. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the valve and/or valve guide.



1. Gradually heat the cylinder head in water to approx. 90°C (190°F).

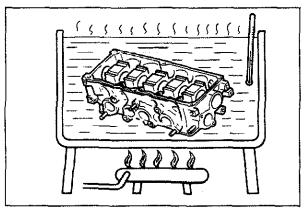


69G01B-093



83U01A-066

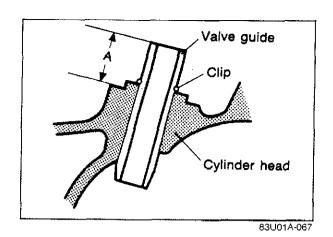
- 2. Remove the valve guide from the side opposite the combustion chamber with the SST.
- 3. Remove the valve guide clip



83U01A-135

Installation

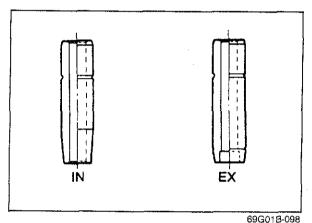
- 1. Fit the clip onto the valve guide.
- 2. Gradually heat the cylinder head in water to approx. 90°C (190°F).
- 3. Tap the valve guide in from the side opposite the combustion chamber until the clip contacts the cylinder head with the SST (49 0249 010A).



4. Check that the protusion height (dimension A in the figure) is within specification.

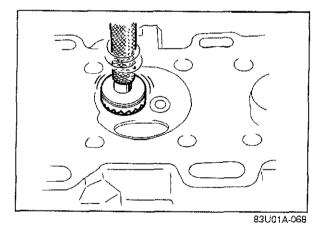
Height:

13.2—13.8 mm (0.520—0.543 in)



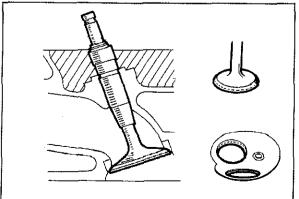
Note

Although the shapes of the intake and exhaust valve guides are different, use the exhaust valve guide on both sides as a replacement.



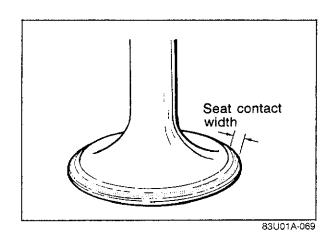
Valve Seat

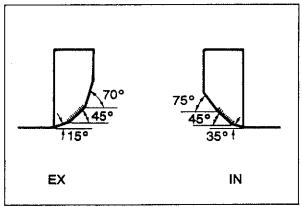
- 1. Inspect the contact surface of the valve seat and valve face.
 - (1) Roughness
 - (2) Damage
- If necessary, resurface the valve seat using a 45° valve seat cutter and/or resurface the valve face



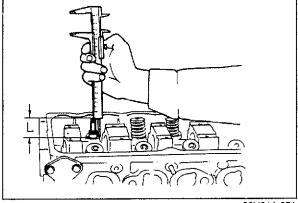
83U01A-136

- 3. Apply a thin coat of prussian blue to the valve face.
- 4. Check the valve seating by pressing the valve against the seat.
 - (1) If blue does not appear 360° around the valve face, replace the valve.
 - (2) If blue does not appear 360° around the valve seat, resurface the seat.

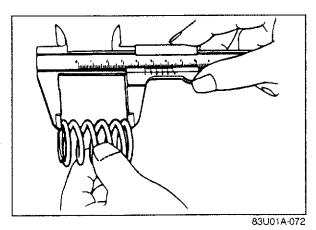




83U01A-070



83U01A-071



Check the seat contact width and valve seating position on the valve face.

Width:

1.1—1.7 mm (0.043—0.067 in)

6. Check that the valve seating position is at the center of the valve face.

- (1) If the seating position is too high, correct the valve seat using a **75°** cutter, and a **45°** cutter.
- (2) If the seating position is too low, correct the valve seat using a 35° (IN) or 15° (EX), and a 45° cutter.
- 7. Seat the valve to the valve seat using a lapping compound.

8. Check the sinking of the valve seat.

Measure protruding length (dimension "L") of the valve stem.

Dimension "L": 39.0 mm (1.535 in)

- (1) If "L" is as below, it can be used as it is.
 - 39.0—39.5 mm (1.535—1.555 in)
- (2) If "L" is as below, insert a spacer between the spring seat and cylinder head so that "L" will be as specified.

(3) If "L" is more than as below, replace the cylinder head.

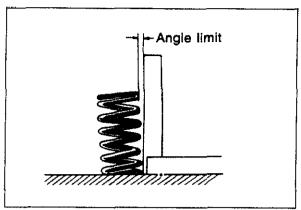
40.5 mm (1.594 in) or more

Valve Spring

- 1. Inspect each valve spring for cracks or damage.
- 2. Check the free length and angle, replace if necessary.

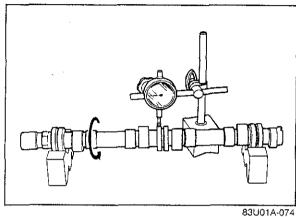
Free length

Standard: 43.7 mm (1.720 in) Minimum: 42.3 mm (1.665 in)



Angle: 1.5 mm (0.059 in) max.





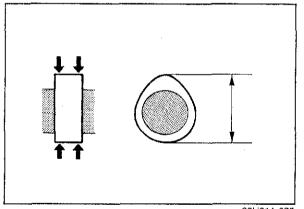
Į.

Camshaft

Runout: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) max.

1. Set the front and rear journals on V-blocks.

Check the camshaft runout, replace if necessary.



- 2. Check the cam for wear or damage, replace if necessary.
- 3. Check the cam lobe height at the two places as shown,

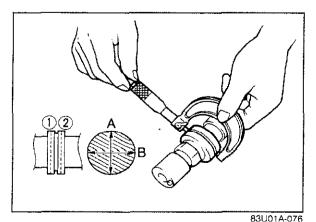
Height

IN: 36.38—36.53 mm (1.432—1.438 in) EX: 36.38—36.53 mm (1.432—1.438 in)

Minimum

IN: 36.23 mm (1.426 in) EX: 36.23 mm (1.426 in)

83U01A-075



4. Measure wear of the journals in X and Y directions at the two places shown.

Diameter

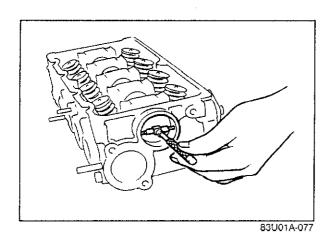
Front and rear:

43.440—43.465 mm (1.7102—1.7112 in)

Center:

43.410-43.435 mm (1.7091-1.7100 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.002 in) max.



- 5. Measure the oil clearances between the camshaft and cylinder head.
 - (1) Remove any oil or dirt from the journals and the camshaft bore.
 - (2) Measure the camshaft bore diameter.

Diameter:

43.500—43.525 mm (1.7126—1.7135 in)

(3) Subtract the journal diameter from the bore diameter.

Oil clearance

Front and Rear

0.035-0.085 mm (0.0013-0.0033 in)

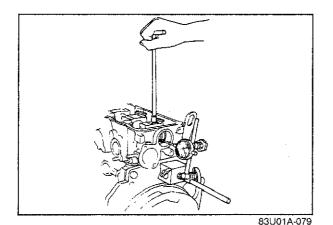
Center:

0.065-0.115 mm (0.0026-0.0045 in)

Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

(4) If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the camshaft or cylinder head.

83U01A-078

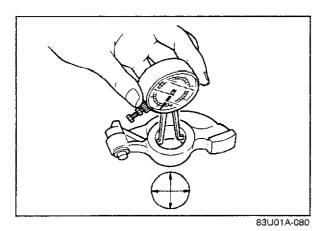


6. Measure the camshaft end play. If it exceeds the maximum, replace the thrust plate or camshaft.

End play:

0.05—0.18 mm (0.0020—0.0071 in)

Maximum: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

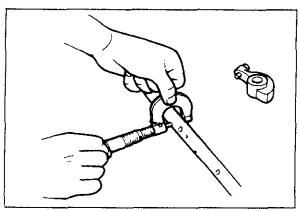


Rocker Arm and Rocker Arm Shaft

- Check for wear or damage to the contact surface of the rocker arm shaft or the rocker arm. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Check the oil clearance between the rocker arm and shaft, replace if necessary.
 - (1) Measure the rocker arm inner diameter.

Diameter:

18.000—18.027 mm (0.7087—0.7097 in)



83U01A-081

(2) Measure the rocker arm shaft diameter.

Diameter:

17.959—17.980 mm (0.7070—0.7078 in)

(3) Subtract the shaft diameter from the rocker arm diameter.

Oil clearance:

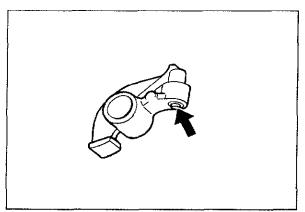
0.020-0.068 mm (0.0008-0.0027 in) Maximum: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)



Check the HLA face for wear or damage, replace if necessary.

Caution

Do not remove the HLA unless necessary to prevent damage to the "O" ring.

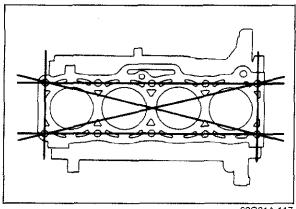


69G01A-116

Cylinder Block

- 1. Check the cylinder block, repair or replace if necessary.
 - (1) Leakage damage
 - (2) Cracks
 - (3) Scoring of wall
- 2. Measure the distortion of the top surface of the cylinder block in the six directions shown in figure.

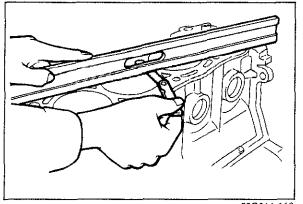
Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.



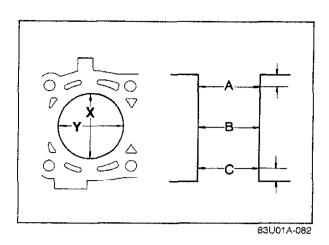
69G01A-117

3. If the distortion exceeds the maximum, repair by grinding, or replace the cylinder block.

Grinding: 0.20 mm (0.008 in) max.



69G01A-118



4. Measure the cylinder bore in directions X and Y at three levels in each cylinder as shown.

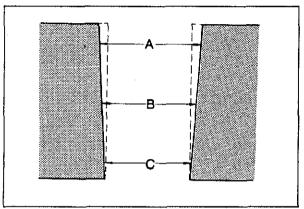
Cylinder bore

mm (in)

Size	Bore
Standard	78.000—78.019 (3.0709—3.0717)
0.25 (0.010) oversize	78.250—78.269 (3.0807—3.0815)
0.50 (0.020) oversize	78.500—78.519 (3.0905—3.0913)

(1) If the difference between the measurement A and C exceeds the maximum taper, rebore the cylinder to oversize.

Taper: 0.019 mm (0.0007 in) max.



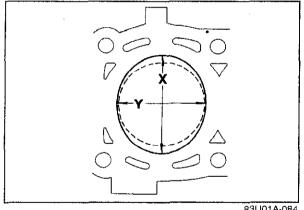
83U01A-083

(2) If the difference between the measurement X and Y exceeds the maximum out-of-round, rebore the cylinder to oversize.

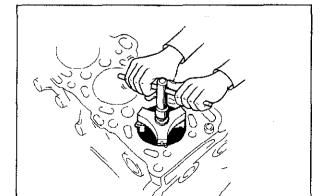
Out-of-round: 0.019 mm (0.0007 in) max.

Caution

The boring size should be the same for all cylinders.

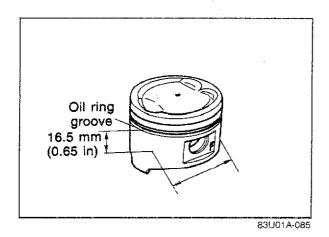


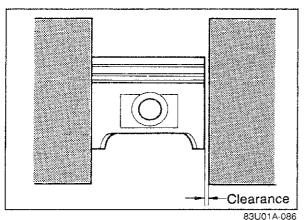
83U01A-084

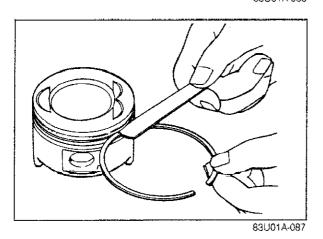


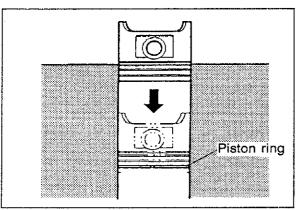
69G01A-122

5. If the upper part of the cylinder wall shows uneven wear, remove the ridge using a ridge reamer.









83U01A-08

Piston

- 1. Inspect the outer circumferences of all pistons for seizure or scoring, replace if necessary.
- Measure the outer diameter of each piston at a right angle (90°) to the piston pin, 16.5 mm (0.650 in) below the oil ring land lower edge.

Piston diameter

mm (in)

Size	Diameter
Standard	77.954—77.974 (3.0690—3.0698)
0.25 (0.010) oversize	78.204—78.224 (3.0789—3.0797)
0.50 (0.020) oversize	78.454—78.474 (3.0887—3.0895)

3. Check the piston to cylinder clearance.

Clearance:

0.026-0.065 mm (0.0010-0.0026 in) Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

4. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston or rebore the cylinder to oversize.

Note

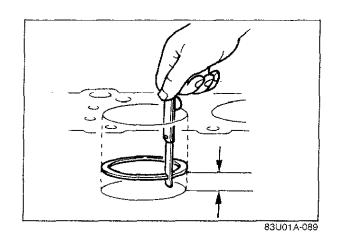
If the piston is replaced, replace the piston rings also.

Piston and Piston Ring

1. Measure the piston ring to ring land clearance around the entire circumference using a new piston ring.

Clearance (Top and Second): 0.030-0.065 mm (0.0012-0.0026 in) Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

- 2. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston.
- 3. Inspect the piston rings for damage, abnormal wear, or breakage, replace if necessary.
- 4. Insert the piston ring into the cylinder by hand and push it to the bttom of the ring travel in using the piston.

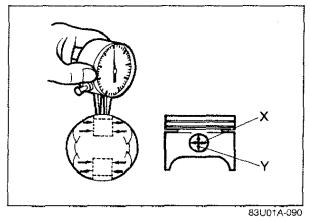


5. Measure each piston ring end gap using a feeler gauge, replace if necessary.

End gap

Top: 0.20—0.40 mm (0.008—0.016 in) Second: 0.15—0.30 mm (0.006—0.012 in) Oil rail: 0.20—0.70 mm (0.008—0.028 in)

Maximum: 1.0 mm (0.039 in)



Piston and Piston Pin

1. Measure the piston pin hole diameter in X and Y directions at four places.

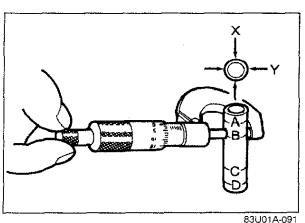
Diameter:

19.988-20.000 mm (0.7869-0.7874 in)

2. Measure the piston pin diameter in the same manner.

Diameter:

19.974—19.980 mm (0.7864—0.7866 in)

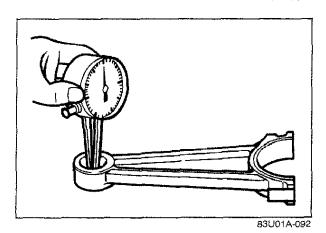


3. Check the piston pin to piston clearance.

Clearance:

0.008--0.026 mm (0.0003--0.0010 in)

4. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston and/or piston pin.



Connecting Rod

1. Measure the connecting rod small end bore.

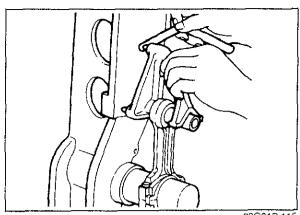
Diameter:

19.948—19.961 mm (0.7854—0.7859 in)

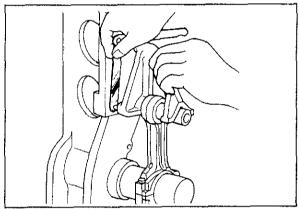
2. Check the interference between the small end bore and piston pin.

Interference:

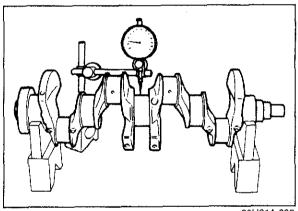
0.013-0.032 mm (0.0005-0.0013 in)



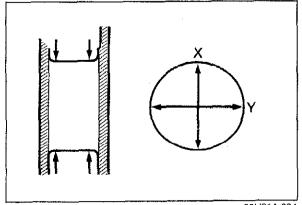
69G01B-115



69G01B-116



83U01A-093



83U01A-094

3. Check each connecting rod for bending or twisting, if necessary replace or repair.

Bend: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max. Twist: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max.

Crankshaft

- 1. Check the journals and pins for damage, scoring, or oil hole clogging.
- 2. Set the crankshaft on V-blocks.
- 3. Check the crankshaft runout at the center journal, replace if necessary.

Runout: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max.

4. Measure each journal diameter in X and Y directions at two places.

Main journal

Diameter:

49.938—49.956 mm (1.9661—1.9668 in)

Minimum: 49.89 mm (1.964 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) max.

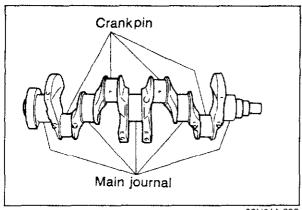
Crankpin journal

Diameter:

44.940—44.956 mm (1.7693—1.7699 in)

Minimum: 44.89 mm (1.7673 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) max.



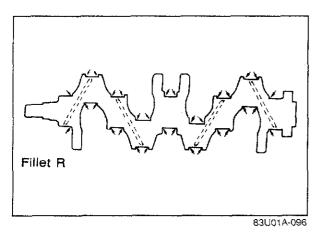
5. If the diameter is below the minimum, grind the journals to match undersize bearings.

Undersize bearing: 0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

Main journal diameter undersize mm (in)

	Bearing size	Journal diameter
i	0.25 undersize	49.688—49.706 (1.9562—1.9569)
	0.50 undersize	49.438—49.456 (1.9464—1.9471)

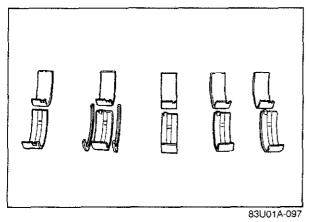
83U01A-095



Crankpin journal diameter undersize mm (in)

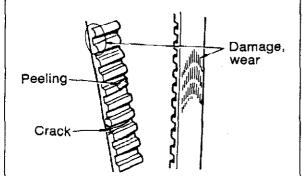
Bearing size	Journal diameter
0.25 undersize	44.690—44.706 (1.7594—1.7601)
0.50 undersize	44.44044.456 (1.74961.7502)

Caution Do not grind the fillet roll.



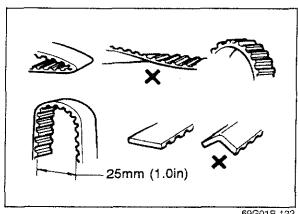
Main Bearing and Connecting Rod Bearing Check the main bearings and the connecting rod bearings for peeling, scoring, or other damage.

Timing Belt



- 2. Check the timing belt for damage, wear, peeling,
- cracks, or hardening, replace if necessary.

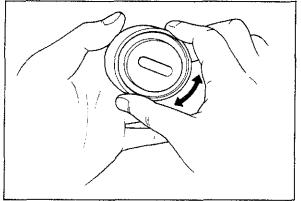
1. Replace the timing belt if there is any oil or grease



69G01B-122

Caution

- a) Never forcefully twist the timing belt. Do not turn it inside out or bend it.
- b) Be careful not to allow oil or grease on the



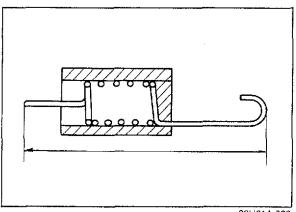
83U01A-098

Timing Belt Tensioner and Idler Pulley

Check the timing belt tensioner and idler pulley for smooth rotation or abnormal noise, replace if necessary.

Caution

Do not clean the tensioner with cleaning fluids. If necessary, use a soft rag to wipe it clean, and avoid scratching it.



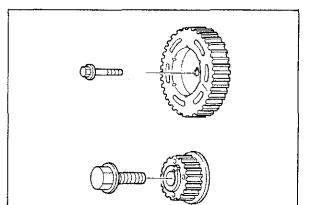
83U01A-099

Timing Belt Tensioner Spring

Check the free length of the tensioner spring, replace if necessary.

Free length:

64.0 mm (2.520 in)



69G01B-125

Timing Belt Pulley and Camshaft Pulley

Inspect the pulley teeth for wear, deformation, or other damage, replace the pulley if necessary.

Do not clean the pulley with cleaning fluids. If necessary, use a rag to wipe it clean.

Timing Belt Cover (lower and upper)

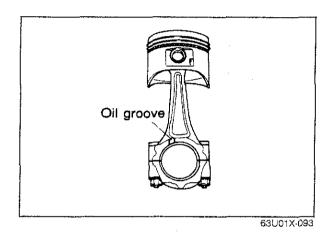
Inspect the timing belt covers for deformation of cracks, replace if necessary.

ASSEMBLY

Assembly Note

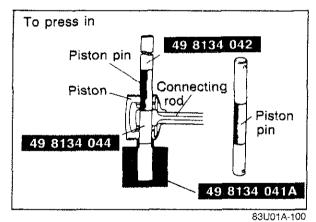
- 1. Be sure all parts are clean before reinstallation.
- 2. Apply new engine oil to all sliding and rotating parts.
- 3. Do not reuse gaskets or oil seals.
- 4. During assembly, inspect all critical clearances, end plays and oil clearances.
- 5. Tighten bolts to the specified torques.
- 6. Replace bearings if they are peeling, burned, or otherwise damaged.

4BG01A-136



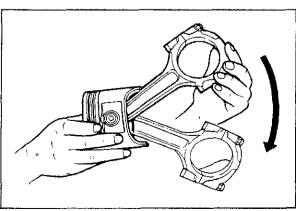
Connecting Rod

- 1. Align the oil groove in the large end of the connecting rod opposite the "F" mark on the piston.
- Apply a coat of engine oil to the circumference of each piston pin and to the small end of each connecting rod.



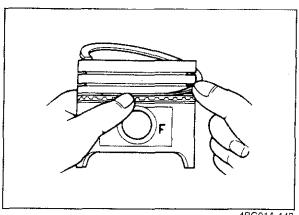
- 3. Set the **SST** in position as shown in the figure.
- 4. Insert the piston pin from the direction of the "F" mark on the piston.
- 5. Press the upper part of the **SST** (49 8134 042) with a press to force in the piston pin.
- 6. The piston pin should go in until the lower end of the **SST** (49 8134 044) meets the bottom of the **SST** (49 8134 041A).

Pressure force: 4.9—14.7 kN (500—1,500 kg, 1,100—3,300 lb)



4BG01A-142

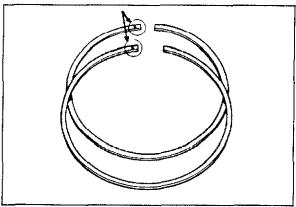
- 7. If the piston pin cannot be pressed in within the specified pressures, replace the piston pin or the connecting rod.
- 8. Check the oscillation torque of the connecting rod as shown in the figure. If the large end does not drop by its own weight, replace the piston and piston pin.



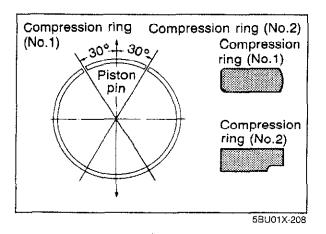
48G01A-143

Oil ring Piston pin Oil ring (spacer) Oil ring (lower rail) Oil ring (upper rail) Oil ring (spacer)

4BG01A-144



4BG01A-145



Piston Ring

- 1. Install the three-piece oil rings on the pistons.
 - (1) Apply engine oil to the oil ring spacer and rails.
 - (2) Install the oil ring spacer.
 - (3) Install the upper rail and lower rail.

Caution

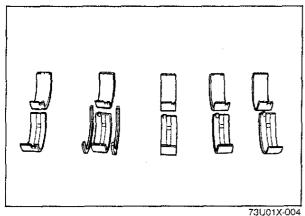
- a) After installation of the upper and lower side rails, make certain they turn smoothly in both directions.
- b) Do not align the end gaps, stagger them.

- 2. Install the second and top ring.
 - (1) Apply a liberal coat of engine oil to the piston rings.
 - (2) Install the second ring to the piston first, then the top one, using a piston ring insertion tool, (commercially available).

Caution

The rings must be installed so the "R" marks face upward.

(3) Position the opening of each ring as shown in the figure.



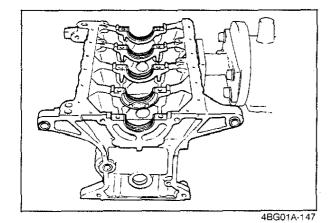
| be in

Crankshaft

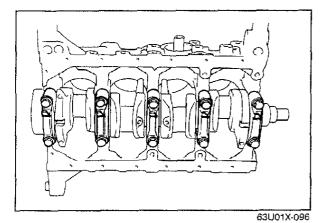
main bearings.

Caution
The main bearing with the oil grooves must be installed in the cylinder block.

1. Inspect the oil clearances of the crankshaft and



- (1) Remove any foreign material and oil from the journal and bearing.
- (2) Install the main bearings and the crankshaft.
- (3) Position the plasti-gauge on top of each journal (in the journal axial direction), away from the oil hole.

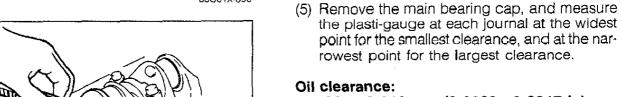


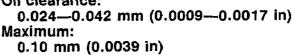
(4) Set the main bearing caps according to the cap number and ■ mark, and tighten it.

Note

Do not rotate the crankshaft when measuring the oil clearances.

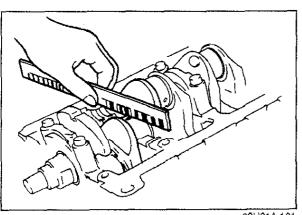
Tightening torque: 54—59 N·m (5.5—6.0 m-kg, 40—43 ft-lb)



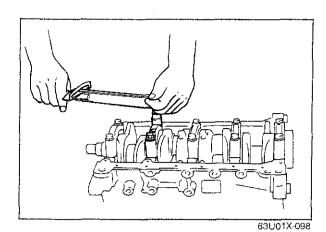


(6) If the oil clearance exceeds the limit, grind the crankshaft and use undersize main bearings.

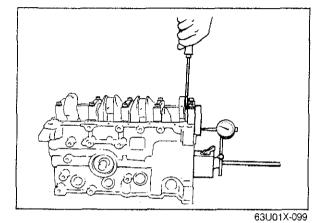
Undersize main bearings: 0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)



83U01A-101

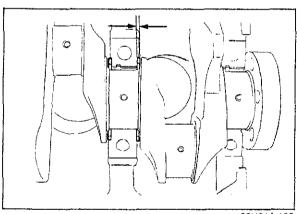


- 2. Apply engine oil to the main bearings and main journals.
- 3. Install the thrust bearings to the cylinder block side.
- 4. Install the crankshaft, and install the main bearing caps according to the cap number and mark.



5. Inspect crankshaft end play.

End play: 0.08—0.282 mm (0.0031—0.0111 in) Maximum: 0.30 mm (0.012 in)



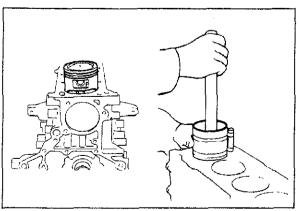
83U01A-102

If end play exceeds the limit, adjust the end play with thrust bearings.

Standard thickness:
2.50—2.55 mm (0.0984—0.1004 in)
Undersize width:
0.25 mm (0.010 in):
2.625—2.675 mm (0.1033—0.1053 in)
0.50 mm (0.020 in):
2.750—2.800 mm (0.1083—0.1102 in)

Note

Oil groove of the thrust bearing must face the crankshaft.



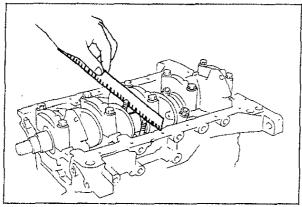
4BG01A-154

Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

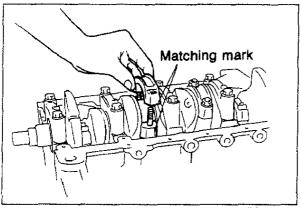
- 1. Apply engine oil to the cylinder walls, piston circumference, and rings.
- Insert each piston and connecting rod into the cylinder block by using a piston insertion tool, (commercially available).

Caution

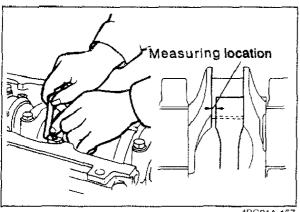
The pistons must be inserted so that the "F" marks face the front of the cylinder block.



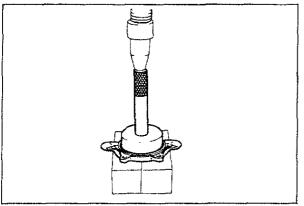
83U01A-103



4BG01A-156



4BG01A-157



63U01X-102

Connecting Rod Cap

1. Inspect and adjust the connecting rod bearing and crankshaft pin journal oil clearance by the same procedure used for the crankshaft and main bearing oil clearance.

Connecting rod cap tightening torque:

47—52 N·m (4.8—5.3 m-kg, 35—38 ft-lb) Oil clearance:

0.028—0.068 mm (0.0011—0.0027 in) Maximum:

0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

Undersize connecting rod bearing:

0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

Be sure to align the matching marks on the cap and on the connecting rod when installing the connecting rod cap.

2. Check the side clearance of the connecting rod.

Clearance: 0.30 mm (0.012 in) max.

Caution

The connecting rod side clearance must be measured before installation.

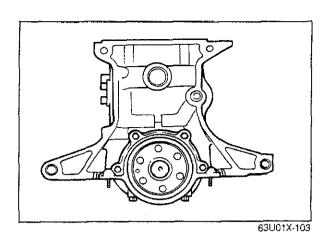
- 3. Apply engine oil to the crankpin journal and connecting rod bearing.
- 4. Install the connecting rod cap to align the matching mark and tighten it.

Tightening torque:

47-52 N·m (4.8-5.3 m-kg, 35-38 ft-lb)

Rear Cover

- 1. Apply engine oil to the rear cover, oil seal and oil
- 2. Press the oil seal into the rear cover.



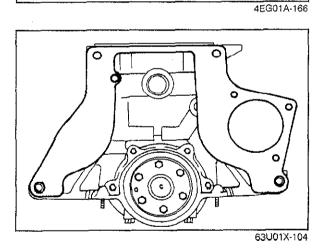
3. Install the rear cover along with a new gasket.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

4. Cut away the part of the gasket that projects out from the rear cover assembly.

Caution

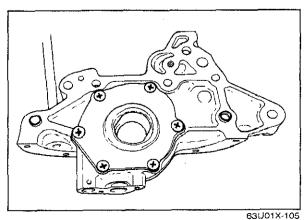
Do not scratch the rear cover assembly.



End Plate

Install the end plate.

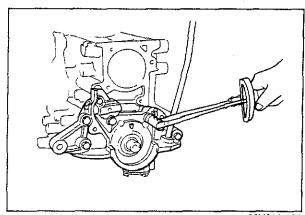
Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-ib)



Oil Pump

- Remove any dirt or grease from the contact surfaces of the cylinder block and oil pump with a rag.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the oil seal lip.
- 3. Install new gasket.

Caution
Do not allow any sealant in the oil hole.

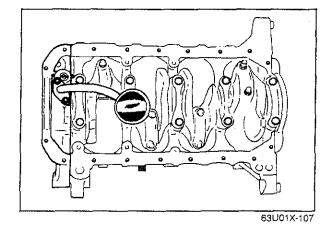


4. Install the oil pump.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

5. Remove any sealant which is squeezed out.

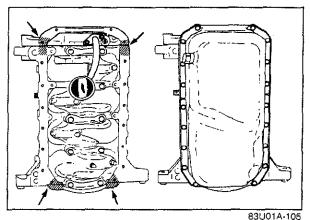
83U01A-104



Oil Strainer

Install the oil strainer along with a new gasket.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

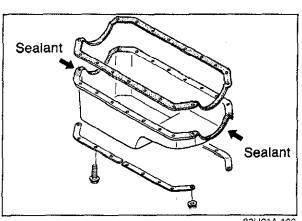


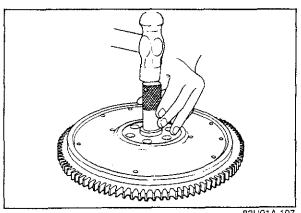
Oil Pan

1. Apply sealant to the shaded areas as in the figure.

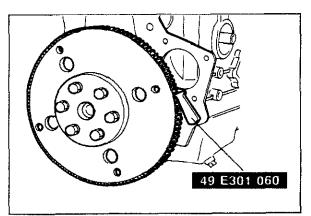
2. Install the oil pan along with the gasket and stifener.

Tightening torque: 6—9 N·m (0.6—0.9 m-kg, 52—78 in-lb)

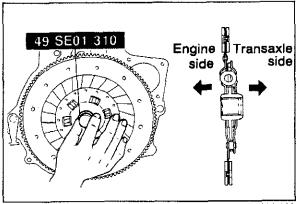




83U01A-107



83U01A-108



Valve Seal

Note

- 1. Apply engine oil to the inner surface of the new valve seal.
- 2. Install the valve seal onto the valve guide with the SST.



- 1. Tap the pilot bearing in with a suitable pipe and
- 2. Apply sealant to the flywheel bolts.

Caution

If reinstalling flywheel bolts, clean threads to remove old sealant, apply new sealant and tighten to specification. if old sealant can not be removed, replace

bolts.

3. Install the flywheel, with the SST while tightening.

Tightening torque: 96—103 N·m (9.8—10.5 m-kg, 71—76 ft-lb)

Drive Plate (ATX)

Clutch Disc and Clutch Cover

and tighten the clutch cover.

exactly (See Section 6).

Tightening torque:

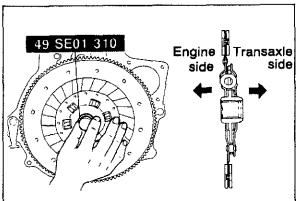
Install the drive plate along with the adapter and backing plate with the SST.

Tightening torque: 96—103 N·m (9.8—10.5 m-kg, 71—76 ft-lb)

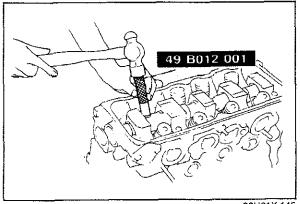
Install the clutch disc and clutch cover with the SST,

18-26 N·m (1.8-2.7 m-kg, 13-20 ft-lb)

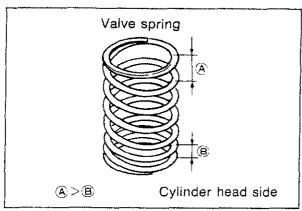
Follow the clutch disc installation directions



83U01A-109



83U01X-145

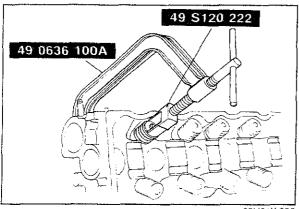


63U01X-091

Valve and Valve Spring

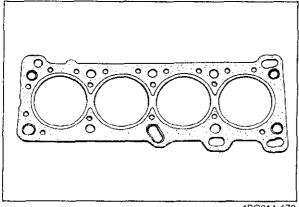
- 1. Install the lower spring seat.
- 2. Install the valve.
- 3. Install the valve spring and the upper spring seat.

Install the spring with its narrow pitch end toward the cylinder head.



63U01X-092

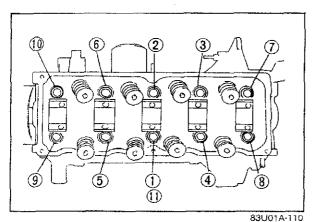
4. Install the spring retainer after compressing the valve spring with the SST.



4BG01A-170

Cylinder Head

- 1. Thoroughly remove all dirt and grease from the top of the cylinder block with a rag.
- 2. Place the new cylinder head gasket in position.

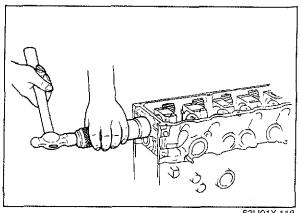


3. Install the cylinder head.

Tightening torque: 76-81 Nm (7.7-8.3 m-kg, 56-60 ft-lb)

Caution

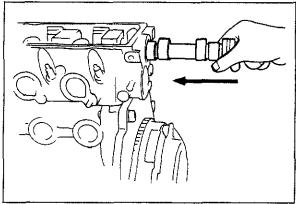
Tightening the bolts must be done gradually and in the order shown in the figure.



63U01X-118

Camshaft Oil Seal

- 1. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the camshaft oil seal and cylinder head.
- 2. Tap the camshaft oil seal into the cylinder head.

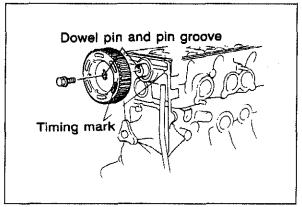


83U01A-111

Camshaft

Apply engine oil to the journals and bearings, then insert the camshaft in position with the thrust plate.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N-m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



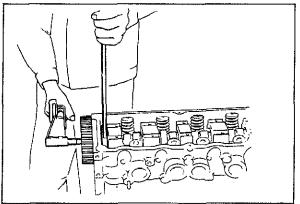
63U01X-121

Camshaft Pulley

1. Install the camshaft pulley onto the dowell pin with the pin groove facing straight upward.

Note

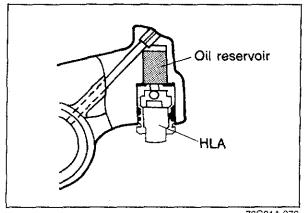
Be certain that the dowel pin of the camshaft also faces straight upward.



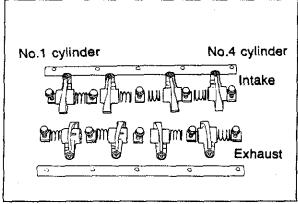
63U01X-122

2. Tighten the camshaft pulley bolt. Hold the camshaft using a suitable wrench on the cast hexagon, as shown.

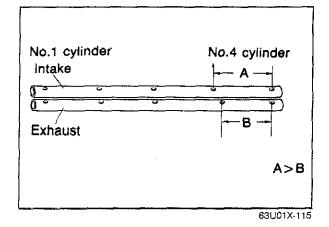
Tightening torque: 49-61 N·m (5.0-6.2 m-kg, 36-45 ft-lb)

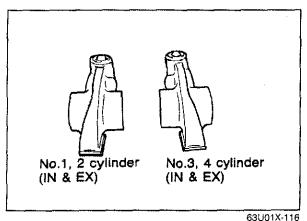


73G01A-076



63U01X-114





Hydraulic Lash Adjuster (HLA)

- 1. Pour engine oil into the oil reservoir in the rocker arm.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the new HLA.
- 3. Install the HLA in the rocker arm.

Caution

- a) Do not remove the HLA from the rocker arm unless necessary.
- b) Be careful not to damage the O-ring when installing.

Rocker Arm and Rocker Shaft Assembly

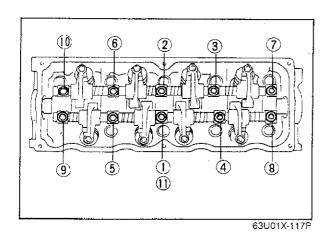
1. Assemble the rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly as shown in the figure.

Caution

- a) Be sure both rocker arm shaft oil holes face downward.
- b) The installation bolt holes are different for the exhaust and intake sides as shown in the figure.

Note

There are two types of rocker arms with different offsets. The rocker arms used for No. 1 and No. 2 cylinder are the same for exhaust and intake. No. 3 and No. 4 also use the same rockers.



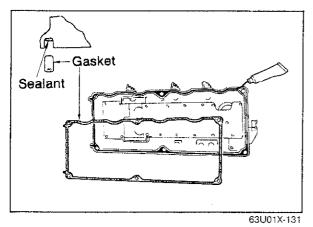
2. Install the rocker arm and rocker shaft assembly.

Caution

The bolts must be tightened evenly and in the order shown in the figure.

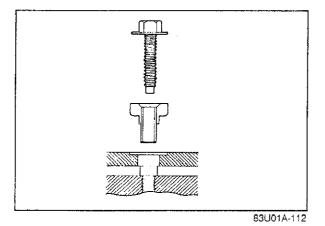
Tightening torque:

22-28 N·m (2.2-2.9 m-kg, 16-21 ft-lb)



Cylinder Head Cover

- 1. Apply a coat of sealant in the groove as shown.
- 2. Place the gasket in position.

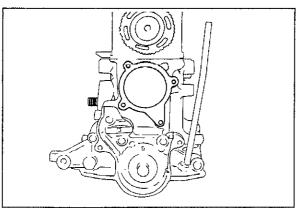


3. Install the cylinder head cover with new seal washers.

Tightening torque:

5-9 N·m (0.5-0.9 m-kg, 43-78 in-lb)

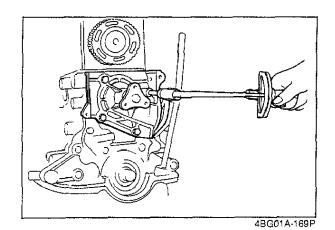
4. Install the filler cap and the ventilation hose.



4BG01A-168

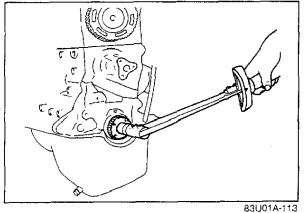
Water Pump

- 1. Remove any dirt or old gasket from the water pump mounting surface.
- 2. Place a new water pump gasket in position.



3. Install the water pump.

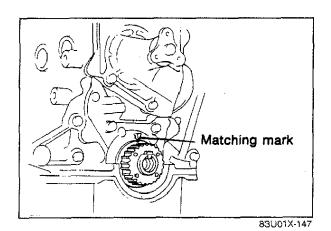
Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)



Timing Belt Pulley

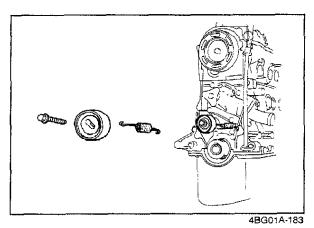
- 1. Reverse the direction of the (49 E301 060).
- 2. Install the timing belt pulley and key.
- 3. Apply sealant to the timing belt pulley bolt then tighten it.

Tightening torque: 108—128 N·m (11.0—13.0 m-kg, 80—94 ft-lb)



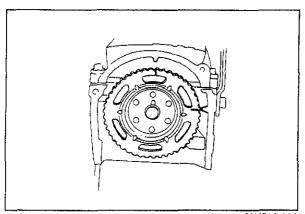
4. Release the **SST** (49 E301 060).

5. Turn the crankshaft so that the timing mark on the oil pump body is aligned with the groove.



Timing Belt Tensioner

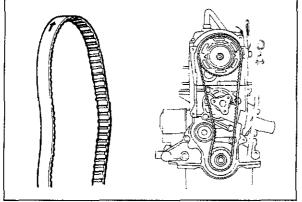
- 1. Install the timing belt tensioner.
- 2. Install the tensioner spring.
- 3. Temporarily secure the tensioner so the spring is fully extended.



83U01A-114

Timing Belt

1. Be sure that the timing mark on the cylinder head and the timing mark on the camshaft pulley are aligned.

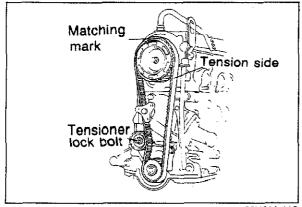


83U01A-115

2. Install the timing belt.

Caution

- a) The timing belt must be reinstalled in the direction of previous rotation if it is reused.
- b) Be sure that there is no oil, grease, or dirt on the timing belt.

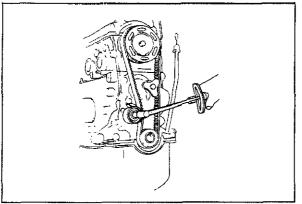


83001A-115

- 3. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation. (Clockwise)
- 4. Check that the timing marks are correctly aligned. If not repeat the above-mentioned procedure.
- 5. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt and apply tension to the belt.

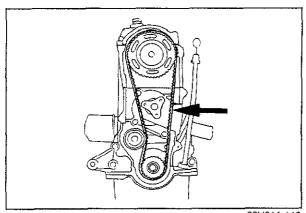
83U01A-116

6. Tighten the timing belt tensioner to specification.



83U01A-117

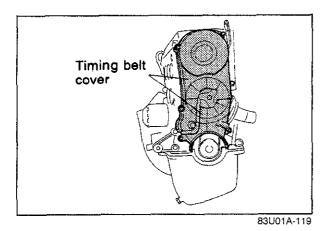
- Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)
- 7. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation and check the matching marks for alignment.



83U01A-118

8. Measure the tension between the crankshaft pulley and the camshaft pulley. If the timing belt tension is not correct, temporarily secure tensioner lock bolt so the spring is fully extended and repeat steps 3—7 above or replace the tensioner spring.

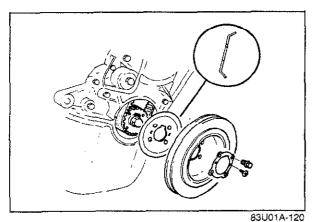
Timing belt deflection: 12-13 mm (0.47-0.51 in)/98 N (10 kg, 22 lb)



Timing Belt Cover

Install the lower and upper timing belt covers and new gaskets.

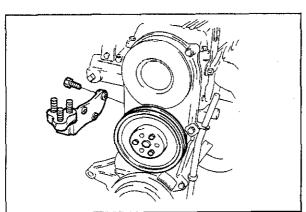
Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



Crankshaft Pulley

Install the crankshaft pulley and baffle plate.

Tightening torque: 12—17 Nm (1.25—1.75 m-kg, 109—152 in-lb)



63U01X-138

Water Pump Pulley

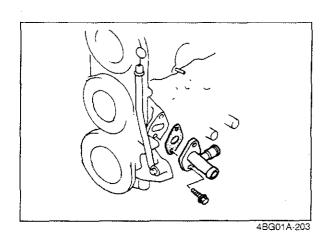
Install the water pump pulley.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

Engine Bracket

Install the engine bracket.

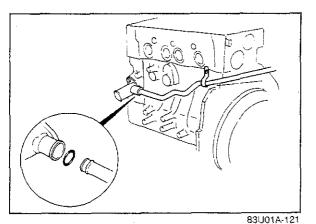
Tightening torque: 93—113 Nm (9.5—11.5 m-kg, 69—83 ft-lb)



Coolant Inlet Pipe

Install the coolant inlet pipe and a new gasket.

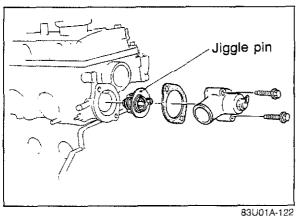
Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)



Coolant Bypass Hose

- 1. Apply a coat of vegetable oil to the "O" ring.
- 2. Install the coolant bypass hose.

Tightening torque: 16—23 N·m (1.6—2.3 m-kg, 12—17 ft-lb)



Thermostat and Thermostat Cover

- 1. Install the thermostat with the jiggle pin facing upward.
- 2. Install the thermostat cover and gasket.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

Caution

The printed side of the gasket must face the thermostat.



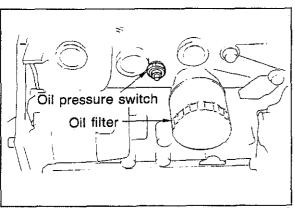
Oil Pressure Switch

Install the oil pressure switch.

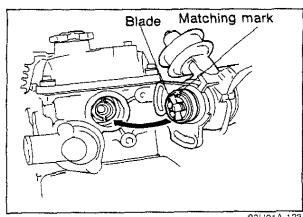
Tightening torque: 12—18 N·m (1.2—1.8 m-kg, 8.7—13.0 ft-lb)



Apply engine oil to the oil filter "O" ring and install the filter, tightening thoroughly by hand.



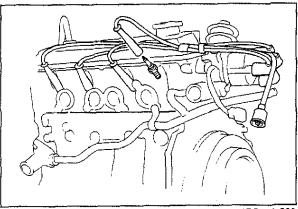
83U01A-148



83U01A-123

Distributor

- 1. Apply engine oil to the "O" ring, and position it on the distributor.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the drive gear.
- 3. Install the distributor with the blade into the camshaft groove.
- 4. Temporarily, loosely tighten the distributor installing bolt.



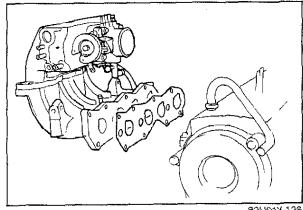
4BG01A-200

Spark Plug and High Tension Lead

1. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15-23 N·m (1.5-2.3 m-kg, 11-17 ft-lb)

2. Connect the high tension leads.

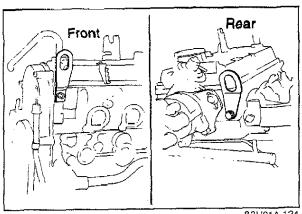


63U01X-136

Intake Manifold Assembly

1. Install the intake manifold assembly and new gasket.

Tightening torque: 19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)



83U01A-124

Engine Hanger

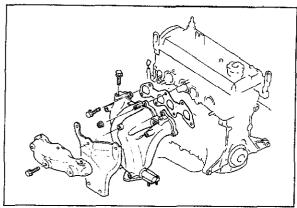
Install the front and rear engine hangers.

Tightening torque:

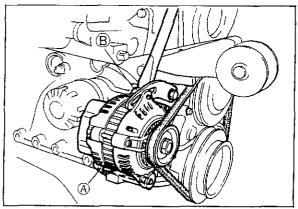
Front: 37-63 Nm (3.8-6.4 m-kg, 27-46 ft-lb)

Rear: 19-30 Nm

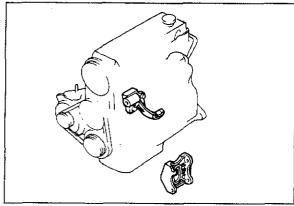
(1.9-3.1 m-kg, 14-22 ft-lb)



83U01A-125



83U01A-126



83U01A-127

Exhaust Manifold

- 1. Remove the engine from the engine hanger and engine stand.
- 2. Install the exhaust manifold and gasket.

Tightening torque: 16—23 Nm (1.6—2.3 m-kg, 12—17 ft-lb)

3. Install the exhaust manifold insulator.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

Alternator

1. Install the alternator strap.

Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

- 2. Install the alternator and alternator drive belt. Loosely tighten the alternator installation bolt.
- 3. Adjust the drive belt deflection by referring to page 1A—6.

Tightening torque:
Alternator installation bolt:
37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)
Belt adjusting bolt:
19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

Power Steering Pump Bracket

Install the power steering pump bracket.

Tightening torque: 47—66 N·m (4.8—6.7 m-kg, 35—48 ft-lb)

Air Conditioner Compressor Bracket Install the air conditioner compressor bracket.

Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

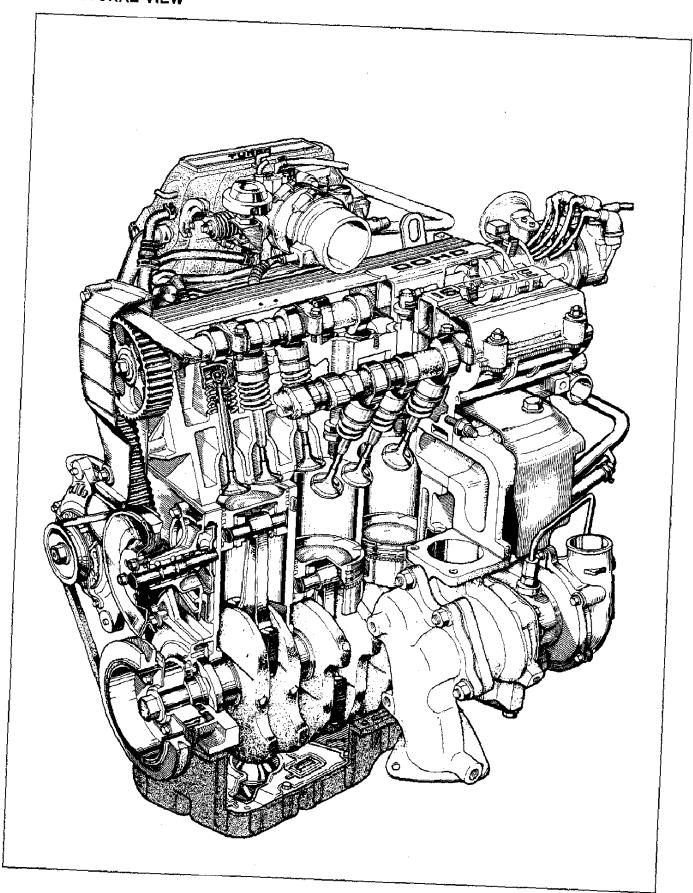
ENGINE (B6 DOHC)

OUTLINE	1B 2
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ASSEMBLY	1B51
	83U01B-001

1B OUTLINE

OUTLINE

STRUCTURAL VIEW



SPECIFICATIONS

Item Engine model		Engine model	B6 DOHC
Туре			Gasoline, 4-cycle
Cylinder arrang	ement and number		In-line 4-cylinders
Combustion ch	amber		Pent-roof
Valve system			OHC, belt-driven
Displacement cc (cu in)		cc (cu in)	1,597 (97.4)
Bore and stroke mm (in)		mm (in)	78 × 83.6 (3.07 × 3.29)
Compression ratio			7.9
Compression	kP	a (kg/cm², psi)—rpm	1,079 (11.0, 156) — 300
		Open BTDC	5°
Valve timing	IN	Close ABDC	51°
		Open BBDC	· 69°
	EX	Close BTDC	1°
Valve clearance mm (in)		IN	0. maintenance-free
		EX	0. maintenance-free
Idle speed (MT	X in neutral)	rpm	850 ± 50
Ignition timing		BTDC	12° ± 1°
Firing order			1-3-4-2

83U01B-002

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Difficult starting	Malfunction of engine-related components Burned valve Worn piston, piston ring, or cylinder Failed cylinder head gasket	Replace Replace or repair Replace	1B—37 1B—45 1B—15
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4B	
	Malfunction of electrical system	Refer to Section 5	
Poor idling	Malfunction of engine-related components Malfunction of HLA Poor valve to valve seat contact Failed cylinder head gasket	Replace Repair or replace Replace	1B60 1B39
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4B	
Excessive oil consumption	Oil working up Worn piston ring groove or sticking piston ring Worn piston or cylinder	Replace Replace or repair	1B—45 1B—45
	Oil working down Worn valve seal Worn valve stem or guide	Replace Replace	1B—59 1B—37
	Oil leakage	Refer to Section 2B	

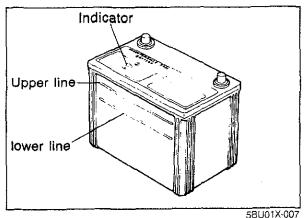
83U018-003

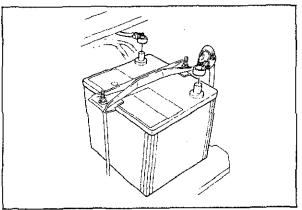
1B TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Insufficient power	Insufficient compression Malfunction of HLA Compression leakage from valve seat Seized valve stem Weak or broken valve spring Failed cylinder head gasket Cracked or distorted cylinder head Sticking, damaged, or worn piston ring Cracked or worn piston	Replace Repair Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace Replace	1B-60 1B-39 1B-37 1B-40 1B-15 1B-36 1B-46 1B-46
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4B	
	Others Slipping clutch Dragging brakes Wrong size tires	Refer to Section 6 Refer to Section 11 Refer to Section 12	
Abnormal combustion	Malfunction of engine-related components Malfunction of HLA Sticking or burned valve Weak or broken valve spring Carbon accumulation in combustion chamber	Replace Replace Replace Eliminate carbon	1B—60 1B—37 1B—40
	Malfunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4B	
Engine noise	Crankshaft or bearing related parts Excessive main bearing oil clearance Main bearing seized or heat-damaged Excessive crankshaft end play Excessive connecting rod bearing oil clearance Connecting rod bearing seized or heat-damaged	Replace or repair Replace Replace or repair Replace or repair Replace	1B—54 1B—53 1B—54 1B—55 1B—55
	Piston related parts Worn cylinder Worn piston or piston pin Seized piston Damaged piston ring Bent connecting rod	Replace or repair Replace Replace Replace Replace	1B—44 1B—45, 46 1B—45 1B—46 1B—47
	Valves or timing related parts Malfunction of HLA* Broken valve spring Excessive valve guide clearance Malfunction of timing belt tensioner	Replace Replace Replace Replace	1B—60 1B—40 1B—37 1B—49
	Malfunction of cooling system	Refer to Section 3B	
	Maifunction of fuel system	Refer to Section 4B	
	Others Malfunction of water pump bearing Improper drive-belt tension Malfunction of alternator bearing Exhaust gas leakage	Replace Adjust Replace Repair	 1B6 1B36

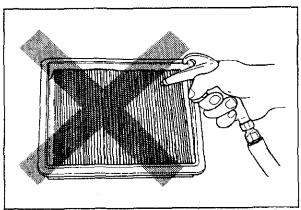
Tappet noise may occur if the engine is not operated for an extended period of time. The noise should disappear after the engine has reached normal operating temperature.

83U01B-004

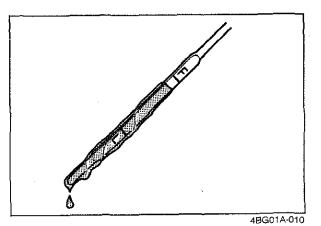




5BU01X-008



63G01D-306



TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Tune the engine according to the procedures described below.

5BU01X-006

Batterv

- 1. Check the indicator sign on the top of the battery. If the indicator sign is blue, the battery is normal.
- 2. If the blue indicator sign is not visible, then the electrolyte level of the battery is low and/or the capacity is insufficient.
- 3. Add distilled water and/or recharge according to the procedures described in Section 5.
- 4. Check the tightness of the terminals to ensure good electrical connections. Clean the terminals and coat the terminals with grease.
- 5. Inspect for corroded or frayed battery cables.
- 6. Check the rubber protector on the positive terminal for proper coverage.

Air Cleaner Element

Visually check that the air cleaner element for excessive dirt, damage or oil. Replace if necessary

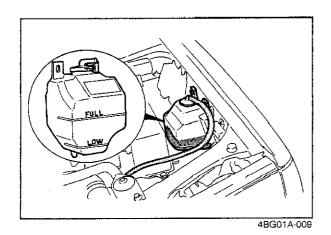
Caution

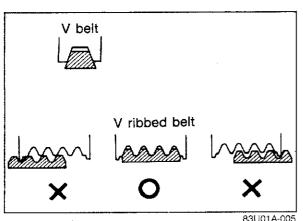
Do not clean the air cleaner element with compressed air.

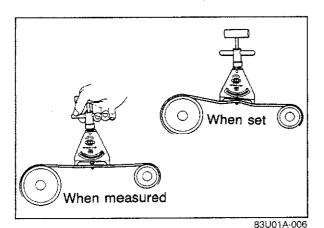
Engine Oil

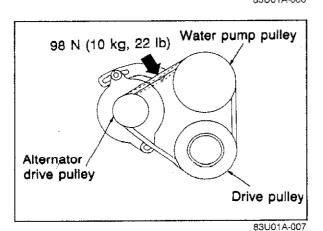
Check the engine oil level and condition with the oil level gauge.

Add oil, or change it, if necessary.









Coolant Level

Check that the coolant level is near the radiator inlet port, and that the level in the reserve tank is between the FULL and LOW marks.

Add coolant if the level is low.

Warning

Never remove the radiator cap while the engine is hot.

Wrap a thick cloth around the cap and carefully remove the cap.

Drive Belt

- 1. Check that the drive belt is positioned in the pulley groove.
- 2. Check the drive belt for wear, cracks, or fraying.
- 3. Check the pulley for damage.

Inspection of belt tension

Check the drive belt tension by using the tension gauge.

Standard tension

N (kg, lb)

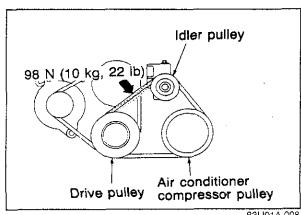
Belt	New	Used
Alternator	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)
A/C	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)
P/S	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)
A/C and P/S	491—589 (50—60, 110—132)	422—491 (43—50, 95—110)

Inspection of belt deflection

Check the drive belt deflection by applying moderate pressure (98 N, 10 kg, 22 lb) midway between the pulleys.

Alternator drive belt

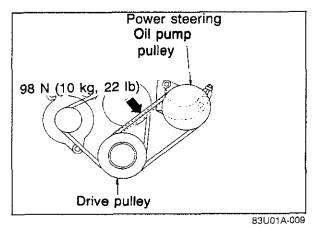
New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)



A/C drive belt

New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)

83U01A-008



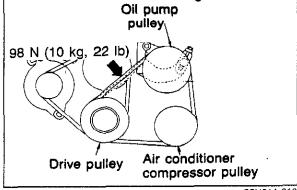
P/S oil pump drive belt

New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)

Power steering Oil pump pulley_\

A/C and P/S oil pump drive belt

New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)



83U01A-010

83U01A-011

Adjustment of belt deflection

Alternator drive belt

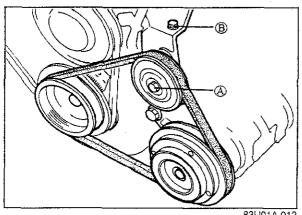
- 1. Loosen the alternator mounting bolt A and adjusting bolt B.
- 2. Lever the alternator outward and apply tension to the belt.
- 3. Tighten the adjusting bolt B.

Tightening torque: 19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)

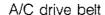
4. Tighten the mounting bolt A.

Tightening torque: 37-52 Nm (3.8-5.3 m-kg, 27-38 ft-lb)

5. Recheck the belt tension or deflection.

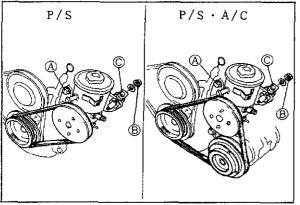


83U01A-012



- 1. Loosen the idler pulley lock bolt A.
- 2. Adjust the belt tension and deflection by turning the adjusting bolt B.
- 3. Tighten the idler pulley lock bolt A.

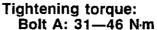
Tightening torque: 31-46 N·m (3.2-4.7 m-kg, 24-34 ft-lb)



83U01A-013

P/S oil pump drive belt, A/C and P/S oil pump drive belt

- 1. Loosen the mounting bolt A and adjusting bolt lock nut B.
- 2. Adjust the belt tension and deflection by turning the adjusting bolt C.
- 3. Tighten the adjusting bolt lock nut B and mounting bolt A.



(3.2—4.7 m-kg, 24—34 ft-lb)

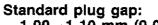
Nut B: 36-54 N·m

(3.7—5.5 m-kg, 27—40 ft-lb)

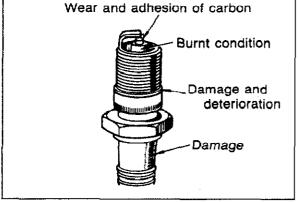


Check the following points, clean or replace if necessary.

- 1. Damaged insulation
- 2. Worn electrodes
- Carbon deposits
- 4. Damaged gasket
- 5. Burnt spark insulator
- 6. Plug gap



1.00—1.10 mm (0.039—0.043 in)

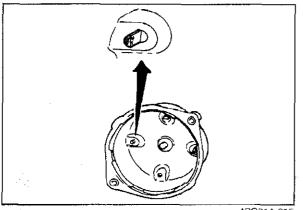


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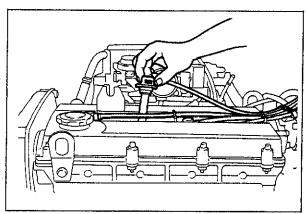
Distributor Cap

Check the following points. If necessary, replace the distributor cap.

- 1. Cracks, carbon deposits
- 2. Burnt or corroded terminals
- 3. Worn distributor center contact



4BG01A-015



49 0187 280

High-tension Lead

Check the following points, if necessary clean or replace.

- 1. Damaged lead
- 2. Carbon deposits

4BG01A-016

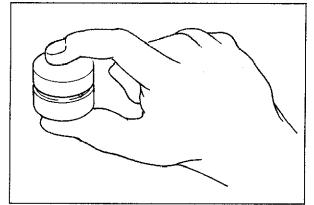
83U01B-005

── Hydraulic Lash Adjuster

Note

Tapet noise may occur if the engine is not operated for an extended period of time. The noise should disappear after the engine has reached normal operating temperature.

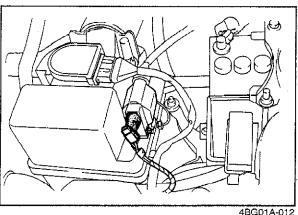
- 1. Check for tappet noise, if noise exsists, check the followings:
 - (1) Engine oil condition and level
 - (2) Cylinder head oil pressure (Refer to section 2B)



If the noise does not disappear, check for movement of the HLA by pushing it during disassembly.

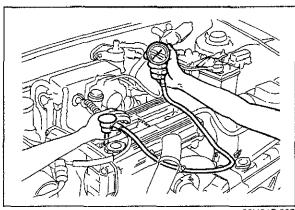
3. If the HLA moves, replace the HLA.

83U01B-006

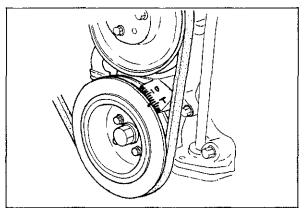


Compression

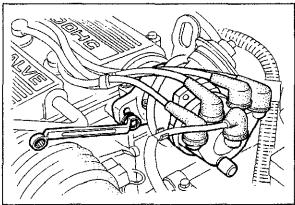
- 1. Warm up the engine to operating temperature.
- 2. Turn it off for about 10 minutes to reduce the exhaust pipe temperature.
- 3. Remove all spark plugs.
- 4. Disconnect the primary wire connector from the ignition coil.



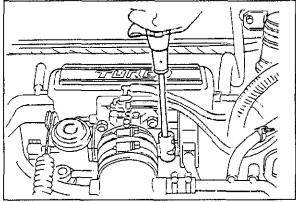
83LI01B-00



83U01B-008



83U01A-018



83U01B-009

- 5. Connect a compression gauge to the No. 1 spark plug hole.
- 6. Fully depress the accelerator pedal and crank the engine.
- 7. Check whether the gauge reads within the limits.

Standard compression: 1,079 kPa (11.0 kg/cm², 156 psi) Compression limit: 755 kPa (7.7 kg/cm², 109 psi)

- 8. Check each cylinder.
- 9. Refit the primary wire connector securely to the ignition coil.
- 10. Install the spark plugs and high-tension leads.

Ignition Timing

- 1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Turn all electric loads OFF.
- 3. Connect a timing light tester.
- 4. Disconnect the vaccum hose from the vacuum control, and plug the hose.
- 5. Disconnect the black connector at distributor.
- Check that the ignition timing mark (yellow) on the crankshaft pulley and the timing mark on the timing belt cover are aligned.

Ignition timing: 12° ± 1° BTDC

- 7. If necessary, adjust the ignition timing by turning the distributor.
- 8. Reconnect the vacuum hose and the black connector at distributor.

Idle Speed

- 1. Connect a tachometer to the engine.
- 2. Turn off all lights and other unnecessary electrical loads.
- 3. Check the idle speed. If necessary, turn the air adjust screw and adjust to specifications.

Idle speed: $850 \pm 50 \text{ rpm}$

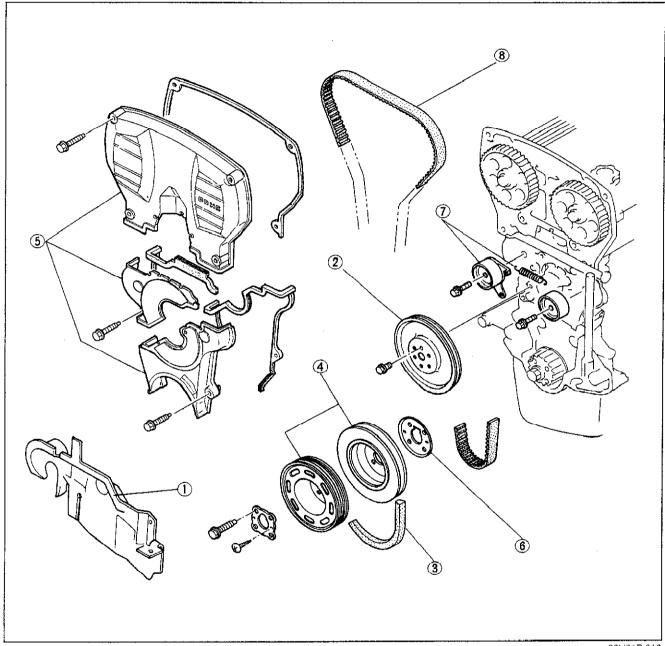
ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

TIMING BELT

Removal

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.

83U01A-020



83U01B-010

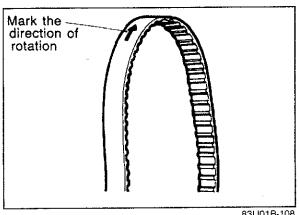
- 1. Side cover
- 2. Water pump pulley
- 3. Drive belt
- 4. Crankshaft pulley

- 5. Timing belt cover (upper, middle, lower)
- 6. Baffle plate
- 7. Timing belt tensioner and spring
- 8. Timing belt

Note

Remove the No. 3 engine mount installation nuts and lower the engine to remove the A/C and P/S pulley and the crankshaft pulley.

1B on-vehicle maintenance (timing belt)



83U01B-108

1. Mark the direction of rotation on the timing belt.

Note

The direction arrow is so the belt can be reinstalled in the same direction.

2. Remove the timing belt.

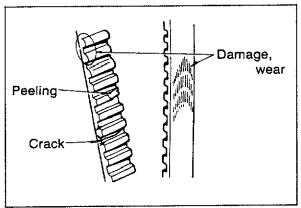
Caution

Do not allow any oil or grease on the timing belt.



Refering to page 1B—49, inspect the following parts:

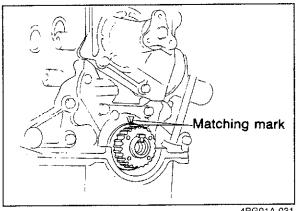
- 1. Timing belt
- 2. Timing belt tensioner and spring
- 3. Timing belt pulley
- 4. Camshaft pulley



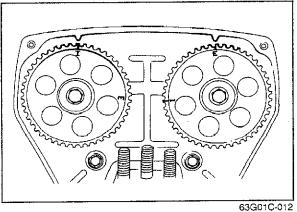
83U01B-011

Installation

1. Be sure that the timing mark on the timing belt pullev is aligned with the matching mark.

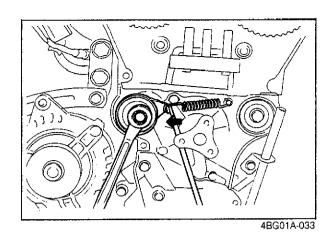


4BG01A-031

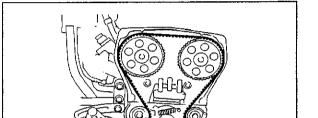


2. Be sure that the matching mark on the camshaft pulley is aligned with seal plate matching mark. If it is not aligned, turn the camshaft to align.

ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (TIMING BELT) 1B



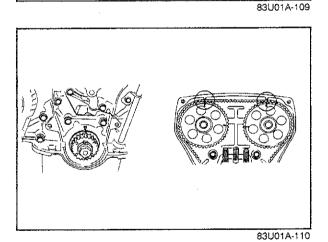
3. Install the timing belt tensioner and spring. Temporarily secure it so the spring is fully extended.



4. Install the timing belt. (keep the right side of belt as tight as possible)

Caution

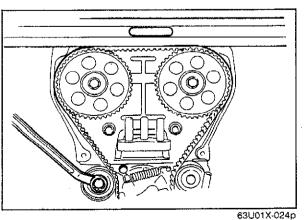
- a) The timing belt must be reinstalled in the same direction of previous rotation if it is reused.
- b) Be sure that there is no oil, grease, or dirt on the timing belt.



Note Remove all spark plugs for easier rotation.

- 5. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation. (Clockwise)
- 6. Check that the timing marks are correctly aligned. If not repeat steps 1—5.
- 7. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt and apply tension to the belt.

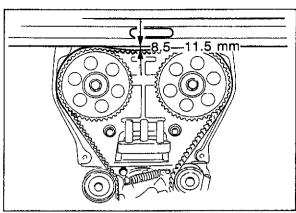
8. Tighten the timing belt tensioner lock bolt.



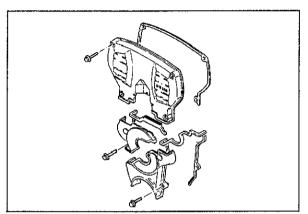
Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

9. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation and check the matching marks for alignment.

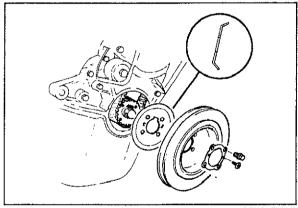
1B on-vehicle maintenance (timing belt)



83U01B-012



83U01A-111



83U01B-013

10. Measure the tension between the intake side camshaft pulley and the exhaust side camshaft pulley. If the timing belt tension is not correct, loosen the tensioner lock bolt and repeat steps 3—9 above or replace the tensioner spring.

Timing belt deflection: 8.5—11.5 mm (0.33—0.45 in) / 98 N (10 kg, 22 lb)

Caution

Be sure not to apply tension other than that of the tensioner spring.

11. Install the lower and upper timing belt cover.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

12. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15—23 N·m (1.5—2.3 m-kg, 11—17 ft-lb)

13. Install the baffle plate and the crankshaft pulley.

Tightening torque: 12—17 N·m (1.25—1.75 m-kg, 109—152 in-lb)

14. Install the No.3 engine mount bracket.

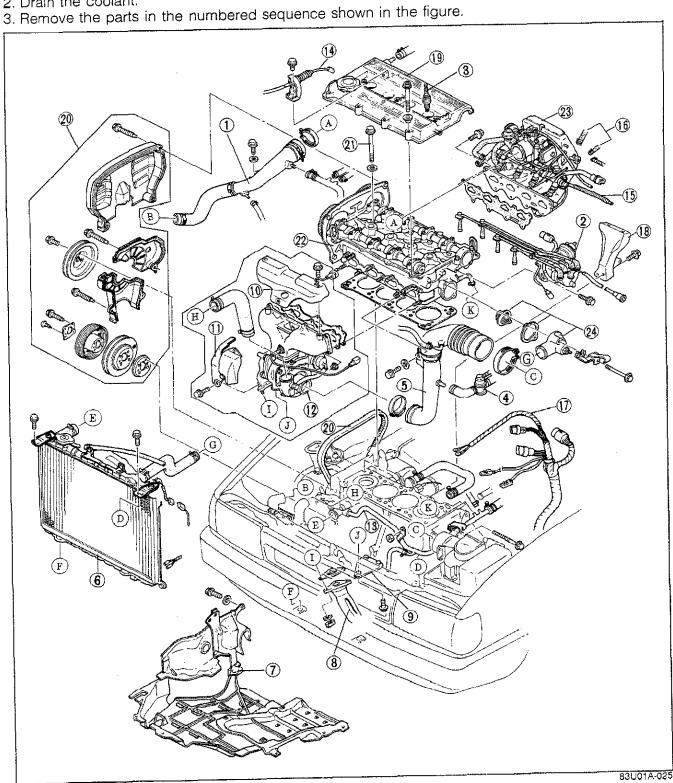
Tightening torque: 60—85 N-m (6.1—8.7 m-kg, 44—63 ft-lb)

- 15. Install the drive belt and adjust the belt tension (refer to page 1B—6).
- 16. Install the engine side cover.
- 17. Connect the battery negative cable.

CYLINDER HEAD Removal

Warning Release the fuel pressure (Refer to FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE of FUEL SYSTEM section).

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the coolant.

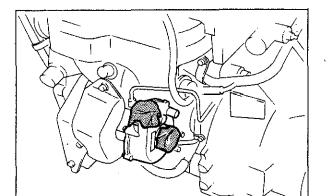


1B on-vehicle maintenance (cylinder head)

- 1. Air intake pipe
- 2. Distributor and high-tension leads
- 3. Spark plugs
- 4. Air bypass valve and hoses assembly
- 5. Air pipe
- 6. Radiator (Refer to 3B-10)
- 7. Engine side cover and under cover
- 8. Exhaust pipe
- 9. Turbocharger bracket
- 10. Exhaust manifold insulator
- 11. Turbocharger insulator
- 12. Exhaust manifold and turbocharger assembly

- 13. Coolant bypass pipe
- 14. Accelerator cable
- 15. Fuel hoses
- 16. Vacuum hoses
- 17. Engine harness connectors
- 18. Surge tank bracket
- 19. Cylinder head cover
- 20. Timing belt (Refer to 1B-11)
- 21. Cylinder head bolts
- 22. Cylinder head and intake manifold assembly
- 23. Intake manifold assembly
- 24. Thermostat and thermostat cover

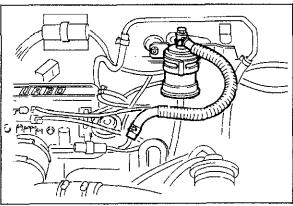
83U01B-014



77U01X-017

Turbocharger

Cover the intake and exhaust ports and oil passage to prevent dirt or other contaminants from entering.



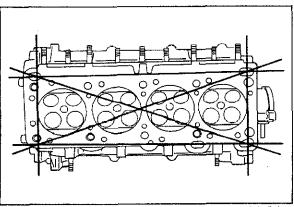
63G01C-104

Fuel hose

After disconnecting the inlet and return fuel hoses, plug them.

Warning

Cover the hose with a rag because fuel will be splashed out when disconnecting the hose.



83U01B-015

Disassembly of Cylinder Head

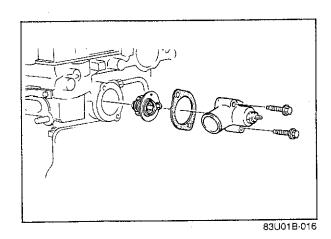
Refer to page 1B-30

Inspection

Refer to page 1B-36

Assembly

Refer to page 1B-59



Installation

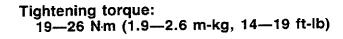
- 1. Install the thermostat with the jiggle pin facing upward.
- 2. Install the thermostat cover and gasket.

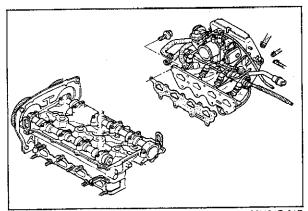
Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

Caution

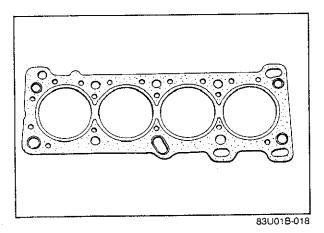
The printed side of the gasket must face the thermostat.

3. Install the intake manifold assembly and new gasket.

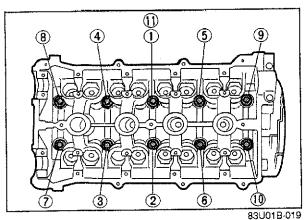




83U01B-017



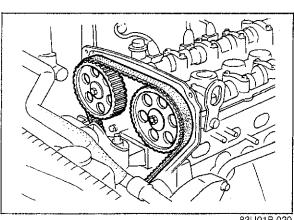
- 4. Thoroughly remove all dirt and grease from the top of the cylinder block with a rag.
- 5. Place the new cylinder head gasket in position.



6. Install the cylinder head, and tighten the cylinder head bolts gradually in the order shown in the figure.

Tightening torque: 76—81 N·m (7.7—8.3 m-kg, 56—60 ft-lb)

1B on-vehicle maintenance (cylinder head)



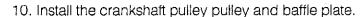
83U01B-020

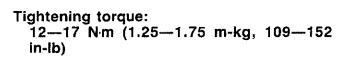
- 7. Referring to the TIMING BELT section pages 1B—11 to 1B—14, install the timing belt.
- 8. Install the timing belt covers.

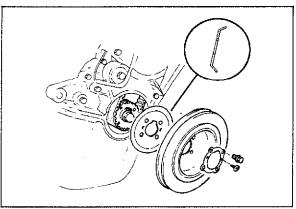
Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

9. Install the water pump pulley.

Tightening torque: 8-11 N·m (0.8-1.1 m-kg, 69-95 in-lb)

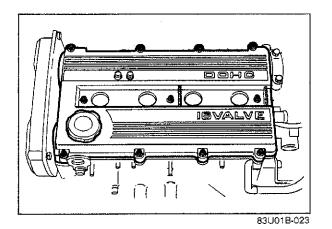






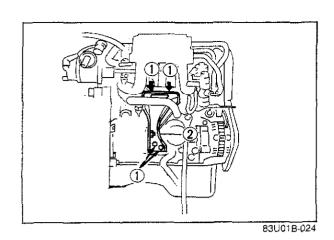
83U01B-021

- Cylinder head cover. Rubber gasket Sealant 83U01B-022
- 11. Install the cylinder head cover.
 - (1) Apply a coat of sealant to the cylinder head cover as shown in the figure.



(2) Install the cylinder head cover.

Tightening torque: 3-4 N·m (0.3-0.4 m-kg, 26-35 in-lb)



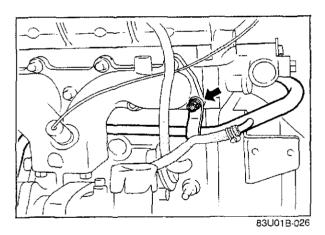
12. Install the surge tank bracket.

Tightening torque:
Bolt ①: 31—46 Nm
(3.2—4.7 m-kg, 23—34 ft-lb)
Bolt ②: 19—26 Nm
(1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

- 13. Connect the engine harness connectors.
- 14. Connect the vacuum hoses.
- 15. Connect the Fuel hoses.
- 16. Install the accelerator cable.
- 17. Install the exhaust manifold and turbocharger assembly along with new gasket.

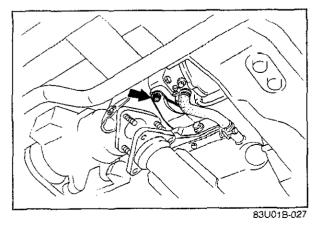
83U01B-025

Tightening torque: 39—57 N·m (4.0—5.8 m-kg, 29—42 ft-lb)



18. Install the coolant bypass pipe bracket.

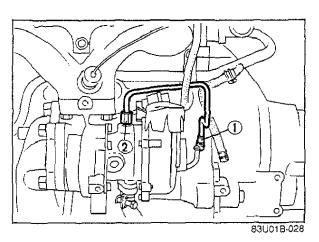
Tightening torque: 39—57 N·m (4.0—5.8 m-kg, 29—42 ft-lb)



19. Connect the turbocharger and turbocharger bracket.

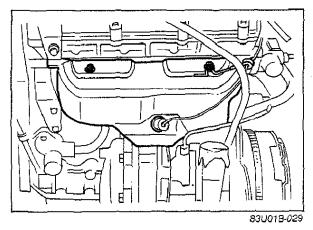
Tightening torque: 22—30 N·m (2.2—3.1 m-kg, 16—22 ft-lb)

1B on-vehicle maintenance (cylinder head)



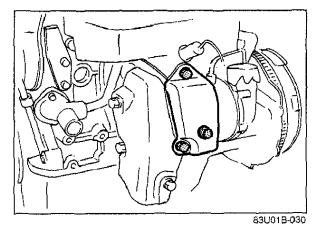
20. Connect the oil pipe to the turbocharger and cylinder block.

Tightening torque:
Bolt ①: 12—18 N·m
(1.2—1.8 m-kg, 104—156 in-lb)
Nut ②: 16—24 N·m
(1.6—2.4 m-kg, 12—17 ft-lb)



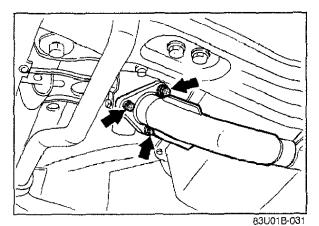
21. Install the exhaust manifold insulator.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)



22. Install the turbocharger insulator.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

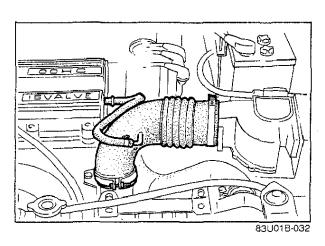


23. Connect the exhaust pipe to the turbocharger.

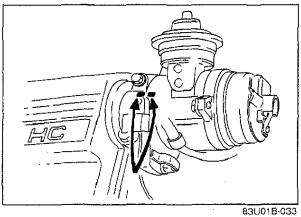
Tightening torque: 31—46 N·m (3.2—4.7 m-kg, 23—34 ft-lb)

- 24. Install the engine side cover and under cover.
- 25. Install the radiator. (Refer to 3B-10)

ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE (CYLINDER HEAD) 1B



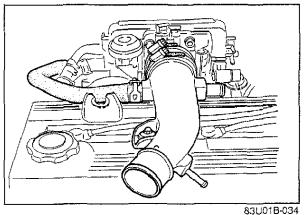
- 26. Install the air pipe.
- 27. Install the air bypass valve and hoses assembly.



- 28. Align the distributor blade with the grooved matching mark on the body, then install the distributor by referring to Section 5.
- 29. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15—23 Nm (1.5—2.3 m-kg, 11—17 ft-lb)

30. Install the high-tension leads.

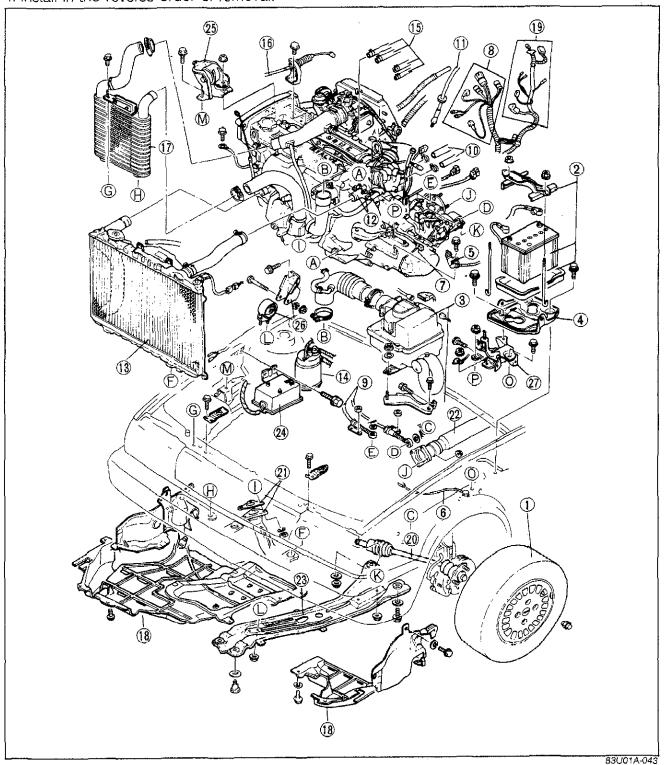


- 31. Install the air intake pipe.
- 32. Fill the radiator with coolant.
- 33. Perform the necessary engine adjustments, refer to TUNE-UP PROCEDURE section.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Warning: Release the fuel pressure (Refer to FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE of FUEL SYS-TEM section).

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
 Drain the engine oil, transaxle oil and coolant.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown below.
 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

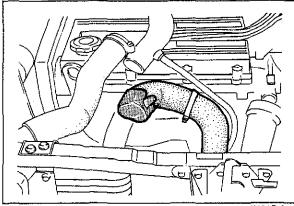


- 1. Front wheels
- 2. Battery
- 3. Air cleaner
- 4. Battery carrier
- 5. Clutch release cylinder
- 6, Ground (body-transmission) 16. Accelerator cable
- 7. Back up lamp connector
- 9. Shift control cables
- 10. Heater hoses
- 11. Speedometer cable

- 12. Connectors (thermometer, electric fan switch)
- 13, Radiator
- 14. Canister hoses
- 15. Vacuum hoses
- 17. Intercooler
- 8. Engine harness connectors 18. Under cover and side cover
 - 19. Connectors (starter motor, oil pressure switch, alternator)

- 20. Driveshafts
- 21. Exhaust pipe
- 22. Propeller shaft (for 4WD)
- 23. Engine mount member
- 24. Control unit
- 25. No. 3 engine mount
- 26. No. 2 engine mount
- 27. No. 4 engine mount (for 4WD)

83U01B-035



83U01B-036

Intercooler

1. Disconnect the air hose from intercooler.

Caution

Cover the end of air pipes and hoses with rag to prevent any foreign material from falling into the turbocharger or intake system.

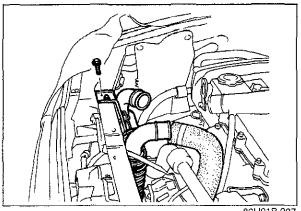
Note

Do not insert screw driver or other between air hose and intercooler pipe, when disconnecting

2. Remove the intercooler



Be careful not to damage to the fins.



83U01B-037

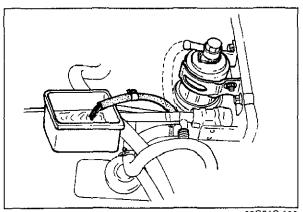
Fuel Hose

After disconnecting the fuel hoses (inlet and return), plug them to avoid fuel leakage.

Keep sparks and open flame away from the fuel area.

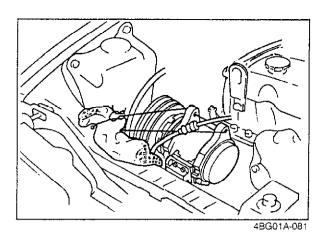
Caution

When disconnect the hoses, cover the hoses with a rag since fuel will splash out.



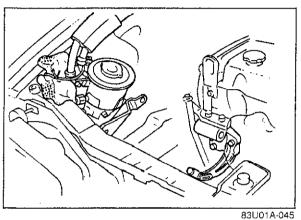
63G01C-108

1B REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



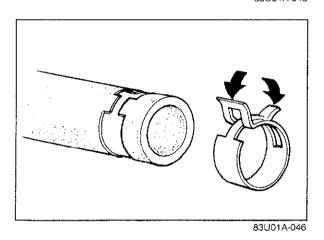
A/C Compressor

Remove the compressor, and then, with the highpressure and low-pressure hoses still connected to it, secure the compressor as shown in the figure.



P/S Pump

Secure the P/S pump as shown in the figure. Be careful not to damage the pipe when the engine is removed and installed.

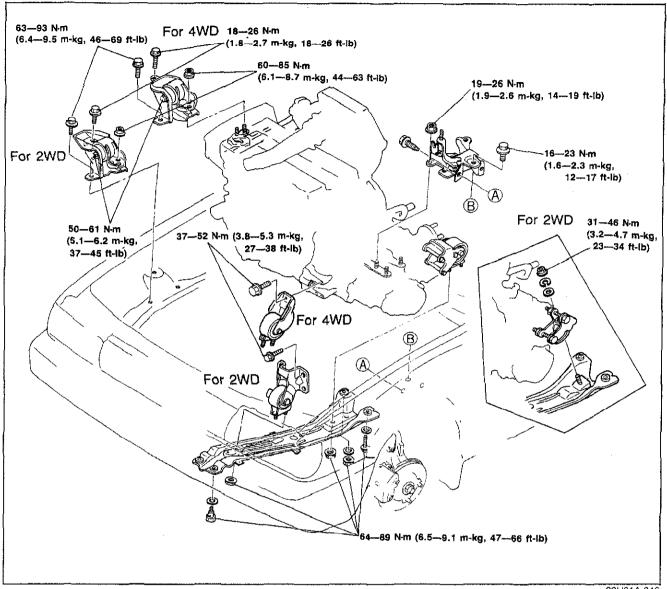


Hose Clamp

- 1. Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose.
- 2. Squeeze the clamp lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

Engine Mount Torque Specification

After installing the engine into the engine room, tighten the engine mount bolts to the specified torque.



83U01A-046

Steps After Installation

- 1. Adjust the drive belt tension. (Refer to 1B—6)
- 2. Fill the radiator and sub tank with coolant.
- 3. Fill the engine with engine oil.
- 4. Fill the transaxle with transaxle oil.

Check Engine Condition

- 1. Check for leaks.
- 2. Perform engine adjustments as necessary.
- 3. Perform a road test.
- 4. Recheck the oil and coolant levels.

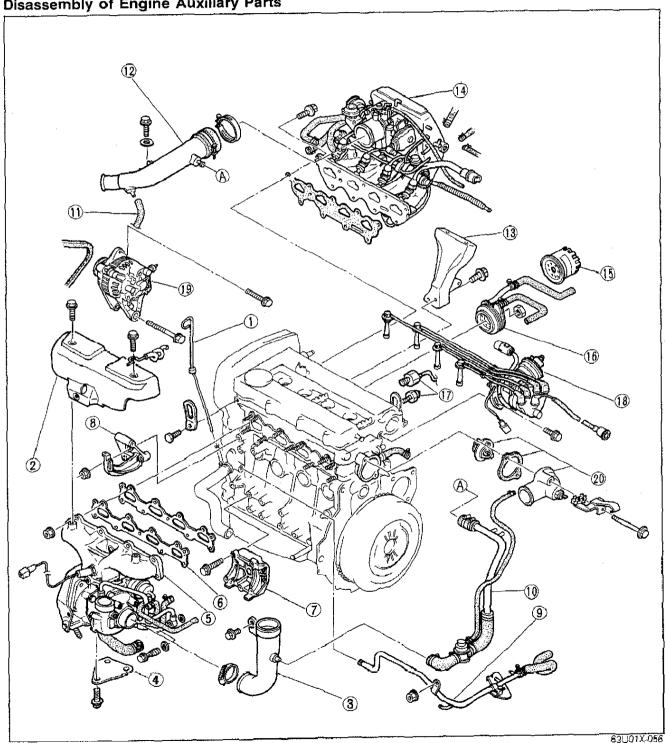
83U01B-038

DISASSEMBLY

Disassembly Note

- 1. Care should be taken during the disassembly of any part or system to study its order of assembly. Any deformation, wear, or damage also should be noted.
- 2. Code all identical parts (such as pistons, piston rings, connecting rods, and valve springs) so that they can be reinstalled in the position from which they were removed.
- 3. After steam cleaning the parts, use compressed air to blow off any remaining water.
- 4. Remove the parts in the order shown in the figure.

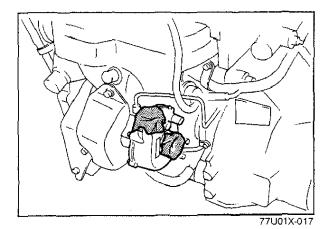
Disassembly of Engine Auxiliary Parts



- 1. Oil level gauge
- 2. Exhaust manifold insulator
- 3. Air hose
- 4. Turbocharger bracket
- 5. Exhaust manifold and turbocharger
- 6. Exhaust manifold gasket7. A/C compressor bracket
- 8. P/S pump bracket
- 9. Coolant bypass pipe and hose
- 10. Air bypass valve and hoses

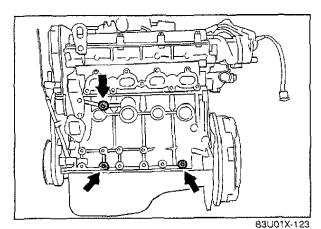
- 11. Hose
- 12. Air intake pipe
- 13. Surge tank bracket
- 14. Intake manifold assembly
- 15. Oil filter
- 16. Oil cooler
- 17. Oil pressure switch and knock sensor
- 18. Distributor and high-tension leads
- 19. Alternator and drive belt
- 20. Thermostat cover and thermostat

83U01B-039



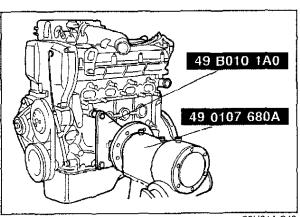
Turbocharger

Cover the intake and exhaust ports and oil passage to prevent dirt or other contaminants from entering.



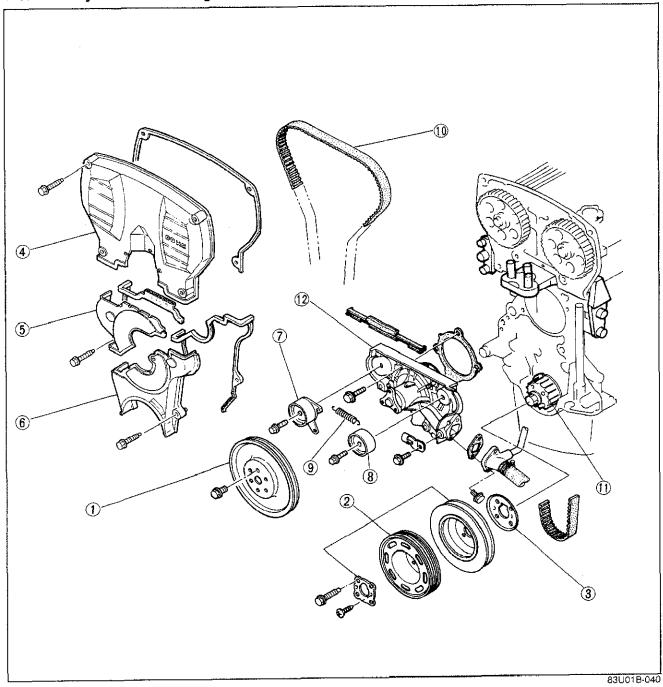
Engine hanger

After removing the exhaust manifold, install the engine on the SST.



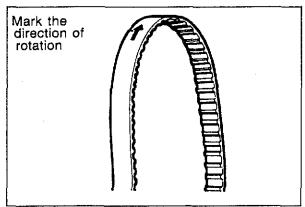
83U01A-049

Disassembly of Front of Engine

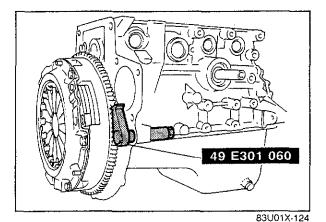


- Water pump pulley
 Drive pulley
- 3. Baffle plate
- 4. Upper timing belt cover
- 5. Middle timing belt cover6. Lower timing belt cover

- 7. Timing belt tensioner
- 8. Idler pulley
- 9. Tensioner spring 10. Timing belt
- 11. Timing belt drive pulley12. Water pump



83U01A-112



Timing belt

- 1. Remove the tensioner spring after loosening the tensioner lock bolt.
- 2. Mark the direction of rotation on the timing belt.
- 3. Remove the timing belt.

Caution

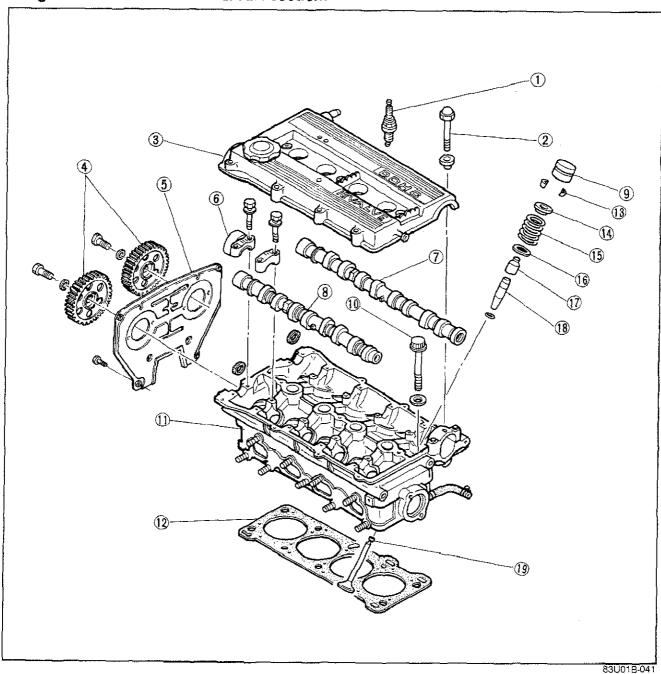
Do not allow any oil or grease on the timing belt.

Crankshaft pulley and timing belt pulley Set the SST to the flywheel. Remove the crankshaft pulley and the timing belt pulley.

Disassembly Related to Cylinder Head

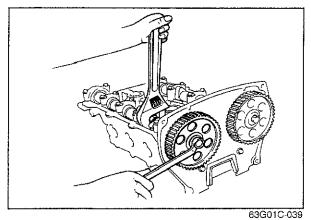
Note

During disassembly, inspect the camshaft end play, camshaft bearing oil clearance reffering to INSPECTION AND REPAIR section.



- 1. Spark plug
- 2. Cylinder head cover bolt
- 3. Cylinder head cover
- 4. Camshaft pulley
- 5. Seal plate6. Camshaft cap
- 7. Camshaft (IN)
- 8. Camshaft (EX)
- 9. Hydraulic lash adjuster
- 10. Cylinder head bolts

- 11. Cylinder head
- 12. Cylinder head gasket
- 13. Spring retainers
- 14. Valve spring seat (upper)
- 15. Valve spring
- 16. Valve spring seat (lower) 17. Valve seal
- 18. Valve guide
- 19. Valve

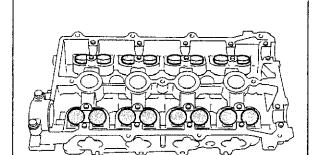


Camshaft pulley

Remove the pulley using a wrench to prevent it from turning.



63G01C-041

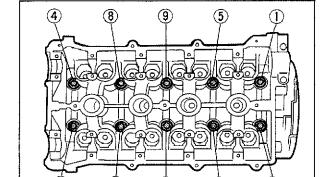


HLA (Hydraulic Lash Adjuster)

Remove the HLA from the cylinder head.

Note

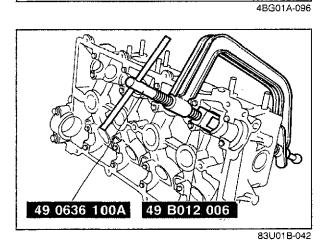
Mark all HLA so that they can be reinstalled in the position from which they were removed.



(6)

Cylinder head bolt

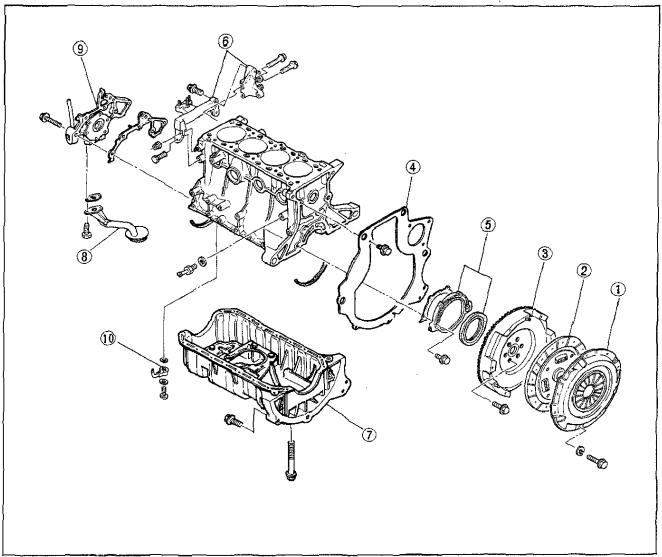
Remove the cylinder head bolts in the numbered order shown in the figure. Loosen them gradually, in order.



Valve

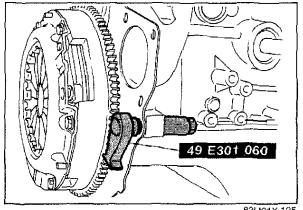
Remove the valves from the cylinder head with the **SST**.

Disassembly Related to Lubrication System and Flywheel



83U01B-043

- 1. Clutch cover
- 2. Clutch disc
- 3. Flywheel
- 4. End plate
- 5. Rear cover

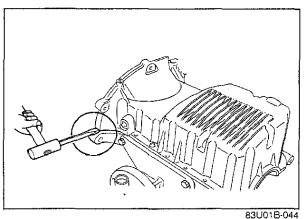


83U01X-125

- 6. Engine bracket and mount arm
- 7. Oil pan
- 8. Oil strainer
- 9. Oil pump
- 10. Oil jet

Clutch cover and flywheel

Remove the clutch cover and flywheel with the **SST** as shown in the figure.



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Oil pan

Remove the oil pan by prying only at the points shown in the figure.

Caution

- a) Do not force a pry tool between the block and pan to prevent damaging the contact
- b) Do not damage or scratch the contact surface when removing the oil sealant.

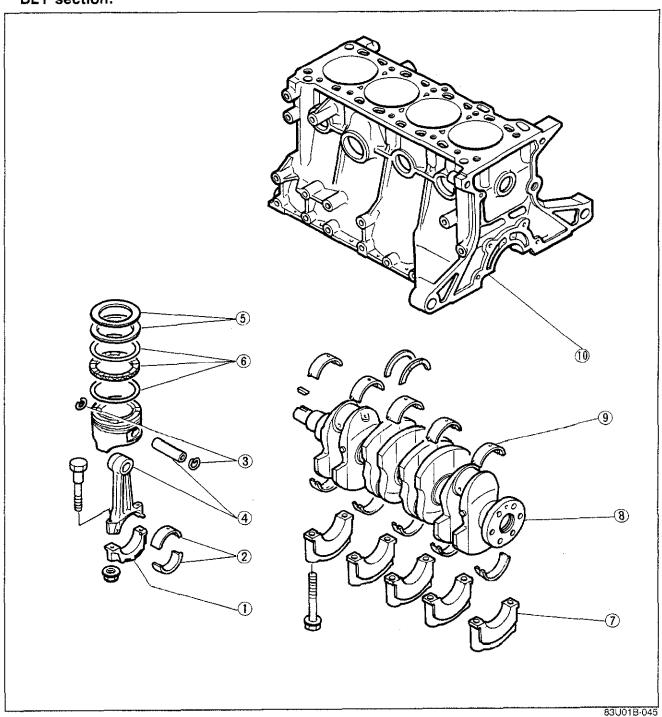
Flywheel pilot bearing

Use suitable pipe and punch out to the crankshaft side of the flywheel, as shown in the figure.

Disassembly Related to Crankshaft and Piston

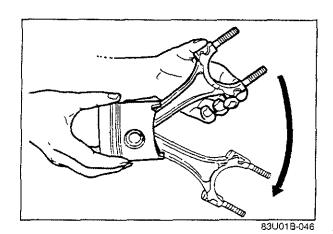
Note

During disassembly, inspect the crankshaft end play, main journal bearing oil clearance, connecting rod bearing oil clearance, connecting rod side clearance reffering to ASSEMBLY section.



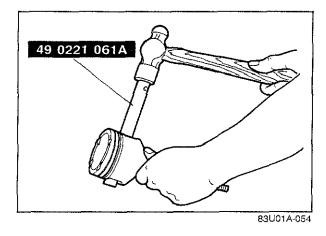
- 1. Connecting rod caps
- 2. Connecting rod bearings
- 3. Clips
- 4. Connecting rod and piston pin
- 5. Piston rings

- 6. Oil rings
- 7. Main bearing caps
- 8. Crankshaft
- 9. Main bearings
- 10. Cylinder block



Piston and connecting rod

1. Check the oscillation torque of the connecting rod as shown in the figure. If the large end does not drop by its own weight, replace the piston and/or piston pin.



2. Use the **SST** to remove the piston pin.

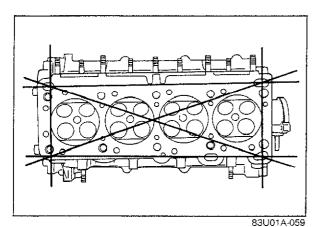
INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- 1. Clean all parts, taking care to remove any gasket fragments, dirt, oil or grease, carbon, moisture residue, or other foreign material.
- 2. Inspect and repair in the order specified.

Caution

Be careful not to damage the joints or friction surfaces of aluminum alloy components such as the cylinder head or pistons.

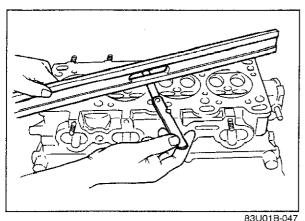
83U01A-058



Cylinder Head

- 1. Inspect the cylinder head for damage, cracks, and leakage of water or oil, replace if necessary.
- 2. Measure the cylinder head distortion in the six directions shown in the figure.

Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.



0000171 000

 If the cylinder head distortion exceeds specification, grind the cylinder head surface.
 If the cylinder head height is not within specification, replace it.

Height:

133.8—134.0 mm (5.268—5.276 in)

Grinding: 0.20 mm (0.008 in) max.

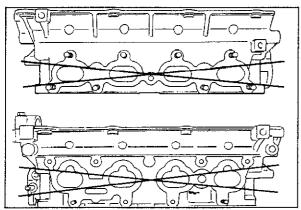
Note

Before grinding the cylinder head, first check the following and replace the head if necessary.

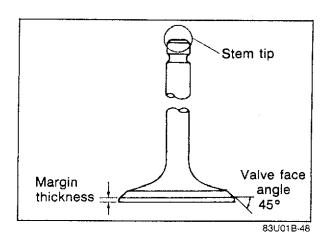
- Sinking of valve seat
- Distortion of manifold contact surface
- Camshaft oil clearance and end play
- 4. Measure the manifold contact surface distortion in the six directions shown in the figure.

Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.

5. If distortion exceeds specification, grind the surface or replace the cylinder head.



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Valve and Valve Guide

- 1. Inspect each valve for the following, replace or resurface as necessary.
 - (1) Damaged or bent stem
 - (2) Roughness or damage to the face
 - (3) Damage or uneven wear of the stem tip
- 2. Check the valve head margin thickness, replace if necessary



IN: 0.5 mm (0.020 in) min. EX: 0.5 mm (0.020 in) min.



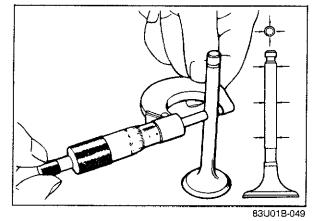


IN: 105.29 mm (4.1452 in) EX: 105.39 mm (4.1492 in)

4. Measure the valve stem diameter.

Diameter

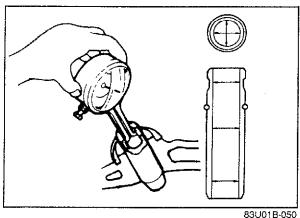
IN: 5.970—5.985 mm (0.2350—0.2356 in) EX: 5.965—5.980 mm (0.2348—0.2354 in)

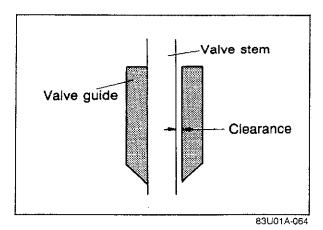


5. Measure the valve guide inner diameter.

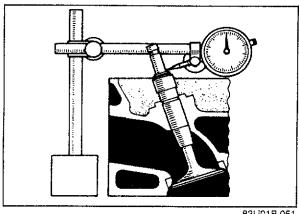
Inner diameter

IN: 6.01—6.03 mm (0.2366—0.2374 in) EX: 6.01—6.03 mm (0.2366—0.2374 in)

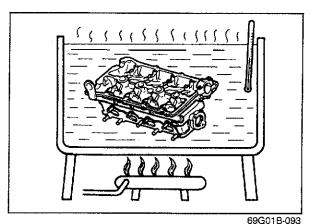


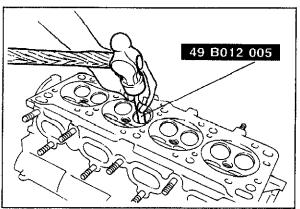


- 6. Measure the valve stem to guide clearance.
 - (1) Method No. 1 Subtract the valve stem measurement from the corresponding valve guide inner diameter measurement.

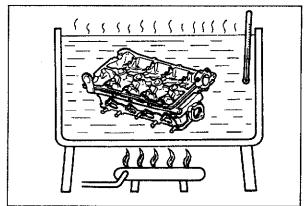


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83U01B-052



83U01A-113

(2) Method No. 2 Measure the valve stem play at a point close to the valve guide with the valve lifted off the valve seat.

Clearance

IN: 0.025—0.060 mm (0.0010—0.0024 in) EX: 0.030—0.065 mm (0.0012—0.0026 in) Maximum: 0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

7. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the valve and/or valve guide.

Replacement of valve guide

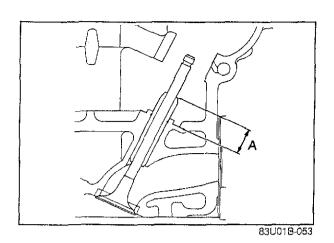
Removal

1. Gradually heat the cylinder head in water to approx. 90°C (190°F).

- 2. Remove the valve guide from the side opposite the combustion chamber with the SST.
- 3. Remove the valve guide clip.

Installation

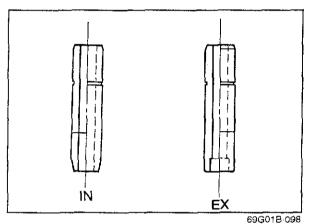
- 1. Fit the clip onto the valve guide.
- 2. Gradually heat the cylinder head in water to approx. 90°C (190°F).
- 3. Tap the valve guide in from the side opposite the combustion chamber until the clip contacts the cylinder head with the SST.



4. Check that the protrusion height (dimension A in the figure) is within specification.

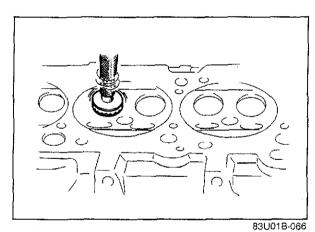
Height:

16.8—17.4 mm (0.661—0.685 in)



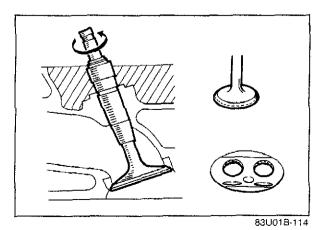
Note

Although the shapes of the intake and exhaust valve guides are different, use the exhaust valve guide on both sides as a replacement.

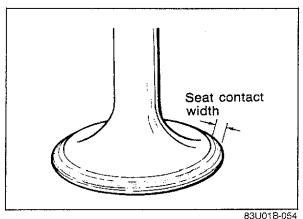


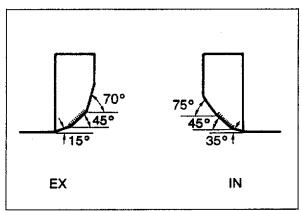
Valve Seat

- 1. Inspect the contact surface of the valve seat and valve face.
 - (1) Roughness
 - (2) Damage
- 2. If necessary, resurface the valve seat using a 45° valve seat cutter and/or resurface the valve face.

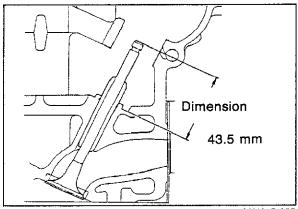


- 3. Apply a thin coat of prussian blue to the valve face.
- 4. Check the valve seating by pressing the valve against the seat.
 - (1) If blue does not appear 360° around the valve face, replace the valve.
 - (2) If blue does not appear 360° around the valve seat, resurface the seat.

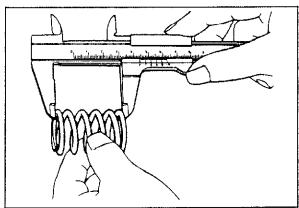




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83U01B-055



83U01B-056

5. Check the seat contact width and valve seating position on the valve face.

Width:

0.8—1.4 mm (0.031—0.055 in)

6. Check that the valve seating position is at the center of the valve face.

- (1) If the seating position is too high, correct the valve seat using a 75° cutter, and a 45° cutter.
- (2) If the seating position is too low, correct the valve seat using a 35° (IN) or 15° (EX), and a 45° cutter.
- 7. Seat the valve to the valve seat using a lapping compound.

8. Check the sinking of the valve seat. Measure protruding length (dimension "L") of the valve stem.

Dimension "L": 43.5 mm (1.713 in)

(1) If "L" is as below, it can be used as it is.

43.5-44.0 mm (1.713-1.732 in)

(2) If "L" is as below, insert a spacer between the spring seat and cylinder head so that "L" will be as specified.

44.0—45.0 mm (1.732—1.772 in)

(3) If "L" is more than as below, replace the cylinder head.

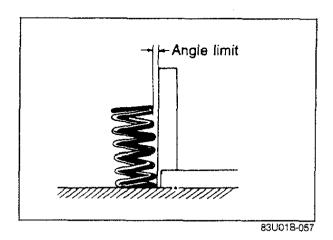
45.0 mm (1.772 in) or more

Valve Spring

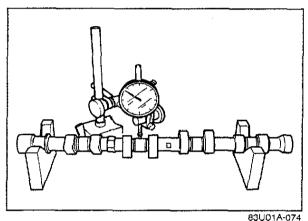
- 1. Inspect each valve spring for cracks or damage.
- 2. Check the free length and angle, replace if necessary.

Free length

Standard: 47.2 mm (1.858 in) Minimum: 45.8 mm (1.803 in)



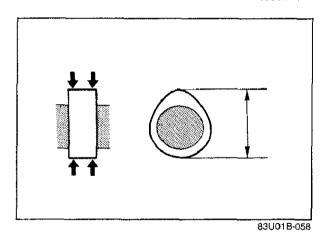
Angle: 1.6 mm (0.063 in) max.



Camshaft

Set the front and rear journals on V-blocks.
 Check the camshaft runout, replace if necessary.

Runout: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) max.



- 2. Check the cam for wear or damage, replace if necessary.
- 3. Check the cam lobe height at the two places as shown.

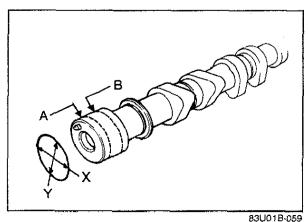
Height

IN: 40.888 mm (1.6098 in)

EX: 40.688 mm (1.6019 in)

Minimum

IN: 40.889 mm (1.6098 in) EX: 40.689 mm (1.6019 in)



4. Measure wear of the journals in X and Y directions at the two places shown.

Diameter

No.1-No.5:

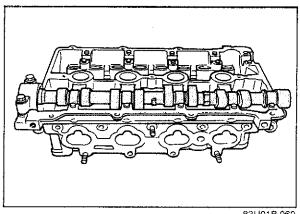
25.940—25.965 mm (1.0213—1.0222 in)

No.6:

33.961—34.000 mm (1.3370—1.3386 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.002 in) max.

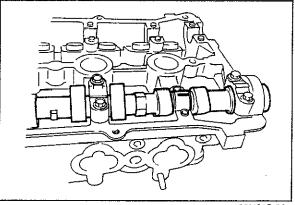
B INSPECTION AND REPAIR



83U01B-060

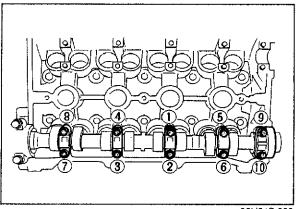
- 5. Measure the oil clearances of the camshaft and cylinder head.
 - (1) Remove any oil, or dirt from the journals and bearing surface.
 - (2) Set the camshaft on the cylinder head.

Do not install the HLA, when measuring the oil clearance.



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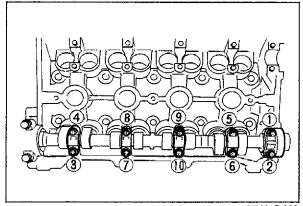
(3) Position the plastic-gauge on top of the journal in the journal axial direction.



83U01B-062

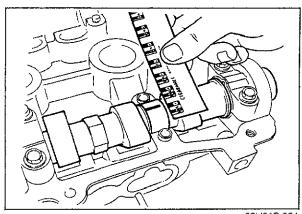
(4) Install the camshaft caps according to the cap number and arrow, tighten them in the order shown in the figure.

Tightening torque: 11—14 N⋅m (1.15—1.45 m-kg, 100—126 in-lb)



83U01B-063

(5) Loosen the camshaft cap bolts in the order shown in the figure.



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(6) Measure the oil clearance.

Oil clearance

No. 1-No. 5:

0.035—0.081 mm (0.0014—0.0032 in)

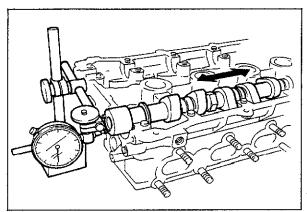
Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

- (7) If the oil clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the camshaft or the cylinder head.
- 6. Measure the camshaft end play. If it exceeds the maximum, replace the camshaft or the cylinder head.

End play:

0.07-0.19 mm (0.0028-0.0075 in)

Maximum: 0.20 mm (0.008 in)



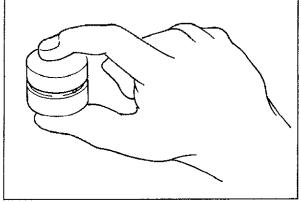
83U01B-065



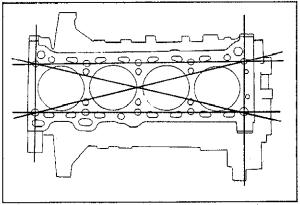
- 1. Check the HLA for wear or damage.
- 2. Hold the HLA between your fingers and press it. If the HLA moves, replace it.



Do not disassemble the HLA



63G01C-061

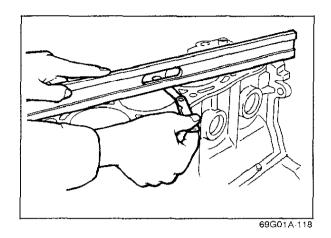


69G01A-117

Cylinder Block

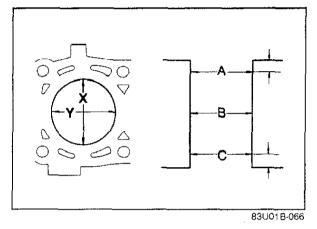
- 1. Check the cylinder block, repair or replace if necessary.
 - (1) Leakage damage
 - (2) Cracks
 - (3) Scoring of wall
- 2. Measure the distortion of the top surface of the cylinder block in the six directions shown in figure.

Distortion: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) max.



3. If the distortion exceeds the maximum, repair by grinding, or replace the cylinder block.

Grinding: 0.20 mm (0.008 in) max.

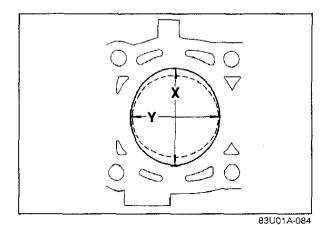


4. Measure the cylinder bore in directions X and Y at three levels in each cylinder as shown.

Cylinder bore	mm (in)
Size	Bore
Standard	78.000—78.019 (3.0709—3.0717)
0.25 (0.010) oversize	78.250—78.269 (3.0807—3.0815)
0.50 (0.020) oversize	78.500—78.519 (3.0905—3.0913)

(1) If the difference between the measurement A and C exceeds the maximum taper, rebore the cylinder to oversize.

Taper: 0.019 mm (0.0007 in) max.

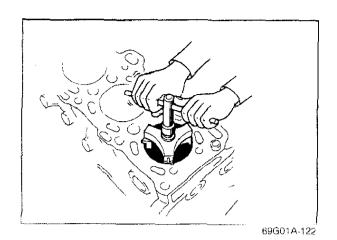


(2) If the difference between the measurement X and Y exceeds the maximum out-of-round, rebore the cylinder to oversize.

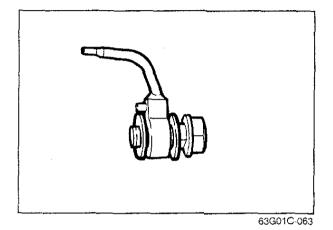
Out-of-round: 0.019 mm (0.0007 in) max.

Caution

The boring size should be the same for all cylinders.



5. If the upper part of the cylinder wall shows uneven wear, remove the ridge using a ridge reamer.

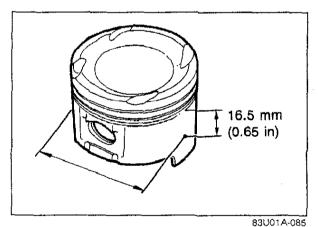


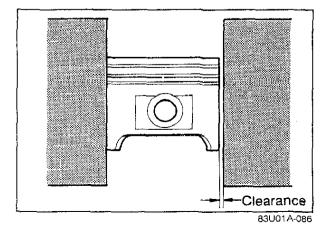
Oil Jet

1. Check the oil jet for clogging.

Note Make sure that the oil passages are not clogged.

2. Check the check ball move smoothly.





Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

3. Check the piston to cylinder clearance.

Clearance: 0.026-0.065 mm (0.0010-0.0026 in)

4. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston or rebore the cylinder to oversize.

If the piston is replaced, replace the piston rings also.

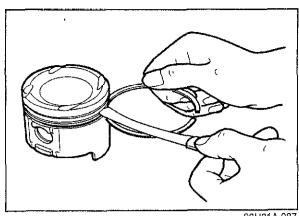
Piston

Piston diameter

- 1. Inspect the outer circumferences of all pistons for seizure or scoring, replace if necessary.
- 2. Measure the outer diameter of each piston at a right angle (90°) to the piston pin, 16.5 mm (0.650 in) below the oil ring land lower edge.

Size	Diameter
Standard	77.954—77.974 (3.0690—3.0698)
0.25 (0.010)	78.20478.224
oversize	(3.07893.0797)
0.50 (0.020)	78.454—78.474
oversize	(3.0887—3.0895)

mm (in)



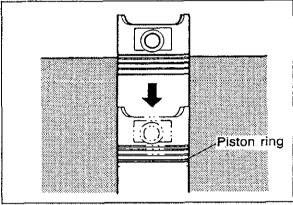
83U01A-087

Piston and Piston Ring

1. Measure the piston ring to ring land clearance around the entire circumference using a new piston ring.

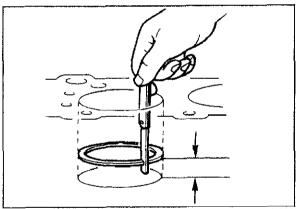
Clearance (Top and Second): 0.030-0.065 mm (0.0012-0.0026 in) Maximum: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

2. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston.



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- 3. Inspect the piston rings for damage, abnormal wear, or breakage, replace if necessary.
- 4. Insert the piston ring into the cylinder by hand and push it to the bttom of the ring travel in using the piston.

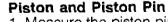


End gap : 0.20-0.40 mm (0.008-0.016 in) Top Second: 0.15-0.30 mm (0.006-0.012 in) Oil rail: 0.20-0.70 mm (0.008-0.028 in) Maximum: 1.0 mm (0.039 in)

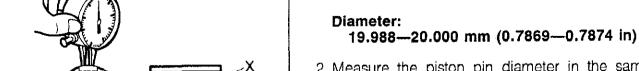
5. Measure each piston ring end gap using a feeler

gauge, replace if necessary.

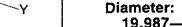
83U01A-089



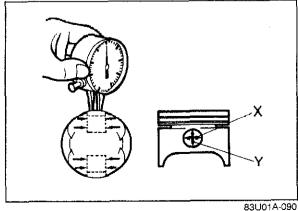
1. Measure the piston pin hole diameter in X and Y directions at four places.



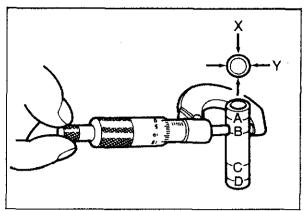
2. Measure the piston pin diameter in the same manner.



19.987—19.993 mm (0.7869—0.7871 in)



1B-46



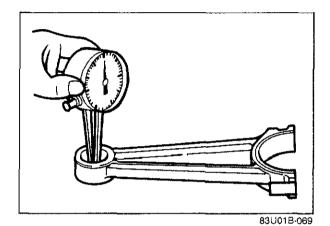
3. Check the piston pin to piston clearance.

Clearance:

-0.005--0.013 mm (-0.0002--0.0005 in)

4. If the clearance exceeds the maximum, replace the piston and/or piston pin.





Connecting Rod

1. Measure the connecting rod small end bore.

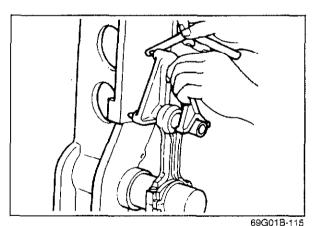
Diameter:

20.003—20.014 mm (0.7875—0.7880 in)

2. Check the clearance between the small end bore and piston pin.

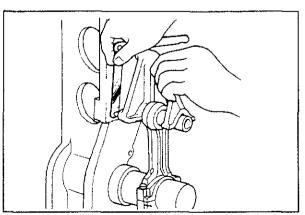
Clearance:

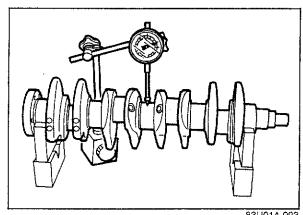
0.010-0.027 mm (0.0004-0.0012 in)



3. Check each connecting rod for bending or twisting, if necessary replace or repair.

Bend: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max. Twist: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max.



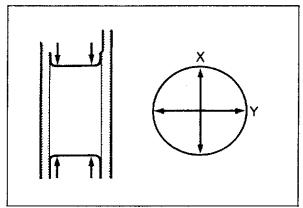


83U01A-093

Crankshaft

- 1. Check the journals and pins for damage, scoring, or oil hole clogging.
- 2. Set the crankshaft on V-blocks.
- 3. Check the crankshaft runout at the center journal, replace if necessary.

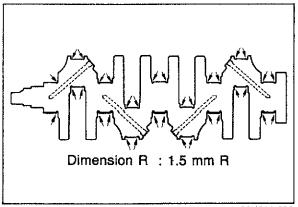
Runout: 0.04 mm (0.0016 in) max.



83U01A-094

Rear housing Oil seal sliding Crankpin surface. Oil pump body Main journal Oil seal sliding surface.

83U01A-095



83U01A-096

4. Measure each journal diameter in X and Y directions at two places.

Main journal

Diameter:

49.938-49.956 mm (1.9661-1.9668 in)

Minimum: 49.89 mm (1.964 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) max.

Crankpin journal

Diameter:

44.940—44.956 mm (1.7693—1.7699 in)

Minimum: 44.89 mm (1.7673 in)

Out-of-round: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) max.

5. If the diameter is below the minimum, grind the journals to match undersize bearings.

Undersize bearing:

0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

Main journal diameter undersize mm (in)

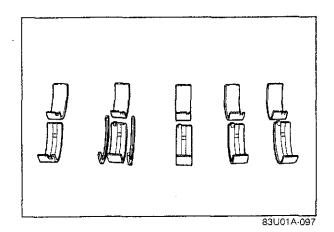
Bearing size	Journal diameter
Deathly size	Journal diameter
0.25 undersize	49.688—49.706 (1.9562—1.9569)
0.50 undersize	49,438—49,456 (1.9464—1.9471)

Crankpin journal diameter undersize mm (in)

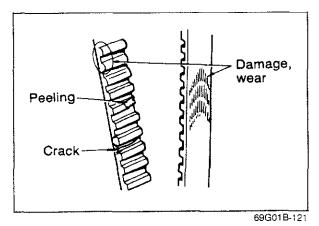
Bearing size	Journal diameter
0.25 undersize	44.690—44.706 (1.7594—1.7601)
0.50 undersize	44.440-44.456 (1.7496-1.7502)

Caution

Do not grind the fillet roll.

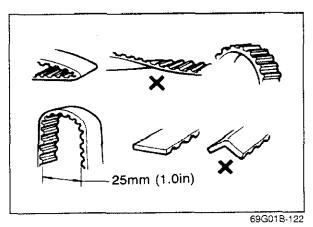


Main Bearing and Connecting Rod Bearing Check the main bearings and the connecting rod bearings for peeling, scoring, or other damage.



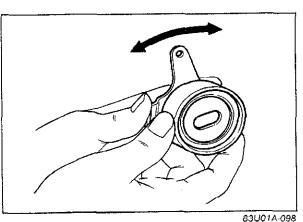
Timing Belt

- 1. Replace the timing belt if there is any oil or grease
- 2. Check the timing belt for damage, wear, peeling, cracks, or hardening, replace if necessary.



Caution

- a) Never forcefully twist the timing belt. Do not turn it inside out or bend it.
- b) Be careful not to allow oil or grease on the belt.

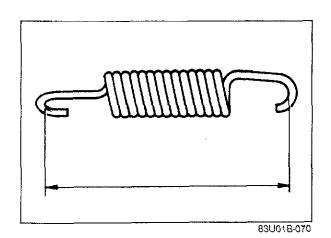


Caution

Do not clean the tensioner with cleaning fluids. If necessary, use a soft rag to wipe it clean, and avoid scratching it.

Timing Belt Tensioner and Idler Pulley

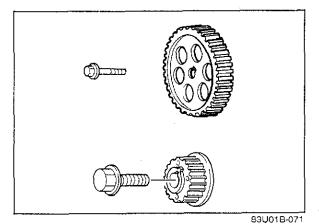
Check the timing belt tensioner and idler pulley for smooth rotation or abnormal noise, replace if necessary.



Timing Belt Tensioner Spring

Check the free length of the tensioner spring, replace if necessary.

Free length: 58.8 mm (2.315 in)



Timing Belt Pulley and Camshaft Pulley

Inspect the pulley teeth for wear, deformation, or other damage, replace the pulley if necessary.

Caution

Do not clean the pulley with cleaning fluids. If necessary, use a rag to wipe it clean.

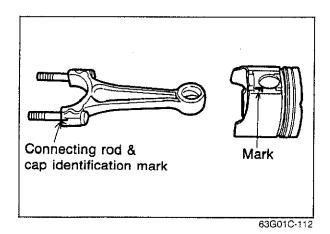
Timing Belt Cover (lower, middle and upper) Inspect the timing belt covers for deformation of cracks, replace if necessary.

ASSEMBLY

Assembly Note

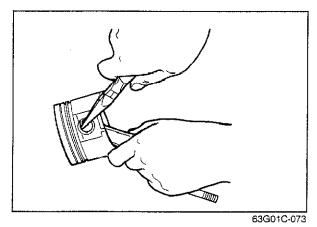
- 1. Be sure all parts are clean before reinstallation.
- 2. Apply new engine oil to all sliding and rotating parts.
- 3. Do not reuse gaskets or oil seals.
- 4. During assembly, inspect all critical clearances, end plays and oil clearances.
- 5. Tighten bolts to the specified torques.
- 6. Replace bearings if they are peeling, burned, or otherwise damaged.

4BG01A-136

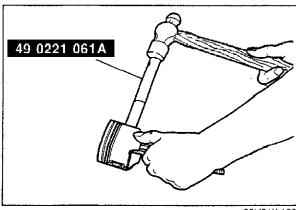


Connecting Rod

- 1. Align the identification mark to the cap of lage end of connecting rod and "F" mark on the piston as shown in the figure.
- 2. Apply a coat of engine oil to the circumference of each piston pin and to the small end of each connecting rod.

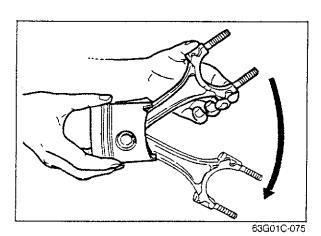


- 3. Set a clip into the clip groove in one side of the
- 4. Assemble the piston and connecting rod.



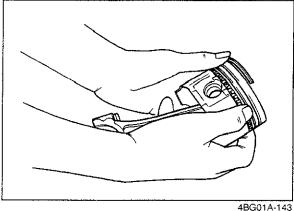
83U01X-126

- 5. Using the **SST**, insert the piston pin from the opposite side of the piston.
- 6. Tap the piston pin into touch the clip. Install the other clip into the groove in the piston.



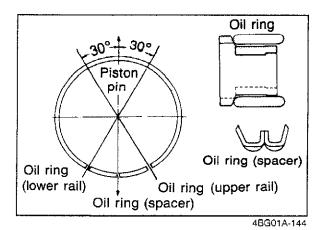
- the piston pin or the connecting rod.
- 8. Check the oscillation torque of the connecting rod as shown in the figure. If the large end does not drop by its own weight, replace the piston and piston pin.

7. If the piston pin cannot be tapped in easily, replace



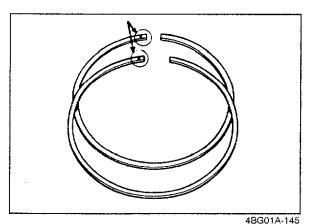
Piston Ring

- 1. Install the three-piece oil rings on the pistons.
 - (1) Apply engine oil to the oil ring spacer and rails.
 - (2) Install the oil ring spacer.
 - (3) Install the upper rail and lower rail.



Caution

- a) After installation of the upper and lower side rails, make certain they turn smoothly in both directions.
- b) Do not align the end gaps, stagger them.



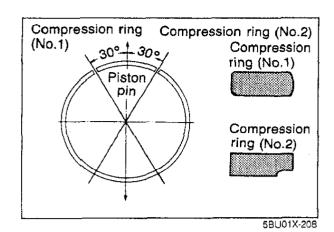
Caution

The rings must be installed so the "R" marks face upward.

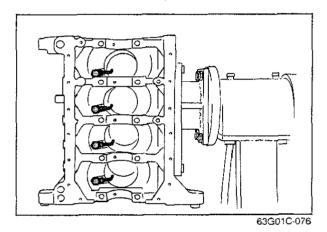
2. Install the second and top ring.

(1) Apply a liberal coat of engine oil to the piston

(2) Install the second ring to the piston first, then the top one, using a piston ring insertion tool, (commercially available).



(3) Position the opening of each ring as shown in the figure.



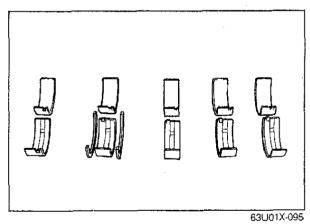
Oil Jet

Install the oil jet as shown in the figure.

Tightening torque: 12—18 N·m (1.2—1.8 m-kg, 104—156 in-lb)

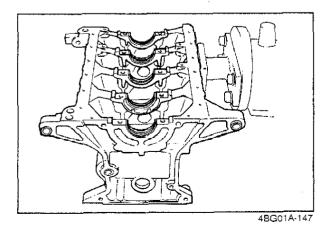
Note

Before installation make sure that the oil passage is not clogged.



Crankshaft

1. Inspect the oil clearances of the crankshaft and main bearings.

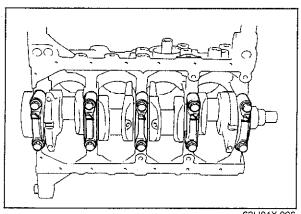


- (1) Remove any foreign material and oil from the journal and bearing.
- (2) Install the main bearings and the crankshaft.

Caution

The main bearing with the oil grooves must be install in the cylinder block.

(3) Position the plasti-gauge on top of each journal (in the journal axial direction), away from the oil hole.



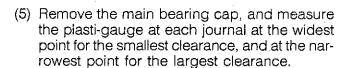
63U01X-096

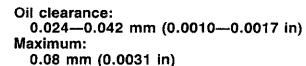
(4) Set the main bearing caps according to the cap number and mark, and tighten them.

Note

Do not rotate the crankshaft when measuring the oil clearances.

Tightening torque: 54—59 N·m (5.5—6.0 m-kg, 40—43 ft-lb)

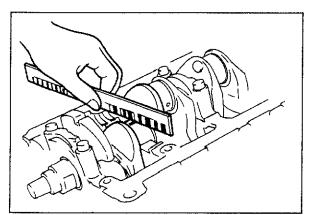




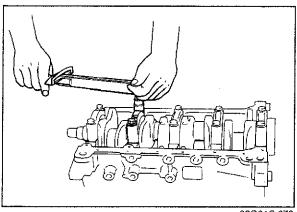
(6) If the oil clearance exceeds the limit, grind the crankshaft and use undersize main bearings.

Undersize main bearings: 0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

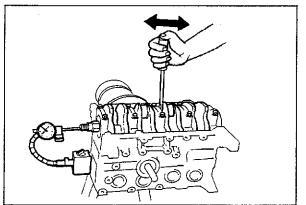
- 2. Apply engine oil to the main bearings and main iournals.
- 3. Install the thrust bearings to the cylinder block side.
- 4. Install the crankshaft, and install the main bearing caps according to the cap number and mark.



83U01B-072



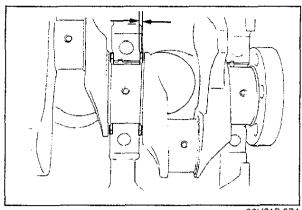
63G01C-078



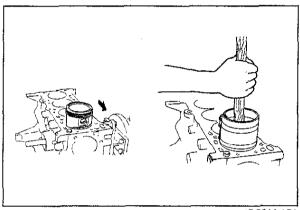
83U01B-073

5. Inspect crankshaft end play.

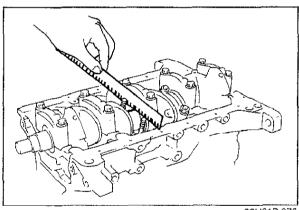
End play: 0.08—0.242 mm (0.0031—0.0111 in) Maximum: 0.30 mm (0.012 in)



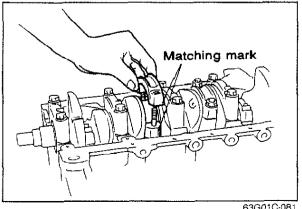
83U01B-074



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83U01B-075



63G01C-081

If end play exceeds the limit, adjust the end play with thrust bearings.

Standard thickness:

2.50—2.55 mm (0.0984—0.1004 in) Undersize width:

0.25 mm (0.010 in):

2.625-2.675 mm (0.1033-0.1053 in)

0.50 mm (0.020 in):

2.750—2.800 mm (0.1083—0.1102 in)

Oil groove of the thrust bearing must face the crankshaft.

Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

- 1. Apply engine oil to the cylinder walls, piston circumference, and rings.
- 2. Insert each piston and connecting rod into the cylinder block by using a piston insertion tool, (commercially available).

Caution

The pistons must be inserted so that the "F" marks face the front of the cylinder block.

Connecting Rod Cap

1. Inspect and adjust the connecting rod bearing and crankshaft pin journal oil clearance by the same procedure used for the crankshaft and main bearing oil clearance.

Connecting rod cap tightening torque:

65—69 N·m (6.6—7.0 m-kg, 48—51 ft-lb) Oil clearance:

0.028—0.068 mm (0.0011—0.0027 in)

Maximum:

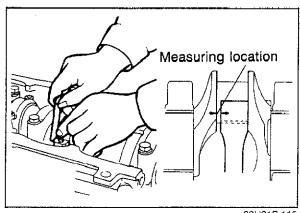
0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

Undersize connecting rod bearing:

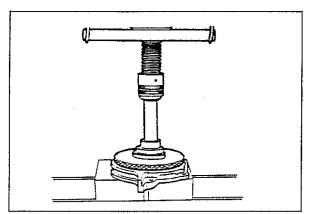
0.25 mm (0.010 in), 0.50 mm (0.020 in)

Caution

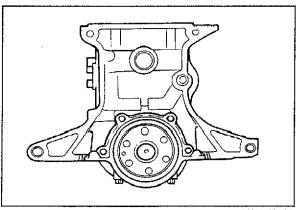
Be sure to align the connecting rod caps and on the connecting rod when installing the connecting rod cap.



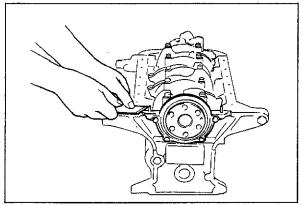
83U01B-115



63U01X-102



63U01X-103



63G01C-083

2. Check the side clearance of the connecting rods.

Clearance: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in) max.

Caution

The connecting rod side clearance must be measured before installation.

- 3. Apply engine oil to the crankpin journal and connecting rod bearing.
- 4. Install the connecting rod cap to align the matching mark and tighten it.

Tightening torque: 65—69 N·m (6.6—7.0 m-kg, 48—51 ft-lb)

Rear Cover

- 1. Apply engine oil to the rear cover, oil seal and oil seal lip.
- 2. Press the oil seal into the rear cover.

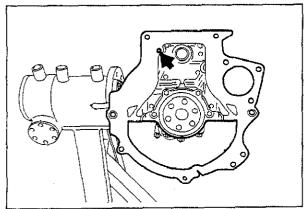
3. Install the rear cover along with a new gasket.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

4. Cut away the expased part of the gasket that projects out from the rear cover assembly.

Caution

Do not scratch the rear cover assembly.



63U01X-104

End Plate

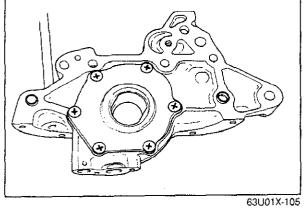
Install the end plate.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



- 1. Remove any dirt or grease from the contact surfaces of the cylinder block and oil pump with a rag.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the oil seal lip.
- 3. Install new gasket.

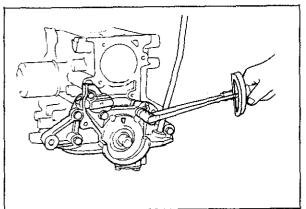
Caution
Do not allow any sealant in the oil hole.



4. Install the oil pump.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

5. Remove any sealant which is squeezed out.

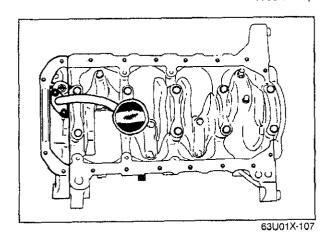


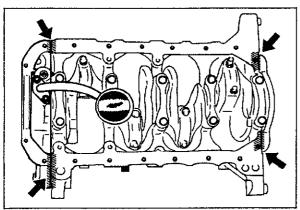
63U01X-106p

Oil Strainer

Install the oil strainer along with a new gasket.

Tightening torque: 8—11 Nm (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

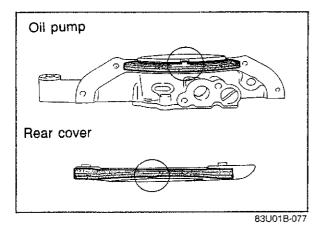




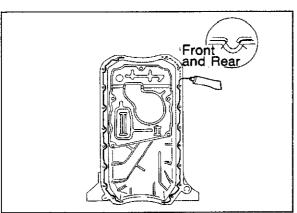
83U01B-076

Oil Pan

 Apply sealant to the places indicated by the arrows in the figure after cleaning the cylinder block surface.



2. Install the gaskets onto the oil pump body and rear cover with the projections in the notches as shown.



83U01B-078

3. Clean the oil pan contact surface.

Caution

Do not leave any dirt or oil on it.

Apply silicone sealant to the oil pan continuously with the bead of 2.5—3.5 mm (0.0984—0.1378 in), rimming the surface inside the bolt holes as shown.

Caution

After the sealant is applied, the pan must be secured within 30 minutes.

5. Install the oil pan.

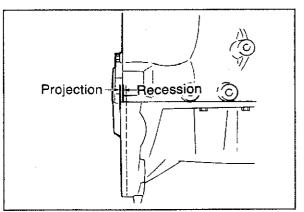
Caution

Oil pan projection and recession from the end of the cylinder block must not be more than 1.5 mm (0.06 in)

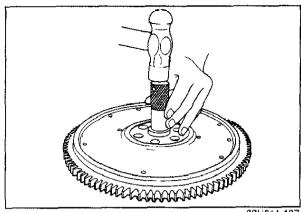
6. Tighten the bolts gradually in three steps.

Tightening torque:

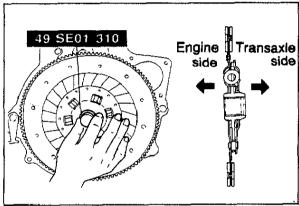
8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



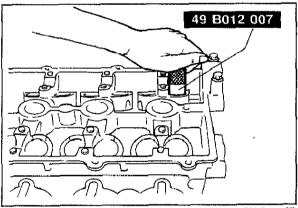
83U01B-079



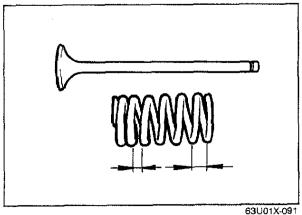
83U01A-107



83U01B-109



83U01X-127



Flywheel (MTX)

- 1. Tap the pilot bearing in with a suitable pipe and
- 2. Apply sealant to the flywheel bolts.

Caution

If reinstalling flywheel bolts, clean threads to remove old sealant, apply new sealant and tighten to specification. If old sealant can not be removed, replace bolts.

3. Install the flywheel, with the SST while tightening.

Tightening torque:

96—103 Nm (9.8—10.5 m-kg, 71—76 ft-lb)

Clutch Disc and Clutch Cover

Install the clutch disc and clutch cover with the SST, and tighten the clutch cover.

Tightening torque:

18—26 N·m (1.8—2.7 m-kg, 13—20 ft-lb)

Note

Follow the clutch disc installation directions exactly (See Section 6).

Valve Seal

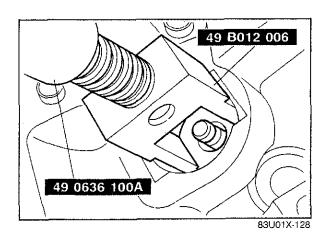
- 1. Apply engine oil to the inner surface of the new valve seal.
- 2. Install the valve seal onto the valve guide with the SST.

Valve and Valve Spring

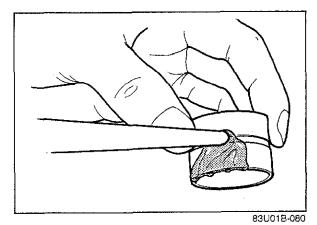
- 1. Install the lower spring seat.
- 2. Install the valve.
- 3. Install the valve spring and the upper spring seat.

Note

Install the spring with its narrow pitch end toward the cylinder head.

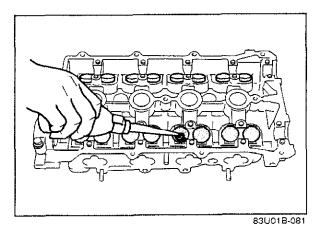


4. Install the spring retainer after compressing the valve spring with the SST.

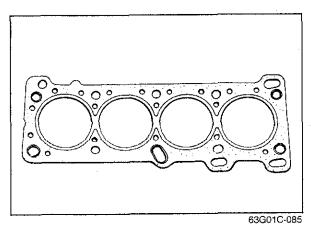


HLA

1. Apply engine oil to the sliding surface.

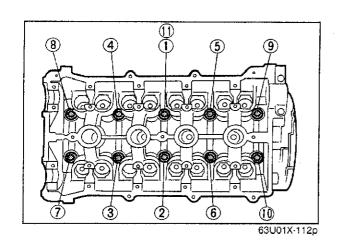


- 2. Install the HLA in the position from which they were removed.
- 3. Check for free movement.



Cylinder Head

- 1. Thoroughly remove all dirt and grease from the top of the cylinder block with a rag. 2. Use a new cylinder head gasket in position.

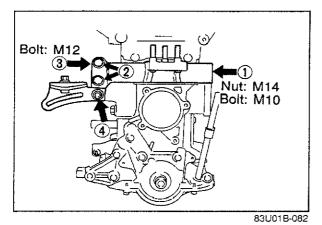


3. Install the cylinder head.

Tightening torque: 76—81 Nm (7.7—8.3 m-kg, 56—60 ft-lb)

Caution

Tightening the bolts must be done gradually and in the order shown in the figure.



Engine Bracket and Mount Arm

Install the engine bracket and mount arm.

Tightening torque: Bolt ①: 47—66 N·m

(4.8-6.7 m-kg, 35-48 ft-lb)

Bolt 2: 60-85 Nm

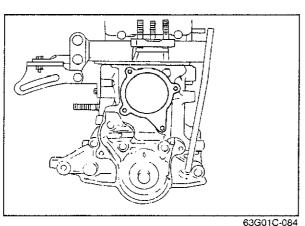
(6.1—8.7 m-kg, 44—63 ft-lb)

Bolt ③: 93—117 N·m

(9.5—11.9 m-kg, 69—86 ft-lb)

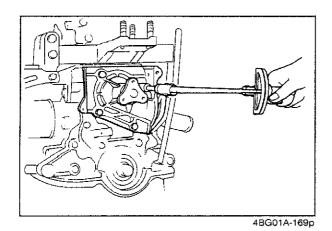
Bolt 4: 37—52 N·m

(3.8-5.3 m-kg, 27-38 ft-lb)



Water Pump

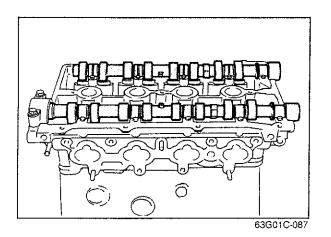
- 1. Remove any dirt or old gasket from the water pump mounting surface.
- 2. Use a new water pump gasket in position.



3. Install the water pump.

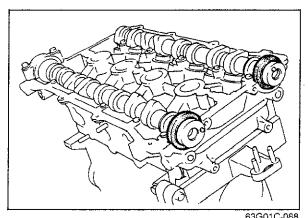
Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

1B ASSEMBLY



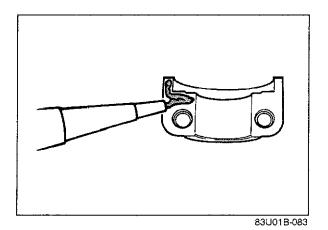
Camshaft

Apply engine oil to the journals, set the camshaft in position.

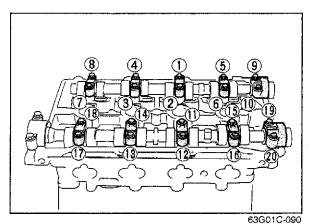


Camshaft Oil Seal

- 1. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the camshaft oil seal and cylinder head.
- 2. Install the camshaft oil seal.

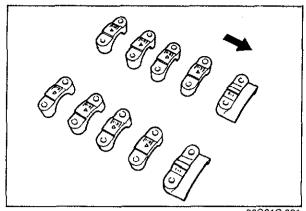


3. Apply a thin coat of sealant to the front camshaft cap surface.



4. Install the camshaft caps, tighten the camshaft cap bolts gradually in the order shown in the figure.

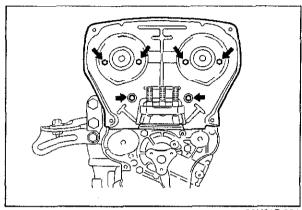
Tightening torque: 11—14 N·m (1.15—1.45 m-kg, 100—126 in-lb)



Note

Install the camshaft cap according to the cap number and arrow mark.

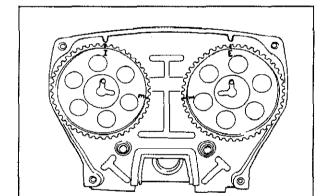




Seal Plate

Install the seal plate.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



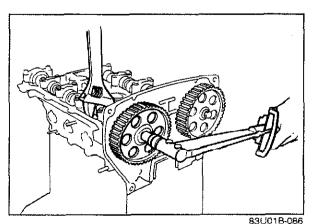
83U01B-084

Camshaft Pulley

1. Install the camshaft pulley.

Caution

For the exhaust side camshaft pulley, install the pulley with the "E" mark straight up. For the intake side camshaft pulley, install the pulley with the "I" mark straight up.

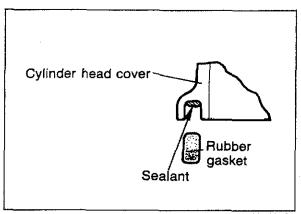


83U018-085

2. Tighten the camshaft pulley bolt.
Hold the camshaft using a suitable wrench on the journal, as shown.

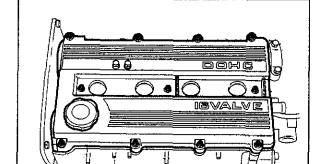
Tightening torque:

49—61 N·m (5.0—6.2 m-kg, 36—45 ft-lb)



Cylinder Head Cover

- 1. Apply a coat of sealant in the groove as shown.
- 2. Place the gasket in position.



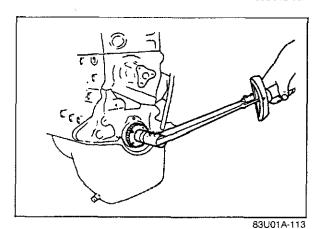
63U01X-131

83U01B-087

3. Install the cylinder head cover with new seal washers.

Tightening torque: 3—4 N·m (0.3—0.4 m-kg, 26—35 in-lb)

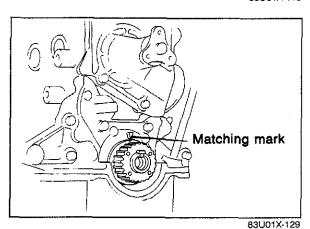
4. Install the filler cap and the ventilation hose.



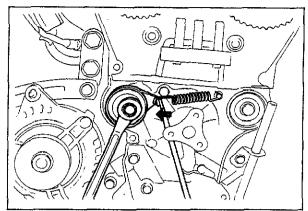
- **Timing Belt Pulley**
- 1. Reverse the direction of the **SST** (49 E301 060).
- 2. Install the timing belt pulley and key.
- 3. Apply sealant to the timing belt pulley bolt then tighten it.

Tightening torque: 108—128 N·m (11.0—13.0 m-kg, 80—94 ft-lb)

4. Release the **SST** (49 E301 060).



5. Turn the crankshaft so that the timing mark on the oil pump body is aligned with the groove.



83U01B-088

Idler Puller

Install the idler puller.

Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

Timing Belt Tensioner

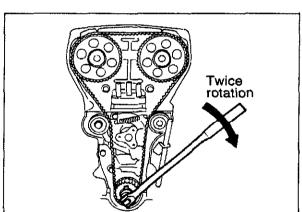
- 1. Install the timing belt tensioner.
- 2. Install the tensioner spring.
- 3. Temporarily secure the tensioner so the spring is fully extended.



- 1. Align crankshaft and camshaft timing marks. (inlet "I" marks, exhaust "E" mark)
- 2. Install the timing belt. (Keep the right side of belt as Fight as possible)

Caution

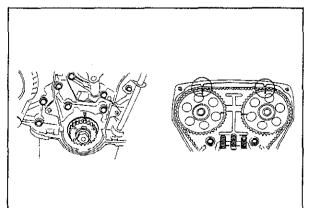
- a) The timing belt must be reinstalled in the direction of previous rotation if it is reused.
- b) Be sure that there is no oil, grease, or dirt on the timing belt.



63U01X-124

83U01B-089

- 3. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation. (Clockwise)
- 4. Check that the timing marks are correctly aligned. If not, repeat steps 1—3.
- 5. Loosen the tensioner lock bolt and apply tension to the belt.

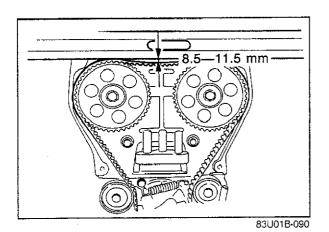


63U01X-126p

6. Tighten the timing belt tensioner to specification.

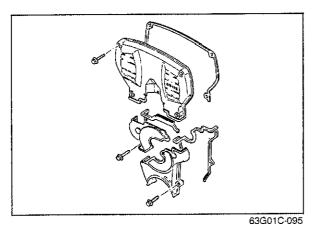
Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

7. Turn the crankshaft twice in the direction of rotation and check the matching marks for alignment.



8. Measure the tension between the intake side camshaft pulley and the exhaust side camshaft pulley. If the timing belt tension is not correct, temporarily secure the tensioner lock bolt so the spring is fully extended and repeat steps 1—7 above or replace the tensioner spring.

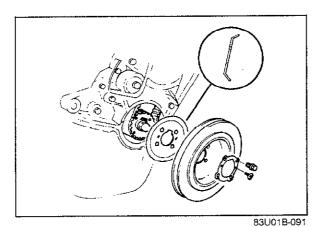
Deflection: 8.5—11.5 mm (0.33—0.45 in) / 95 N (10 kg, 22 lb)



Timing Belt Cover

Install the lower, middle and upper timing belt cover and a new gasket.

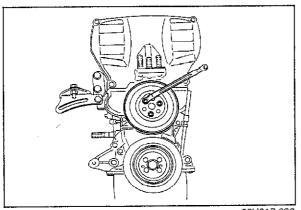
Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)



Crankshaft Pulley

Install the crankshaft pulley and baffle plate.

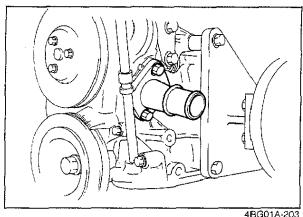
Tightening torque: 12—17 N·m (1.25—1.75 m-kg, 109—152 in-lb)



Water Pump Pulley

Install the Water pump pulley.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

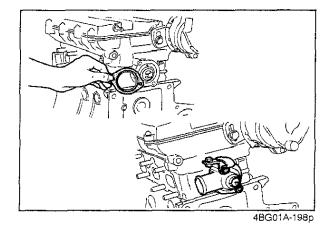


Coolant Inlet Pipe

Install the coolant inlet pipe and a new gasket.

Tightening torques:

19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)



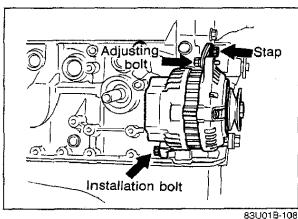
Thermostat and Thermostat Cover

- 1. Install the thermostat with the jiggle pin facing upward.
- 2. Install the thermostat cover and gasket.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

Caution

The printed side of the gasket must face the thermostat.



Alternator

1. Install the alternator strap.

Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

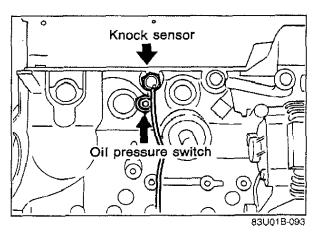
- 2. Install the alternator and alternator drive belt. Loosely tighten the alternator installation bolt.
- 3. Adjust the drive belt deflection by referring to page 1B-6.

Tightening torque:

Alternator installation bolt:

37-52 Nm (3.8-5.3 m-kg, 27-38 ft-lb) Belt adjusting bolt:

19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)



Oil Pressure Switch

Install the oil pressure switch.

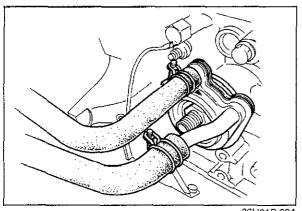
Tightening torque: 12—18 Nm (1.2-1.8 m-kg, 104-156 in-lb)

Knock Sensor

Install the knock sensor.

Tightening torque: 20-34 Nm (2.0-3.5 m-kg, 14-25 ft-lb)

B ASSEMBLY



83U01B-094

Oil Cooler

Apply engine oil to the oil cooler "O" ring and install the oil cooler to cylinder block.

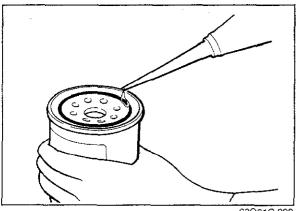
Tightening torque: 29-39 N·m (3.0-4.0 m-kg, 22-29 ft-lb)

Note

The oil cooler must be installed so the A mark faces upward.



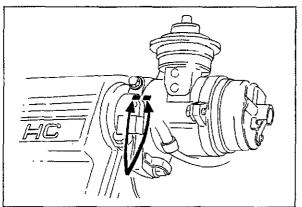
Apply engine oil to the oil filter "O" ring and install the filter, tighten throughly by hand.



63G01C-099

Distributor

- 1. Apply engine oil to the "O" ring, and position it on the distributor.
- 2. Apply engine oil to the drive gear.
- 3. Install the distributor with the blade into the camshaft groove.
- 4. Temporarily, loosely tighten the distributor installing bolt.



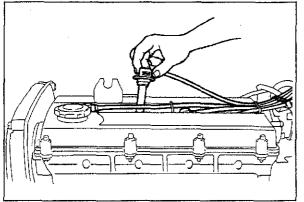
83U01A-119

Spark Plug and High Tension Lead

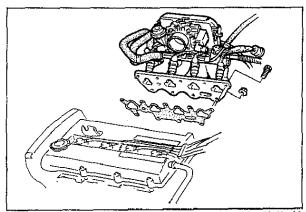
1. Install the spark plugs.

Tightening torque: 15—23 N·m (1.5—2.3 m-kg, 11—17 ft-lb)

2. Connect the high tension leads.



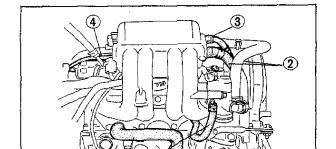
4BG01A-200



Intake Manifold Assembly

1. Install the intake manifold assembly and new gasket.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

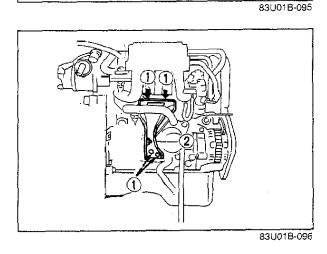


63U01X-136

- 2. Connect the following hoses.
 - (1) Water hoses
 - (2) Air hose
 - (3) Ventilation hose
 - (4) Vacuum hose

Caution

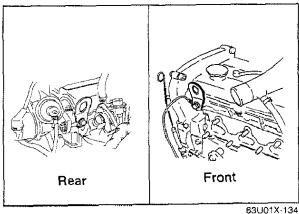
Hose clamp must be reinstalled in the orignal position on the hose.



Surge Tank Bracket

Install the surge tank brakcket.

Tightening torque: 31—46 N·m (3.2—4.7 m-kg, 22—34 ft-lb)



Engine Hanger

Install the front and rear engine hangers.

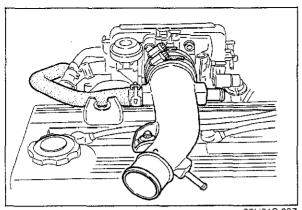
Tightening torque:

Front: 37-52 N·m

(3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)

Rear: 37—52 N m

(3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)



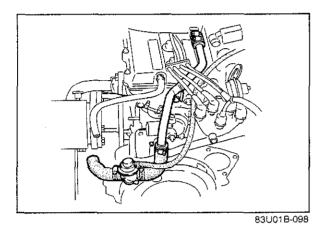
83U01B-097

Air Intake Pipe

1. Install the air intake pipe.

Tightening torque: 8—11 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

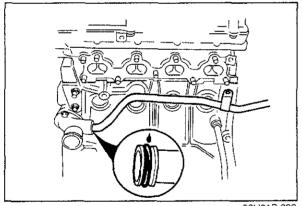
2. Connect the air hose.



Air Bypass Valve and Hoses

Install the air bypass valve and hoses.

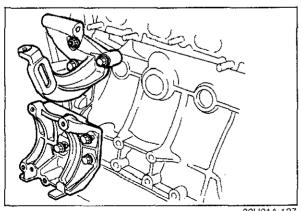
Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)



83U01B-099

Coolant Bypass Hose

- 1. Apply a coat of long life coolant to the "O" ring.
- 2. Install the coolant bypass hose.



83U01A-127

Power Steering Pump Bracket

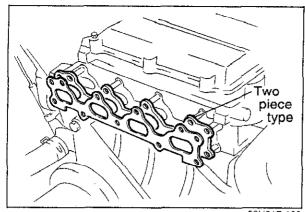
Install the power steering pump bracket.

Tightening torque: 47-66 N·m (4.8-6.7 m-kg, 35-48 ft-lb)

Air Conditioner Compressor Bracket

Install the air conditioner compressor bracket.

Tightening torque: 37—52 N·m (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb)



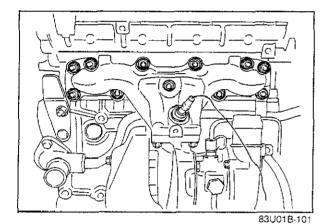
83U01B-100

Exhaust Manifold and Turbocharger Assembly

- 1. Remove the engine from the engine hanger and engine stand.
- 2. Install the exhaust manifold gasket.

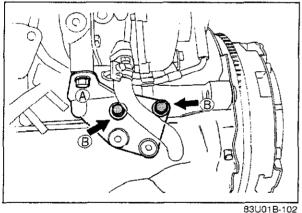
Note

Two piece type gasket must be installed onto cylinder head side.



3. Install the exhaust manifold and turbo charger assembly.

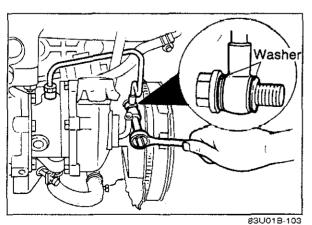
Tightening torque: 39—57 N·m (4.0—5.8 m-kg, 29—42 ft-lb)



4. Install the turbocharger bracket.

Tightening torque: Bolt A: 25-32 N·m (2.5-3.3 m-kg, 18-24 ft-lb) Bolt B: 43-61 N·m (4.4-6.2 m-kg, 32-45 ft-lb)

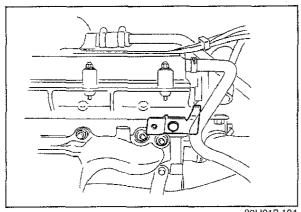
5. Connect the oil return hose.



6. Connect the oil pipe.

Tightening torque: 12-18 N-m (1.2—1.8 m-kg, 104—156 in-lb)

7. Connect the water hose.

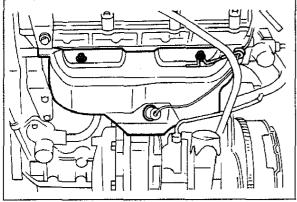


83U01B-104

Intake Air Hose Bracket

Install the intake air hose bracket.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

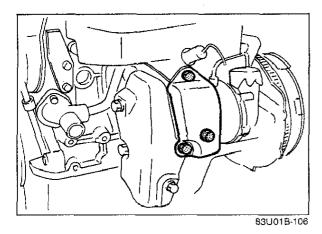


Exhaust Manifold Insulator

Install the exhaust manifold insulator and wire clip.

Tightening torque:

19-26 N·m (1.9-2.6 m-kg, 14-19 ft-lb)

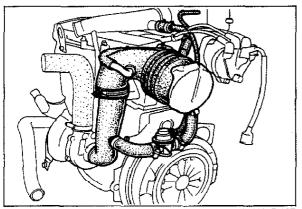


83U01B-105

Turbocharger Insulator

Install the turbocharger insulator.

Tightening torque: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg 14—19 ft-lb)



83U01B-107

Air Hose

Install the air hose.

Oil Level Gauge

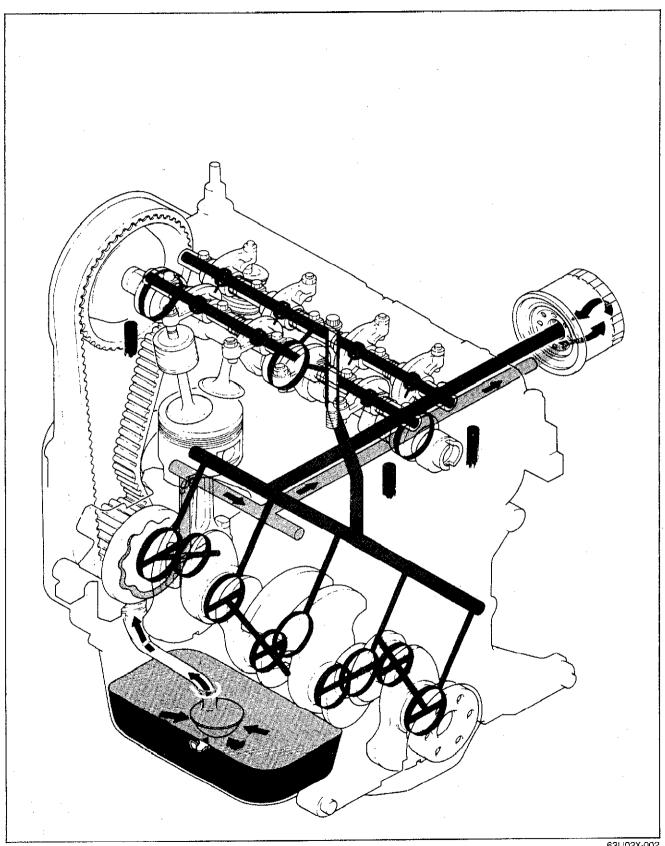
Install the oil level gauge.

LUBRICATION SYSTEM (B6 EGI)

OUTLINE	2A— 2
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REPLACEMENT	2A 4
OIL PAN	2A- 5
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
INSPECTION	2A- 6
OIL PUMP	2A 7
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY	
INSPECTION	
OIL PRESSURE	
INSPECTION	
	83U02A-001

OUTLINE

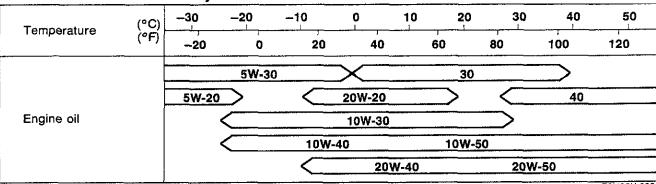
STRUCTURAL VIEW



SPECIFICATIONS

Lubricating sys	tem		Force-fed type	
Oil pump	Туре		Trochoid gear type	
	Oil pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	343—441 (3.5—4.5, 50—64)	
Oil filter	Туре		Fuil-flow type, paper element	
	Relief-valve ope	ning pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	98 (1.0, 14)	
Oil warning pre	essure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	29 (0.3, 4.3)	
Oil capacity	Total	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	3.4 (3.6, 3.0)	
	Oil pan	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	3.0 (3.2, 2.6)	
	Oil filter	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	0.3 (0.32, 0.26)	
Engine oil			API service SD, SE, SF	
			83U02A-003	

Recommended SAE viscosity numbers

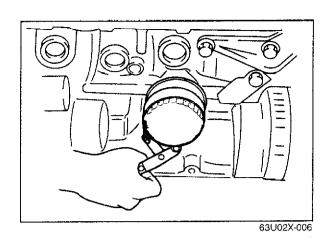


Temperature range anticipated before next oil change, °C(°F)

76U02X-003

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

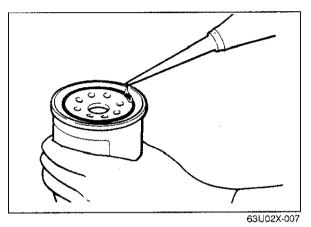
Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Oil leakage	Loose drain plug Faulty seal at oil pan and cylinder block Damaged cylinder head cover Loose oil pump body bolt, cylinder head cover bolt, or oil pan bolt Damaged front housing gasket, or cylinder head gasket Faulty oil seal(s) Loose oil filter Loose or damaged oil pressure switch	Tighten or replace Repair Refer to Section 1A Tighten Refer to Section 1A Replace Tighten Tighten or replace	2A— 6 2A— 6 — 2A— 5 2A— 8 — — 2A— 4
Oil pressure drop	Oil leak Insufficient oil Worn and/or damaged oil pump gear Worn plunger (inside oil pump) or weak spring Clogged oil strainer Excessive lubrication clearance between main bearing or connecting rod bearing	As described above Add oil Replace Replace Clean Refer to Section 1A	2A— 8 2A— 8 2A— 7 —
Warning lamp illuminates while engine is running	Oil pressure drop Malfunction of oil pressure switch Problem in electrical system	As described above Refer to Section 15 Refer to Section 15	



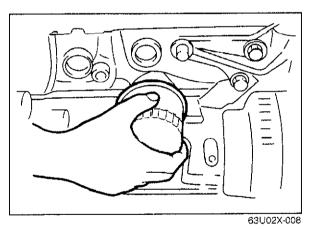
OIL FILTER

REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the oil filter with an oil filter wrench.



2. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter.

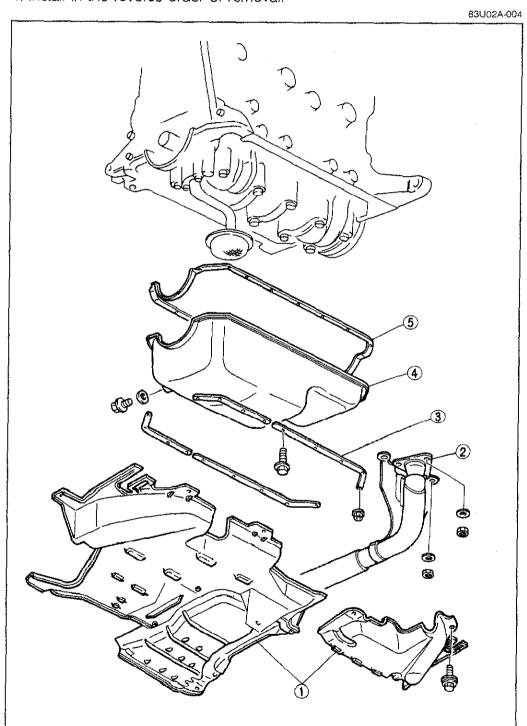


- 3. Fully tighten the oil filter by hand.4. Add engine oil to the correct level.5. After installing the filter, check to be sure that there is no oil leakage while the engine is running.
- 6. Re-check the oil level using the dipstick.

OIL PAN

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

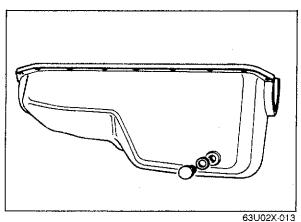
- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.



- 1. Engine under covers
- 2. Exhaust pipe
- 3. Stiffener
- 4. Oil pan
- 5. Gasket

Steps after installation

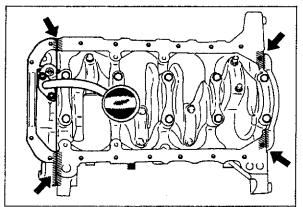
- Add the prescribed amount of oil.
 Check for oil leakage after starting the engine.



INSPECTION

Check the following points. Repair or replace if necessary:

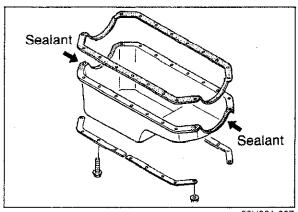
- 1. Cracks, deformation, damage (at bolt locations)
- 2. Damaged drain plug threads.



83U02A-006

Installation Note

1. Apply sealant to the places indicated by the arrows in the figure after cleaning the surface.



83U02A-007

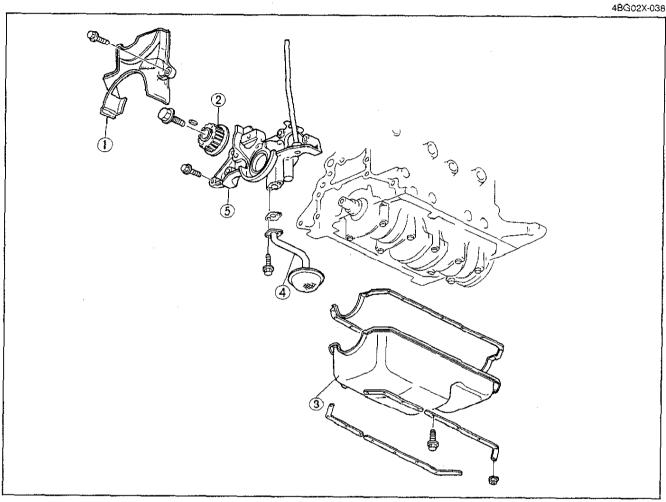
- 2. Apply sealant to the shaded area as shown in the figure after cleaning the surface.
- 3. Install the oil pan along with new gasket and stiffener.

Tightening torque: 6-9 N·m (0.6-0.9 m-kg, 52-78 in-lb)

OIL PUMP

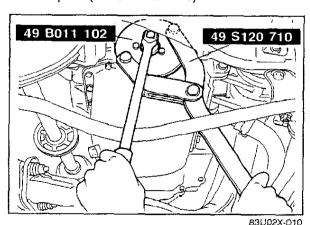
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Remove each part in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.



83U02A-008

- 1. Timing belt cover
- 2. Timing belt pulley
- 3. Oil pan (Refer to 2A-6)



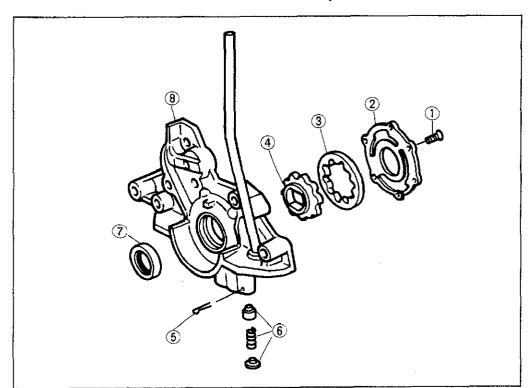
4. Oil strainer

5. Oil pump

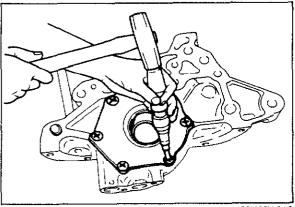
- Timing Belt Pulley
 1. Install the SST to the timing belt pulley.
- 2. Remove the lock bolt.
- 3. Remove the timing belt pulley.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disassemble the parts in the numbered sequence, shown in the figure.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.



- 1. Bolt
- 2. Pump cover
- 3. Outer gear
- 4. Inner gear
- 5. Split pin
- 6. Plunger assembly
- 7. Oil seal
- 8. Pump body



83U02A-009

Oil Pump Cover Removal

Loosen the screws by an impact driver so that the oil pump body is not damaged.

Installation

- 1. Coat locking agent on the screw threads.
- 2. Install the pump cover to the body.

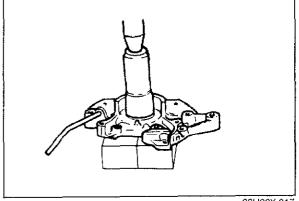
63U02X-016

Oil Seal Removal

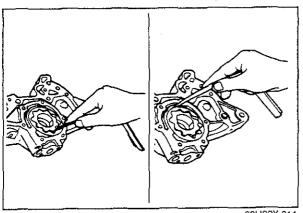
Remove the oil seal by using a screwdriver or similar tool to pry it out.

Installation

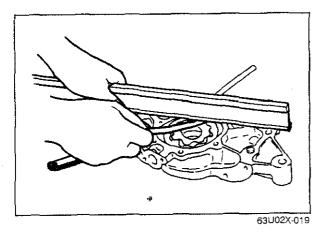
- 1. Apply engine oil to the pump body and the new oil seal.
- 2. Press the oil seal in until it is flush with the front of the pump body.



63U02X-017



83U02X-011



INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect for distortion or damage to the pump body
- 2. Inspect for weak or damaged plunger.
- 3. Inspect for weak or broken plunger spring.
- 4. Measure the following clearances:

Inner gear tooth tip and outer gear clearance: 0.2 mm (0.0079 in) max.

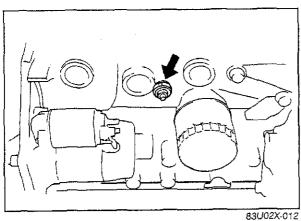
Outer gear and pump body clearance:

0.22 mm (0.0087 in) max.

Side clearance:

0.14 mm (0.0055 in) max.

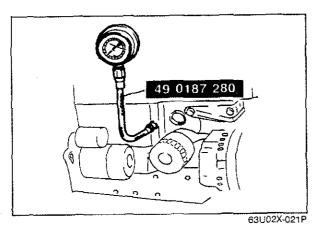
5. Replace the gear assembly or oil pump body if the clearances are not within the limits.



OIL PRESSURE

INSPECTION

- 1. Remove the oil pressure switch.
- 2. Connect the SST to the pressure switch installation hole in the cylinder block.



- 3. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 4. Maintain engine rpm at 3,000, and note the gauge reading.

Standard oil pressure: 343-441kPa (3.5-4.5 kg/cm², 50-64psi)

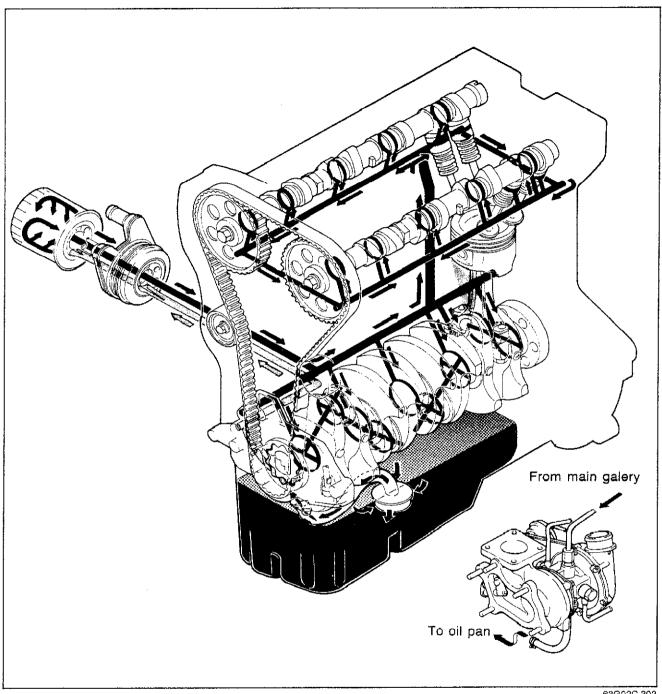
5. If the pressure is lower than specified, check and repair if necessary. (Refer to Troubleshooting Guide.)

LUBRICATION SYSTEM (B6 DOHC)

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OUTLINE

STRUCTURAL VIEW



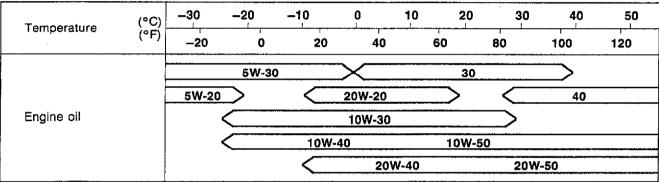
63G02C-302

SPECIFICATIONS

Lubricating system			Force-fed type	
Oil pump	Type		Trochoid gear type	
	Oil pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	343—441 (3.5—4.5, 50—64)	
Oil filter	Туре		Fuil-flow type, paper element	
	Relief-valve ope	ning pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	98 (1.0, 14)	
Oil warning pre	essure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	29 (0.3, 4.3)	
Oil capacity	Total	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	3.6 (3.8, 3.2)	
	Oil pan	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	3.2 (3.4, 2.8)	
	Oil filter	liters (US qt, Imp qt)	0.3 (0.32, 0.26)	
Engine oil			API service, SF	

83U02B-002

Recommended SAE viscosity numbers



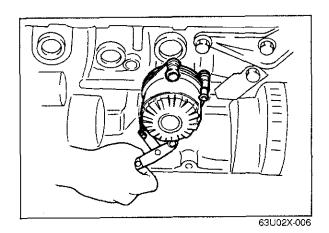
Temperature range anticipated before next oil change, °C(°F)

76U02X-003

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Oil leakage	Loose drain plug Faulty seal at oil pan and cylinder block Damaged cylinder head cover Loose oil pump body bolt, cylinder head cover bolt, or oil pan bolt Damaged front housing gasket, or cylinder head gasket Faulty oil seal(s) Loose oil filter Loose or damaged oil pressure switch	Tighten or replace Repair Refer to Section 1B Tighten Refer to Section 1B Replace Tighten Tighten or replace	2B— 7 2B— 7 2B— 6 2B— 9 — — 2B— 4
Oil pressure drop	Oil leak Insufficient oil Worn and/or damaged oil pump gear Worn plunger (inside oil pump) or weak spring Clogged oil strainer Excessive lubrication clearance between main bearing or connecting rod bearing	As described above Add oil Replace Replace Clean Refer to Section 1B	 2B-10 2B-10 2B-9
Warning lamp illuminates while engine is running	Oil pressure drop Malfunction of oil pressure switch Problem in electrical system	As described above Refer to Section 15 Refer to Section 15	

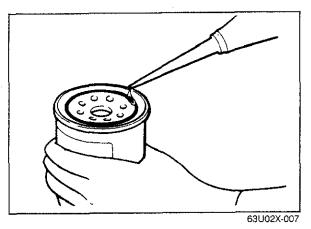
83U02B-003



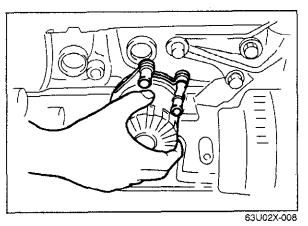
OIL FILTER

REPLACEMENT

1. Remove the oil filter with an oil filter wrench.

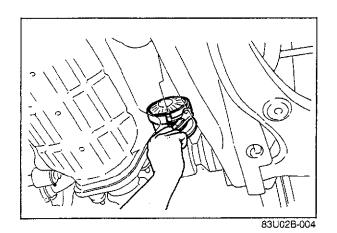


2. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter.



- 3. Fully tighten the oil filter by hand.4. Add engine oil to the correct level.
- 5. After installing the filter, check to be sure that there is no oil leakage while the engine is running.

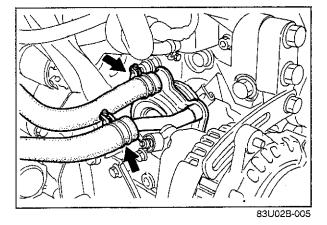
 6. Re-check the oil level using the dipstick.



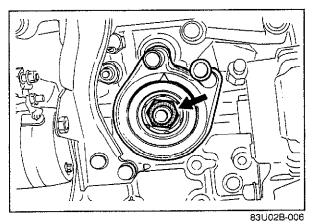
OIL COOLER

REMOVAL

- 1. Drain the engine oil.
- 2. Remove the under cover.
- 3. Remove the oil filter with an oil filter wrench.



- 4. Disconnect the water hoses.
- 5. Remove the oil cooler.

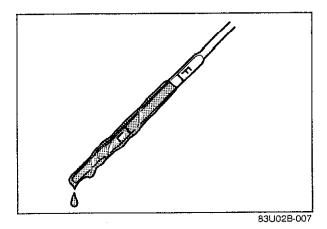


INSTALLATION

1. Install the oil cooler.

Tightening torque: 29—39 N·m (3.0—4.0 m-kg, 22—29 ft-lb)

- 2. Install the oil filter (Refer to page 2B-4).
- 3. Install the under cover.
- 4. Add engine oil to the correct level.

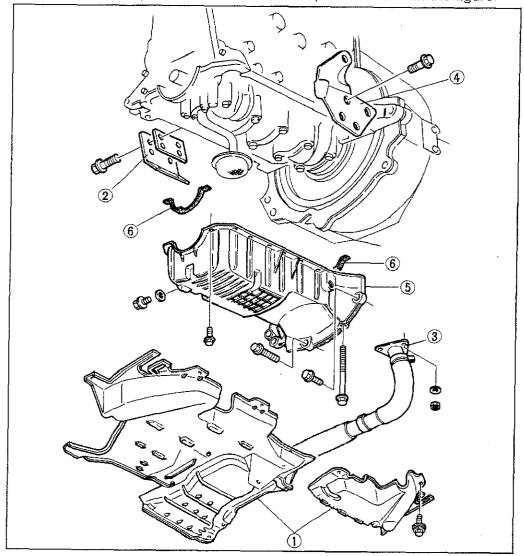


- 5. After installing the filter, check that there is no oil leakage while the engine is running.
- 6. Re-check the oil level using the dipstick.

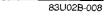
OIL PAN

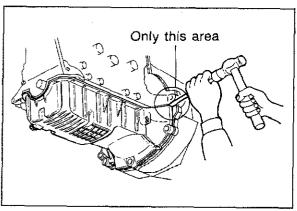
REMOVAL

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Mount the engine support (49 B017 5A0) and suspend the engine.
- 4. Remove the the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.



- 1. Engine under covers
- 2. Exhaust pipe bracket
- 3. Exhaust pipe
- 4. Turbochärger bracket
- 5. Oil pan
- 6. Gasket





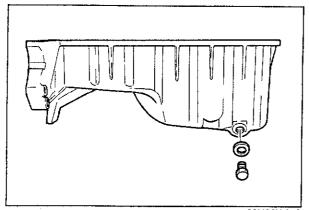
73G01C-008

Removal Note

- 1. Remove the oil pan by prying only at the points shown in the figure.
- 2. Loosen the mounting member bolts until the oil pan can be removed.

Caution

- a) Do not force a pry tool between the block and pan to prevent damaging the contact surfaces.
- b) Do not damage or scratch the contact surface when removing the old sealant.

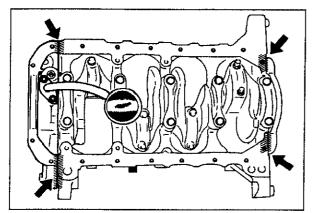


63U02X-013

INSPECTION

Check the following points. Repair or replace, if necessary.

- 1. Cracks, deformation, damage (at bolt locations).
- 2. Damaged drain plug threads.



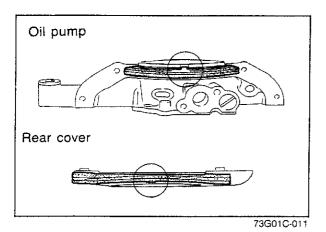
83U02B-009

INSTALLATION

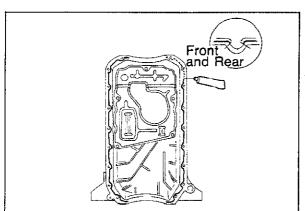
Install in the reverse order of removal.

Installation Note

1. Apply sealant to the places indicated by the arrows in the figure after cleaning the cylinder block surface.



2. Install the gaskets onto the oil pump body and rear cover with the projections in the notches as shown.



73G01C-012

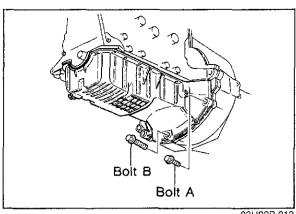
3. Clean the oil pan contact surface.

Caution Do not leave any dirt or oil on it.

4. Apply silicone sealant to the oil pan continuously with the bead of 2.5—3.5 mm (0.0984—0.1378 in), rimming the surface inside the bolt holes as shown.

Caution

After the sealant is applied, the pan must be secured within 30 minutes.



5. Install the oil pan and tighten the transaxle connecting bolts.

Tightening torque: Bolt A: 37-52 Nm (3.8—5.3 m-kg, 27—38 ft-lb) Bolt B: 19—26 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 14—19 ft-lb)

83U02B-010

6. Tighten the bolts gradually in three steps.

Tightening torque: 8—11 Nm (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 69—95 in-lb)

83U02B-011

Steps After Installation

- 1. Add the prescribed amount of oil.
- 2. Check for oil leakage after starting the engine.

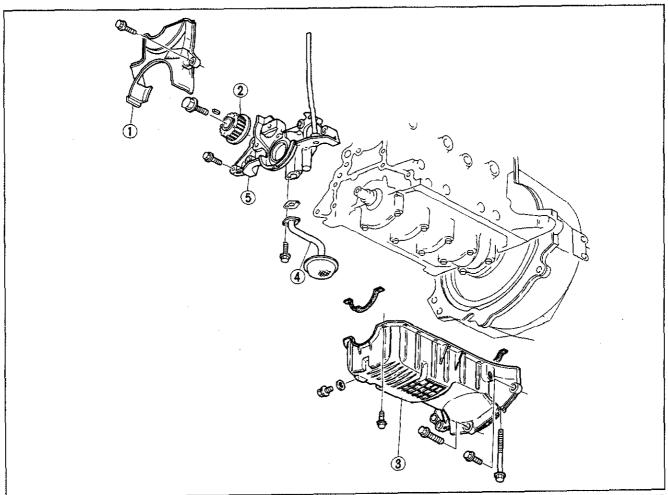
83U028-012

OIL PUMP

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

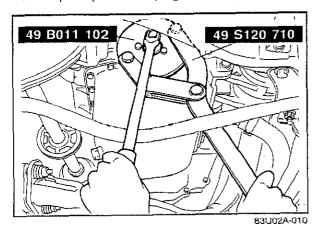
- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Remove each part in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

4BG02X-038



83U02B-013

- 1. Timing belt cover
- 2. Timing belt pulley
- 3. Oil pan (Refer to page 2B-6)



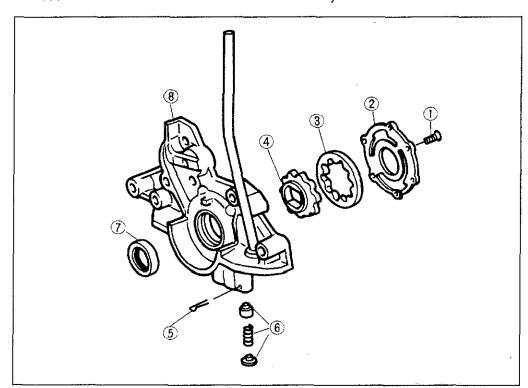
- 4. Oil strainer
- 5. Oil pump

Timing Belt Pulley

- 1. Install the SST to the timing belt pulley.
- 2. Remove the lock bolt.
- 3. Remove the timing belt pulley.

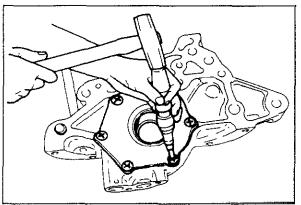
DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

- 1. Disassemble the parts in the numbered sequence, shown in the figure.
- 2. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.



- 1. Bolt
- 2. Pump cover
- 3. Outer gear
- 4. Inner gear
- 5. Split pin
- 6. Plunger assembly
- 7. Oil seal
- 8. Pump body





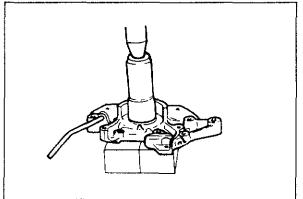
63U02X-016

Oil Pump Cover Removal

Loosen the screws by an impact driver so that the oil pump body is not damaged.

Installation

- 1. Coat locking agent on the screw threads.
- 2. Install the pump cover to the body.



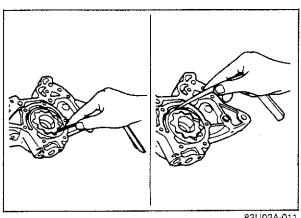
63U02X-017

Oil Seal Removal

Remove the oil seal by using a screwdriver or similar tool to pry it out.

Installation

- 1. Apply engine oil to the pump body and the new oil seal.
- 2. Press the oil seal in until it is flush with the front of the pump body.



83U02A-011



- 1. Inspect for distortion or damage to the pump body or cover.
- 2. Inspect for weak or damaged plunger.
- 3. Inspect for weak or broken plunger spring.
- 4. Measure the following clearances:

Inner gear tooth tip and outer gear clearance: 0.2 mm (0.0079 in) max.

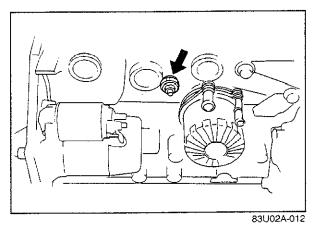
Outer gear and pump body clearance:

0.22 mm (0.0087 in) max.

Side clearance

0.14 mm (0.0055 in) max.

5. Replace the gear assembly or oil pump body if the clearances are not within the limits.

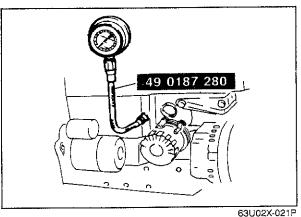


63U02X-019

OIL PRESSURE

INSPECTION

- 1. Remove the oil pressure switch.
- 2. Connect the SST to the pressure switch installation hole in the cylinder block.

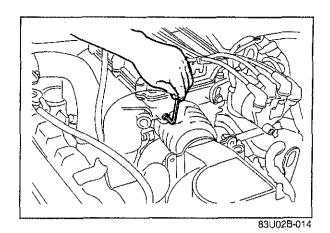


3. Start the engine and let it warm up.

4. Maintain engine rpm at 3,000, and note the gauge reading.

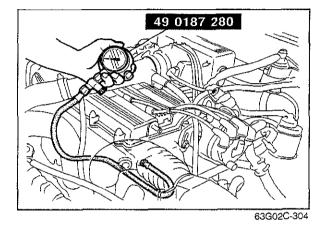
Standard oil pressure: 343-441kPa (3.5-4.5 kg/cm², 50-64psi)

5. If the pressure is lower than specified, check and repair if necessary. (Refer to Troubleshooting Guide.)



INSPECTION OF CYLINDER HEAD OIL PRESSURE

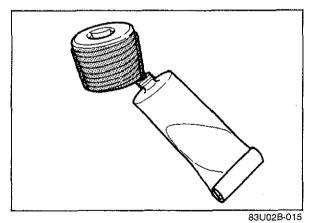
- 1. Remove the blind plug on the cylinder head oil gallery using a hexagon wrench.
- 2. Connect the **SST** to the oil gallery.



- Start the engine and let it warm up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Maintain the engine speed at 3,000 rpm and note the gauge reading.

Standard oil pressure 98—196 kPa (1.0—2.0 kg/cm², 14—28 psi) —3,000 rpm

5. If oil pressure is lower than specifications, check and repair as necessary.



6. After checking the oil pressure, apply sealant to the blind plug.

Caution

If reinstalling the blind plug, clean the threads to remove old sealant, apply new sealant and tighten to specification.

If old sealant cannot be removed, replace the blind plug.

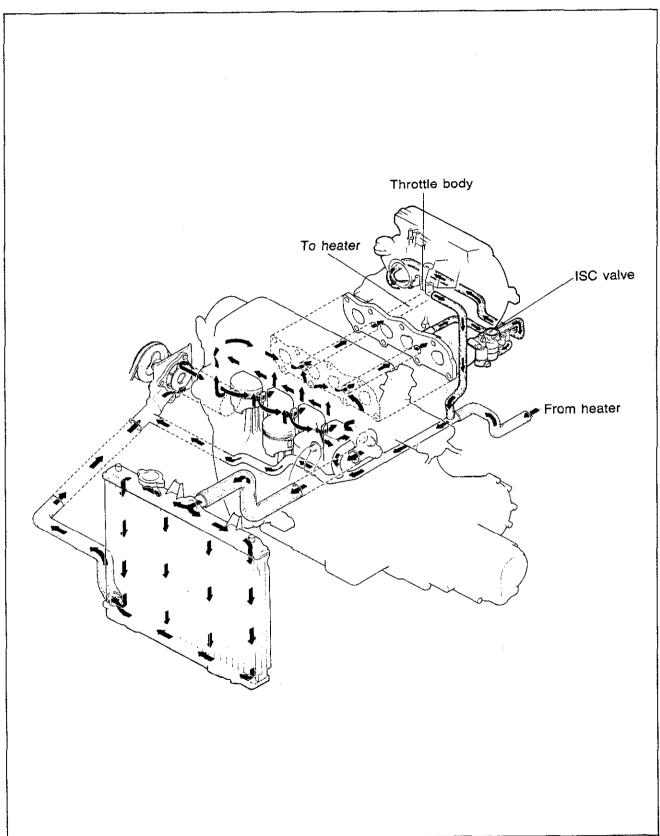
Tightening torque 12—18 N⋅m (1.2—1.8 m-kg, 108—154 in-lb)

COOLING SYSTEM (B6 EGI)

OUTLINE	. 3A—	2
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REPLACEMENT	3A	4
RADIATOR CAP		
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INSPECTION	3A	5
WATER THERMO SWITCH	3A	6
INSPECTION	3A	6
ELECTRIC FAN RELAY	3A	6
INSPECTION	3A	6
WATER PUMP DRIVE BELT		6
INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT		6
THERMOSTAT	3A	7
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION		
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RADIATOR	3A	8
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WATER PUMP	3A—	9
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	83U03A-0	001

OUTLINE

STRUCTURAL VIEW



SPECIFICATIONS

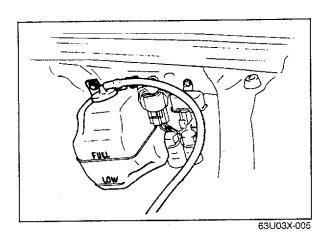
Cooling system		Water-cooled, forced circulation		
Coolant capacity With heater liters (US qt, Imp qt.)		MTX 5.0 (5.3, 4.4)	ATX 6.0 (6.3, 5.3)	
	Туре	2 stag	je	
Th	Opening temperature °C (°F)	SUB. 85 (185)	MAIN. 88 (190)	
Thermostat	Full-open temperature °C (°F)	100 (2 ⁻	100 (212)	
	Full-open lift mm (in)	SUB. 1.5 (0.06) or more	MAIN. 8 (0.31) or more	
Water pump	Type	Centrifugal		
Dedictor	Туре	Corrugated fin type		
Radiator	Cap valve pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	74—103 (0.75—1.05, 11—15)		
Caslina for	Outer diameter mm (in)	(in) MTX: 300 (11.8), ATX: 320 (12.6		
Cooling fan	No. of blades	4		

83U03A-002

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	edy Page	
Coolant leakage	Damaged radiator core seam	Replace	3A— 8	
•	Leakage from radiator hose or heater hose	Repair or replace	3A— 8	
	Leakage from water thermo switch	Repair or replace	3A— 6	
	Malfunction of water pump seal	Replace	3A 9	
	Damaged or loose thermostat cover or gasket	Repair or replace	3A 7	
	Loose cylinder head bolt	Refer to Section 1A		
	Damaged cylinder head gasket	Refer to Section 1A	_	
	Cracked cylinder block	Refer to Section 1A		
	Cracked cylinder head	Refer to Section 1A		
Corrosion	Impurities in coolant	Clean and flush	3A— 4	
Overheating	Water passage clogged	Clean	3A— 8	
ū	Thermostat malfunction	Replace	3A— 7	
	Radiator fins clogged	Clean	3A— 8	
	Water pump malfunction	Repair or replace	3A 9	
	Insufficient coolant	Add	3A— 4	
	Electric fan motor malfunction	Replace	3A— 5	
	Electric fan relay malfunction	Replace	3A— 6	
	Radiator cap malfunction	Replace	3A— 5	

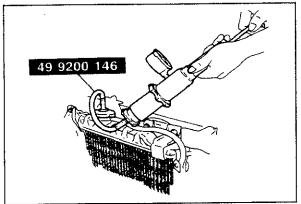
83U03A-003



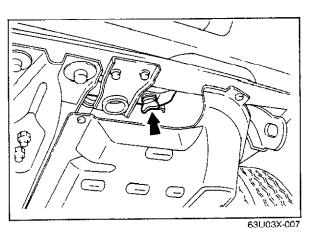
COOLANT

INSPECTION Coolant level

While the coolant is cold, the coolant level should be near the radiator inlet port, and the level in the reserve tank should be between the FULL and LOW marks. Add coolant if the level is low.



83U03X-014



Coolant leakage

- 1. Connect the tester with **SST** to the radiator inlet port.
- 2. Apply a pressure of 103 kPa (1.05 kg/cm², 15 psi) to the tester.
- Note if the tester indicator shows a reduction of pressure. If it does, there may be a coolant leak. Check for leaks.

Warning

When removing either the radiator cap or the tester with adapter, loosen it slowly until the pressure in the radiator is released, and then remove it.

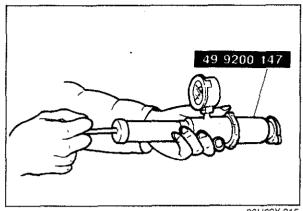
REPLACEMENT

- 1. Drain the coolant by opening the radiator drain plug.
- 2. Close the plug tightly.
- 3. After pouring anti-freeze into the radiator in accordance with the table below, add soft water.
- 4. Start engine, bleed the air from the coolant passages, and then add coolant as necessary.

Anti-freeze solution mixture percentage

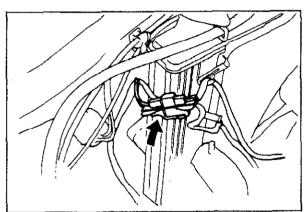
	Mixture percentage (by volume)		
Protection	Anti-freeze solution	Water	
Above -16°C (3°F)	35	65	
Above -26°C (-15°F)	45	55	
Above -40°C (-40°F)	55	45	

83U03A-004

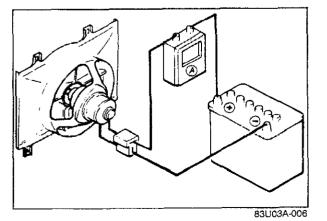


83U03X-015

63U03X-009



63U03X-010



RADIATOR CAP

INSPECTION Radiator Cap Valve

- 1. Remove foreign material (water residue, etc.) from between the radiator cap valve and the valve seat.
- 2. Attach the radiator cap with SST to a tester. Apply pressure gradually to 74-103 kPa (0.75-1.05 kg/cm², 11-15 psi).
- 3. Wait about 10 seconds, and check whether the pressure has decreased. The cap is normal if the pressure is maintained for

Negative-Pressure Valve

about 10 seconds.

- 1. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it. Check that it closes completely when released.
- 2. Check for damage on the contact surfaces. cracked or deformed seal packing. Replace the radiator cap if necessary.

ELECTRIC FAN MOTOR

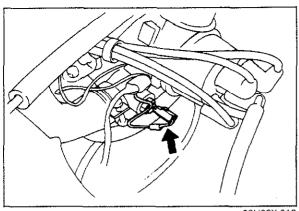
INSPECTION

1. Disconnect the fan motor connectors.

- 2. Connect an ammeter and battery to the fan motor connectors.
- 3. Check to be sure that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less.

Standard current: 5.6—7.6 Amperes (MTX) 10.0—11.0 Amperes (ATX)

4. If the fan motor is faulty, replace it.



63U03X-012

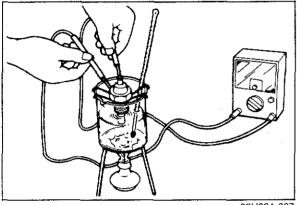
WATER THERMO SWITCH

INSPECTION

1. Remove the electric fan water thermo switch.

Caution

Do not disconnect the water thermo switch connector while the ignition switch is ON because the fan will turn.



83U03A-007

- 2. Place the water thermo switch in a container of water.
- Connect a circuit tester to the water thermo switch.
- 4. Check that continuity is not indicated when the water temperature is 97°C (207°F) or higher, and that continuity is indicated when the temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less.
- 5. If the water thermo switch is faulty, replace it.

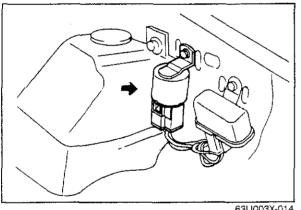
Notes

- a) Use a new O-ring when installing the water thermo-switch. Do not use seal tape on the threads of the thermo switch.
- b) Check for water leakage after installation.

ELECTRIC FAN RELAY

INSPECTION

- Disconnect the water thermo switch connector, and then check whether the fan turns when the ignition switch is turned ON. If it does, the relay is functioning properly.
- 2. If the fan doesn't turn on, check for a malfunction of the fan relay, check the fuse and wiring harness, and check for poor contact or a loose coupler.



63U003X-014

0 kg. 22 lb)

63U03X-015

WATER PUMP DRIVE BELT

INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check all surfaces of the V-belt. Replace it if it is cracked or damaged.
- 2. Check the amount of deflection (at point half-way between the water pump pulley and the alternator pulley) by applying a pressure of about 98N (10 kg, 22 lb).

Deflection

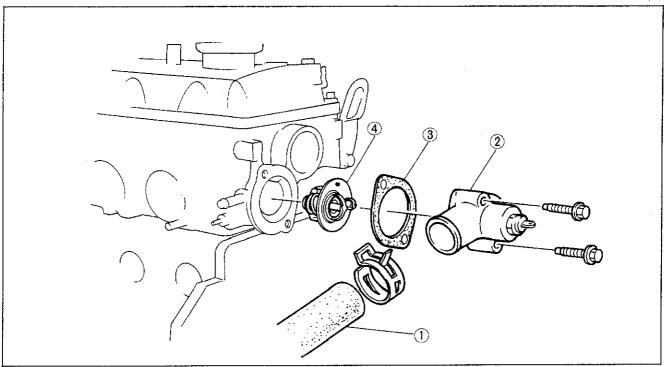
New: 8-9 mm (0.31-0.35 in) Used: 9-10 mm (0.35-0.39 in)

THERMOSTAT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Drain the coolant.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.





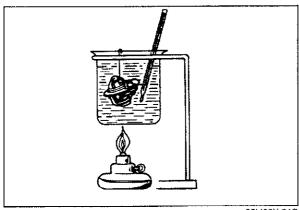
83U03A-009

- 1. Water hose
- 2. Thermostat cover
- 3. Gasket
- 4. 2 stage thermostat

Note

a) The jiggle pin should be on the upper side.

b) Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.



63U03X-017

INSPECTION

Check the operation. Replace if necessary.

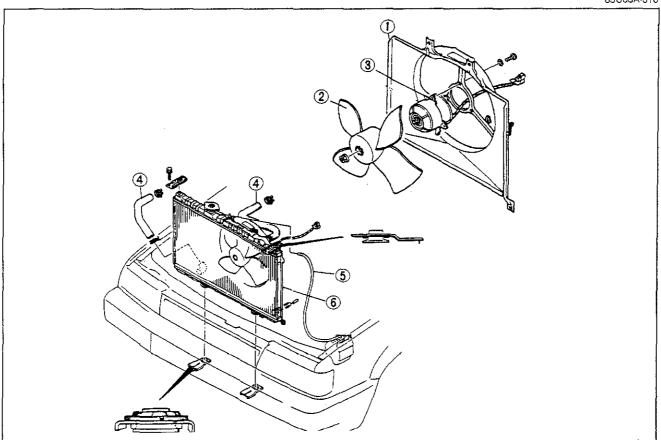
- 1. Visually check the valve to be sure it is air tight.
- 2. Place the thermostat and a thermometer in water, gradually increase the water temperature, and then check the following:
 - (1) Valve opening temperature Sub-valve 83.5—86.5°C (182—188°F) Main valve 86.5—89.5°C (188—193°F)
 - (2) Full open lift Sub-valve 1.5 mm (0.06 in) or more at 100°C (212°F) Main valve 8 mm (0.31 in) or more at 100°C (212°F)
 - (3) Valve closing temperature Sub-valve 80°C (176°F) Main valve 83°C (181°F)

RADIATOR

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Drain the coolant.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

83U03A-010



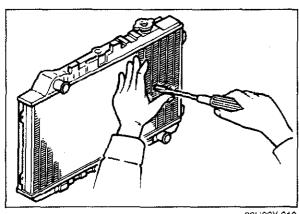
83U03A-011

- 1. Radiator cowling
- 2. Cooling fan
- 3. Cooling fan motor

- 4. Radiator hose
- 5. Reserve tank hose
- 6. Radiator

Note

Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.



63U03X-019

INSPECTION

Check the following points; repair or replace if necessary:

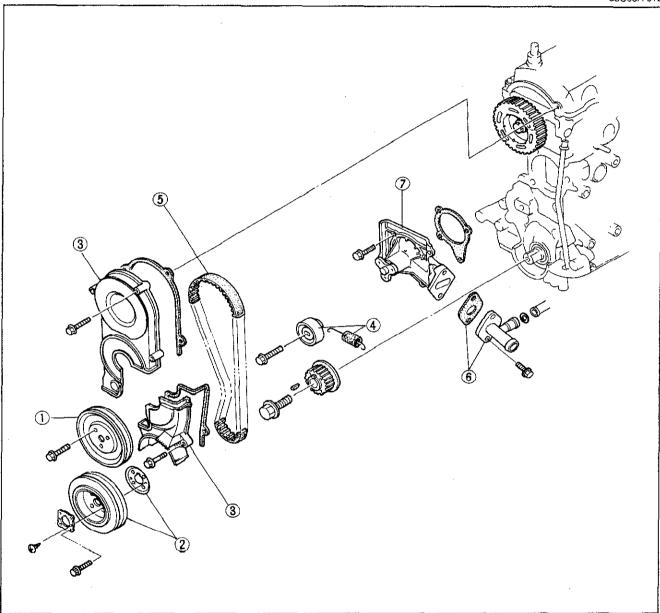
- 1. Cracks, damage, or water leakage
- 2. Bent fins (repair by using a screwdriver)
- 3. Distorted or damaged radiator inlet.

WATER PUMP

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Turn the crankshaft so that the No. 1 cylinder is at top dead center of compression.
- 2. Drain the coolant.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

83U03A-012



83U03A-013

- 1. Water pump pulley
- 2. Crankshaft pulley
- 3. Timing belt cover
- 4. Timing belt tensioner and spring
- 5. Timing belt
- 6. Coolant inlet pipe and gasket
- 7. Water pump

Note

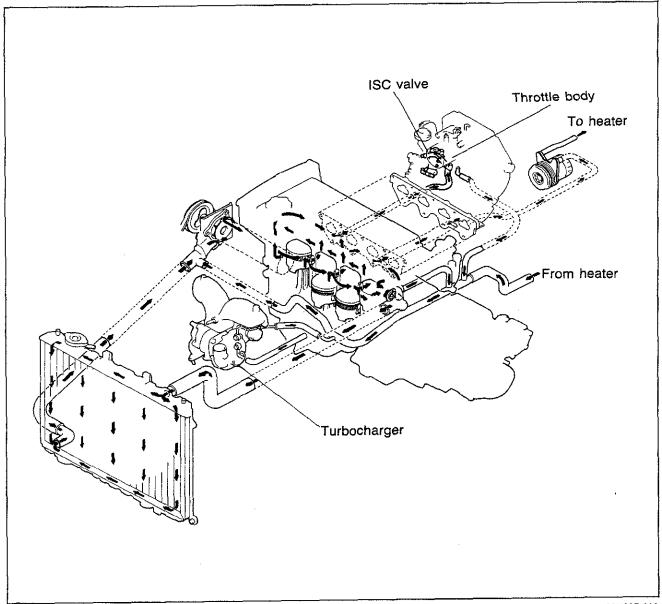
- a) Do not disassemble the water pump, if a problem is found replace it as a unit.
- b) Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

COOLING SYSTEM (B6 DOHC)

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OUTLINE

STRUCTURAL VIEW



83U03B-002

SPECIFICATIONS

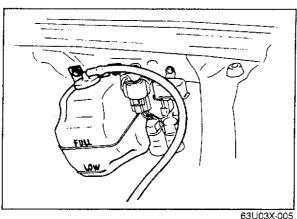
Cooling system		Water-cooled, forced circulation	
Coolant capacity With heater liters (US qt, Imp qt.)		6.0 (6.3, 5.3)	
	Туре	2 stage	
Thermostat	Opening temperature °C (°F)	SUB. 85 (185) MAIN. 88 (190)	
mermostat	Full-open temperature °C (°F)	100 (212)	
	Full-open lift mm (in)	SUB. 1.5 (0.06) or more MAIN, 8 (0.31) or more	
Water pump	Туре	Centrifugal	
Radiator	Туре	Corrugated fin type	
naulaloi	Cap valve pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	74—103 (0.75—1.05, 11—15)	
Cooling for	Outer diameter mm (in)	320 (12.6)	
Cooling fan	No. of blades	4	

83U03B-003

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy	Page
Coolant leakage Damaged radiator core seam		Replace	3B—10
	Leakage from radiator hose or heater hose	Repair or replace	3B—10
	Leakage from water thermo switch or radiator switch	Repair or replace	3B— 6,7
	Malfunction of water pump seal	Replace	3B—11
	Damaged or loose thermostat cover or gasket	Repair or replace	38 9
	Loose cylinder head bolt	Refer to Section 1B	_
	Damaged cylinder head gasket	Refer to Section 1B	<u> </u>
	Cracked cylinder block	Refer to Section 1B	
	Cracked cylinder head		<u> </u>
Corrosion Impurities in coolant		Clean and flush	3B— 4
Overheating	Water passage clogged	Clean	3B—10
_	Thermostat malfunction	Replace	3B— 9
	Radiator fins clogged	Clean	3B—10
	Water pump malfunction	Repair or replace	3B-11
	Insufficient coolant	Add	3B 4
	Electric fan motor malfunction	Replace	3B 5
	Electric fan relay malfunction	Replace	3B— 7
	Radiator cap malfunction	Replace	3B— 5

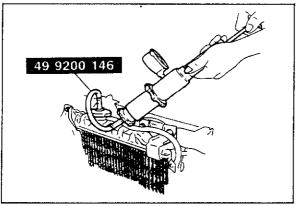
83U03B-004



COOLANT

INSPECTION Coolant level

While the coolant is cold, the coolant level should be near the radiator inlet port, and the level in the reserve tank should be between the FULL and LOW marks. Add coolant if the level is low.



83U03A-014

63U03X-007

Coolant leakage

- 1. Connect the tester with **SST** to the radiator inlet
- 2. Apply a pressure of 103 kPa (1.05 kg/cm², 15 psi) to the tester.
- 3. Note if the tester indicator shows a reduction of pressure. If it does, there may be a coolant leak. Check for leaks.

Warning

When removing either the radiator cap or the tester with adapter, loosen it slowly until the pressure in the radiator is released, and then remove it.

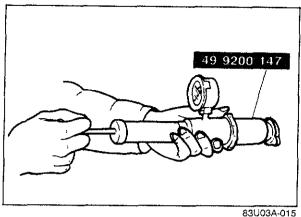
REPLACEMENT

- 1. Drain the coolant by opening the radiator drain plug.
- 2. Close the plug tightly.
- 3. After pouring anti-freeze into the radiator in accordance with the table below, add soft water.
- 4. Start engine, bleed the air from the coolant passages, and then add coolant as necessary.

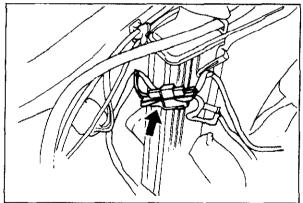
Anti-freeze solution mixture percentage

I Protection	Mixture percenta	Mixture percentage (by volume)		
	Anti-freeze solution	Water		
Above -16°C (3°F)	35	65		
Above -26°C (-15°F)	45	55		
Above -40°C (-40°F)	55	45		

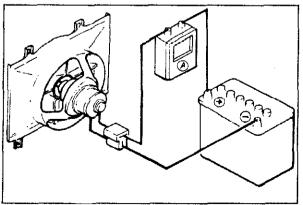
83U03A-004



63U03X-009



83U03B-005



83U03B-006

RADIATOR CAP

INSPECTION Radiator Cap Valve

- 1. Remove foreign material (water residue, etc.) from between the radiator cap valve and the valve seat.
- 2. Attach the radiator cap with SST to a tester. Apply pressure gradually to 74—103 kPa (0.75—1.05 kg/cm², 11—15 psi).
- 3. Wait about 10 seconds, and check whether the pressure has decreased.

The cap is normal if the pressure is, maintained for about 10 seconds.

Negative-Pressure Valve

- 1. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it. Check that it closes completely when released.
- 2. Check for damage on the contact surfaces, cracked or deformed seal packing. Replace the radiator cap if necessary.

ELECTRIC FAN MOTOR

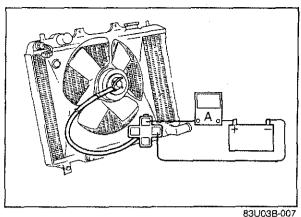
INSPECTION (FOR 2WD)

- 1. Disconnect the fan motor connectors.
- 2. Confirm that the battery voltage is approx. 12V.

- 3. Connect an ammeter and battery to the fan motor connectors.
- 4. Check that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less.

Standard current: 10.0—11.0 Amperes

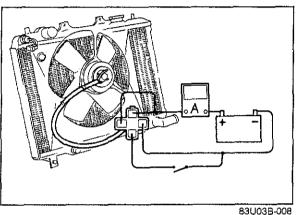
5. If the fan motor is faulty, replace it.



INSPECTION (FOR 4WD)

- 1. Disconnect the fan motor connectors.
- 2. Confirm that the battery voltage is approx. 12V.
- 3. Connect an ammeter and battery to the fan motor connectors for low speed inspection.
- 4. Check that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less.

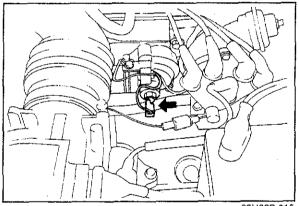
Standard current: 8.8—9.7 Amperes



- 5. Connect an ammeter, battery and switch to the fan motor connectors for high speed inspection.
- 6. Check that the fan motor operates smoothly at the standard current or less with the switch ON.

Standard current: 13.3—14.6 Amperes

7. If the fan motor is faulty, replace it.



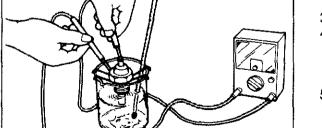
83U03B-015

WATER THERMO SWITCH

INSPECTION

1. Remove the electric fan water thermo switch.

Do not disconnect the water thermo switch connector while the ignition switch is ON because the fan will turn.

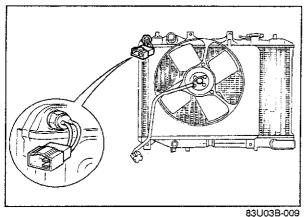


83U03B-007

- 2. Place the water thermo switch in a container of water.
- 3. Connect a circuit tester to the water thermo switch.
- 4. Check that continuity is not indicated when the water temperature is 97°C (207°F) or higher, and that continuity is indicated when the temperature is 90°C (194°F) or less.
- 5. If the water thermo switch is faulty, replace it.

Note

- a) Use a new O-ring when installing the water thermo-switch. Do not use seal tape on the threads of the thermo switch.
- b) Check for water leakage after installation.



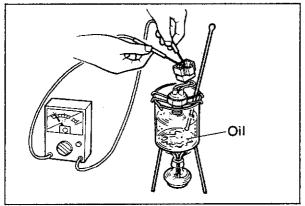
RADIATOR SWITCH (FOR 4WD)

INSPECTION

Remove the radiator switch.

Warning

Do not disconnect the radiator switch connector while the ignition switch is ON because the fan will turn.



83U03B-010

- 2. Place the radiator switch in a container of engine
- 3. Connect a circuit tester to the radiator.
- 4. Check that continuity is not indicated when the oil temperature is 105°C (221°F), and that continuity is indicated when the temperature is 96°C (205°F).

Warning Do not heat the engine oil above 120°C

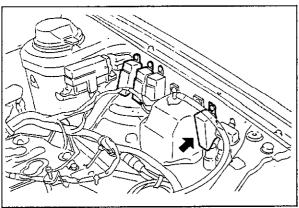
5. If the radiator switch is faulty, replace it.

Clean the engine oil on the switch when the switch is reused.

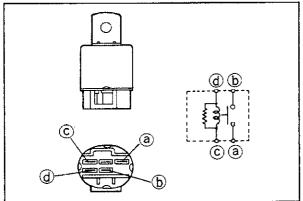


INSPECTION

1. Disconnect the water thermo switch connector, and then check whether the fan turns when the ignition switch is turned ON. If it does, the relay is functioning properly.

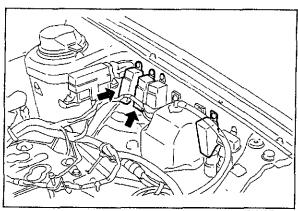


83U03B-011



83U03B-012

- 2. If the fan doesn't turn on, check the continuity of the fan relay.
 - (1) Check for continuity between (a) and (b) terminals, (c) and (d) terminals.
 - (2) Check that there is no continuity between (a) and (b) terminals when 12V battery is applied across (c) and (d) terminals.
- 3. If the relay is faulty replace, if not, check the fuse and wiring harness, and for poor contact or a loose coupler.

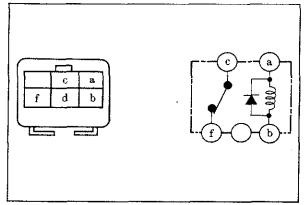


83U03B-013



After inspection of electric fan relay, inspect the No. 1 and No. 2 relay for high speed operation.

1. Disconnect the radiator switch connector, and check for fan rotation with the ignition switch ON. If the fan rotates, the relay is functioning properly.

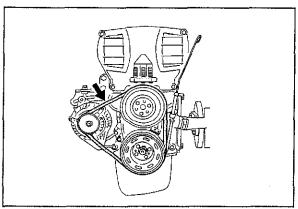


83U03B-014

- 2. If the fan does not turn on, check the continuity of the No. 1 and No. 2 relay.
 - (1) Check for continuity between (a) and (b) terminals, (c) and (f) terminals.
 - (2) Check that there is no continuity between (c) and (f) terminals when 12V battery is applied across (a) and (b) terminals.
- 3. If the relay is faulty replace, if not, check the fuse and wiring harness, and for poor contact or a loose coupler.

Note

No. 1 and No. 2 relay are same.



63U03X-015

WATER PUMP DRIVE BELT

INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check all surfaces of the V-belt. Replace it if it is cracked or damaged.
- Check the amount of deflection (at point half-way between the water pump pulley and the alternator pulley) by applying a pressure of about 98N (10 kg, 22 lb).

Deflection

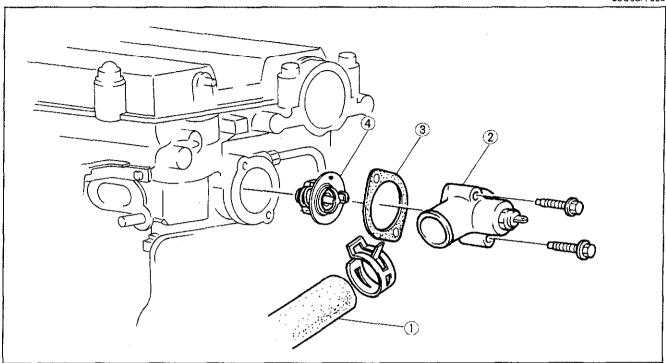
New: 8—9 mm (0.31—0.35 in) Used: 9—10 mm (0.35—0.39 in)

THERMOSTAT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Drain the coolant.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

83U03A-008

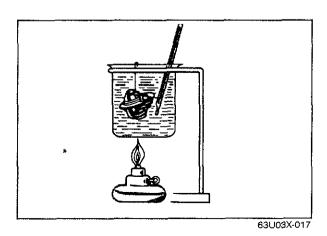


83U03A-009

- 1. Water hose
- 2. Thermostat cover
- 3. Gasket
- 4. 2 stage thermostat

Note

- a) The jiggle pin should be on the upper side.
- b) Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.



INSPECTION

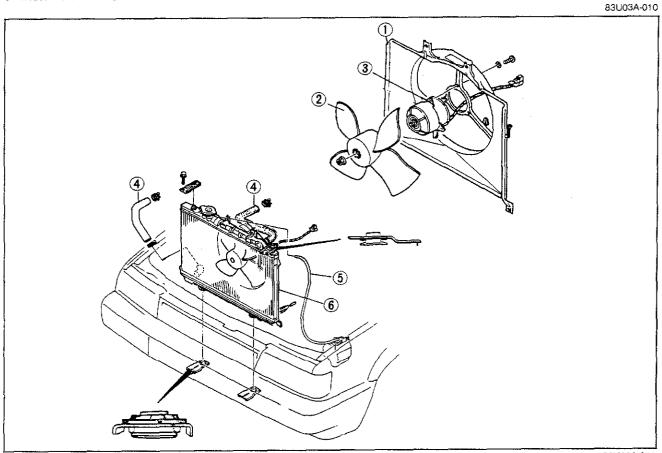
Check the operation. Replace if necessary.

- 1. Visually check the valve to be sure it is air tight.
- 2. Place the thermostat and a thermometer in water, gradually increase the water temperature, and then check the following:
 - (1) Valve opening temperature Sub-valve 83.5—86.5°C (182—188°F) Main valve 86.5—89.5°C (188—193°F)
 - (2) Full open lift Sub-valve 1.5 mm (0.06 in) or more at 100°C (212°F) Main valve 8 mm (0.31 in) or more at 100°C (212°F)
 - (3) Valve closing temperature Sub-valve 80°C (176°F) Main valve 83°C (181°F)

RADIATOR

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Drain the coolant.
- 2. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



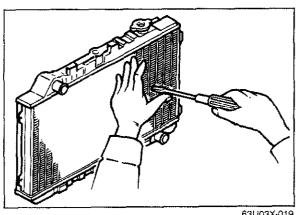
83U03A-011

- 1. Radiator cowling
- 2. Cooling fan
- 3. Cooling fan motor

- 4. Radiator hose
- 5. Reserve tank hose
- 6. Radiator

Note

Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.



63U03X-019

INSPECTION

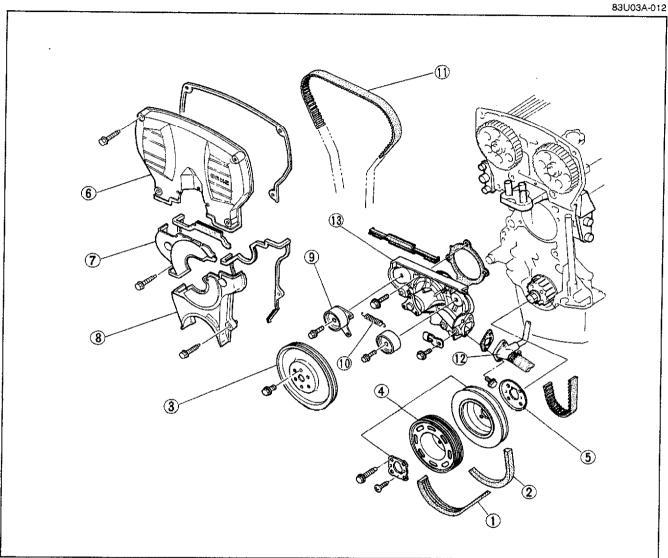
Check the following points; repair or replace if necessary:

- 1. Cracks, damage, or water leakage
- 2. Bent fins (repair by using a screwdriver)
- 3. Distorted or damaged radiator inlet.

WATER PUMP

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Turn the crankshaft so that the No. 1 cylinder is at top dead center of compression.
- 2. Drain the engine coolant.
- 3. Remove the parts in the numbered sequence shown in the figure.
- 4. Install in the reverse order of removal.



83U03B-015

- 1. Drive belt (with P/S and or A/C)
- 2. Drive belt
- 3. Water pump pulley
- 4. Crankshaft pulley
- 5. Baffle plate
- 6. Timing belt cover (upper)

- 7. Timing belt cover (middle)
- 8. Timing belt cover (lower)
- 9. Timing belt tensioner
- 10. Tensioner spring
- 11. Timing belt
- 12. Coolant inlet pipe
- 13. Water pump assembly

Note

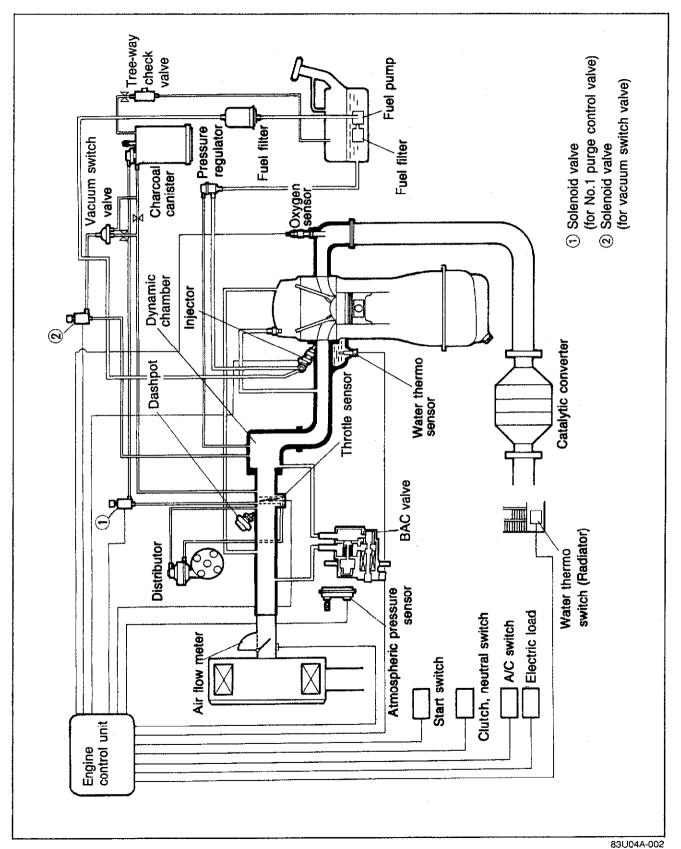
- a) Do not disassemble the water pump, if a problem is found replace it as a unit.
- b) Position the hose clamp in the original location on the hose and squeeze it lightly with large pliers to ensure a good fit.

FUEL AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS (NON-TURBO)

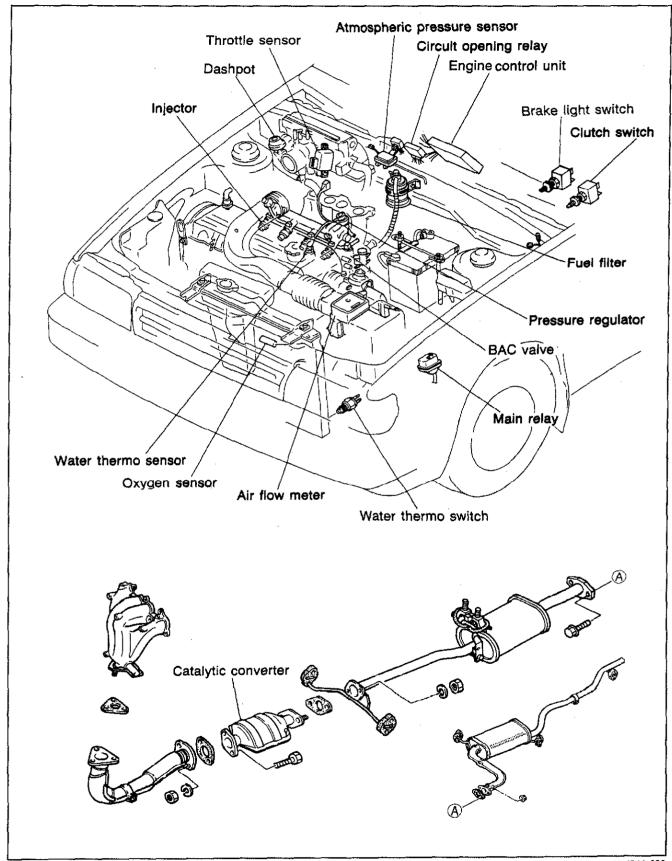
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OUTLINE

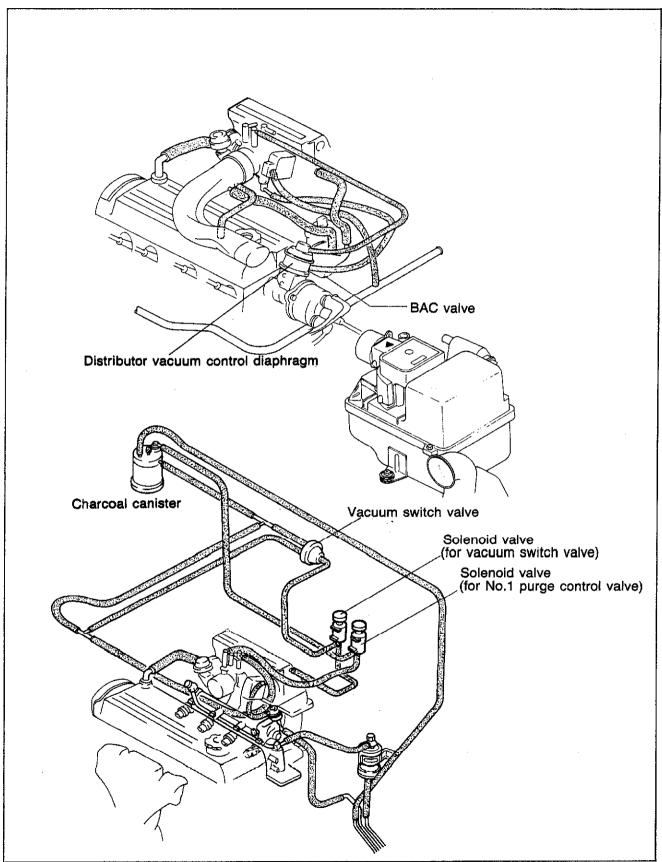
SYSTEM DIAGRAM



EMISSION COMPONENT LOCATION



VACUUM HOSE ROUTING DIAGRAM



COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

No.	COMPONENT	FUNCTION	REMARKS
1	Air cleaner	Filters air into the combustion chamber	
2	Air flow meter	Detects intake air amount; sends sig- nal to the engine control unit. (for de- termination of fuel injection amount)	Intake air thermo sensor and fuel pump switch are integrated.
3	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Detects atmospheric pressure to pre- vent over rich mixture; sends signal to engine control unit.	
4	Air valve	When engine is cold, supplies by- pass air into dynamic chamber for quick warm-up and smooth idle.	Engine speed is increased to shorten warm-up period. Thermo wax type Installed into BAC valve
5	Brake light switch	Detects brake operation (decelera- tion); sends signal to engine control unit.	
6	Catalytic converter	Reduce HC and CO by oxidation. Reduce NOx.	Honeycomb construction
7	Charcoal canister	Stores fuel tank fumes while engine is stopped.	
_8	Check connector	For Self-diagnosis checker	6 pin connector (Green)
9	Circuit opening relay	Supplies voltage for fuel pump while engine running.	
10	Clutch switch	Detects in-gear condition; sends sig- nal to engine control unit.	Switch is closed when clutch pedal is released.
11	Engine control unit Dashpot	Detects the following; 1. Engine speed 2. Intake air amount 3. Engine coolant temperature 4. Engine load condition 5. Oxygen concentration in exhaust gas 6. In-gear condition 7. Intake air temperature 8. Atmospheric pressure 9. A/C operation 10. P/S operation 11. E/L (Electrical load) operation 12. Starting signal 13. Initial set signal 13. Initial set signal 15. Controls operation of the following; 1. Fuel injection amount 2. Idle speed control system 3. Fail-safe system 4. Monitor switch function	1. Ignition coil (-) terminal 2. Air flow meter 3. Water thermo sensor 4. Throttle sensor (Point type) 5. Oxygen sensor 6. Clutch switch and neutral switch 7. Intake air thermo sensor (in air flow meter) 8. Atmospheric pressure sensor 9. A/C switch 10. P/S switch 11. E/L switch 12. Starter switch (Ignition switch) 13. Test terminal 1. Injector 2. BAC valve (ISC solenoid valve) 3. Self-diagnosis checker and MIL 4. Monitor lamp (Self-diagnosis checker) Adjustment speed
		ing during deceleration.	MTX2800 ± 150 rpm ATX2800 ± 300 rpm (in neutral)
13	Fuel filter	Filters particles from fuel	
14	Fuel pump	Provides fuel to injectors	Operates while engine is running Installed in fuel tank
15	Intake air thermo sensor	Detects intake air temperature; com- pensates fuel injection amount through engine control unit.	Thermistor
16	Injector	Injects fuel to intake port	Controlled by signals from engine control unit.
17	Intank Filter	Filters particles from fuel	Installed in low-pressure side

4A OUTLINE

No.	COMPONENT	FUNCTION	REMARKS
18	ISC valve	Supplies bypass air to dynamic chamber for smooth idle	Insalled into BAC valve
19	Neutral switch	Detects transaxle condition; sends signal to control unit	
20	Oxygen Sensor	Detects oxygen concentration in ex- haust gas; sends signal to control unit; compensates fuel injection amount.	Zilconia ceramic with platinum coating
21	Pressure Regulator	Regulates fuel pressure to injectors	
22	No.1 Purge Control Valve	Opens and closes evaporative vapor passage from canister to intake manifold	During open throttle
23	No.2 Purge Control Valve	Positive pressure and negative pres- sure valves operate in accordance with fuel tank pressure.	Prevents canister from flooding.
24	Throttle Sensor (Point type)	Detects throttle opening angle; sends signal to engine control unit; compensates fuel injection amount.	
25	Solenoid Valve (for No.1 purge control valve)	Opens and closes vacuum passage to No.1 purge control valve.	Controlled by signal from engine control unit
	Solenoid Valve (for vacuum switch valve)	Opens and closes vacuum passage to vacuum switch valve.	Controlled by signal from engine control unit
26	Vacuum Switch Valve	Opens passage of vacuum line when vacuum applied.	Vacuum from three-way solenoid valve
27	Water Thermo Sensor	Detects coolant temperature; sends signal to engine control unit; compensates fuel injection amount.	Thermistor
28	Water Thermo Switch	Detects radiator coolant temperature; sends signal to control unit; in- creases fuel injection amount.	Above 17°C (63°F): ON

83U04A-005

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Tı	ansaxle type	Manual transaxle	Automatic transaxle
ldle speed	rpm		850 ± 50 in Neutral	850 ± 50 in P range
Throttle body				
Туре			Horizontal o	iraft (1-barrel)
Throat diameter		mm (in)		(1.77)
Air flow meter				
		E2—Vs	Fully closed: 20-400	Fully open: 20-1,000
		E2VC	100-	– 300
Resistor	Ω	E2-V8	200-	400
		E2—THA	−20°C (−4°F) 20°C (68°F) 60°C (140°F)	10,000—20,000 2,000—3,000 400—700
Fuel pump			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Type		-	Impeller	(in tank)
Output pressure	kPa	(kg/cm², psi)	441—588 (4.5—	-6.0, 64.085.3)
Feeding capacity	CC	(cu-in)/10 sec	The state of the s	sure at 250 kPa (2.55 kg/cm², 36.3 psi
Fuel filter			W.L.	
Туре	Low pressure side		Nylon 6 (250	mesh) element
Type	High pressure side		Paper element	
Pressure regulator				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Туре			Diaph	nragm
Regulating pressure	kPa	(kg/cm², psi)	240—279 (2.45—2.85, 34.8—40	.5) (Vacuum hose disconnected)
Injector				
Туре			High-	ohmic
Type of drive			Voltage	
Resistance		Ω	11—15	
Injection amount		cu in)/15 sec	32-41 (1.95-2.50)	
idle speed control valve				
Solenoid resistance		Ω	5—	20
Fuel tank				
Capacity	liters (US	gal, Imp gal)	48 (12.7, 10.6)	
Air cleaner				
Element type		We	et	
Accelerator cable				
Free play	/ mm (in)		1—3 (0.03	9—0.118)
Fuel				
Specification			Unleaded	gasoline

83U04A-006

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

RELATIONSHIP CHART Output Devices and Input Devices

OUTPUT	INJE	CTOR	SOLENOID	BAC '	VALVE	PURGE SOLENOID		
DEVICE INPUT DEVICE	FUEL IN- JECTION JECTION AMOUNT TIMING		(PRES- SURE RE- GULATOR)	AIR VALVE	ISC VALVE	No.1	No.2	
IGNITION COIL	0	0	х	×	0	×	0	
AIRFLOW METER	0	x	X	X	X	×	0	
IDLE SWITCH	0	x	0	×	0	×	x	
PSW SWITCH	0	×	х	Х	x	x	х	
WATER THERMO SENSOR	0	x	0	×	0	0	×	
INTAKE AIR THERMO SENSOR	0	×	0	X	0	0	×	
ATMOSPHER- IC PRESSURE SENSOR	0	×	х	X	0	x	x	
OXYGEN SENSOR	0	х	х	Х	0	0	x	
BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH	0	×	x	X	x	×	x	
WATER THERMO SWITCH	0	×	X	X	0	0	x	
NEUTRAL AND CLUTCH SWITCH	0	x	0	X	0	0	x	
STARTER SWITCH	0	×	0	Х	X	Х	×	
E/L SWITCH	×	×	х	Х	0	×	×	
A/C SWITCH	Х	х	x	X	0	X	×	
P/S SWITCH	×	×	x	X	0	Х	×	
TEST CONNECTOR	Х	Х	х	Х	0	Х	X O: Related	

O: Related X: Not related 83U04A-007

ENGINE CONDITION OUTPUT DEVICES		CRANKING	WARMING UP	MEDIUM			HEAVY		IDLE	IGN: ON	
		(COLD ENGINE) (DURING IDL		COLD WARM		ACCELERATION	LOAD	DECELERATION	(THROTTLE VALVE FULLY CLOSED)	(ENGINE NOT RUNNING)	REMARKS
INJECTOR INJECTION (Air Fuel Mixture)		Rich			Rich and Lean	Rich		Fuel cut off	Rich	Does not inject	
	INJEC- TION TIMING			1 G	iroup				1 Group		Above 6,400 rpm fuel cut off
BAC VALVE	AIR VALVE	* Open				Closed					* Coolant temp: below 60°C (140°F)
	ISC VALVE	Large amount of bypass air			Small amount of bypass air				* Large and small amount of bypass air	Does not operate	* Test connector grounded: small amount of air
PURGE CONTROL SOLEN-	No.1	OFF (Vacuum cut off)		* ON (Vacuum to No.1 purge control va			OFF I valve) (Vacuum cut off)		* Engine speed: Above 1,500 rpm		
OID	No.2	OFF (Vacuum cut off) (Vacu			acuum to v	* ON vacuum switch	valve)	OFF (Vacuum cut off)			

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

POSSIBLE CAUSE			INPUT DEVICES							ΟU	OUTPUT DEVICES			
PAGE.			Ignition coil	Air flow meter	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor (In Air flow meter)	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Oxygen sensor	Feedback system		Solenoid valve (No.1 purge control valve)	Solenoid valve (Vacuum switch valve)	BAC Valve (Idle speed control)	
S	SYMPTOM				4A15		4A—17	4A—18	4A—18		4A—19		4A—19	
1	Fault Indicate	ed by SST Code No.	01	80	09	10	14	15	17		26	27	34	
2	2 Hard start or won't start (Crank OK)		Note	•	SHOO'		•						- !	
	Engine stell	While warming up	Step 1 under symptom is to quickly determine what system of at fault by use of the SST. (Self-Diagnosis checker 49 H018 9							3 9A1)				
3	Engine stall	After warming up	1st Check input sensors and output solenoid valves with SST (Refer to page 4A—12).											
	Daniela Idia	While warming up			other the fo				(Refer to	o pag	e 4A	20).		
4	Rough Idle After warming up		Electrical system Ignition s 1) Battery condition 1) Spark p											
5	5 High idle speed after warming up		2) Fuses 2) Ignition						n timing					
6	6 Poor acceleration, hesitation, or lack of power			1) Fuel level 1) Air clea 2) Fuel leakage 2) Vacuun						ir system eaner element m or air leakage				
7	7 Runs rough on deceleration		3) Fuel filter 3) Vacuum hose routing 4) Idle speed (with test connector 4) Accelerator cable grounded)							¥				
8	8 Afterburn in exhaust system		Engine Others						_1:					
9	9 Poor fuel consumption		1) Compression 1) Clutch 2) Overheating 2) Brake											
10	10 Fail emission test			Check	the Fu	iel and	I Emiss	sion Co	ontrol S	ystem	s			04A-009

83U04A-009

	POSSIBLE CAUSE	Intake air system (Poor connection of components, throttle body)	Fuel system (Fuel injection, Fuel pressure)	ISC (Idle speed control) system (Air valve or Idle speed control malfunction)	PCV (Positive crank case ventilation) system (System clogged)	Deceleration control system (Fuel cut operation malfunction)	Evaporative emission control system	Exhaust system (System clogged)
P/	\GE	4A—25	4A—33	4A—29	4A—56	4A—47	4A—52	4A71
	2	2	1.					
	3	3	2	1				
		4	3	2	1			
			_	l . i				
	1 4	4	3	1	2			
TOM	4	5	4	2	1		3	
YMPTOM	5						3	
SYMPTOM		5		2			3	4
SYMPTOM	5	5	4	2		1		4
SYMPTOM	5	5	3	1	1	1 2		4
SYMPTOM	5 6 7	5 2 2	3 3	2 1	1	1		3

83U04A-010

Note

The number of the list such shown a priorities of inspection from the most possible to that with the lowest possibility.

These were determined on following basis:

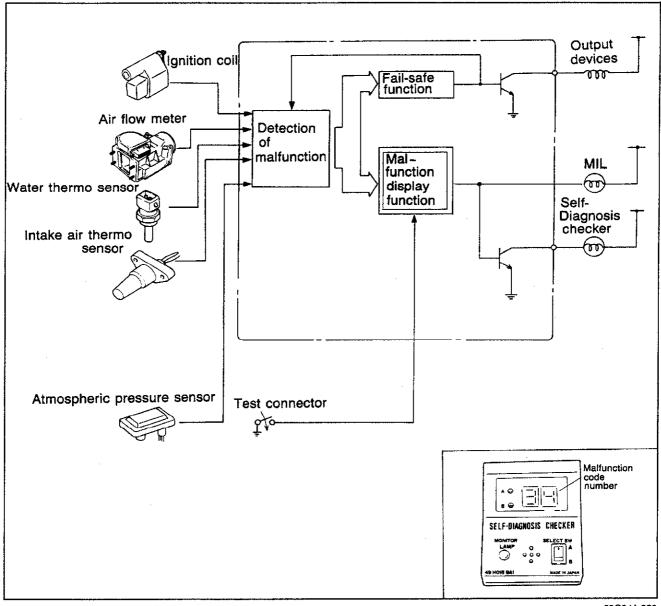
• Ease of inspection

• Most possible system

• Most possible point in system

TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

SELF-DIAGNOSIS CHECKER (49 H018 9A1)

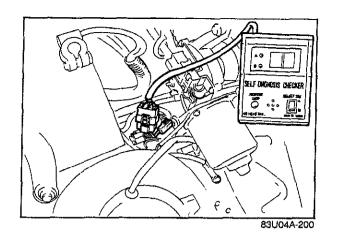


69G04A-020

When troubles occur in the main input devices or output devices, check for the cause using **SST**. Using the **SST**, failures of each input and output device are indicated and retrieved from the control unit as warning code numbers.

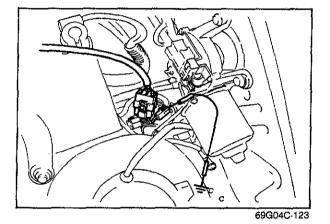
Note

The control unit constantly checks for malfunction of the input devices. But, the control unit checks for malfunction of output devices only in a 3 second period after the ignition switch is turned ON and the test connector is grounded.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

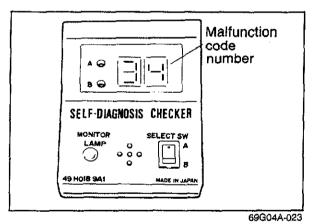
- 1. Warm-up the engine to normal operating temperature and stop it.
- 2. Connect **SST** to the check connector (Green: 6pin) and the battery negative terminal.



- 3. Connect a jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1pin) and a ground.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON, then check for any code number.

Note

The SST buzzer should sound for 3 sec. after the ignition switch is turned ON.



- 5. Start the engine, and check for further code numbers.
- 6. If a code number illuminates, check for the cause of the problem.

TROUBLESHOOTING WITH MIL (MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT)

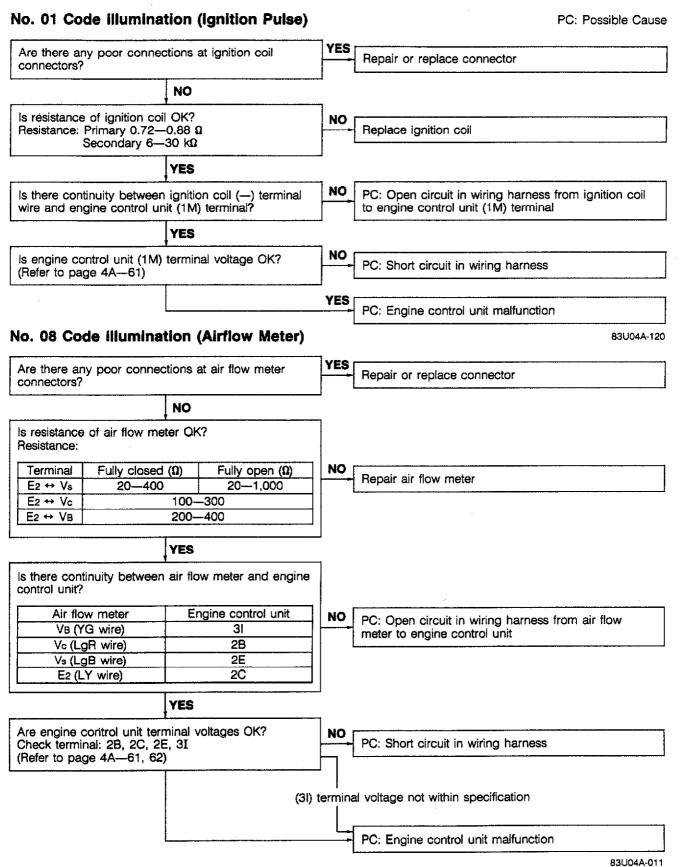
Refer to page 4A-73

Note

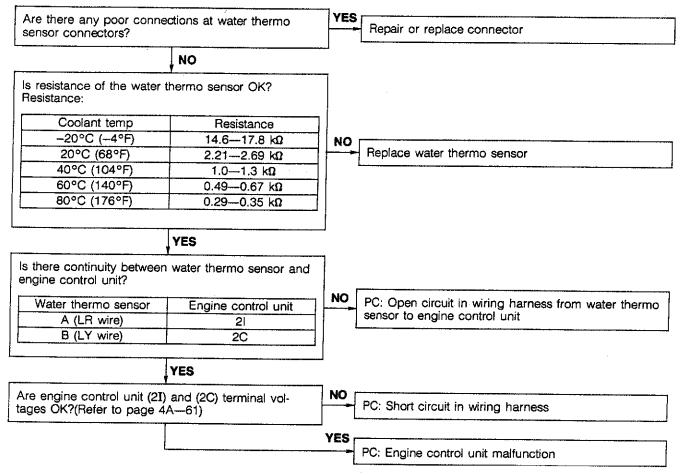
The test connector (Green: 1 pin) must be grounded

4A TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

If a malfunction code number is illuminated on **SST**, check the following chart along with the wiring diagram.

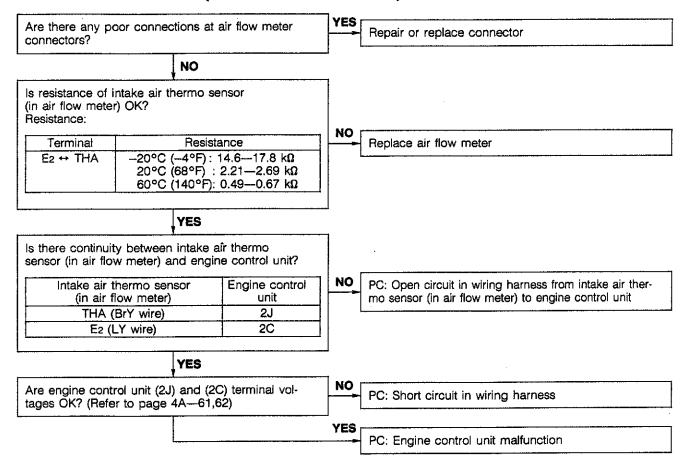


No. 09 Code illumination (Water Thermo Sensor)



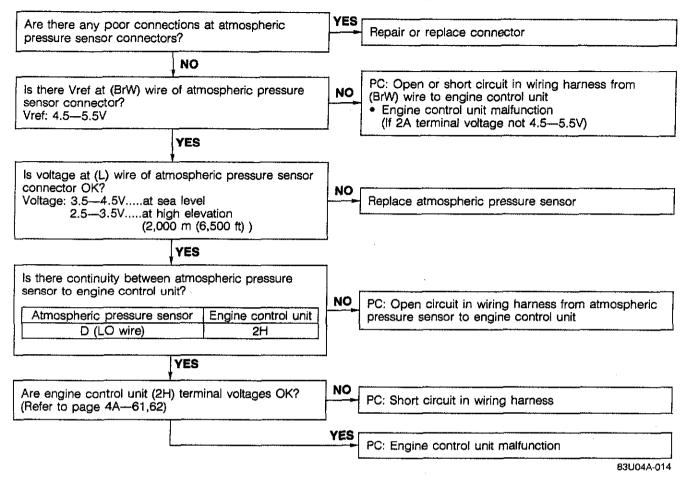
4A TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

No. 10 Code illumination (Intake Air Thermo Sensor)



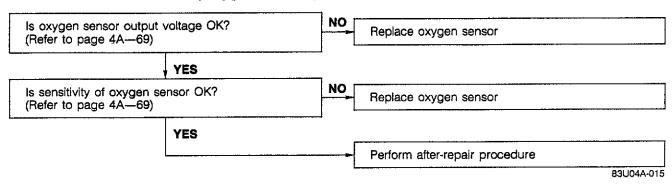
83U04A-013

No. 14 Code illumination (Atmospheric Pressure Sensor)

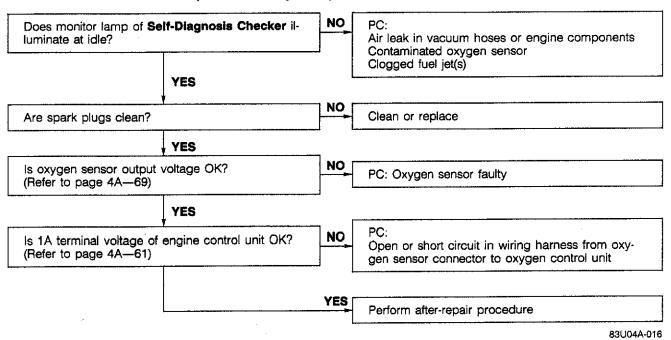


4A TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

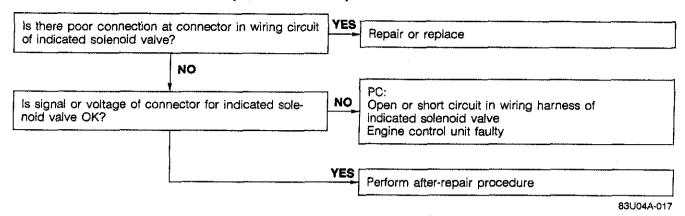
No. 15 Code illumination (Oxygen Sensor)



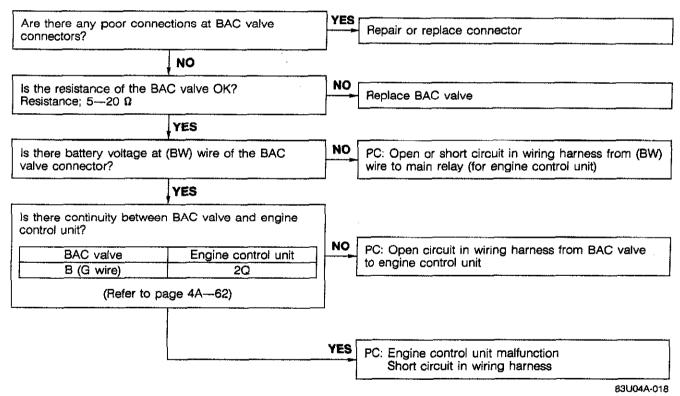
No. 17 Code illumination (Feedback System)



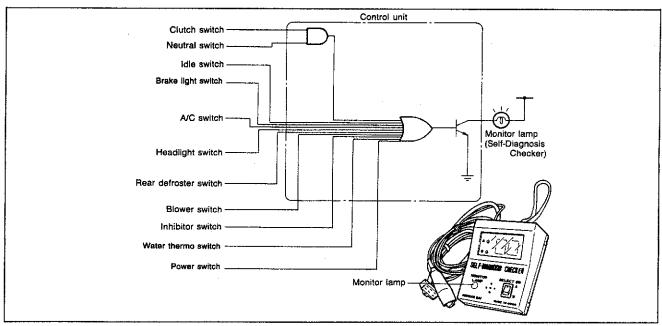
No. 26, 27 Code illumination (Solenoid Valve)



No. 34 Code illumination (BAC valve)



MONITOR SWITCH FUNCTION



83U04A-019

The operation of individual switches can be determined by the monitor lamp SST.

Note

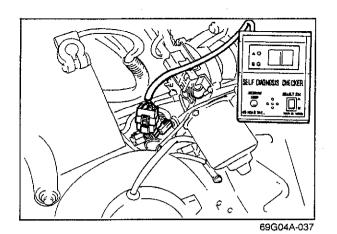
The test connector must be grounded and the Ignition switch ON (engine stopped) to check the switches.

Switch	Seif-Dlagno	sis Checker	
Switch	Light ON	Light OFF	Remarks
Clutch switch	Pedal released	Pedal depressed	Gear: IN
Neutral switch (Throttle sensor)	switch (Throttle sensor) In gear		Clutch pedal released
Idle switch	Pedal depressed	Pedal released	
Brake light switch	Pedal depressed	Pedal released	
A/C switch	ON	OFF	Blower motor position: "1" position
Headlight switch	ON	OFF	
Rear defroster switch	ON	OFF	
Blower switch	ON	OFF	Blower motor position: "3" position
Inhibitor switch	D, 1, 2 and R range	P and N range	
Water thermo switch (Electric fan)	Disconnected terminal	Connected terminal	
Power switch	Pedal depressed	Pedal fully depressed	<u> </u>

OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR FUNCTION

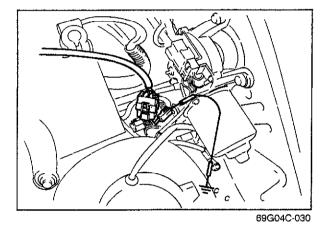
The oxygen sensor and feedback mode are monitored as follows.

Co	ndition	la ana ana ani ta ana at	Eurotlan		
Engine	Test connector	ltem monitored	Function		
Running	Not grounded	Oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen sensor output more than 0.55V: Monitor lamp ON		
nuixillig	Not grounded	Oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen sensor output less than 0.55V: Monitor lamp OFF		



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and stop it.
- 2. Connect **SST** to the check connector (Green: 6pin) and the negative battery terminal.



- 3. Connect a jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1 pin) and a ground.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON, then check that the monitor lamp illuminates when each switch is made to function according to below procedure.

Caution

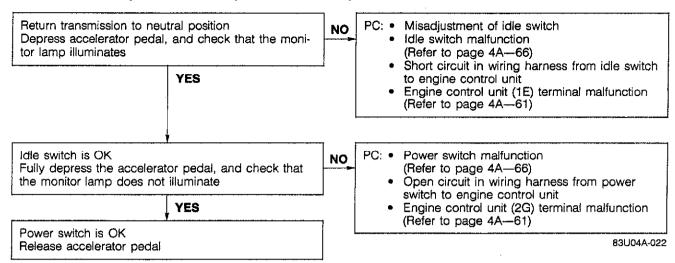
- a) If even one of the switches is activated, the monitor lamp will stay on.
- b) Do not start the engine.

Procedure

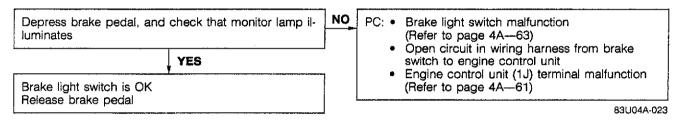
Set the conditions to deactivate each switch. Check each switch and related wiring harness. Clutch and Neutral Refer to page 4A-63. All accessories are OFF. NO switch: Transmission is neutral. Idle switch (throttle Refer to page 4A-66. All pedals are released. Check that the monitor lamp does not illuminate. sensor): Brake light switch: Refer to page 4A-63. A/C switch: Section 16 Yes Headlight switch: Section 15 Rear defroster switch: Section 15 Check each switch in accordance with following Blower switch: Section 15 procedures. Refer to page 4A-63. Inhibitor switch: Refer to page 3A-6. Water thermo switch: 83U04A-020 Neutral and clutch switch (MTX) PC: • Neutral or clutch switch malfunction (Refer to page 4A-63) Shift transmission into gear. NO Open or short circuit in related wiring harness Check that monitor lamp illuminates with clutch pedal Engine control unit (1G) terminal malfunction released. (Refer to page 4A—61) YES PC: ● Clutch switch malfunction NO Depresses clutch pedal (Refer to page 4A-63) Short circuit in wiring harness from clutch Check that monitor lamp does not illuminate. switch to engine control unit

4A MONITOR SWITCH FUNCTION

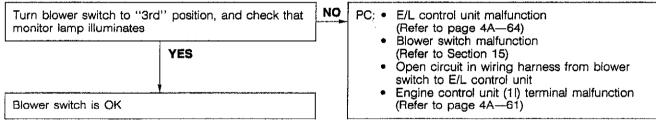
Idle switch and power switch (Throttle sensor)



Brake light switch

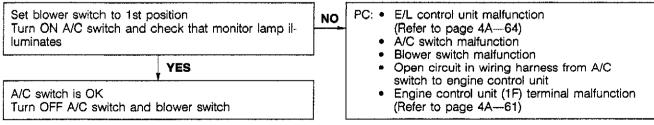


Blower switch



83U04A-024

A/C switch



Headlight switch

Turn ON headlight switch, and check that monitor lamp illuminates

YES

Headlight switch is OK
Turn OFF headlight switch

PC: • E/L control unit malfunction (Refer to page 4A—64)

 Headlight switch malfunction (Refer to Section 15)

 Open circuit in wiring harness from headlight switch to E/L control unit

· Engine control unit (11) terminal malfunction

83U04A-026

Rear defroster switch

Turn ON defroster switch, and check that monitor lamp illuminates

YES

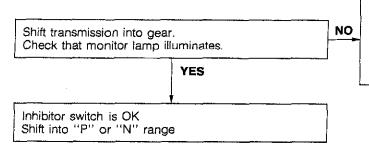
Rear defroster switch is OK
Turn OFF rear defroster switch

PC: • E/L control unit malfunction (Refer to page 4A—64)

- Rear defroster switch malfunction (Refer to Section 15)
- Open circuit in wiring harness from rear defroster switch to E/L control unit
- Engine control unit (1I) terminal malfunction

83U04A-027

Inhibitor switch



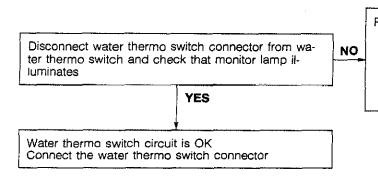
PC: • Inhibitor switch malfunction (Refer to page 4A—63)

 Open or short circuit from inhibitor switch to engine control unit

 Engine control unit (3D) terminal malfunction (Refer to page 4A—62)

83U04A-028

Water thermo switch circuit (not include switch inspection)

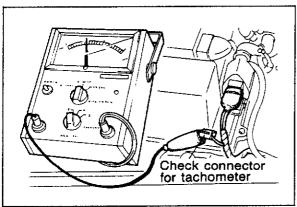


PC: • E/L control unit malfunction (Refer to page 4A--64)

Water thermo switch or relay malfunction (Refer to Section 3A)

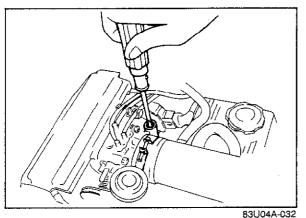
 Open circuit in wiring harness from water thermo switch to E/L control unit

Engine control unit (1H) terminal malfunction



83U04A-030

83U04A-031



IDLE ADJUSTMENT

Preparation

Before checking or adjusting the idle speed, perform the followings:

- Switch off all accessaries.
- Connect a tachometer to check connector. (White 1 pin)
- Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Connect a jump wire between the test connector (Green: 1 pin) and ground.

idle speed

1. Check the idle speed.

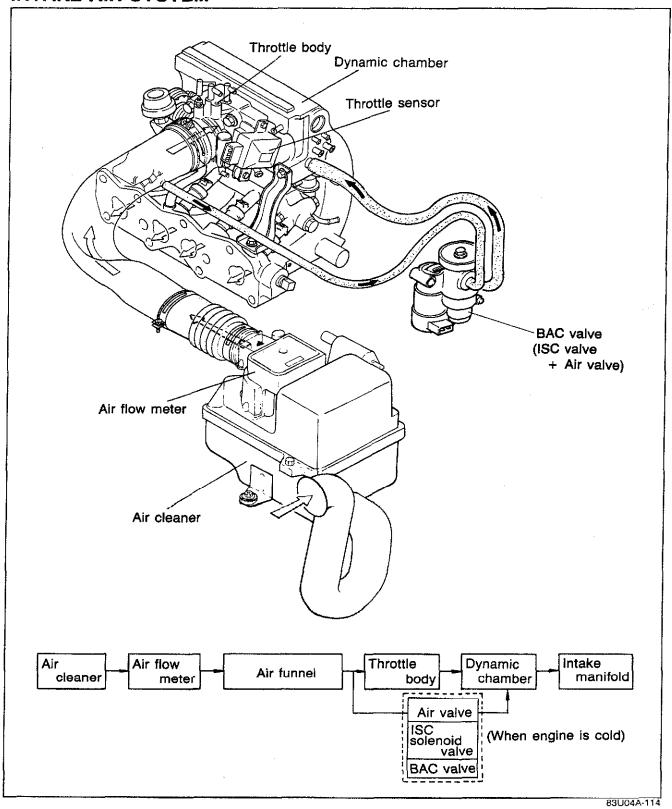
Idle speed: 850 ± 50 rpm (MTX: Neutral)
(ATX: in "P" range)

- 2. If the idle speed is not within specification, remove the blind cap from air adjust screw and adjust it by turning the air adjust screw.
- 3. After adjusting the idle speed, install the blind cap and disconnect a jumper wire from test connector.

Note

Check and adjust the dashpot operation after adjusting the idle speed.

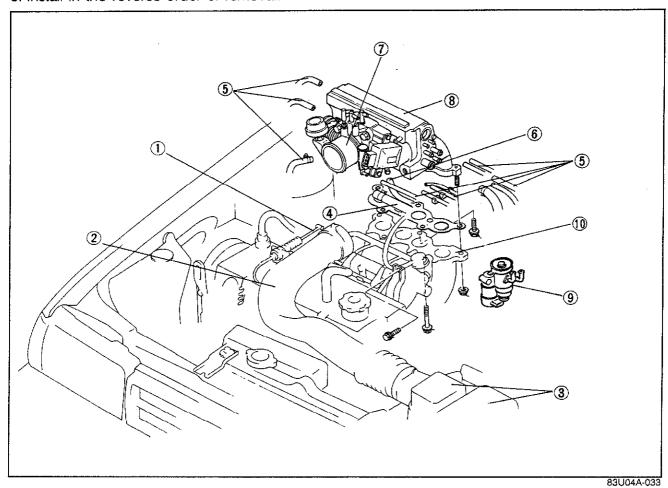
INTAKE AIR SYSTEM



The intake air system supplies air required by the engine for the formation of the air-fuel mixture and measures the air flow and air temperature. It consists of the air cleaner, air flow meter, throttle body, dynamic chamber and BAC valve.

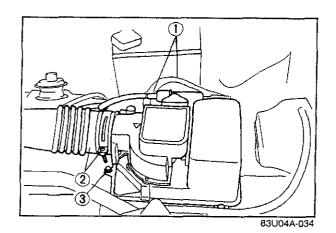
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
 Disassemble the intake air system in the sequence shown in the figure.
 Install in the reverse order of removal.



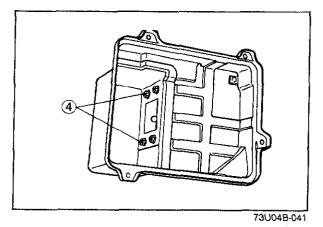
- 1. Accelerator cable
- 2. Air funnel
- 3. Air cleaner (with Air flow meter)
- 4. Air hoses
- 5. Vacuum hoses

- 6. Water hoses
- 7. Throttle body
- 8. Dynamic chamber
- 9. BAC valve
- 10. Intake manifold



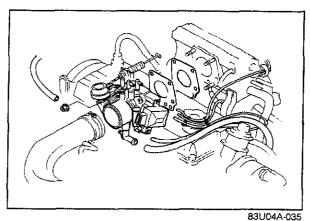
Air Flow Meter Removal and Installation

- 1. Remove the high tension lead and ignition coil connectors.
- 2. Loosen the hose band and remove the intake air hose.
- 3. Remove the attaching bolts.



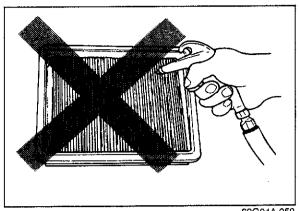
- 4. Turn the air cleaner cover upside down and remove the attaching nuts.
- 5. Remove the air flow meter.

Install in the reverse order of removal.



Throttle Body Removal and Installation

- 1. Drain the water from radiator
- 2. Disconnect the accelerator cable from the throttle linkage
- 3. Disconnect the air funnel
- 4. Disconnect the hoses and tubes
- 5. Disconnect the throttle sensor connector
- Remove the attaching nuts and bolts of throttle body
- 7. Remove the throttle body
- 8. Install in the reverse order of removal



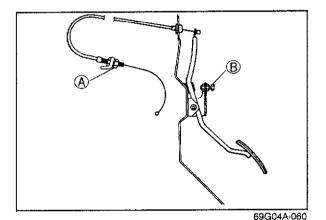
69G04A-059

PARTS INSPECTION Air Cleaner Element

Caution

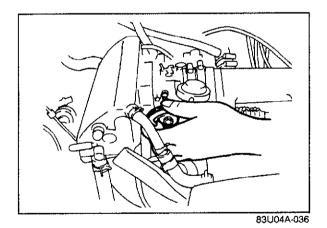
Do not use the compressed air to clean the air cleaner element.

- 1. Check the condition of the air cleaner element.
- 2. Replace, if necessary.



Accelerator Cable

- 1. Inspect the deflection of the cable. If the deflection is not within 1~3 mm (0.04~0.12 in.), adjust by using nuts (A).
- 2. Depress the accelerator pedal to the floor and confirm that the throttle valve is fully opened. Adjust by using bolt (B) if necessary.

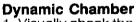


Throttle Body

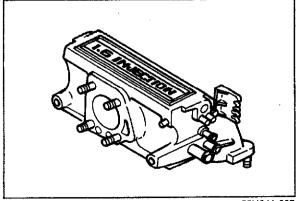
- 1. Check that the throttle valve move smoothly when throttle lever is moved from fully closed to fully
- 2. Replace, if necessary.

Note

For inspection and adjustment of throttle sensor, refer to Control System (Page 4A-66).

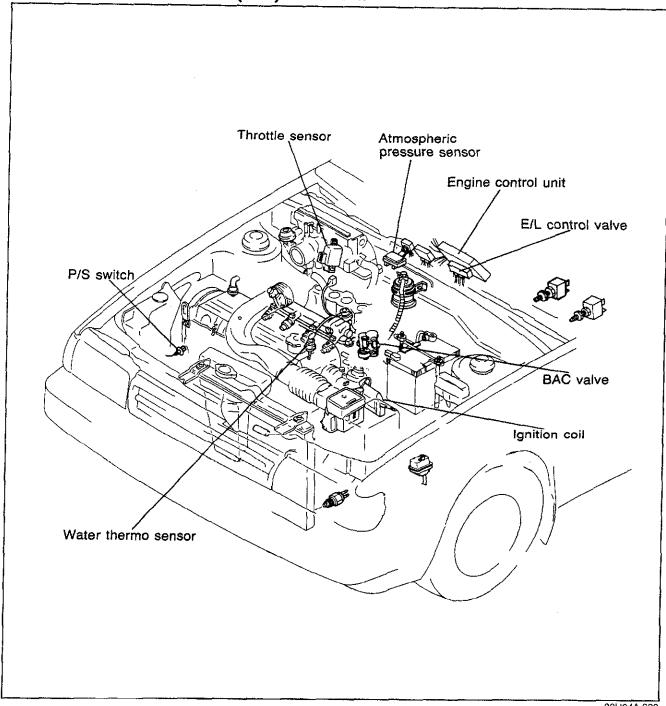


- 1. Visually check the dynamic chamber for damage.
- 2. Replace, if necessary.



83U04A-037

IDLE SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM



83U04A-038

OUTLINE

To improve idle smoothness, the ISC system controls the intake air amount detected by the air flow meter by regulating the bypass air amount that passes through the throttle body, and thereby helps the engine to maintain a steady idle speed.

This system consists of the BAC valve and the control system.

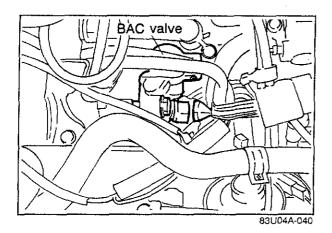
The BAC valve consists of the air valve which functions only during cold engine conditions and the ISC valve which works throughout the entire engine speed range.

4A IDLE SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Before performing the following troubleshooting, check the condition of the wiring harness and connector.

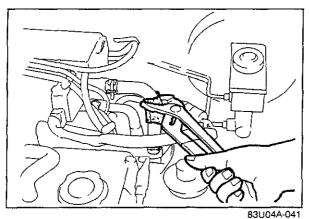
	PAGE	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor	Throttle sensor (Variable resistor type)	ISC system inspection)	BAC valve	Engine control unit terminal voltage
SYMPTOM		4A—68	4A—68	4A—66	4A—31	4A32	4A—62
Engine stall	While warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Aute aran	After warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Rough idle	While warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Avugn idle	After warming up	3	4		1	2	5
High idle speed a	iter warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Runs rough on de	celeration	4	5	3	1	2	6
Afterburn in exha	ust system	4	5	3	1	2	6
Poor acceleration	, hesitation, or lack of power	4		3	1	2	5
Fail emission test		4	5	3	1	2	6



System Inspection

- 1. Connect the jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1 pin) and ground. (Refer to page 4A--13).
- 2. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.

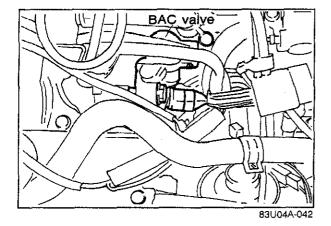
When the BAC valve is disconnected, the engine speed will be reduced, which is normal.



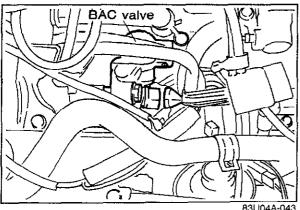
3. Start the engine and run it at idle.

4. Pinch the air hose and note the engine speed.

Cold engine: Engine speed drops Warm engine: Engine speed unchanged

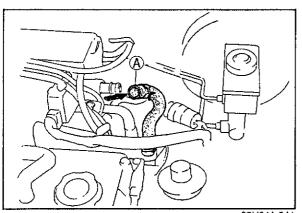


- 5. Connect the BAC valve connector.
- 6. Disconnect the test connector.
- 7. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 8. Check that the idle speed is correct.



- 9. Connect the jumper wire between the test connector and ground.
- 10. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 11. Check that the engine speed decreases.
- 12. Reconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 13. Disconnect the jumper wire.

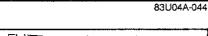
4A IDLE SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM

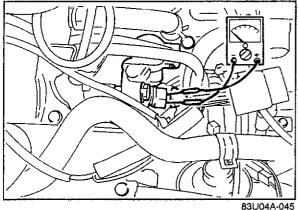


BAC Valve Air valve

- 1. Disconnect the air hoses from the air funnel.
- 2. Blow through the BAC valve from port (A). Check the air flow.

Cold engine: Air flows Warm engine: Air does not flow

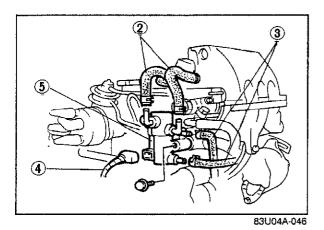




ISC valve

- 1. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 2. Connect an ohmmeter to the terminals of the BAC valve
- 3. Check the resistance.

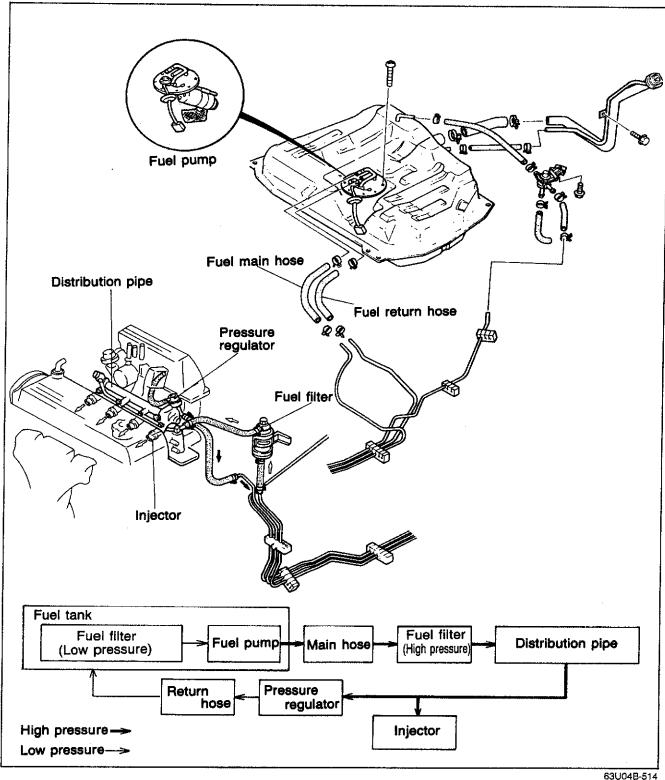
Resistance: 5-20 Ω



Removal and Installation

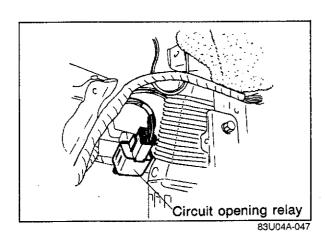
- 1. Drain the water from radiator.
- 2. Disconnect the by-pass air hoses.
- 3. Disconnect water hoses.
- 4. Disconnect the BAC connector.
- 5. Remove the BAC valve.
- 6. Install in the reverse order of removal.

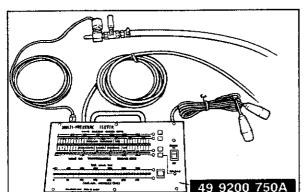
FUEL SYSTEM



The fuel system supplies the injectors with fuel necessary for combustion at a constant pressure. Fuel is metered and injected into the intake manifold and intake ports according to the injection signals from the engine control unit.

The system consists of the fuel pump, fuel filter, distribution pipe, pressure regulator and the injectors.





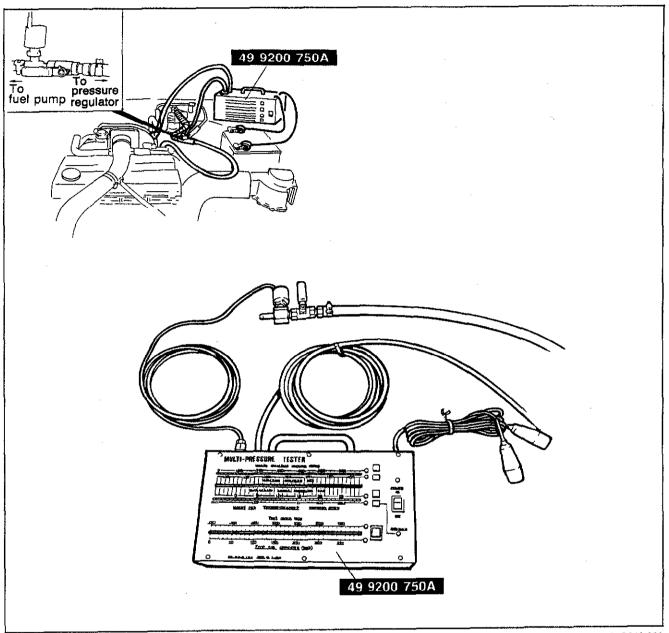
69G04A-098

FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE AND SERVICING FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel in the fuel lines remains under high pressure even when the engine is not running.

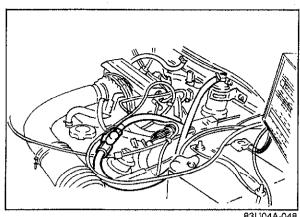
- a) Before disconnecting any fuel line, release the fuel pressure from the fuel line to reduce the possibility of injury or fire.
 - 1. Start the engine.
 - 2. Disconnect the circuit opening relay connector.
 - 3. After the engine stalls, turn OFF the ignition switch.
 - 4. Connect the circuit opening relay connector.
- b) Use a rag as protection from fuel spray when disconnecting the hoses.
 - Plug the hoses after removal.
- c) When inspecting the fuel system, use SST.

MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER (49 9200 750A)



69G04A-099

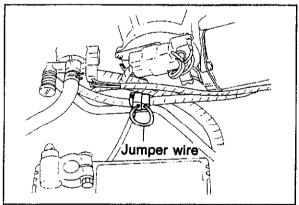
The **MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER** (49 9200 750A) has been developed to check the fuel pressure and intake manifold vacuum. These can easily be inspected by setting the buttons on the tester.



83U04A-048

49 9200 750A

83U04A-201



69G04A-102

How to Connect Multi-Pressure Tester

Warning

Before connecting SST, release the fuel pressure from the fuel line to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4A-34)

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 2. Disconnect the fuel main hose from the fuel filter (high pressure side)
- 3. Connect SST between fuel main hose and pressure regulator using the adapter.

Caution

Do not reverse the adapter connection.

- 4. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the pressure regulator control solenoid valve, and connect SST vacuum hose using a three-way joint.
- 5. Connect the battery negative terminal.
- 6. Connect **SST** to the battery.

- 7. Connect the terminals of the test connector (vellow connector) with a jumper wire. Turn the ignition switch ON to operate the fuel pump.
- Check for fuel leaks.

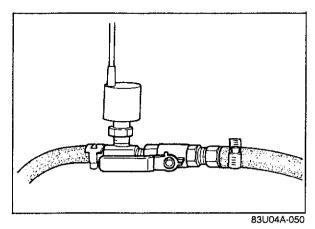
Caution

After checking fuel leakage, turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the jumper wire from the test connector.

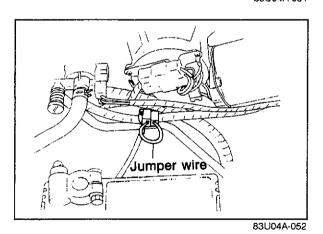
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

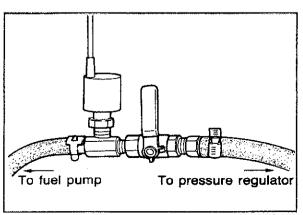
Before performing the following troubleshooting, check the condition of the wiring harness and connector.

PAGE		Water thermo sensor	Air flow meter	intake air thermo sensor	Throttle sensor	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Oxygen sensor	Fuel pressure (Fuel pump pressure, line pressure)	Injector		Engine control unit terminal voltage	1
CVURTOR		<u> </u>								3C	3E	3B
			4A—65	4A68	4A—66	4A70	4A—69	4A—38	4A41	4.	A61,6	52
(Crank OK)	r won't start	3					-	1	2	5	6	4
Engine stall	While warming up	3	4	5		6		1	2	7	8	
Pilitie otali	After warming up	3	4	5		6	7	1	2	8	9	
Rough Idle	While warming up	3	4	5		6		1	2	7	8	
nough luic	After warming up	3	4	5		6	7	1	2	8	9	
Poor acceler or lack of po	ration, hesitation	4	5		1			2	3	6	7	
Runs rough	on deceleration	2							1	3 4		
Afterburn in	exhaust system	3	4	5				1	2	6 7		
Poor fuel co	nsumption	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	9	10	
Fails emission	on test	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	9	10	



200 250





83U04A-053

FUEL PRESSURE

Note

- a) When inspecting fuel pressure, use SST. (Refer to page 4A—36)
- b) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.

Injection Pressure

- 1. Set the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 2. Run the engine and measure the injection pressure at various speeds.

Injection pressure: Approx. 240—279 kPa (2.45—2.85 kg/cm², 34.8—40.5 psi)

3. If not within specification, check the fuel pump pressure, fuel line pressure, and injector (Refer to page 4A—41)

Fuel Pump Pressure

- 1. Connect the terminals of the test connector (yellow connector) with a jumper wire.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON to operate the fuel pump.
- 3. Move the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 4. Check the fuel pump pressure.

Fuel pump pressure: 441—588 kPa (4.5—6.0 kg/cm², 64.0—85.3 psi)

5. If the fuel pump pressure is not within specification, check the followings.

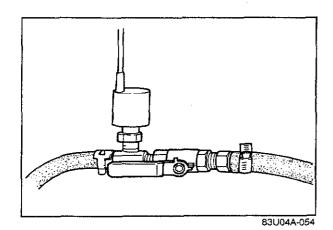
No pressure

Fuel pump operation (Refer to page 4A—40)
Low pressure

Fuel pump feeding capacity (Refer to page 4A—40)

High pressure Replace the fuel pump

6. After checking the fuel pump pressure, disconnect the jumper wire from the test connector.



83U04A-055

Fuel line Pressure

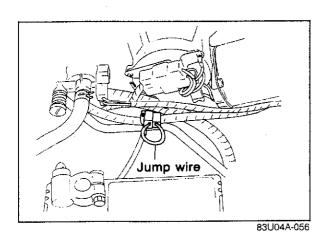
- 1. Start the engine and run it idle.
- 2. Move the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 3. Check the fuel line pressure.

Fuel line pressure: Approx. 177—216 kPa (1.8—2.2 kg/cm², 24.6—31.3 psi)

- 4. If not within specification, check the vacuum hose.
- 5. Pinch a vaccum hose of pressure regulator.
- 6. Check the fuel line pressure.

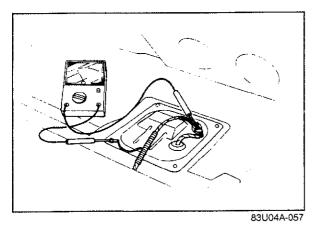
Fuel line pressure: 240—279kPa (2.45—2.85 kg/cm², 34.8—40.5 psi)

- 7. If not within specifications, replace the pressure regulator.
- 8. Connect the vacuum hose to pressure regulator.



INSPECTION Fuel Pump (Operation Test)

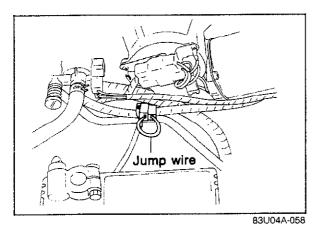
- 1. Connect a jumper wire to the check connector (Yellow connector).
- 2. Open the fuel tank lid, and fuel filler cap.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check that the fuel pump operation sound.
- 5. Shut the fuel filler cap, and fuel tank lid.



6. If operation sound is not produced, check the voltage at the fuel pump connector.

Voltage: 12V (IG: ON, Voltmeter [GR and B] connected)

7. If the voltage normal, replace the fuel pump.

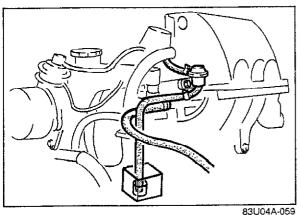


Fuel pump (Volume test)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4A—34)

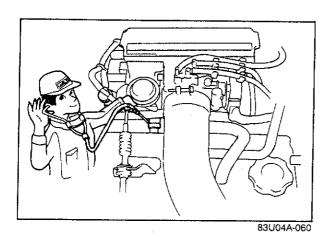
- 1. Connect a jumper wire to check connector (Yellow connector).
- 2. Disconnect the fuel return hose from fuel return pipe.

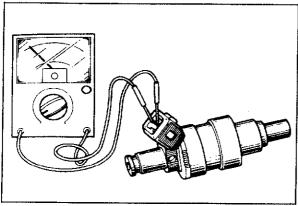


Turn the ignition switch ON for 10 seconds, and check the feeding capacity with graduated cylinder.

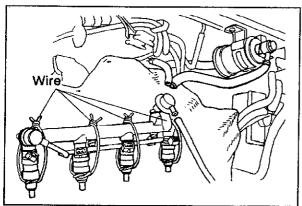
Feeding capacity: 220—380 cc (13.4—23.2 cuin) when fuel pressure at 250 kPa (2.55 kg/cm², 36.3 psi)

4. If not within specification, check the fuel filter, and fuel line.

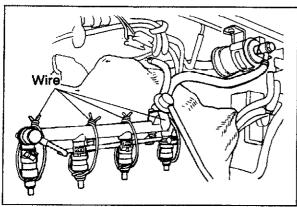




83U04A-061



83U04A-062



83U04A-063

Injector (On-vehicle inspection)

- 1. Warm up the engine and run at idle.
- Check the operating sound of the injector, using a sound scope. Check that operating sounds are produced from each injector at idle and at acceleration.
- 3. If operating sound is not produced, check the followings.
 - Wiring harness
 - Injector resistance
 - Engine control unit terminal voltage of 3C, 3E, 3B, and 3D (refer to page 4A—62).

Injector (Resistance)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4A—34)

- 1. Remove the injector from the engine. (Refer to page 4A—44)
- 2. Check that the resistance of the injector.

Resistance: 11—15 Ω

Injector (Leak test)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4A—34)

- Remove the delivery pipe, injector, and pressure regulator. (Refer to page 4A—44)
- 2. Affix the injectors to the distribution pipe with wire.

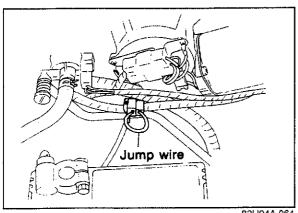
Caution

Affix the injectors firmly to the distribution pipe so no movement of the injectors is possible.

- 3. Connect the distribution pipe assembly between the fuel filter and the return pipe.
- 4. Connect the return hose to the pressure regulator.
- 5. Connect the negative terminal of the battery.

Warning

Be extremely careful when working with fuel; always work away from sparks or open flames.

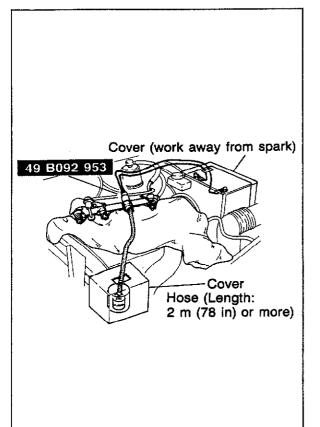


83U04A-064

- 6. Connect a jumper wire to the check connector (Yellow terminal).
- 7. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 8. Check that fuel does not leak from injector.

Note After 5 minutes a very slight amount of fuel leakage from the injector is acceptable.

9. If fuel leaks, replace the injector.



83U04A-065

Injector (Volume test)

1. Connect a suitable vinyl hose to the injector and place the hose in the container, or graduated glass

Note The hose should be 2 m (78 in) or more

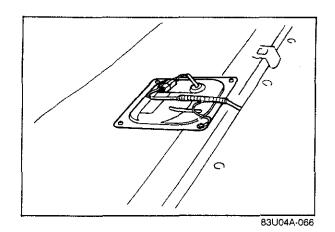
2. Connect the terminals of the fuel pump check connector with a jumper wire.

Warning Be extremely careful when working with fuel; always work away from sparks or open flames.

- 3. Apply battery voltage to each injector, using the
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 5. Check the injection volume.

Specification: 32-41 cc (1.95-2.50 cu in)/15 sec.

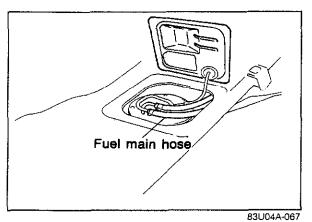
6. If not correct, replace the injector.



REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

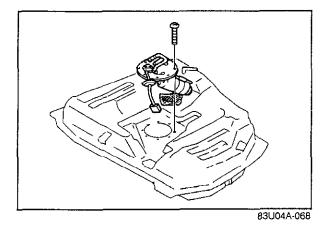
Caution

- a) Before performing the following procedure, release the fuel pressure from the fuel line to reduce the possibility of injury or fire (Refer to page 4A—34).
- b) When servicing the fuel system, keep sparks, cigarettes and open flames away from the fuel.

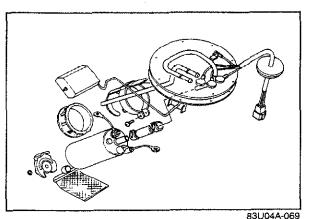


Fuel Pump

- 1. Remove the rear seat.
- 2. Remove the filler cap.
- 3. Disconnect the fuel pump connector.
- 4. Remove the fuel pump cover.



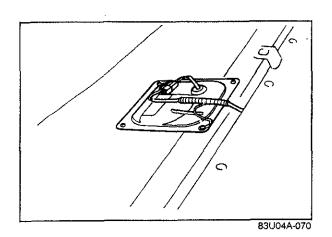
5. Disconnect the fuel main and return hoses, then plug them to prevent fuel leakage.



6. Remove the fuel pump and fuel tank gauge unit assembly.

Warning

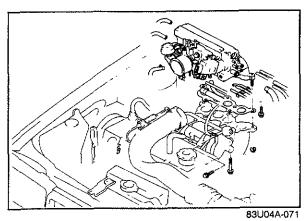
Use of fire or smoking is strictly prohibited while working on the fuel system.



7. Replace the fuel pump.

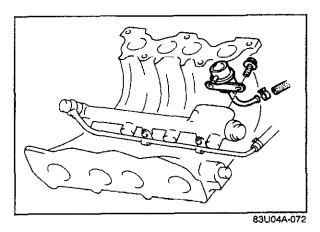
Caution Secure the fuel pump terminals and fuel hose.

8. Install the fuel pump and fuel tank gauge unit assembly in the reverse order of removal.



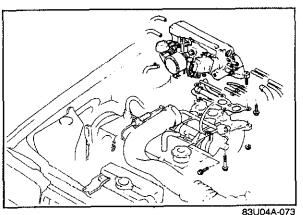
Pressure Regulator

1. Remove the dynamic chamber. (Refer to page 4A—26)



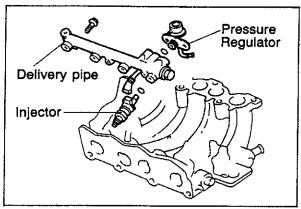
- 2. Disconnect the fuel return hose.
- 3. Remove the pressure regulator.
- 4. Install the pressure regulator and dynamic chamber in the reverse order of replacement.

Tightening torque: 7.8—8.7 N·m (0.8—1.1 m-kg, 5.8—8.0 ft-lb)

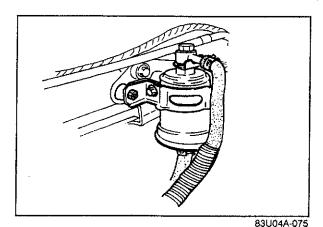


Injector

1. Remove the dynamic chamber. (Refer to page 4A-26)



83U04A-074



2. Disconnect the connectors from injector.

- 3. Remove the delivery pipe with pressure regulator.
- 4. Remove the injector.
- 5. Install the injector, delivery pipe, and pressure regulator in the reverse order of replacement.

Delivery pipe tightening torque 18.6—25.5 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 13.7—18.8 ft-lb)

Note

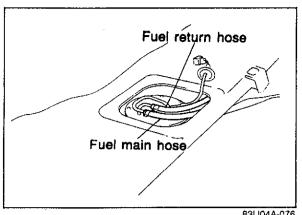
- a) O-ring of injector is not reuseable.
- b) When install the injector, apply the gasoline on O-ring.

Fuel Filter (High Pressure)

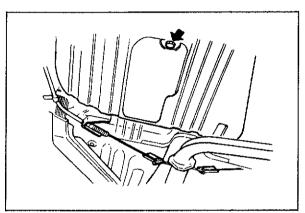
The fuel filter should be replaced at intervals, following the maintenance schedule.

To replace the fuel filter, proceed as follows:

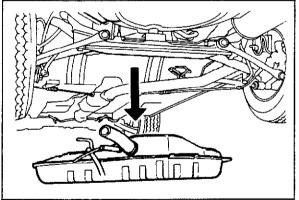
- 1. Disconnect the fuel hoses.
- 2. Remove the fuel filter with the bracket.
- 3. Install a new filter and connect the fuel hoses.



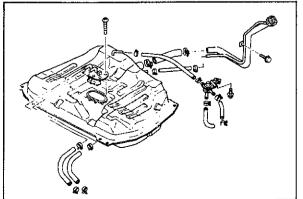
83U04A-076



63U04B-067



63U04B-068



63U04B-069

FUEL TANK Removal

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4A-34)

- 1. Remove the rear seat cushion.
- 2. Disconnect the fuel tank gauge unit and remove the cover.
- 3. Disconnect the fuel main and return hoses.
- 4. Raise the vehicle on a jack and support it with safetv stands.
- 5. Remove the drain plug and drain the fuel.

Warning

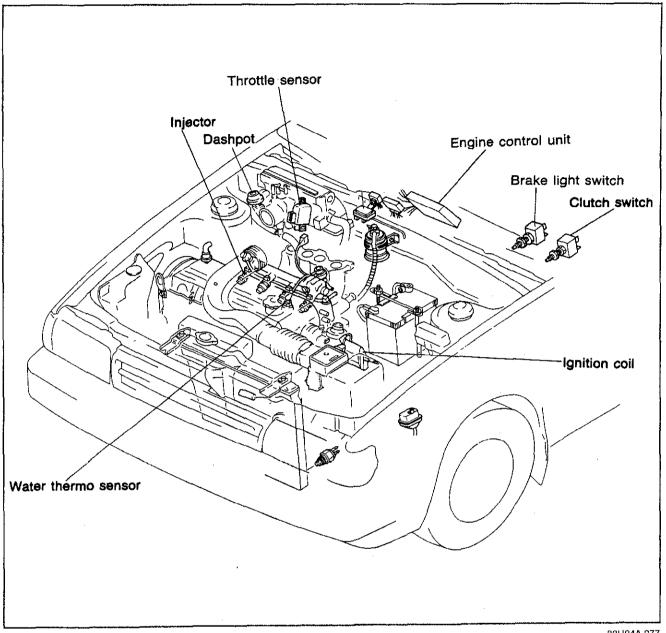
- a) When repairing the fuel tank, clean the fuel tank thoroughly with steam to remove all explosive gas.
- b) Use of fire is strictly prohibited while working on fuel tank.
- 6. Disconnect the other hoses.
- 7. Remove the fuel tank.

Installation

Install in reverse order of removal and be careful of the following:

- 1. Make sure to connect the hoses in the correct positions.
- 2. Check for leaks.

DECELERATION CONTROL SYSTEM



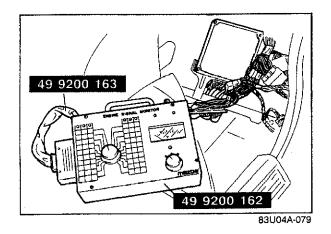
83U04A-077

The fuel cut function is provided in the deceleration control system. This function is to improve fuel consumption.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

POSSIBLE CAUSE	Water thermo sensor	Injector	Engine control unit terminal voltage	Dashpot			
SYMPTOM	4A68	4A—41	4A—62	4A—49			
Runs rough on deceleration	3	2	1	4			
Afterburn in exhaust system	2	1	3	4			
Poor fuel consumption	2	①	3	4	 		
Fail emission test	3	2	1	4		-	

83U04A-078



System Inspection (Electrical Signal)

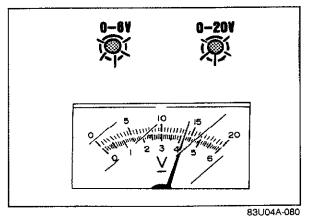
- 1. Connect SST between the wiring harness and engine control unit.

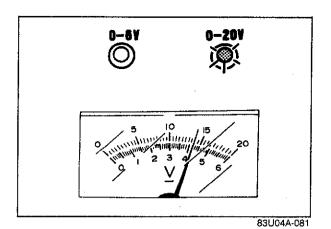
 2. Warm up the engine, and run at idle.
- 3. Set "3C" and "3E" position on SST.

Note

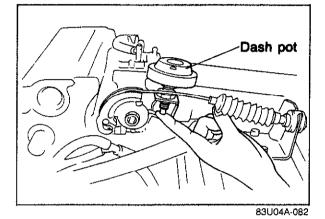
"3C" — For No. 2 and No.4 injectors "3E" — For No. 1 and No.3 injectors

4. Check that both indicator lamps flash at idle.



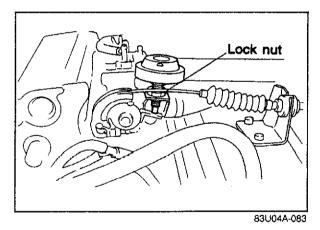


- 5. Increase the engine speed to **4,000 rpm**, then suddenly decrease the engine speed.
- 6. Check that only the red indicator lamp illuminates during deceleration.



Dashpot Inspection

- 1. Push the dashpot rod with a finger and make sure the rod goes into the dashpot slowly.
- 2. Release the finger and make sure the rod comes out quickly.



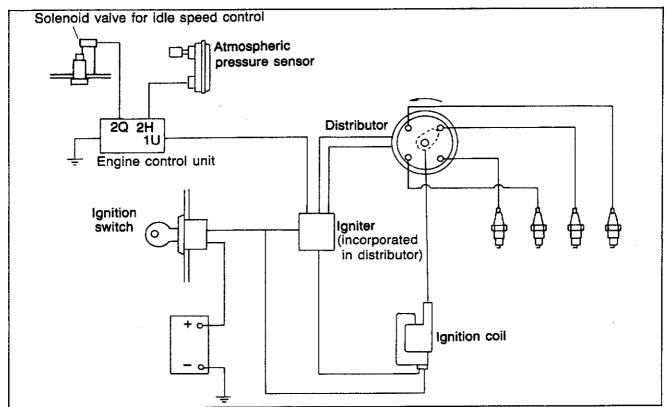
Adjustment

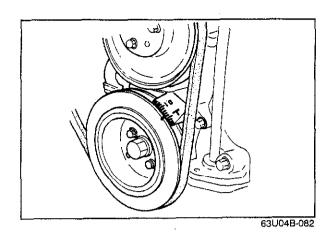
- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operation temperature and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Attach a tachometer.
- 3. Increase the engine speed above 3,500 rpm.
- 4. Slowly decrease the engine speed, check the dashpot rod taches the lever at specified speed.

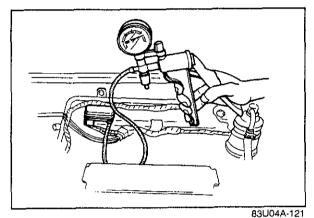
Contact speed: $2,800 \pm 150$ rpm (MTX) $2,800 \pm 300$ rpm (ATX)

5. To adjust, loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the dashpot, tighten lock nut after adjusting.

HIGH ALTITUDE COMPENSATION SYSTEM







SYSTEM INSPECTION CHECKING

Note

This procedure described is for sea level areas only.

1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.

2. Connect a timing light to the No.1 high-tension lead and check the ignition timing.

Ignition timing: approx. 7° BTDC (vacuum connected)

- 3. Connect a vacuum pump to the atmospheric pressure sensor.
- 4. Apply a vacuum of 120 mmHg (4.72 inHg) by using the vacuum pump and check the ignition timing.

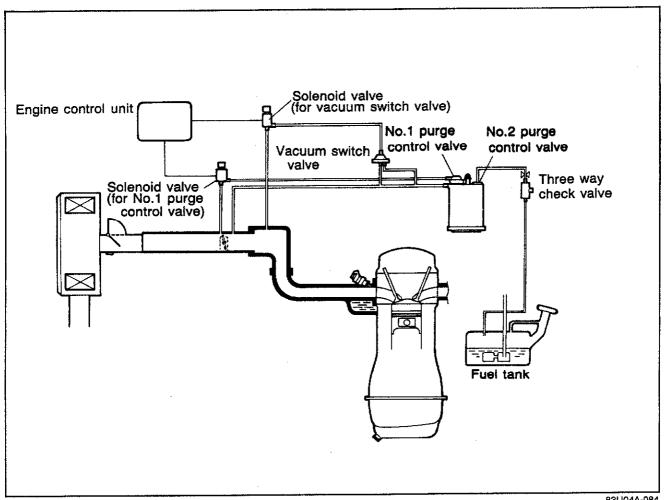
ignition timing: approx. 13° BTDC

Note

At 1,000 m (3.280 ft) or higher altitude area, the ignition timing is the same as above.

5. If this system does not operate inspect the atmospheric pressure sensor (Refer to page 4A-70), and engine control unit (Refer to page 4A-61, 62)

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

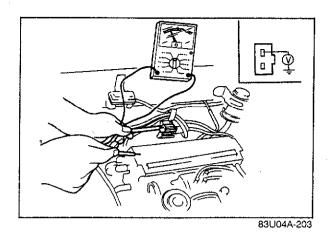


83U04A-084

The evaporative emission control system is controlled by signal from the water thermo sensor, intake air thermo sensor, air flow sensor, and engine speed sensor (ignition coil). The engine control unit determined the engine operating conditions from the signals, and control the evaporative emission control system by operating the solenoid valves for No. 1 purge control valve and vacuum switch valve when specified conditions exist.

TROUBLE SHOOTING CHART

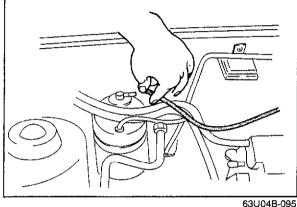
POSSIBLE CAUSE	Ignition coil	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor	20	zpanio outo	Solenoid valve (for No.1 vacuum switch valve)	Solenoid valve (for vacuum switch valve)	Vacuum switch valve	No.1 purge control valve	No.2 purge control valve	Three-way check valve
SYMPTOM	5—30	4A—68	4A68	4A-	–62	4 A -	-54	4A55	4A—54	4A—54	4A55
Checking order	11)	10	9	3	4	①	2	7	(5)	6	8



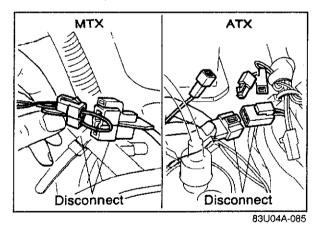
SYSTEM INSPECTION

- 1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Connect a voltmeter to the solenoid valve for No.2 purge control valve (BY) terminal

Voltage: approx. 12V



- 3. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the No. 1 purge control valve and place a finger over the hose openina.
- 4. Increase the engine speed to about 2,000 rpm and make sure air is not sucked in.

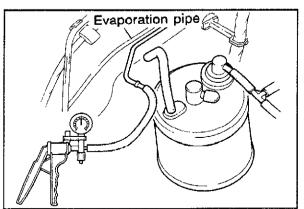


- 5. Disconnect the neutral switch connector and connect a jump wire to the neutral switch connector (MTX).
- (Disconnect the inhibitor switch connector....ATX)
- 6. Check the terminal voltage (BY)

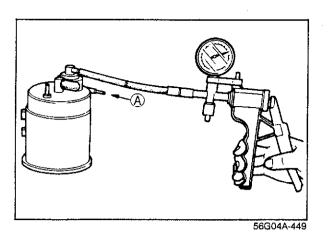
Voltage: below 1.5V



- 8. Increase the engine speed to about 2,000 rpm and check that air is sucked in.
- 9. If not correct, check the solenoid valve, for No.1 purge control valve engine control unit 2P terminal, and No.1 purge control valve.
- 10. Connect the neutral switch connector.
- 11. Disconnect the evaporation hose from the evaporation pipe.
- 12. Connect the vacuum pump to the evaporation
- 13. Operate the vacuum pump and check that no vacuum is held.
- 14. If vacuum is held, check the three-way check valve or evaporation pipe for clog.

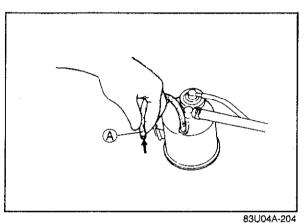


83U04A-087



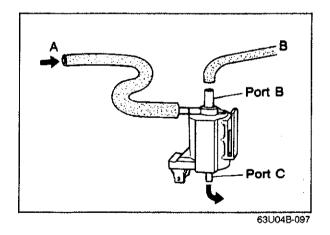
NO. 1 PURGE CONTROL VALVE Inspection

- 1. Blow through the purge control valve from port (A) and check that air does not flow.
- Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve.
- 3. Apply **110 mmHg (4.33 inHg)** vacuum, and blow through port (A) again; air should flow from port (A).



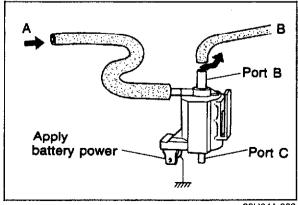
NO. 2 PURGE CONTROL VALVE Inspection

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose (A) from the evaporation pipe.
- 2. Blow into the hose and check that air flows freely.



SOLENOID VALVE

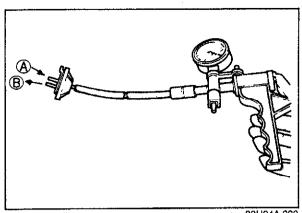
- 1. Disconnect vacuum tube (A) from the servo diaphragm.
- 2. Disconnect vacuum tube (B) from the solenoid valve.
- 3. Disconnect the connector of the solenoid valve.
- 4. Blow air through the solenoid valve from tube (A) and make sure air comes out of port (C).



83U04A-089

- 5. Apply battery power to the solenoid valve with a suitable jump wire.
- 6. Blow air through the solenoid valve from tube (A) and check that air comes out of port (B).
- 7. If the solenoid valve does not operate properly, replace it with a new one.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM 4

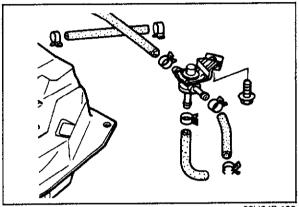


83U04A-090

VACUUM SWITCH VALVE

- 1. Remove the No. 3 purge control valve.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to the valve.
- 3. Blow through the valve from port (A) and confirm that air comes out of port (B) when applied vacuum is more than the specified vacuum amount.

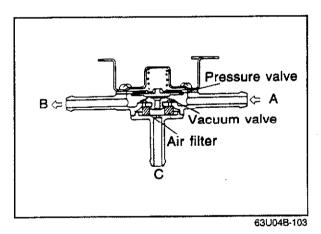
Specified vacuum: 70-100 mmHg (2.76-3.94 inHg)



63U04B-102

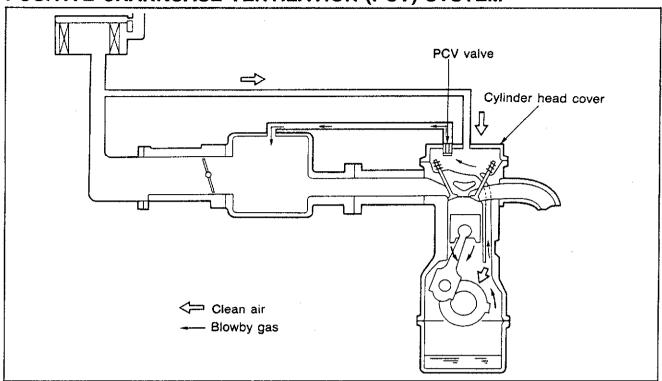
THREE-WAY CHECK VALVE

1. Remove the three-way check valve.



- 2. Blow through the valve from port (A), and check that air flows out through port (B). Next, block port (B), and check that air flows out through port (C).
- 3. Block port (B), and suck through port (A). Check that air is pulled in through port (C).

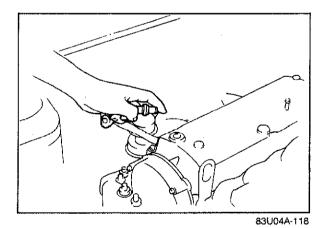
POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM



83U04A-091

The PCV valve is operated by intake manifold vacuum to prevent blow-by gas from escaping to the atmosphere. When the engine is running at idle, the PCV valve is slightly opened and small amount of blow-by gas is drawn into the dynamic chamber.

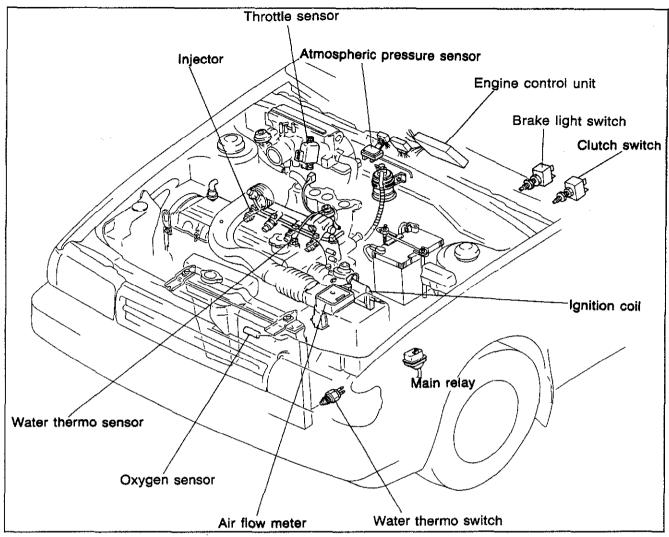
At high engine speed, the PCV valve is further opened and large amount of blow-by gas; drawn into the dynamic chamber.



PCV VALVE Inspection

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Disconnect the PCV valve with the ventilation hose from the cylinder head cover.
- 3. Block the PCV valve opening by finger. If the engine speed drops, the PCV valve is working properly.

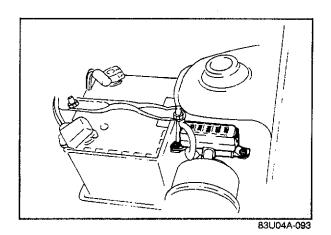
CONTROL SYSTEM



83U04A-092

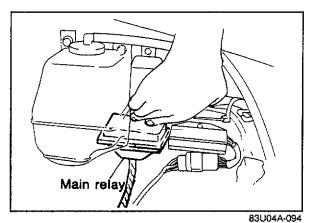
The control system consists of the input devices and control unit.

The control unit controls the injection amount, monitor switch function, and fail-safe function.



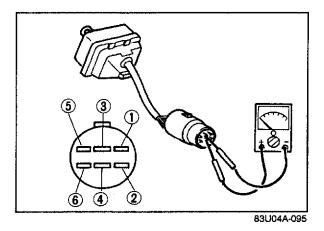
MAIN FUSE inspection

Check the continuity of EGI main fuse.



MAIN RELAY inspection

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and OFF, verify that the main relay "CLICKS".
- 2. If clicking is not heard at main relay correct, check the continuity at terminals using an ohmmeter, and wiring harness.

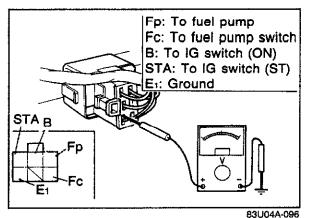


Continuity

- 1. Apply 12V to (5) and a ground (6) terminals of the main relay.
- 2. Check continuity at terminals using an ohmmeter.

Operation Terminals	12V Not applied	12V Applied		
10-2	No	Yes		
3-4	No	Yes		

3. If not correct, replace it.



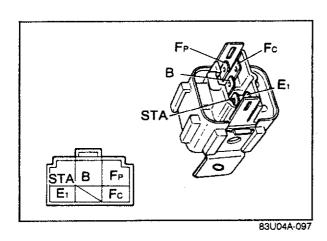
CIRCUIT OPENING RELAY Inspection Terminal voltage

 Check voltage between each terminal and ground using a voltmeter.

Terminal Condition	Fρ	Fc	В	STA	E1
IG SW: ON	٥٧	12V	12V	0V	0V
Measuring plate: open	12V	0V	12V	٥٧	07
IG SW: ST	12V	0\	12V	12V	0V

2. If not correct, check the resistance using the ohmmeter.

CONTROL SYSTEM 4A



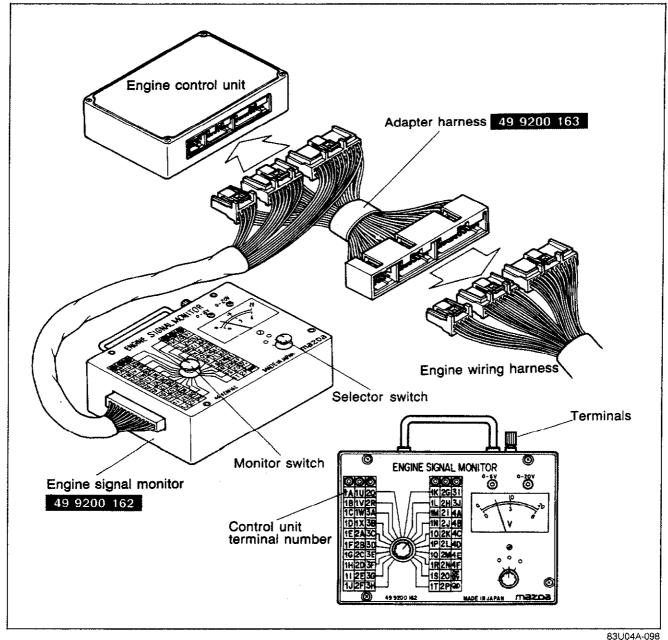
Resistance

1. Check the resistance between the terminals using an ohmmeter.

Between terminals	Resistance (Ω)
STA ↔ E1	15—30
B ↔ Fc	80150
B ↔ Fp	∞

2. It not correct, replace it.

ENGINE CONTROL UNIT Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) and Adapter (49 9200 163)



The Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) was developed to check the engine control unit terminal voltages. This monitor easily inspects the terminal voltage by setting the monitor switch.

How to Use the Engine Signal Monitor

- 1. Connect the Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) between the engine control unit and the engine harness using the adapter harness (49 9200 163).
- 2. Turn the selector switch and monitor switch to select the terminal number.
- 3. Check the terminal voltage.

Do not apply voltage to terminals.

Terminal	Connected to	Voltage	Condition	Remark		
1 A (Outpout)	MIL	Below 2.5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector		
1A (Output)	MILE	Approx. 12V	After 3 sec.	grounded		
4D (O-+)	Self-Diagnosis Checker	Below 2.5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector grounded		
1B (Output)	(for Code No.)	Approx. 12V	After 3 sec.	Checker connected		
1C		_		-		
4D (O. 4 4)	Self-Diagnosis Checker	Approx. 5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector grounded		
1D (Output)	(for Monitor lamp)	Approx. 10V	After 3 sec.	Checker connected		
d = (1)	Throttle sensor	Approx. 12V	Accelerator pedal depressed			
1E (Input)	(IDL switch)	Below 1.5V	Accelerator pedal released			
15 (Outmost)	A/C control relati	Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON			
1F (Output)	A/C control relay	Below 1.5V	A/C switch ON (at idle)			
40 (1 10	Manager and Santa	Approx. 12V	Clutch pedal depressed	In-gear condition (Neu-		
1G (Input)	Neutral/clutch switch	Below 1.5V	Clutch pedal released	tral: constant 12 V)		
411.41	Water thermo switch	Approx. 12V	Below 17°C (63°F)			
1H (Input)	(Radiator)	Below 1.5V	Above 17°C (63°F)			
41.61	Electrical load (E/L)	Approx. 2.5V	E/L switch ON			
11 (Input)	switch	Approx. 10V	E/L switch OFF			
		Approx. 12V	Brake pedal depressed			
1J (Input)	Brake light switch	Below 1.5V	Brake pedal released	-		
		Approx. 12V	Power steering switch OFF			
1K (Input)	Power steering switch	Below 1.5V	Power steering switch ON			
		Approx. 12V	A/C switch OFF			
1L (Input)	A/C switch	Below 2.5V	A/C switch ON	Blower motor ON		
		Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON	(When engine running)		
1M (Input)	Ignition coil	Approx. 12V	At idle	Engine Signal Monitor: Green and red light flash		
1N		_	_			
10	_		-			
1P		_	_			
1Q	<u> </u>	_	_			
1R			_			
18		-				
1T			-	-		
411 (0.44)	11	Below 1.5V	Ignition switch ON			
1U (Output)	Igniter	Approx. 12V	At idle			
1V (Input)	MT switch (ground)	Below 1.5V	_	ATX; constant 12V		
	T	Below 1.5V	Test connector grounded			
1W (Input)	Test connector	Approx. 12V	Test connector not grounded			
1X			_			
2A (Output)	Vref	4.5—5.5V				
2B (Input)	Air flow meter (Vc)	7—9V	_			
2C	Ground (E2)	Below 1.5V	_			
		0.30.7V	At idle			
2D (Input)	Oxygen sensor	More than 0.45V	During acceleration			
	, ,	Less than 0.45V	During deceleration			
		Approx. 2V	Ignition switch ON			
2E (Input)	Air flow meter (Vs)	4—5V	At idle	1		
2F		_				
		Approx. 12V	Accelerator pedal released	***************************************		
2G (Input)	Throttle sensor (PSW switch)	Below 1.5V	Accelerator pedal depressed (fully open throttle)			
2H (Input)	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Approx. 4V	_	At sea level		
2l (Input)	Water thermo sensor	Approx. 0.5V	Normal operating temperature			
2J (Input)	Intake air thermo sen- sor (Air flow meter)	2—3V	Intake air temperature: 20°C (68°F)			

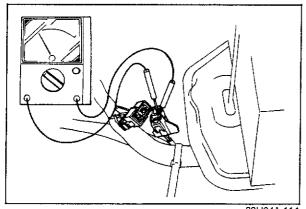
4A CONTROL SYSTEM

Terminal	Connected to	Voitage	Condition	Remark		
2K (Output)	Pressure regulator control valve (PRCV) solenoid	Below 1.5V	Intake air temp. more than 58°C (136°F) Water temp. more than 90°C (194°F)	If PRCV solenoid is equipped.		
		Approx. 12V	Other			
2L		-	-	_		
2M	-	-				
2N	_	_	_	_		
00	No.2 purge control	Approx. 12V	Less than 1,500 rpm			
20	solenoid	Below 1.5V	More than 1,500 rpm			
2P	No.1 purge control	Below 1.5V	Intake air temp. more than 50°C (122°F) Water temp. more than 50°C (122°F)	In-gear condition. • Jumper wire connect the Neutral switch (M)		
	valve solenoid	Approx. 12V	Other	 Disconnect the inhibitor switch connector (ATX) 		
2Q	Idle speed control (ISC) valve					
2R	Ground	Below 1.5V				
ЗА	Ground	Below 1.5V	_	-		
	21 1 22 2	Below 2.5V	Ignition switch ON			
3B	Starter switch	79V	While cranking			
3C	Injector No.2, No.4	Approx. 12V	At idle	Engine Signal Monitor: Green and red light flash		
		Below 1.5V	"N" or "P" range	MTX constant 0V		
3D	Inhibitor switch	Approx. 12V	Other range	WITA CONSTANT UV		
3E	Injector No.1 and No.3	Approx. 12V	At idle	Engine Signal Monitor: Green and red light flash		
3F						
3G	Ground	Below 1.5V				
3H	_			_		
31	Main relay	Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON			
3 J	Battery	Approx. 12V				

Engine control unit connector

				~~								~~··												· · · · ·	
31	100	3E	200	2.4	$1 \circ c$	200	2M	20	21	വവ	2	വ	OΔ	11///	1111	181	HOL	1101	1 M I	1K	11	HGI	1E	L1CI	1A I
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83U04A-099

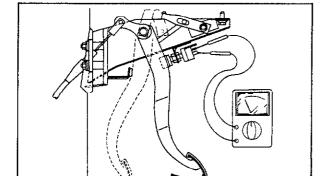


83U04A-114

NEUTRAL SWITCH (MTX)

- 1. Disconnect the neutral switch connector.
- 2. Connect a circuit tester to the neutral switch and check the continuity between the terminals.

Condition	Continuity				
in neutral	No				
In other ranges	Yes				

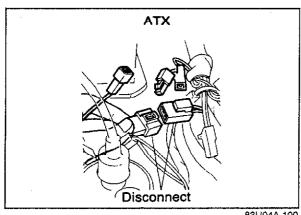


83U04A-115

CLUTCH SWITCH (MTX)

- 1. Disconnect the clutch switch connector.
- 2. Connect the circuit tester to the clutch switch and check the continuity between the switch terminals.

Condition	Continuity
When the pedal is depressed	No
When the pedal is released	Yes



83U04A-100

INHIBITOR SWITCH (ATX) Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the inhibitor switch connector.
- 2. Connect an ohmmeter to the switch.
- 3. Check continuity of the terminal.

Position	Continuity		
P and N ranges	Yes		
Other ranges	No		

4. After checking, connect the switch connector.

Refer to Section 7B for replacement of the inhibitor switch.

BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH inspection

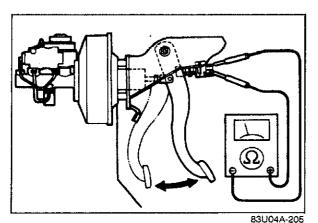
- 1. Disconnect the brake light switch connector.
- 2. Connect an ohmmeter to the switch.
- 3. Check the continuity of the switch.

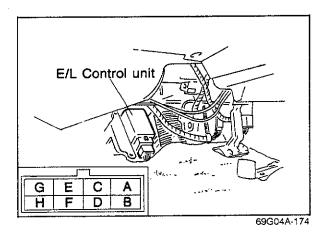
Pedal	Continuity
Depressed	Yes
Released	No

4. After checking, connect the switch connector.

Note

Refer to section 11 for replacement of the brake light switch.



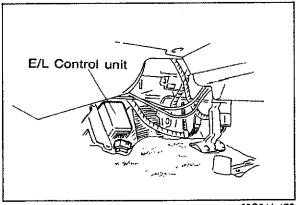


E/L CONTROL UNIT Inspection

- 1. Connect a voltmeter between the E/L control unit and ground.
- 2. Start the engine and check the terminal voltages as described below.

Terminal	Input	Output	Connection to	Voltage (after warm-up)	Condition
A (YG)		_	Main relay	Approx. 12V	
В				Approx. 12V	Coolant temp.: below 97°C (206.6°F)
(YG)	0		Electrical fan relay	Below 1.5V	Coolant temp.: above 97°C (206.6°F)
C (B)		_	Ground	OV	
D		_	_	_	-
E				Below 1.5V	E/L: ON
(L)		0	Control unit (1H)	Approx. 12V	E/L: OFF
———— : F				Approx. 12V	Combination switch: ON
(RB)	0		Combination switch	Below 1.5V	Combination switch: OFF
G				Below 1.5V	Blower motor switch: ON (2nd, 3rd or 4th position)
(LG)	0		Blower motor switch	Approx. 12V	Others
Н			Rear defroster	Below 1.5V	Rear defroster switch: ON
(BY)	0		switch	Approx. 12V	Rear defroster switch: OFF

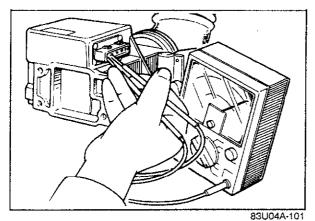




69G04A-175

Replacement

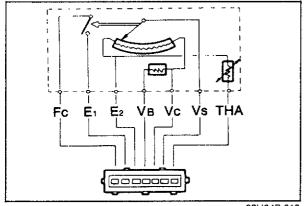
- 1. Disconnect the connector from the E/L control unit.
- 2. Replace the E/L control unit.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



AIR FLOW METER Inspection

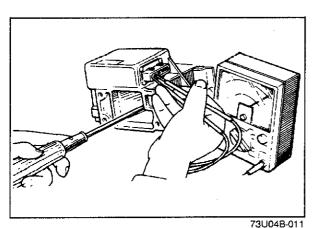
- 1. Inspect the air flow meter body for cracks.
- 2. Check the resistance between terminals using an ohmmeter.



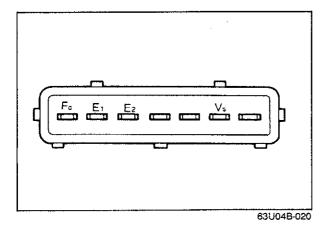


Terminal	Resistance (Ω)
E₂ ↔ Vs	20 to 400
E₂ ↔ Vc	100 to 300
E ₂ ↔ V _B	200 to 400
E ₂ ↔ THA (Air thermo sensor)	-20°C (-4°F) 10,000 to 20,000 0°C (32°F) 4,000 to 7,000 20°C (68°F) 2,000 to 3,000 40°C (104°F) 900 to 1,300 60°C (140°F) 400 to 700
E₁ ↔ Fc	∞

63U04B-018

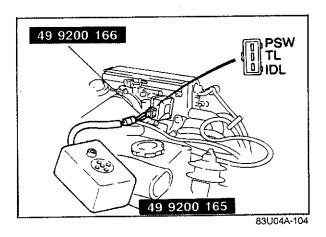


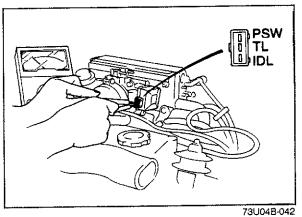
3. Press open the measuring plate with a screwdriver, measure the resistance between E₁ and F₂ (fuel pump switch) and between E₂ and Vs.

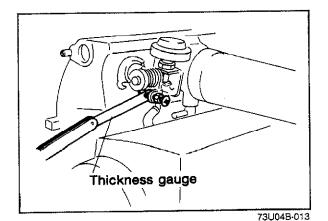


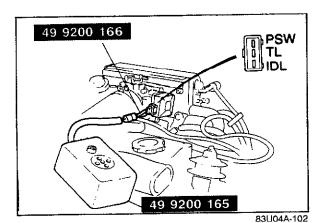
Conditions	Measuring Plate							
Terminals	Fully closed	Fully open						
E₁ ↔ Fc	œ	0						
E₂ ↔ Vs	20 to 400Ω	20 to 1,000Ω						

4. If not correct replace it.









THROTTLE SENSOR

Inspection

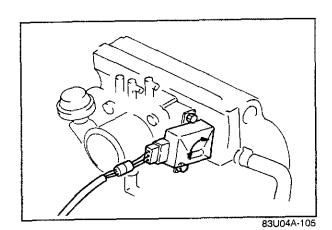
- 1. Disconnect the connector from the throttle sensor.
- 2. Connect the **SST** in the throttle sensor or connect an ohmmeter.

- 3. Insert a thickness gauge between the throttle stop screw and stop lever.
- 4. Note the operation of the buzzer or continuity between terminals.

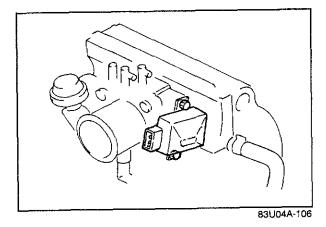
	Buzzing of	Continuity between terminals					
Thickness gauge	the tester	IDL ↔ TL	PSW ↔ TI				
0.5 mm (0.02 in)	Yes	Yes	No				
0.7 mm (0.027 in)	No	No	No				
Fully open throttle lever	Yes	No	Yes				

Adjustment

- 1. Disconnect the connector from the throttle sensor and connect the **SST**.
- 2. Insert a 0.5 mm (0.020 in) thickness gauge between the throttle stop screw and stop lever.



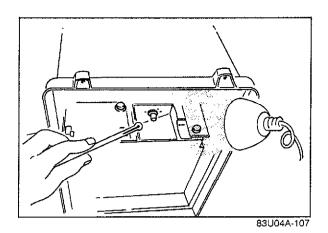
- 3. Loosen the two attaching screws.
- 4. Rotate the throttle sensor clockwise about **30 degrees**, then rotate it back counterclockwise until the buzzer sounds.
- 5. Replace the thickness gauge with a 0.7 mm (0.027 in) gauge.
- 6. Check that the buzzer does not sound.
- 7. If it sounds, repeat steps 3 to 6.



8. Tighten the two attaching screws.

Note Be careful not to move the throttle sensor from the set position when tightening the screw.

9. Open the throttle valve fully a few times, then recheck the adjustment of the throttle sensor (refer to inspection procedures).

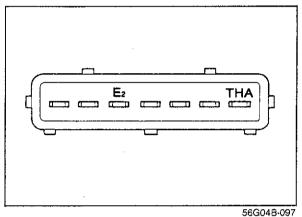


INTAKE AIR THERMO SENSOR Inspection of Resistance

- 1. Remove the air cleaner upper cover assembly.
- 2. Heat the intake air thermo sensor and observe the temperature.
- 3. Check resistance between the THA and E2 terminals using an ohmmeter.

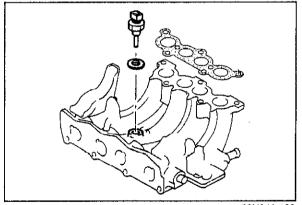
Intake Air Temperature	Resistance Ω
-20°C (-4°F)	10,000—20,000 10.0—20.0
20°C (68°F)	2,0003,000
60°C (140°F)	400—700

- 4. If the resistance is not within specification, replace the air flow meter assembly.
- 5. If the resistance is within specification, check the wiring harnesses.

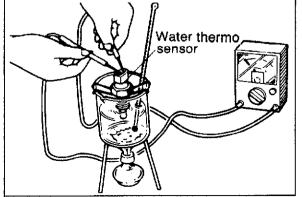


WATER THERMO SENSOR Inspection of Resistance

1. Remove the water thermo sensor.



83U04A-108

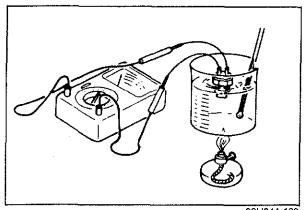


56G04B-100

- 2. Place the sensor in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 3. Check that resistance of the sensor is within specification:

Water temperature	Resistance
-20°C (-4°F)	14.6—17.8 kΩ
20°C (68°F)	2.21—2.69 kΩ
80°C (176°F)	0.290—0.354 kΩ

4. If not correct, replace the water thermo sensor.



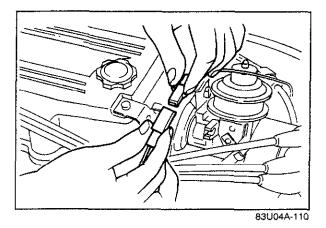
83U04A-109

WATER THERMO SWITCH Inspection

- 1. Remove the switch from the radiator.
- 2. Place the switch in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 3. Check that the continuity between the terminals exists at more than specification.

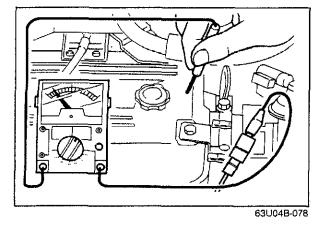
Specification: 15—19°C (59—66°F)

4. If not correct, replace the water thermo switch.

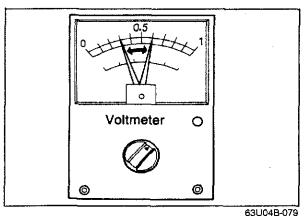


OXYGEN SENSOR

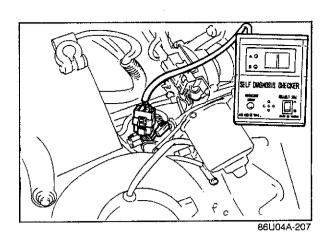
- 1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Disconnect the oxygen sensor wiring harness con-



- 3. Attach a voltmeter between the oxygen sensor connector (oxygen sensor side) and ground.
- 4. Run the engine at 4,000 rpm until the voltmeter indicates about 0.7V.

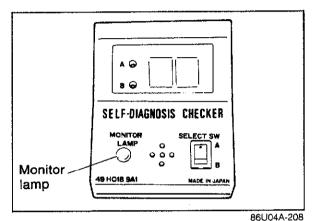


- 5. Increase and decrease the engine speed quickly several times. When the speed is increased the meter should read between 0.5V-1.0V When the speed is decreased it should read between 0V-0.3V
- 6. If the voltmeter doesn't indicate above mentioned values, replace the oxygen sensor.



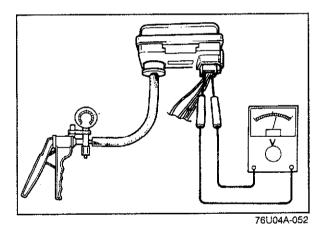
Inspection of Sensitivity

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Connect the SST to the check connector.



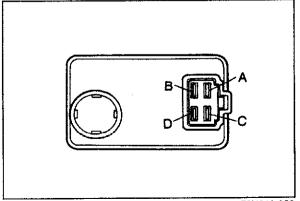
 Increase the engine speed to between 2,000 and 3,000 rpm, and check that the monitor lamp flashes for 10 seconds.

Monitor lamp: Flashes ON and OFF more than 8 times/10 sec



ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR Inspection of Terminal Voltage

- 1. Remove the rubber cap and connect a vacuum pump to the port of the sensor.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between each terminal and ground while applying and releasing vacuum to the sensor.



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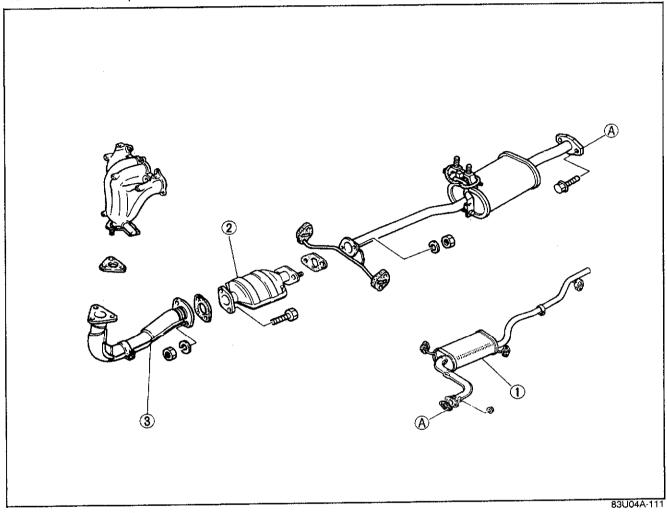
Terminal (Color)	Voltage
A	
B (Lg)	1.4—4.9V
C (LgR)	Below 1.5V
D (LgW)	4.5—5.5V

- 4. If the voltage at A, C or D terminal is not correct, check the wiring harness.
- 5. If the voltage of A, C and D terminal is OK but at B terminal is wrong, replace the atmospheric pressure switch.

EXHAUST SYSTEM

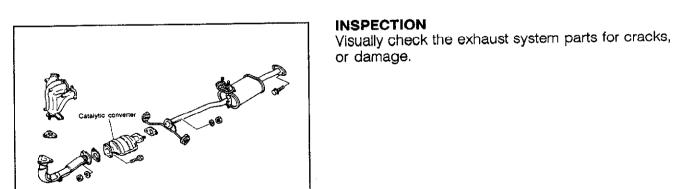
REMOVAL

Remove in the sequence shown in the figure.



- Main silencer
 Catalytic converter

3. Front exhaust pipe



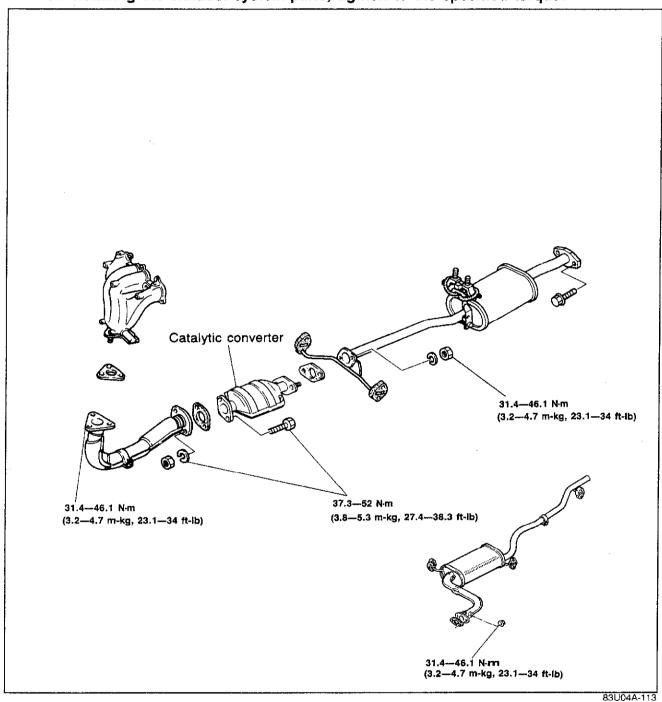
4A EXHAUST SYSTEM

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Note

When installing the exhaust system parts, tighten to the specified torque.

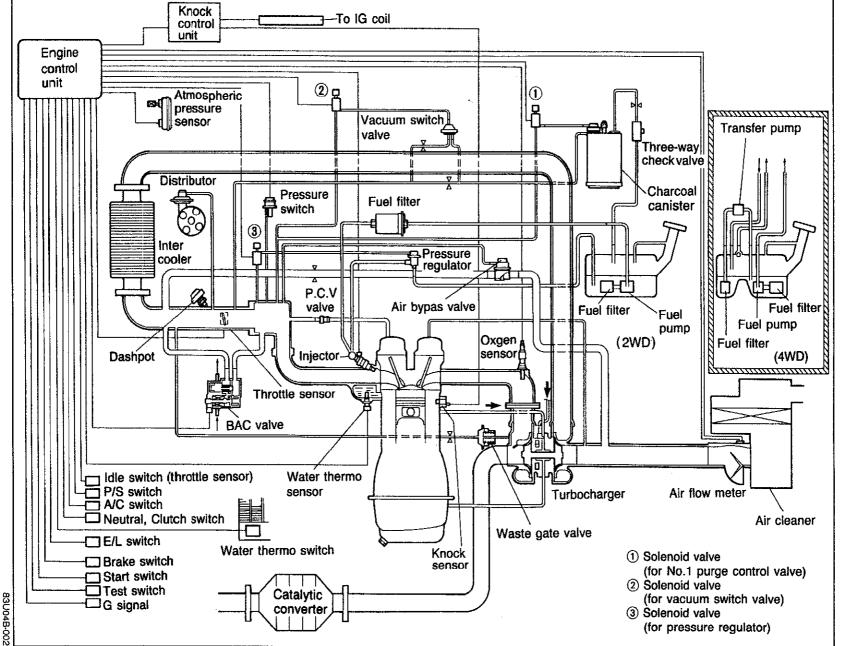


FUEL AND EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMS (TURBO)

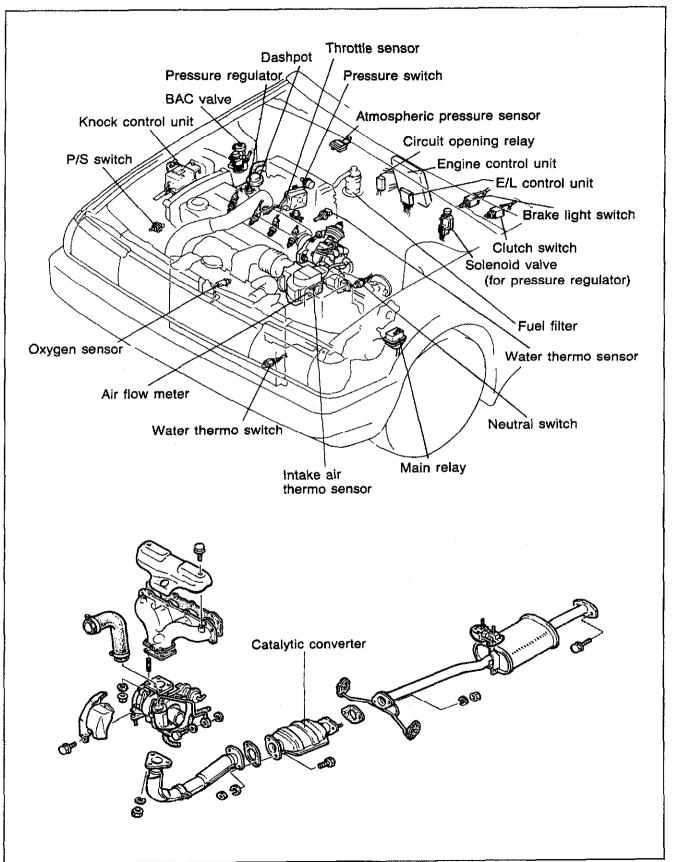
OUTLINE 4B	2	TURBOCHARGING SYSTEM	4B-	-5
SYSTEM DIAGRAM 4B	2	TROUBLESHOOTING CHART		
EMISSION COMPONENTS		REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	4B-	-6
LOCATIONS4B	 3	INSPECTION	4B-	-6
COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS 4B	4	DECELERATION CONTROL SYSTEM	4B-	-64
VACUUM ROUTING DIAGRAM 4B	 6	TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	4B-	-6
SPECIFICATIONS 4B	 7	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION		
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE 4B	8	CONTROL SYSTEM		
RELATIONSHIP CHART 4B	8	SYSTEM INSPECTION	4B -	-6
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART 4B	10	NO.1 PURGE CONTROL VALVE	4B-	-69
TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST 4B	 12	NO.2 PURGE CONTROL VALVE	4B-	-69
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4B	13	SOLENOID VALVEVACUUM SWITCH VALVE	4B-	-69
MONITOR SWITCH FUNCTION 4B	22	VACUUM SWITCH VALVE	4B-	-7(
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4B	23	THREE-WAY CHECK VALVE	4B-	-7(
IDLE ADJUSTMENT 4B		POSITIVE CRANKCASE		
INTAKE AIR SYSTEM 4B		VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM		
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION 4B	28	CONTROL SYSTEM		
PARTS INSPECTION 4B		MAIN FUSE	4B	-7:
AIR BYPASS VALVE 4B	31	MAIN RELAY	4B-	-7;
INTERCOOLER 4B	31	CIRCUIT OPENING RELAY	4B-	-7:
IDLE-SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM		ENGINE CONTROL UNIT		
SYSTEM 4B	32	NEUTRAL SWITCH		
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART 4B	33	CLUTCH SWITCH	4B-	-71
FUEL SYSTEM 4B	36	BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH		
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE AND		AIR FLOW METER	4B-	-7
SERVICING FUEL SYSTEM 4B	37	INTAKE AIR THERMO SENSOR		
MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER		THROTTLE SENSOR	4B-	-86
MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER (49 9200 750A)4B	38	WATER THERMO SENSOR		
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART 4B	40	WATER THERMO SWITCH	4B-	-8:
FUEL PRESSURE 4B	41	OXYGEN SENSOR	4B-	-8:
INSPECTION 4B	43	ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE		
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SYSTEM 4B	44	ELECTRICAL LOAD (E/L)		
REPLACEMENT AND		CONTROL UNIT	4B-	-8!
INSTALLATION 4B	49	EXHAUST SYSTEM	4 B -	-왕(
FUEL TANK (2WD) 48	52	REMOVAL		
FUEL TANK (4WD) 4B	53	INSPECTION	4B-	-8(
PRESSURE REGULÁTOR CONTROL		INSTALLATION	4B-	-87
(PRC) SYSTEM 4B	54	TROUBLESHOOTING WITH MIL		
		(MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT)		
		LIGHT)	4B-	-81
		-	83U04E	3-00

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7



EMISSION COMPONENT LOCATION



4B OUTLINE

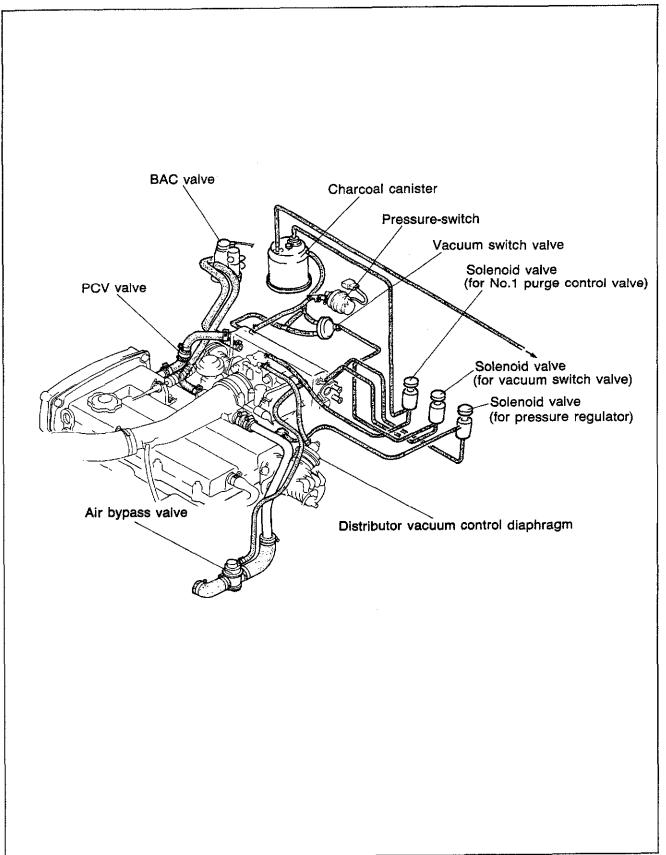
COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

No. COMPONENT		FUNCTION	REMARKS					
1	Air cleaner	Filters air into the combustion chamber						
2	Air flow meter	Detects intake air amount; sends signal to the engine control unit. (for determination of fuel injection amount)	Intake air thermo sensor and fuel pump switch are integrated.					
3	Atmospheric pres- sure sensor	Detects atmospheric pressure to prevent over rich mixture; sends signal to engine control unit.						
4	Air valve	When engine is cold, supplies bypass air into dynamic chamber for quick warm-up and smooth idle.	Thermo wax type Installed into BAC valve					
5	Brake light switch	Detects brake operation (deceleration); sends signal to control unit.						
6	Catalytic converter	Reduce HC and CO by oxidation. Reduce NOx.	Honeycomb construction					
7	Charcoal canister	Stores fuel tank fumes while engine is stopped for evaporative emission.						
8	Check connector	For Self-diagnosis checker	6 pin connector (Green)					
9	Circuit opening relay	Supplies voltage for fuel pump while engine running.						
10	Clutch switch	Detects in-gear condition; sends signal to control unit.	Switch closed when clutch pedal is released.					
11	Engine control unit	Detects the following; 1. Engine speed 2. Intake air amount 3. Engine coolant temperature 4. Engine load condition 5. Oxygen concentration 6. In-gear condition 7. Intake air temperature 8. Atmospheric pressure 9. A/C operation 10. P/S operation 11. E/L operation 12. Starting signal 13. Initial set signal Controls operation of the following; 1. Fuel injection amount 2. Idle speed control system 3. Pressure regulator control system 4. Fail-safe system 5. Monitor switch function	1. Ignition coil () terminal 2. Air flow meter 3. Water thermo sensor 4. Throttle sensor (Point type) 5. Oxygen sensor 6. Clutch switch and neutral switch 7. Intake air thermo sensor (in air flow meter) 8. Atmospheric pressure sensor 9. A/C switch 10. P/S switch 11. E/L switch 12. Starter switch (Ignition switch) 13. Test terminal 1. Injector 2. BAC valve 3. Solenoid valve (for pressure regulator) 4. Self-diagnosis checker and MIL 5. Monitor lamp (Self-diagnosis checker)					
12	Dashpot	Gradually allows throttle valve closing during deceleration.	Adjustment speed MTX2,000 ± 150 rpm					
13	Fuel filter	Filters particles from fuel						
14	Fuel pump	Provides fuel to injectors	Operates while engine is running Installed in fuel tank					
15	Injector	Injects fuel to intake port	Controlled by signals from engine control unit.					
16	Intake Air Thermo Sensor	Detects intake air temperature; compensates fuel injection amount through engine control unit.	Thermistor					
17	Intercooler	Cools intake air temperature after tur- bocharger	Air cooled					

No.	COMPONENT	FUNCTION	REMARKS
18	Intank Filter	Filters particles from fuel	Installed in low-pressure side
19	ISC valve	Supplies bypass air to intake manifold as- sembly for smooth idle	Installed into BAC valve
20	Neutral switch	Detects transaxle condition; sends signal to control unit	
21	Oxygen Sensor	Detects oxygen concentration in exhaust gas; sends signal to engine control unit; compensates fuel injection amount	Zilconia ceramic with platinum coating
22	Pressure Regulator	Regulates fuel pressure to injectors	
23	Pressure Switch (For Overboost De- tection)	Detects overboost condition; sends signal to engine control unit	
24	No.1 Purge Control Valve	Open and closes evaporative vapor pas- sage from canister to intake manifold	During open throttle
25	No.2 Purge Control Valve	Positive pressure and negative pressure valves operate in accordance with fuel tank pressure	Prevents canister from flooding
26	Throttle Sensor (Variable resister type)	Detects throttle opening angle; sends sig- nal to control unit; compensates fuel in- jection amount	
27	Solenoid Valve (for No.1 purge control valve)	Opens and closes vacuum passage to No.1 purge control valve	Controlled by signal from engine control unit
	Solenoid Valve (for vacuum switch valve)	Opens and closes vacuum passage to vacuum switch valve	Controlled by signal from engine control unit
÷	Solenoid valve (for pressure regulator)	Closes vacuum passage between dynamic chamber and pressure regulator	Only during hot condition
28	Transfer Pump	Pumps fuel from one side of tank to other to maintain balance	
29	Turbocharger	Pressurizes intake air utilizing exhaust gas flow	Water cooled
30	Vacuum Switch Valve	Opens passage of vacuum line when vacuum applied	Vacuum from three-way solenoid valve
31	Water Thermo Sensor	Detects coolant temperature; sends sig- nal to control unit; compensates fuel in- jection amount	Thermistor
32	Water Thermo Switch	Detects radiator coolant temperature; sends signal to control unit; increases fuel injection amount	Above 17°C (63°F): ON
33	Waste Gate Valve	Allows bypassing of exhaust gas to con- trol turbocharger boost pressure	

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VACUUM ROUTING DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Engine model	Turbo					
Idle-speed rpm		850 ± 50 in Neutral					
Throttle body							
Type	TO MAKE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	Horizontal draft (1-barrel)					
Throat diameter	mm (in)	50 (1.968)					
Air flow meter		(1000)					
	E2—Vs	Fully closed: 20-400 Fully open: 20-1,000					
	E2-VC	100—300					
Desistance	E2—VB	200—400					
Resistance Ω	E2—THA	-20°C (-4°F) 10,000—20,000 20°C (68°F) 2,000—3,000 60°C (140°F) 400—700					
Fuel pump							
Туре		Impeller (in tank)					
Output pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	441—588 (4.5—6.0, 64—85)					
Feeding capacity	cc (cu in)/10 sec.	220-380 (13.4-23.2) when fuel pressure is at 250 kPa					
Transfer pump							
Feeding capacity	cc (cu in)/10 sec.	278—388 (16.95—23.7)					
Pressure regulator		The second of th					
Туре		Diaphragm					
Regulating pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	240-279 (2.45-2.85, 34.8-40.5)					
Fuel filter							
Туре	Low-pressure side	Nylon 6 (250 mesh) element					
	High-pressure side	Paper element					
Injector							
Туре		High-ohmic					
Type of drive		Voltage					
Resistance	Ω	12—16					
Injection amount	cc (cu in)/15 sec	66—82 (4.0—5.0)					
Turbocharger							
Туре		Water cooled					
Lubrication		Engine oil					
Boost pressure (Max)	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	55-64 (0.56-0.65, 8.0-9.2)					
Waste-gate valve							
Operating pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	48.1—58.9 (0.49—0.60, 7.0—8.6)					
idle-speed control valve							
Solenoid resistance	Ω	5—20					
Fuel tank							
Capacity	liters (US gal, Imp gal)	50 (13, 11)					
Air cleaner							
Element type		Wet					
Accelerator cable							
Free play	mm (in)	1—3 (0.039—0.118)					
Fuel							
Specification		Unleaded gasoline					

83U04B-006

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

RELATIONSHIP CHART Input Devices and Output Devices

OUTPUT	INJE	CTOR	PRCV	BAC	VALVE	PURGE SOLENOID					
INPUT DEVICE	FUEL IN- JECTION AMOUNT	FUEL IN- JECTION TIMING	SOLENOID	AIR VALVE	ISC VALVE	No.1	No.2				
IGNITION COIL	0	0	×	X	0	Х	0				
AIR FLOW METER	0	×	×	×	×	×	0				
IDLE SWITCH	0	×	0	Х	0	X	Х				
THROTTLE SENSOR	0	×	х	X	x	X	Х				
WATER THERMO SENSOR	0	х	0	X	0	0	x				
INTAKE AIR THERMO SENSOR	0	×	0	Х	0	0	x				
ATMOSPHER- IC PRESSURE O X SENSOR		×	X	, x	0	X	×				
OXYGEN SENSOR			x	Х	0	0	X				
PRESSURE SWITCH	0	Х	x	×	х	Х	X				
BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH	0 X		0 X		LIGHT 0		x	Х	x	X	х
WATER THERMO SWITCH	0	х	x	X	0	0	Х				
SWITCH		×	0	X	0	0	X				
		0	0	×	X	x	X				
FF SWITCH	0	Х	х	×	x	x	Х				
A/C SWITCH	Х	×	x	X	0	x	×				
P/S SWITCH	x	X	х	×	0	X	Х				
G SENSOR	х	0	x	X	x	X	Х				
TEST CONNECTOR	Х	Х	×	X	0	х	Х				

83U04B-007

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE 4B

C	ENGINE ONDITION	CRANKING	WARMING UP	MEDIUM LOAD		ACCEL EDATION	HEAVY	DEOC: EDATION	IDLE	IGN: ON			
OUTPUT DEVICES		(COLD ENGINE)	(DURING IDLE)	COLD	WARM	ACCELERATION	LOAD	DECELERATION	(THROTTLE VALVE FULLY CLOSED)	(ENGINE NOT RUNNING)	REMARKS		
INJECTOR	INJECTION		Rich		Rich and Lean	Rich		Rich		Rich Fuel Cut		Does not inject	
	INJEC- TION TIMING	1 Group			2 Grou	0			2 Group		Above 6,800 rpm fuel cut		
PRCV SO	PLENOID	ON (Vacuum cut)		OFF (Vacuum to pressure regulator)					* After start ON (Vacuum cut)	Does not operate	* During hot starting		
BAC VALVE	AIR VALVE		* Open		Close						* Coolant temp: below 60°C (140°F)		
	ISC VALVE		mount of		Sm	all amount of	bypass air		* Large and small amount of bypass air	Does not operate	* Test connector grounded: small amount		
PURGE SOLEN-	No.1	C	OFF Vacuum cut)	* ON OFF cut) (Vacuum to No.1 purge control valve) (Vacuum cut)							* Positive pressare: OFF		
VID	No.2	41	FF um cut)	(V	acuum to v	* ON vacuum switch	valve)	OFF (Vacuum cut)			* Engine speed: above 1,500 rpm		

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

POSSIBLE CAUSE						IN	PUT	EVIC	ES				OUTPUT DEVICES			
PAGE.		Ignition call	Group sensor (Distributor)	Air flow meter	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor (in Air flow meter)	Throttle sensor (Variable resistor type)	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Oxygen sensor	Feedback system		Solenoid valve (Pressure regulator)	Solenoid valve (No.1 purge control valve)	Solenoid valve (Vacuum switch valve)	BAC Valve (idle speed control valve)	
S	ҮМРТОМ		4B—14	4B—14	4 B —15	4B—16	48—17	4B18	4B—19	4B20	4B20		4B—21	4B21	4B21	48—21
1	Front indicated by	y SST Code NO.	01	03	08	09	10	12	14	15	17		25	26	27	34
2	Hard start or (Crank: OK)	won't start	TRO	UBLE	SHO	OTING	PRO	CEDU	IRE:							
3	Engine stall	Only while warming up	Note	1	der e	emente	m le	to au	ا ماداد	riatarr	nine :	what s	veten	or n	arts n	nav
		Only after warming up	be a	t faul	t usin	g the	self-I	Olagno	osis C	heck	er (49	H018 solenc	9A1)			,
4	Rough idle	Only while warming up		diag	nosed	with \$	Self-D	iagno	sis ch	necke	r (Řefe	er to pa	age 41	3—12)		
		Only after warming up	2nd	Chec		er swit	ches	with S	elf-Dia	agnos	is Ch	icker (Refer	to pag	ge	
5	High idle spec	ed after	3rd			follow		ems:		اختصادا	·					
6					attery	syste condit				1) Sp	on sy ark pl nition t	ugs				
7	Runs rough or	deceleration		Fuel	syste	em				Intak	e air :	systen	n			
8					iel am iel lea					1) Air	clear	er eler or air	nent leakad	ie		
10	9 Excessive fuel consumption 10 Abnormal noise			3) Fı	uel filte	er T				 3) Va 	cuum	hose r	routing			
11				4) ld	le spe	ed				4) Ac	celera	tor cat	olė			
12 White smoke			4th	Chec	k the	Fuel	and Er	missio	n Con	trol Sy	stems					
13 Excessive oil consumption																
14 Afterburn in exhaust system																
15		or rough af-														
16	Fail emission															
ш															83U0	48-009

POSSIBLE CAUSE		Intake air system (Poor connection of components, throttle body)	Fuel system (Fuel injection, fuel pressure)	ISC (Idle speed control) system (Air valve, ISC solenoid valve)	PRC (Pressure regulator control) system	Turbocharging system (Oil and water passage, turbine, and compressor wheels malfunction)	PCV (Positive crank case ventilation) system	Knock control system	Evaporative emission control system (Vacuum switch valve, No.1, No.2 purge valve maffunction)	Deceleration system (Fuel cut operation malfunction)	Exhaust system (System clogged)
P/	\GE	4B27	4B37	4B—32	4B54	4B58	48—71	5-41	4B67	4B64	4B86
	2	2	1								
	3	3	2	1							
		4	3	2	<u> </u>		1			_	
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		5 2	4	2			<u> </u>		- 3		
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₹	7		3	2						1	· ·
SYMPTOM	8					2		1			
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S	10					1					
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S	11 12					1 1					
S	11 12 13					1					
6	11 12 13 14	3	4	1		1 1				2	
(S	11 12 13	3	4 2 6	1 3	1	1 1			4	2	1

83U04B-010

The number of the list show the priorities of inspections from the most possible to that with the lowest possibility.

These were determined on the following basis:

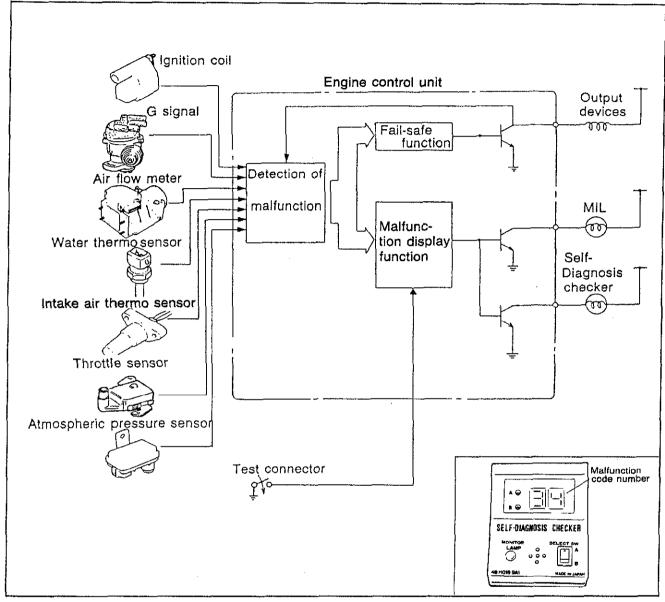
• Ease of inspection

• Most possible system

• Most possible point in the system

TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

SELF-DIAGNOSIS CHECKER (49 H018 9A1)

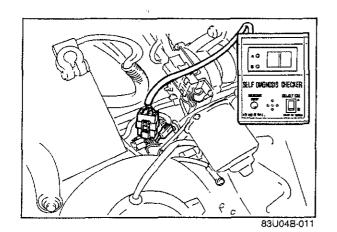


69G04A-020

When troubles occur in the main input devices or output devices, check for the cause using **SST**. Using the **SST**, failures of each input and output device are indicated and retrieved from the control unit as malfunction code numbers.

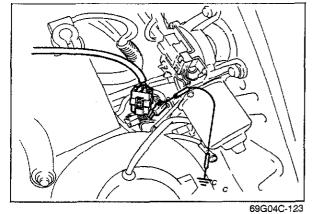
Note

The control unit constantly checks for malfunction of the input devices. But, the control unit checks for malfunction of output devices only in a 3 second period after the ignition switch is turned ON and the test connector is grounded.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

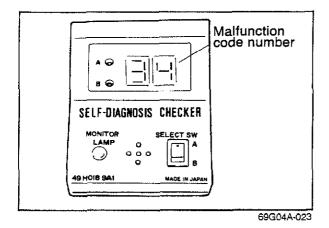
- 1. Warm-up the engine to normal operating temperature and stop it.
- 2. Connect **SST** to the check connector (Green: 6pin) and the battery negative cable.



- Connect a jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1pin) and a ground.
 Turn the ignition switch ON, then check for any
 - 4. Turn the ignition switch ON, then check for any code number.

Note

The SST buzzer should sound for 3 sec. after the ignition switch is turned ON.



- 5. Start the engine, and check for further code numbers.
- 6. If a code number illuminates, check for the cause of the problem.

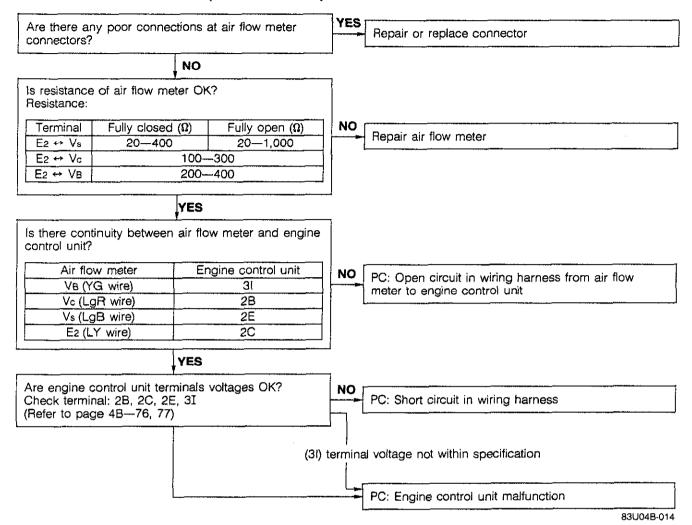
4B TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

If a warning code number is illuminated on SST, check the following chart along with the wiring diagram.

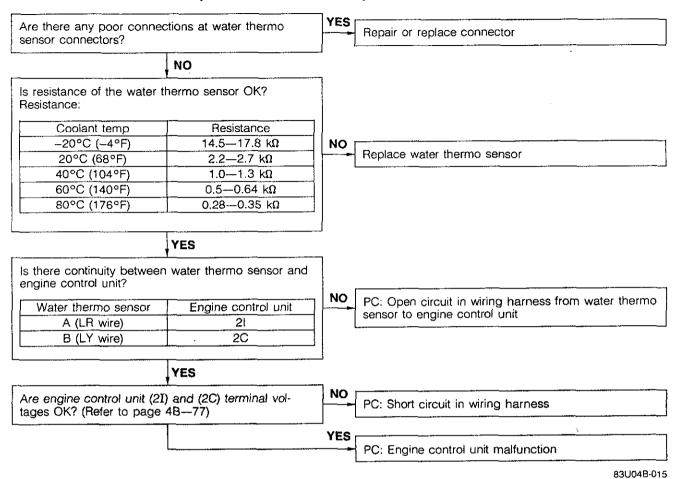
No. 01 code illumination (Ignition Pulse) PC: Possible Cause Are there any poor connections at ignition coil Repair or replace connector connectors? NO Is resistance of ignition coil OK? NO Resistance: Primary 0.72—0.88 Ω Secondary 6—30 kΩ Replace ignition coil YES NO PC: Open circuit in wiring harness from ignition coil Is there continuity between ignition coil (--) terminal wire and engine control unit (1M) terminal? to engine control unit (1M) terminal YES Is engine control unit (1M) terminal voltage OK? PC: Short circuit in wiring harness (Refer to page 4B-76) YES PC: Engine control unit malfunction 83U04B-012 No. 03 Code Illumination (G Signal) YES Are there any poor connection at the distributor Repair or replace connector connectors? NO OV PC: Measure (1N) terminal voltage of engine control Open circut in the wiring harness from (1N) terminal unit at idle. (Refer to page 4B-76) of engine control unit to distributor. Malfunction of G signal generator Approx. 3.0V PC: Engine control unit defective

83U04B-013

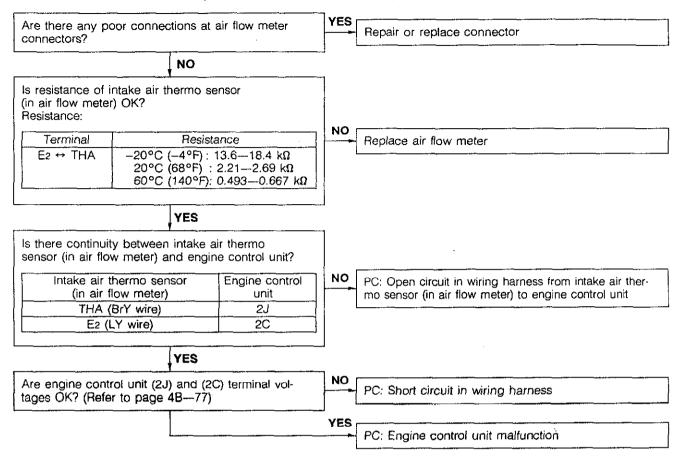
No. 08 Code illumination (Air Flow Meter)



No. 09 Code illumination (Water Thermo Sensor)

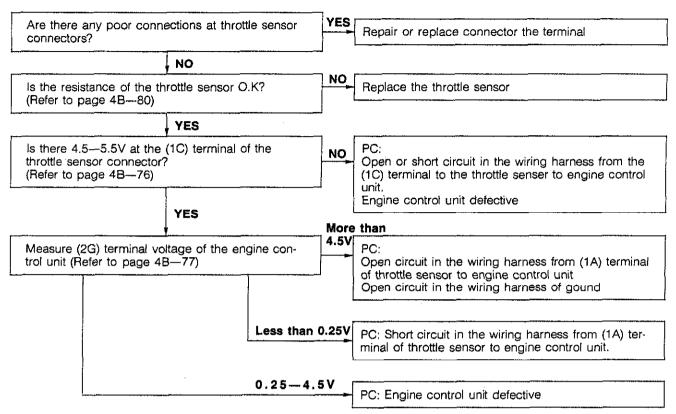


No. 10 Code illumination (Intake Air Thermo Sensor)

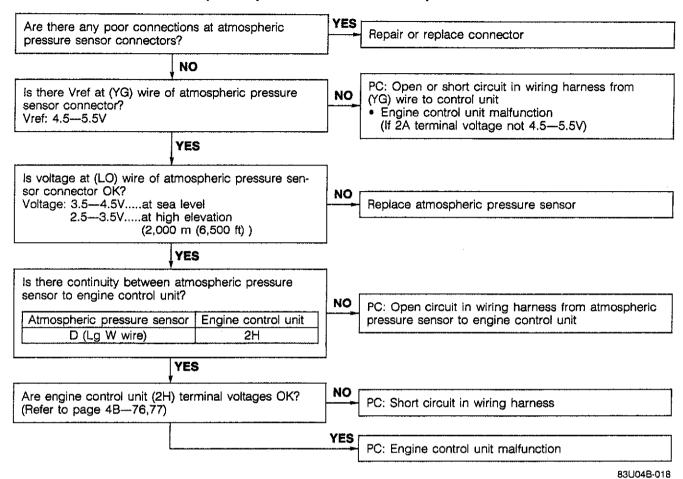


4B TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

No. 12 Code Illumination (Throttle Sensor)

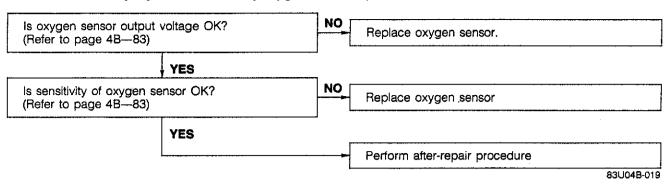


No. 14 Code illumination (Atmospheric Pressure Sensor)

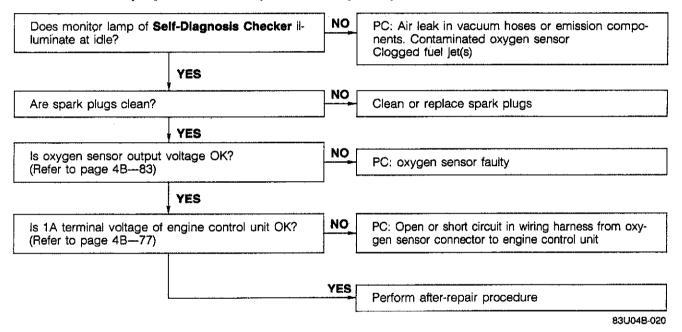


4B TROUBLESHOOTING WITH SST

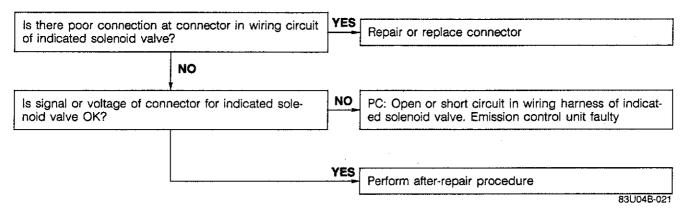
No. 15 Code display illumination (Oxygen Sensor)



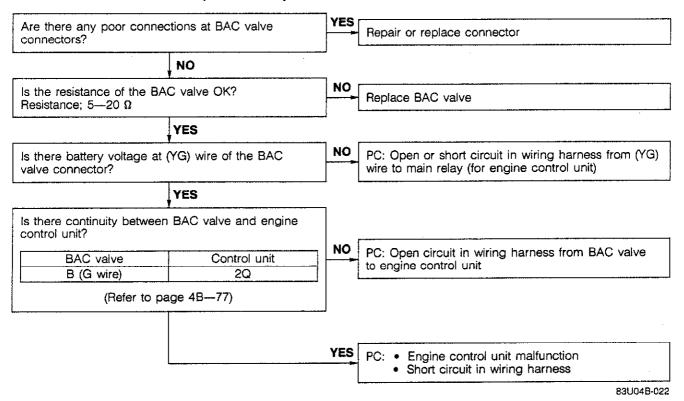
No. 17 Code display illumination (Feedback System)



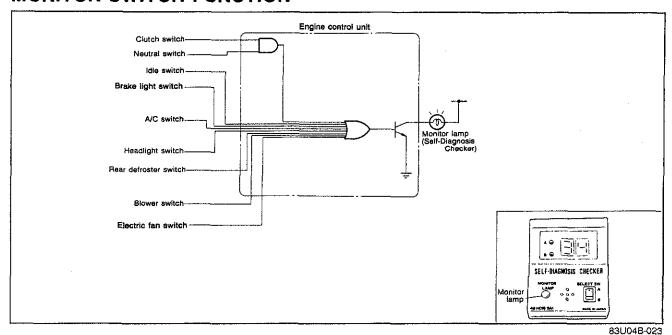
No. 25, 26, 27 Code illumination (Solenoid Valve)



No. 34 Code illumination (BAC Valve)



MONITOR SWITCH FUNCTION



The operation of individual switches can be determined by the monitor lamp SST.

Note The test connector must be grounded and the ignition switch ON (engine stopped) to check the switches.

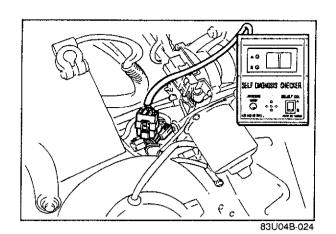
0	Self-Diagno:	Remarks		
Switch	Monitor lamp ON	Monitor lamp OFF	nemarks	
Clutch switch	Pedal released	Pedal depressed	Gear: IN	
Neutral switch	in gear	Neutral	Clutch pedal released	
Idle switch (Throttle sensor)	Pedal depressed	Pedal released		
Brake light switch	Pedal depressed	Pedal released		
A/C switch	ON	OFF	Blower motor position: "1" position	
Headlight switch	ON	OFF		
Rear defroster switch	ON	OFF		
Blower switch	ON	OFF Blower moto "3" position		
Water thermo switch (Electric fan)	Disconnected terminal	Connected terminal		

OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR FUNCTION

The oxygen sensor and feedback mode are monitored as follows.

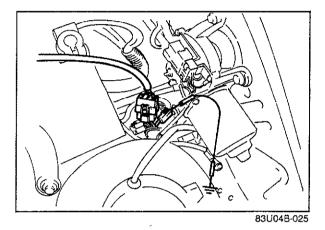
Co	Condition		Eurotion		
Engine	Test connector	Item monitored	Function		
Runnina	Running Not grounded	Oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen sensor output more than 0.55V: Monitor lamp ON		
		Oxygen sensor output signal	Oxygen sensor output less than 0.55V: Monitor lamp OFF		

86U04X-582



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and stop it.
- Connect SST to the check connector (Green: 6 pin) and the battery negative terminal.



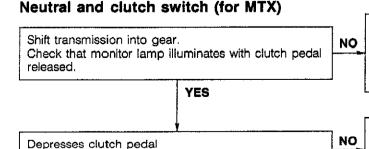
- 3. Connect a jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1 pin) and a ground.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON, then check that the monitor lamp illuminates when each switch is made to function according to below procedure.

Caution

- a) When even one of the switches is activated, the monitor lamp will stay on.
- b) Do not start the engine.

Procedure

Check each switch and related wiring harness. Set the conditions to deactivate each switch. · All accessories are OFF. Clutch and Neutral switch: Refer to page 4A—78. NO Idle switch (Throttle sensor): Refer to page 4A—80. Transmission is neutral. Brake light switch: Refer to page 4A—78. All pedals are released. A/C switch Check that the monitor lamp does not illuminate. · Headlight switch: Section 15 YES • Rear defroster switch: Section 15 • Blower switch: Section 15 Check each switch in accordance with following Water thermo switch: Refer to page 3B—6. procedures



Check that monitor lamp does not illuminate

PC: • Neutral or clutch switch malfunction (Refer to 4B—78)

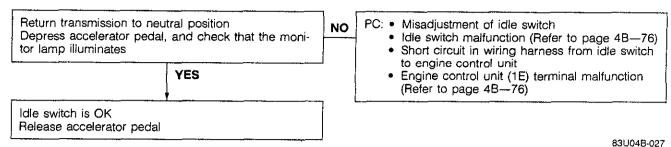
- · Open or short circuit in related wiring harness
- Engine control unit (1G) terminal malfunction (Refer to 4B—76)

PC: • Clutch switch malfunction (Refer to 4B—76)

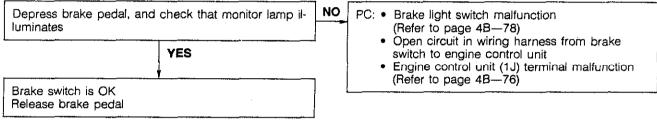
 Short circuit in wiring harness from clutch switch to engine control unit

4B MONITOR SWITCH FUNCTION

Idle switch (Throttle sensor)

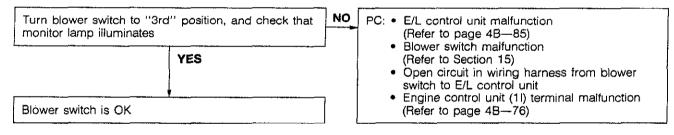


Brake light switch



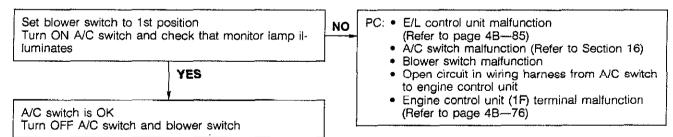
83U04B-028

Blower switch

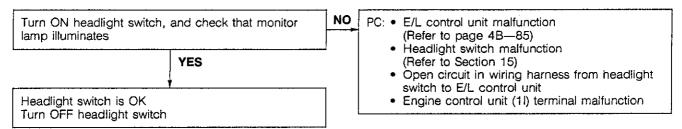


83U048-029

A/C switch

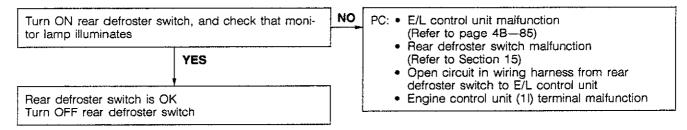


Headlight switch



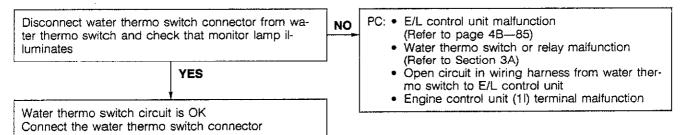
83U04B-031

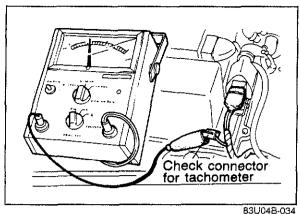
Rear defroster switch

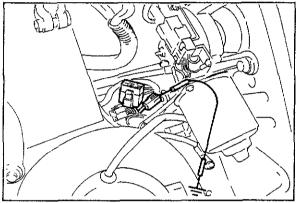


83U04B-032

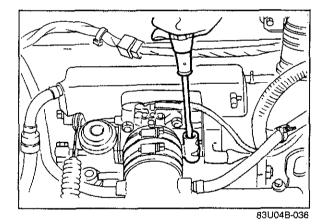
Water thermo switch circuit (not include switch inspection)







83U048-035



IDLE ADJUSTMENT

Preparation

Before checking or adjusting the idle speed, perform the followings:

- Switch off all accessaries.
- Connect a tachometer to check connector
- Warm up the engine to normal operating tem-
- Check and adjust the ignition timing.
- Connect a jump wire between the test connector and ground.

idle speed

1. Check the idle speed.

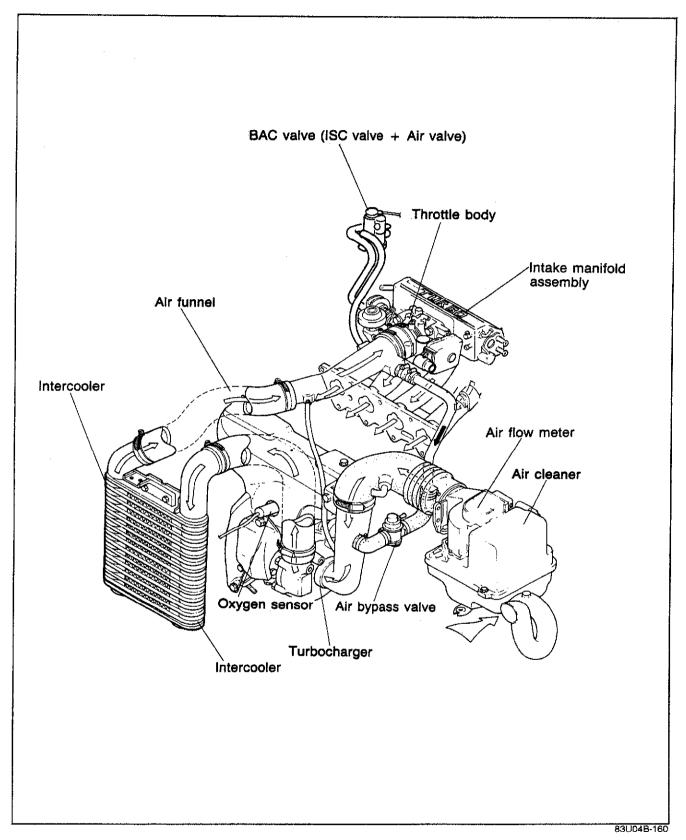
Idle speed: 850 ±50 rpm

- 2. If the idle speed is not within specification, remove the blind cap from air adjust screw and adjust it by turning the air adjust screw.
- 3. After adjusting the idle speed, install the blind cap and disconnect a jumper wire from the test connector.

Note

Check and adjust the dashpot operation after adjusting the idle speed.

INTAKE AIR SYSTEM

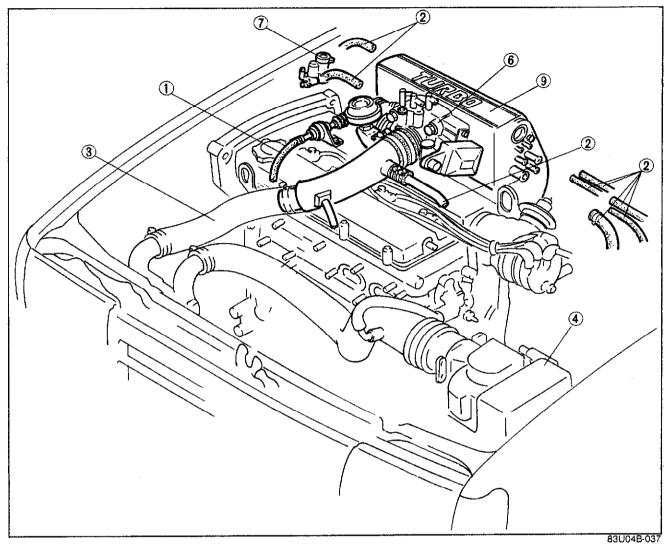


This system is comprised of the air cleaner, air flow meter, turbocharger, intercooler, air bypass valve, air funnel, throttle body, intake manifold assembly, and BAC valve.

4B INTAKE AIR SYSTEM

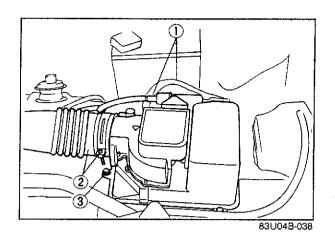
REMOVAL AND INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Remove the intake air system in accordance with the following order.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



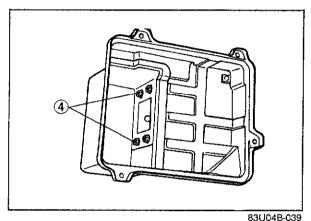
- 1. Accelerator cable
- 2. Air hoses and vacuum hoses
- 3. Air funnel
- 4. Air cleaner
- 5. Water hoses

- 6. Throttle body 7. BAC valve
- 8. Water hose (for oil cooler)
- 9. Intake manifold assembly



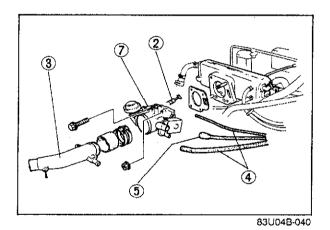
Air Flow Meter Removal and Installation

- 1. Remove the high tension leads and connectors.
- 2. Loosen the hose band and remove the intake air hose.
- 3. Remove the attaching bolts of air cleaner cover.



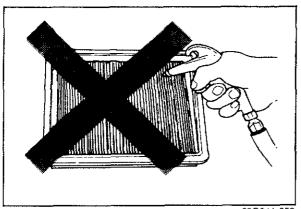
- 4. Turn the air cleaner cover upside down and remove the attaching nuts of air flow meter.
- 5. Remove the air flow meter.

Install in the reverse order of removal.



Throttle Body Removal and Installation

- 1. Drain the water from radiator
- 2. Disconnect the accelerator cable from the throttle linkage
- 3. Disconnect the air funnel
- 4. Disconnect the hoses and tubes
- 5. Disconnect the throttle sensor connector
- 6. Remove the attaching nuts and bolts of throttle body
- 7. Remove the throttle body
- 8. Install in the reverse order of removal



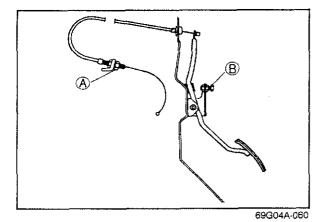
69G04A-059

PARTS INSPECTION Air Cleaner Element

Caution

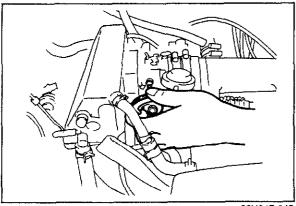
Do not use the compressed air to clean the air cleaner element.

- 1. Check the condition of the air cleaner element.
- 2. Replace, if necessary.



Accelerator Cable

- Inspect the deflection of the cable. If the deflection is not within 1~3 mm (0.04~0.12 in.), adjust by using nuts (A).
- 2. Depress the accelerator pedal to the floor and confirm that the throttle valve is fully opened. Adjust by using bolt (B) if necessary.



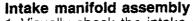
83U04B-042

Throttle Body

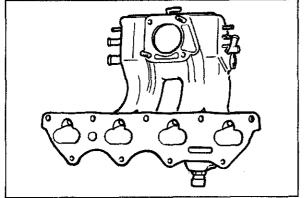
- 1. Check that the throttle valve move smoothly when the throttle lever is moved from fully closed and fully open.
- 2. Replace, if necessary.

Note

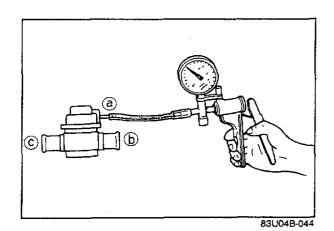
For inspection and adjustment of the throttle sensor, refer to Control System (Page 4B—80).



- 1. Visually check the intake manifold assembly for damage.
- 2. Replace, if necessary.



83U04B-043

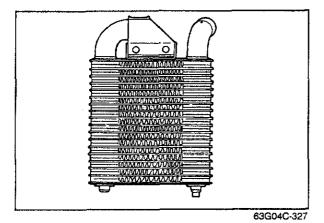


AIR BYPASS VALVE

Inspection

- 1. Remove the air bypass valve.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump tester to port @ of the valve.
- 3. Apply vacuum and check that the air flow through the valve from port ⑤ to port ⑥ at 100—370 mmHg (3.94—14.58 inHg) of the vacuum.

4. Replace the valve if necessary.

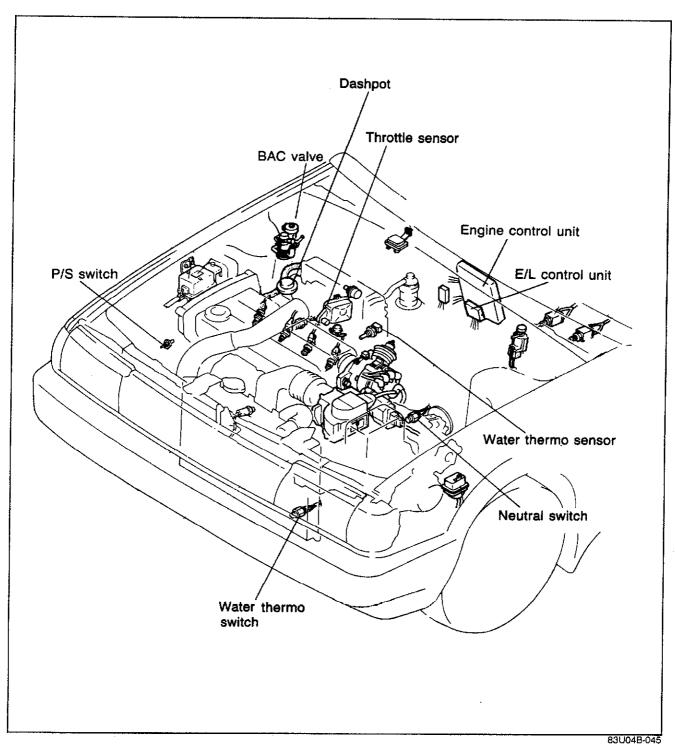


INTERCOOLER

Inspection

- 1. Remove the intercooler.
- 2. Inspect the intercooler for cracks, restriction, or damage, replace if necessary.

IDLE SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM



OUTLINE

To improve idle smoothness, the ISC system controls the intake air amount detected by the air flow meter by regulating the bypass air amount that passes through the throttle body, and thereby helps the engine to maintain a steady idle speed.

This system consists of the BAC valve and the control system.

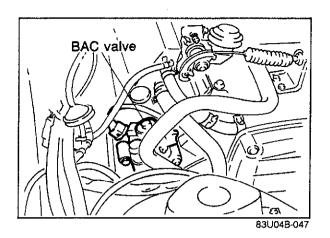
The BAC valve consists of the air valve which functions only during cold engine conditions and the ISC valve which works throughout the entire engine speed range.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Before performing the following troubleshooting, check the condition of the wiring harness and connector.

P	POSSIBLE CAUSE	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor	Throttle sensor (Variable resistor type)	ISC system (System inspection)	BAC valve	Engine control unit terminal voltage
SYMPTOM		4B82	4B79	4B—80	4B34	4B35	4B—77
	While warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Engine stall	After warming up	3	4		1	2	5
	While warming up	3	4		1	2	5
Rough idle	After warming up	3	4		1	2	5,
High Idle speed after warming up		3	4		1	2	5
Runs rough on deceleration		4	5	3	1	2	6
Afterburn in exhaust system	1	4	5	3	1	2	6
Fall emission test		4	5	3	1	2	6

4B IDLE SPEED CONTROL (ISC) SYSTEM

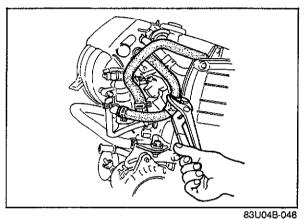


System Inspection

- 1. Connect the jumper wire between the test connector (Green: 1 pin) and ground.
- 2. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 3. Start the engine and run it at idle.

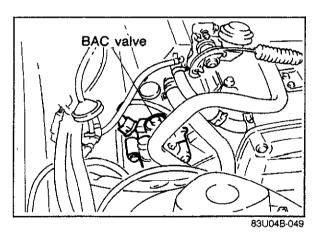
Note

When the BAC valve is disconnected, the engine speed will be reduced, which is normal.

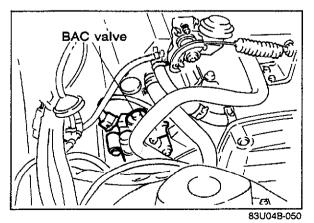


4. Pinch the air hose and note the engine speed.

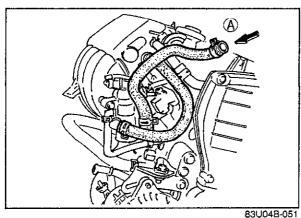
Cold engine: Engine speed drops
Warm engine: Engine speed unchanged



- 5. Connect the BAC valve connector.
- 6. Disconnect the jumper wire.
- 7. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 8. Check that the idle speed is correct.



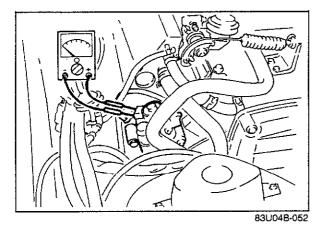
- Connect the jumper wire between the test connector and ground.
- 10. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 11. Check that the engine speed decreases.
- 12. Reconnect the BAC valve connector.



BAC Valve Air valve

- 1. Disconnect the air hoses from the air funnel.
- 2. Blow through the BAC valve from port (A). Check the air flow.

Cold engine: Air flows Warm engine: Air does not flow

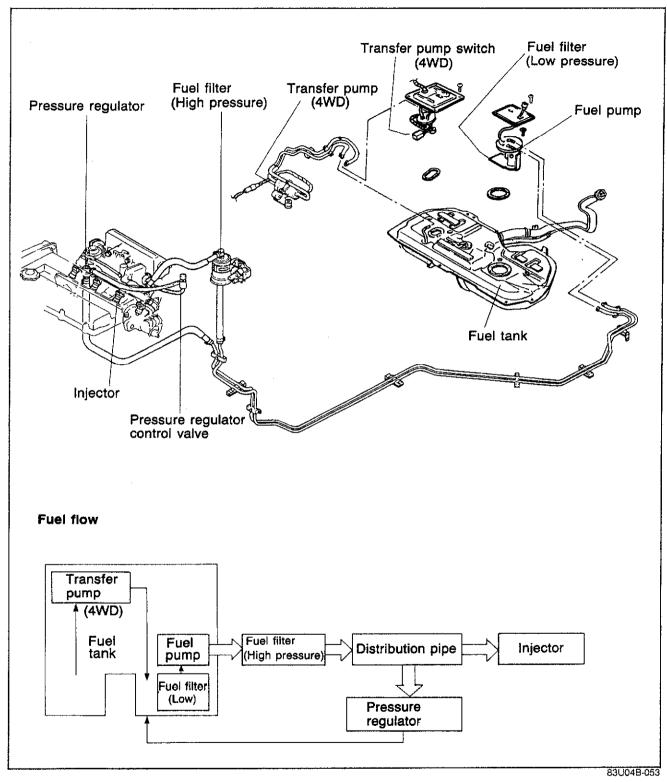


ISC valve

- 1. Disconnect the BAC valve connector.
- 2. Connect an ohmmeter to the terminals of the BAC
- 3. Check the resistance.

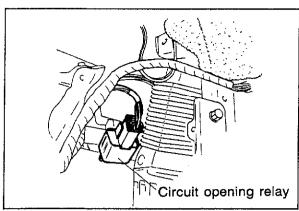
Resistance: 5-20 Ω

FUEL SYSTEM

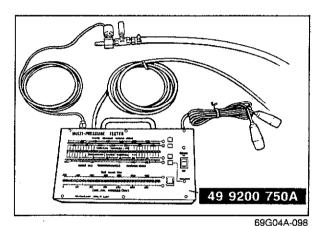


This system supplies fuel for engine and controls the fuel pressure to maintain the required fuel injection amount to each injector.

This system consists of the fuel pump, transfer pump (only 4WD), pressure regulator, delivery pipe, fuel filters, and injectors.



83U04B-054

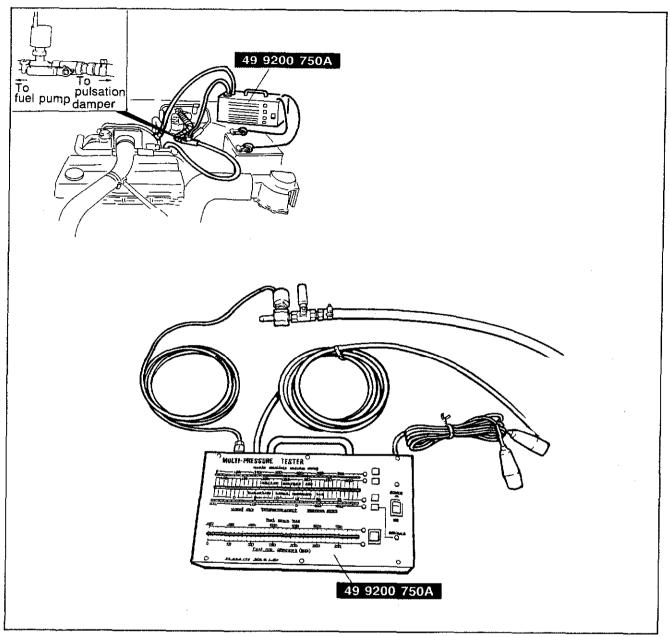


FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE AND SERVICING FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel in the fuel lines remains under high pressure even when the engine is not running.

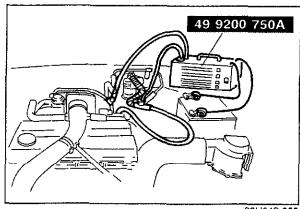
- a) Before disconnecting any fuel line, release the fuel pressure from the fuel line to reduce the possibility of injury or fire.
 - 1. Start the engine.
 - 2. Disconnect the circuit opening relay connector.
 - 3. After the engine stalls, turn OFF the ignition switch.
 - 4. Connect the circuit opening relay connector.
- b) Use a rag as protection from fuel spray when disconnecting the hoses.
 - Plug the hoses after removal.
- c) When inspecting the fuel system, use SST.

MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER (49 9200 750A)



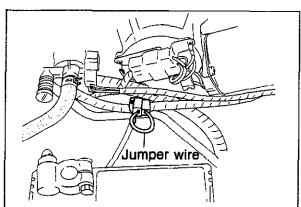
69G04A-099

The **MULTI-PRESSURE TESTER** (49 9200 750A) has been developed to check the fuel pressure and intake manifold vacuum. These can easily be inspected by setting the buttons on the tester.



83U04B-055

83U04B-056



83U04B-057

How to Connect Multi-Pressure Tester

Warning

Before connecting SST, release the fuel pressure from the fuel line to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- 2. Disconnect the fuel main hose from the pressure regulator
- 3. Connect SST between fuel main hose and pressure regulator using adapter.

Caution

Do not reverse the adapter connection.

- 4. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the pressure regulator control solenoid valve, and connect SST vacuum hose using a three-way joint.
- 5. Connect the battery negative cable.
- 6. Connect **SST** to the battery.

- 7. Connect the terminals of the test connector (yellow connector) with a jumper wire. Turn the ignition switch ON to operate the fuel pump.
- 8. Check for fuel leaks.

Caution

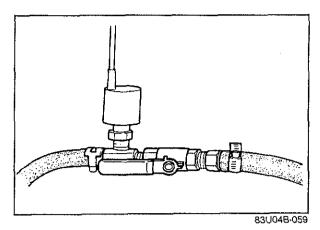
After checking fuel leakage, turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the jumper wire from the service connector.

4B FUEL SYSTEM

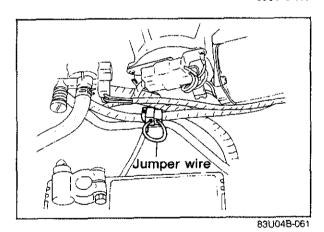
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

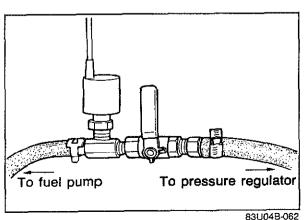
Before performing the following troubleshooting, check the condition of the wiring harness and connector.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	Water thermo sensor	Air flow meter	ntake air thermo sensor	Throttle sensor (Variable resistor type)	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Oxygen sensor	Fuel pressure	Injector		Engine control unit terminal voltage	
		3	¥	<u> </u>	F	¥	O	교	<u>.</u>	3C	3E	3B
		4B—82	4B—79	4B—79	4B—80	4B—84	4B83	4841	4B43	48	76 ,	77
Hard start or won't sta	rt (Crank OK)	3						1	2	5	6	4
Engine stall	While warming up	3	4	5		6		1	2	7	8	
Engine stan	Engine stall After warming up		4	5		6	7	1	2	8	9	
Pough idio	While warming up	3	4	5		6		1	2	7	8	
Rough idle After warming up		3	4	5		6	7	1	2	8	9	
Poor acceleration, hesitation or lack of power		4	5		1			2	3	6	7	
Runs rough on deceleration		2					_		1	3	4	
Excessive fuel consumption		3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	9	10	
Afterburn in exhaust system		3	4	5			_	7	2	6	7	
Engine stalls or rough after hot starting		3		4				1	2	5	6	
Engine stalls or rough	Falls emission test		1		,						· ·	



200 25D





FUEL PRESSURE

Note

- a) When inspecting fuel pressure, use SST. (Refer to page 4B—39)
- b) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.

Injection Pressure

- 1. Set the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 2. Run the engine and measure the injection pressure at various speeds,

Injection pressure: Approx. 240—279 kPa (2.45—2.85 kg/cm², 34.8—40.5 psi)

3. If not within specification, check the fuel pump pressure, fuel line pressure, and injector (Refer to page 4B—47)

Fuel Pump Pressure

- 1. Connect the terminals of the test connector (yellow connector) with a jumper wire.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON to operate the fuel pump.
- 3. Move the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 4. Check the fuel pump pressure.

Fuel pump pressure: 441—588 kPa (4.5—6.0 kg/cm², 64.0—85.3 psi)

5. If the fuel pump pressure is not within specification, check the followings.

No pressure

Fuel pump operation (Refer to page 4B—43)

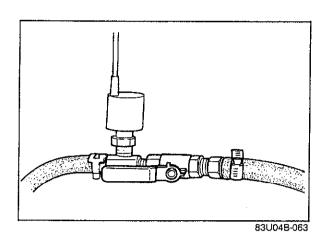
Low pressure

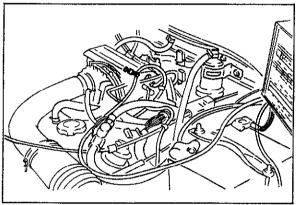
Fuel pump feeding capacity (Refer to page 4B—43)

High pressure

Replace the fuel pump

6. After checking the fuel pump pressure, disconnect the jumper wire from the service connector.





83U04B-064

Fuel line Pressure

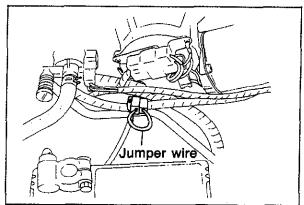
- 1. Start the engine and run it idle.
- 2. Move the lever on the adapter as shown in the figure.
- 3. Check the fuel line pressure.

Fuel line pressure: Approx. 167—216 kPa (1.7—2.2 kg/cm², 24.1—31.3 psi)

- 4. If not within specification, check the vacuum hose.
- 5. Disconnect a vaccum hose of pressure regulator.
- 6. Check the fuel line pressure.

Fuel line pressure: 240—279 kPa (2.45—2.85 kg/cm², 34.8—40.5 psl)

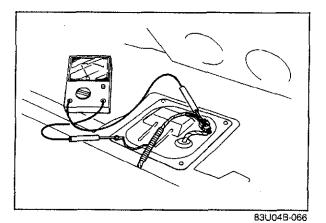
- 7. If not within specifications, replace the pressure regulator.
- 8. Connect the vacuum hose to pressure regulator.



83U04B-065

INSPECTION Fuel Pump (Operation Test)

- 1. Connect a jumper wire to the test connector (Yellow).
- 2. Open the fuel tank lid, and fuel filler cap.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check that the fuel pump operation sound.
- 5. Shut the fuel filler cap, and fuel tank lid.

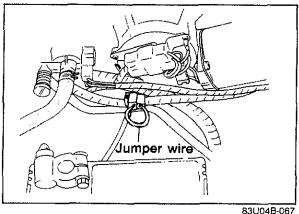


6. If operation sound is not produced, check the voltage at the fuel pump connector.

Voltage: 12V

(IG: ON, Voltmeter [GR and B] connected)

7. If the voltage is normal, replace the fuel pump.

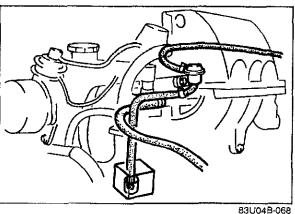


Fuel pump (Volume test)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Connect a jumper wire to test connector (Yellow connector).
- 2. Disconnect the fuel return hose from fuel return pipe.



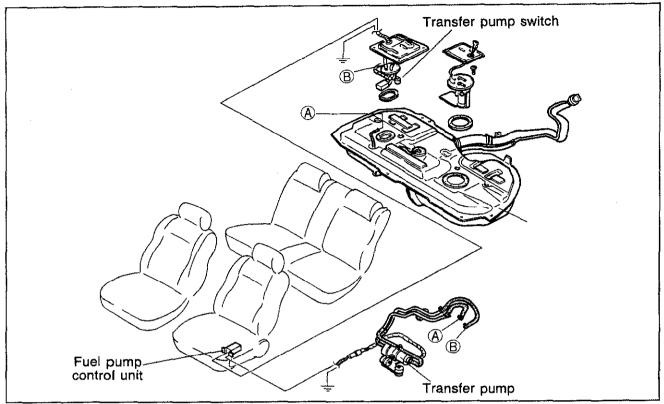
3. Turn the ignition switch ON for 10 seconds, and check the feeding capacity with graduated cylinder.

Feeding capacity:

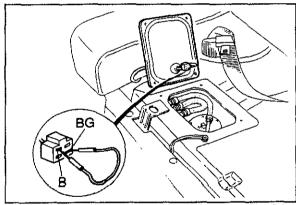
220-380 cc (13.4-23.2 cu-in)/10 sec when fuel pressure at 250 kPa (2.55 kg/cm², 36.3 psi)

4. If not within specification, check the fuel filter, and fuel line.

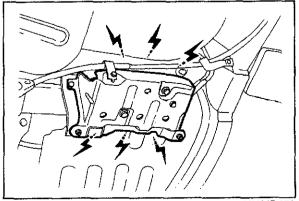
TRANSFER PUMP CONTROL SYSTEM



63G04C-351



83U04B-069



83U04B-070

Inspection

- 1. Remove the rear seat cushion.
- 2. Remove attaching screws and cover.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 4. Disconnect the fuel tank gauge unit connector, then short or open the (BG) and (B) terminals of the fuel tank gauge unit connector using a jumper wire, and check the transfer pump operation.

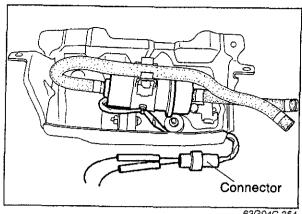
Terminals	Transfer pump operation
Short	Stop
Open	Run

Note

The transfer pump will not operate until 10 seconds after opening the (BG) and (B) terminals.

If the operation is not correct, check the following parts.

Transfer pump Fuel pump control unit Transfer pump switch

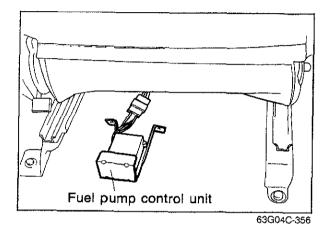


Transfer Pump Inspection

Measure the resistance with the transfer pump connector disconnected.

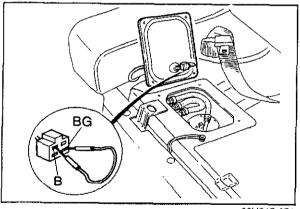
Resistance: 8 \O





Fuel Pump Control Unit Inspection

1. Remove the control unit under the driver's seat.

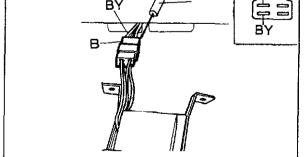


83U04B-071

- 2. Remove the rear seat cushion. 3. Disconnect the fuel tank gauge unit connector.
- 4. Remove attaching screws and cover.
- 5. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 6. Short or open the (BG) and (B) terminals of the fuel tank gauge unit connector, and check the voltage (B) and (BY) terminals of the fuel pump control unit.

Terminals	Voltage V				
,	В	BY			
Short	0	0			
Open	0	12			

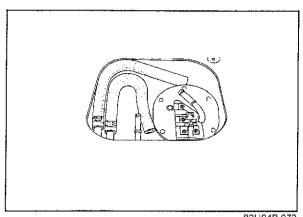
7. If the voltage is not within specifications, replace the fuel pump control unit.



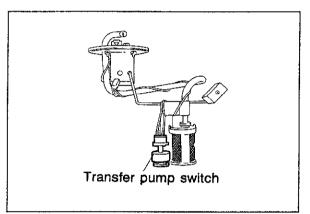
83U04B-072

Note

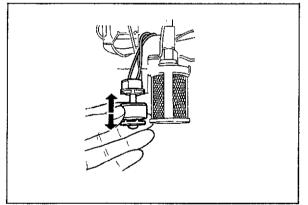
12V will not be indicated at the (BY) terminal until 10 seconds after opening the terminals of the fuel tank gauge unit connector.



83U04B-073



83U04B-074



83U04B-075

Transfer Pump Switch Removal

Warning

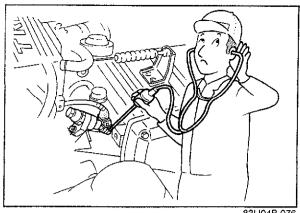
Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Remove the filler cap.
- 2. Remove the rear seat cushion.
- 3. Remove attaching screws and cover.
- 4. Disconnect the fuel hoses and plug them.
- 5. Remove the fuel tank gauge unit.

Inspection

1. Check the continuity between the (B) and (BG) terminals with the float up and down.

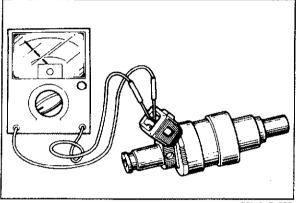
Float	Continuity
Uр	No
Down	Yes



83U04B-076

Injector (On-vehicle inspection)

- 1. Warm up the engine and run at idle.
 - 2. Check the operating sound of the injector, using a sound scope. Check that operating sounds are produced from each injector at idle and at acceleration.
- 3. If operating sound is not produced, check the followings.
 - Wiring harness
 - Injector resistance
 - Engine control unit terminal voltage of 3C, 3E. (Refer to page 4B-77)



83U04B-077

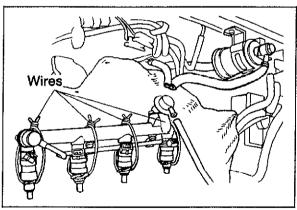
Injector (Resistance)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B—37)

- 1. Remove the injector from the engine. (Refer to page 4B-50)
- Check the resistance of the injector.

Resistance: 12—16 Ω



83U04B-078

Injector (Leak test)

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Remove the delivery pipe, injector, and pressure regulator. (Refer to page 4B-50)
- 2. Affix the injectors to the distribution pipe with wire.

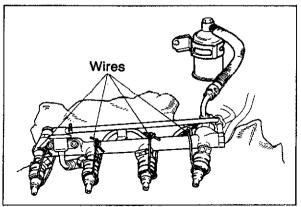
Caution

Affix the injectors firmly to the distribution pipe so no movement of the injectors is possible.

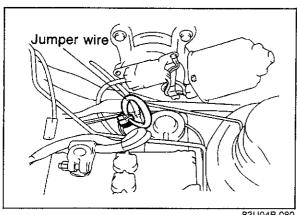
- 3. Connect the distribution pipe assembly between the fuel filter and the return pipe.
- 4. Connect the return hose to the pressure regulator.
- 5. Connect the negative terminal of the battery.

Warning

Be extremely careful when working with fuel: always work away from sparks or open flames.



83U04B-079



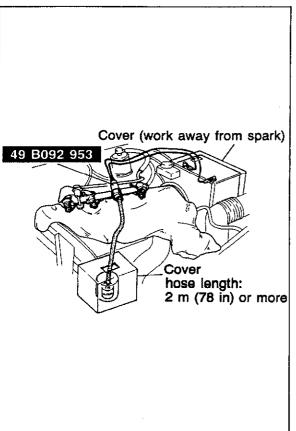
83U04B-080

- 6. Connect a jumper wire to the test connector (Yellow terminal).
- 7. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 8. Check that fuel does not leak from injector.

Note

After 5 minutes a very slight amount of fuel leakage from the injector is acceptable.

9. If fuel leaks, replace the injector.



83U04B-081

Injector (Volume test)

1. Connect a suitable vinyl hose to the injector and place the hose in the container, or graduated glass

Note

The hose should be 2 m (78 in) or more

2. Connect the terminals of the fuel pump service connector with a jumper wire.

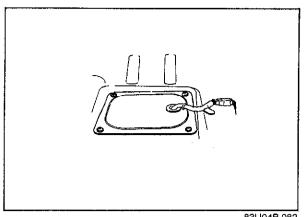
Warning

Be extremely careful when working with fuel; always work away from sparks or open flames.

- 3. Apply battery voltage to each injector, using the
- 4. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 5. Check the injection volume.

Specification: 66-82 cc (4.0-5.0 cu in)/15 sec.

6. If not correct, replace the injector.



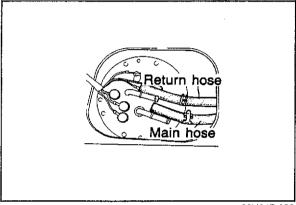
83U04B-082

REPLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION **Fuel Pump**

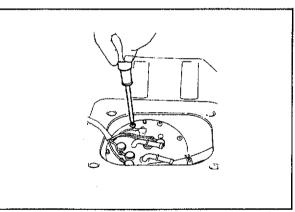
Warning

Before performing the following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Remove the filler cap.
- 2. Remove rear seat cushion.
- 3. Remove attaching screws and cover.
- 3. Disconnect the fuel main, and return hoses and plug them to prevent fuel leakage.



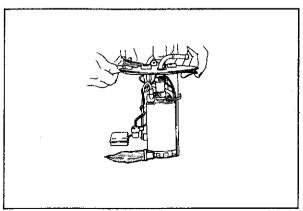
83U04B-083



83U04B-084

4. Remove the fuel pump and fuel tank gauge unit assembly.

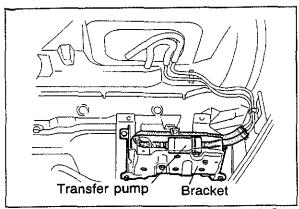
Warning Use of fire or smoking is strictly prohibited while working on the fuel system.



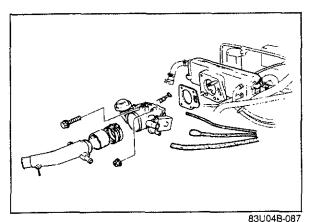
83U04B-085

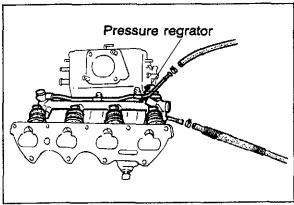
- 5. Replace the fuel pump.
- 6. Install the fuel pump and fuel tank gauge unit assembly in the reverse order of removal.

Caution Secure the fuel pump terminals and fuel hose.



83U04B-086





Injector

Transfer Pump

Warning Before performing the following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B-37)

- 1. Remove the filler cap.
- 2. Remove the transfer pump bracket under the vehicle.
- 3. Disconnect the fuel hoses.
- 4. Disconnect the connector.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Pressure Regulator

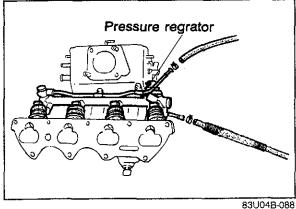
1. Remove the throttle body. (Refer to page 4B-29)

2. Disconnect the fuel main hose and return hose.

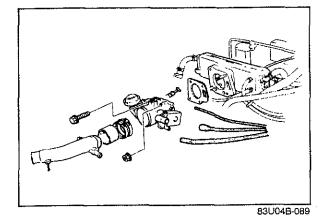
4. Install the pressure regulator, and throttle body in

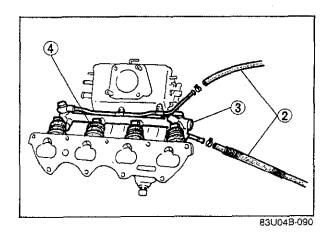
3. Remove the pressure regulator.

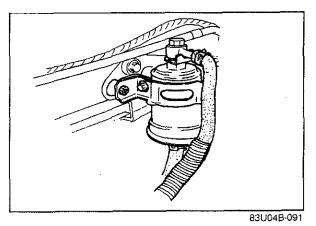
reverse order of removal.



1. Remove the throttle body. (Refer to page 4B—29)







- 2. Disconnect the fuel main hose and return hose.
- 3. Remove the delivery pipe.
- 4. Remove the injector.
- 5. Install the injector, delivery pipe, throttle body in the reverse order of removal.

Tightening torque:

Delivery pipe: 18.6—25.5 N·m (1.9—2.6 m-kg, 13.7—18.8 ft-lb)

Note

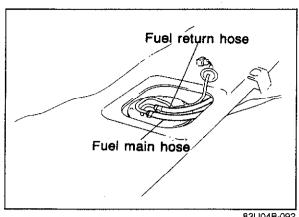
- a) O-ring of injector is not reuseable.
- b) When install the injector, apply the gasoline on the O-ring.

Fuel Filter (High Pressure)

The fuel filter should be replaced at intervals, following the maintenance schedule.

To replace the fuel filter, proceed as follows:

- 1. Disconnect the fuel hoses.
- 2. Remove the fuel filter with the bracket.
- 3. Install a new filter and connect the fuel hoses.



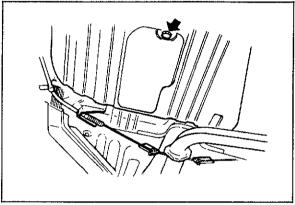
83U04B-092

FUEL TANK (2WD) Removal

Warning

Before performing following procedures, release the fuel pressure to reduce the possibility of injury or fire. (Refer to page 4B—37)

- 1. Remove the rear seat cushion.
- 2. Remove the cover and disconnect the fuel tank gauge unit connector.
- 3. Disconnect the fuel main and return hoses.

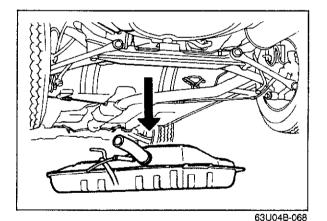


83U04B-093

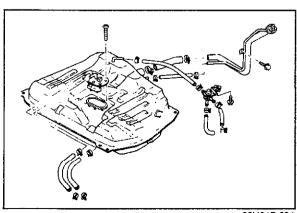
- 4. Raise the vehicle and support it with safety stands.
- 5. Remove the drain plug and drain the fuel.

Warning

- a) When repairing the fuel tank, clean the fuel tank thoroughly with steam to remove all explosive das.
- b) Use of fire is strictly prohibited while working on the fuel tank.



- 6. Disconnect the other hoses.
- 7. Remove the fuel tank.



83U04B-094

Installation

Install in reverse order of removal and be careful of the following:

- 1. Make sure to connect the hoses in the correct po-
- 2. Fill tank with fuel and Check for leaks.

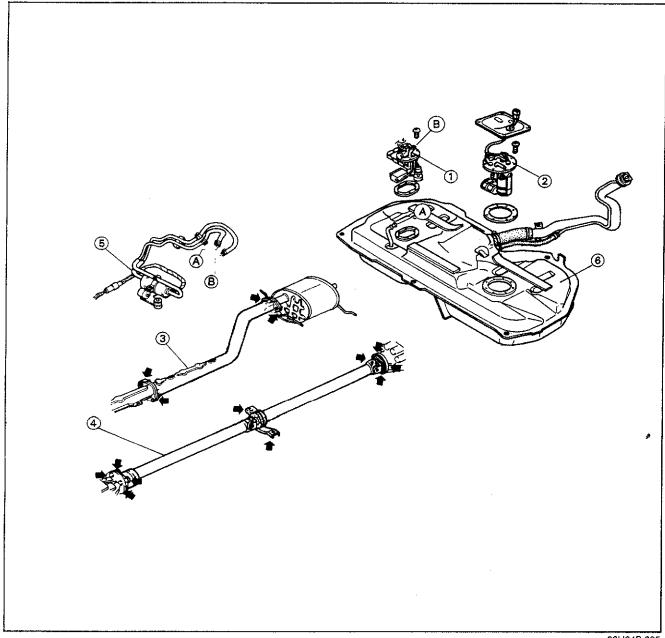
FUEL TANK (4WD)

Warning

- a) When repairing the fuel tank, clean the fuel tank thoroughly with steam to remove all explosive gas.
- b) Use of fire is strictly prohibited while working on the fuel tank.

Removal and installation

- 1. Remove in the sequence shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal and be careful of the following;
 - a) Be sure to connect the hoses in the correct positions.
 - b) Check for leaks.

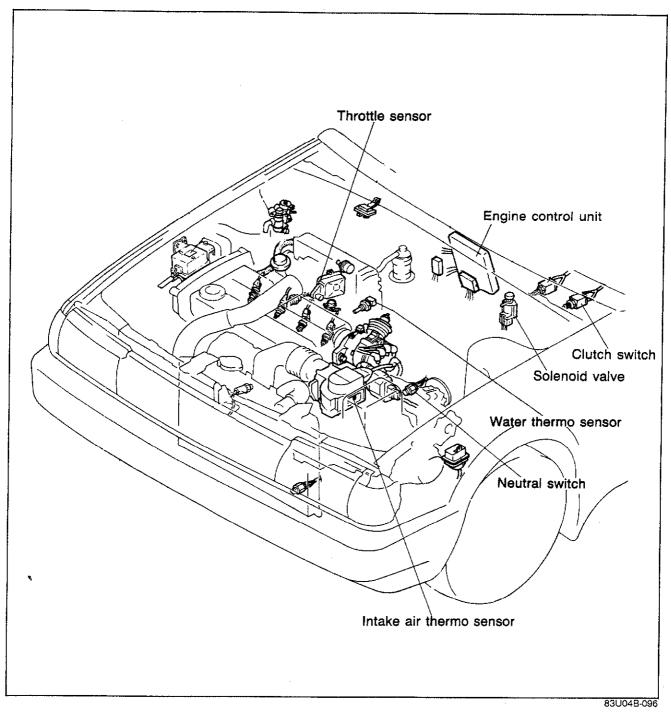


83U04B-095

- 1. Fuel tank gauge unit
- 2. Fuel tank gauge unit
- Exhaust pipe
- 4. Propeller shaft

- 5. Transfer pump
- 6. Fuel tank

PRESSURE REGULATOR CONTROL (PRC) SYSTEM



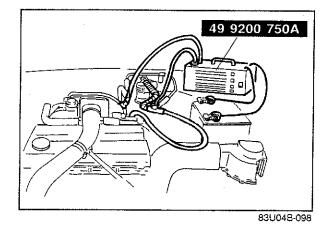
To prevent percolation of the fuel during idle for a specified period after the engine is re-started, vacuum is cut to pressure regulator and the fuel pressure is increased.

Specified time: Approx. 180 sec

Operating condition: Coolant temperature — above 90°C (158°F)
Intake air temperature — above 58°C (136°F)

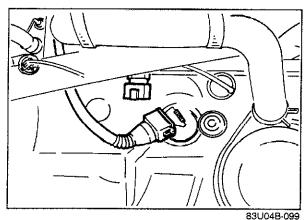
POSSIPLE CAUSE								
PAGE	Water thermo sensor	Intake air thermo sensor	System inspection	Vacuum signaf	Electrical signal	Solenoid valve	Control unit terminal voltage	
SYMPTOM						_	2K	
	48—82	4B79	4B—55	4B56	4B—56	4B—57	4B77	
Checking order	5	6	1	2	3	4	7	

83U04B-097



System Inspection

- 1. Connect **SST** to the engine. (Refer to page 4B—38)
- 2. Start the engine.



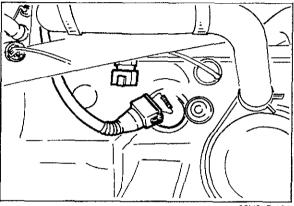
- 3. Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature and stop the engine.
- 4. Disconnect the water thermo sensor connector, then connect a resistor (200 Ω) to the sensor connector
- Remove the air cleaner upper cover assembly, and heat up the intake air thermo sensor above 60°C (140°F).

4B PRESSURE REGULATOR CONTROL (PRC) SYSTEM

Operating time	Fuel fine pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)
After starting for 180 sec	245—279 (2.45—2.85, 35.6—40.5)
After 180 sec	167—216 (1.7—2.2, 24.2—31.3)

83U04B-100

- 6. Restart the engine.
- 7. Check the fuel line pressure and operating times as shown in the chart.
- 8. If not correct, check the water thermo sensor, intake air thermo sensor, solenoid valve, and control unit.

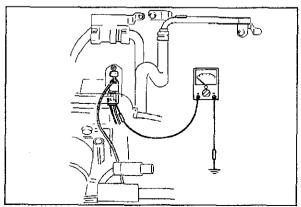


83U04B-101

Operating time	Vacuum condition				
After starting for 180 sec	No vacuum				
After 180 sec	Vacuum				

83U04B-102

- Vacuum Signal
- 1. Disconnect the water thermo sensor connector, then connect a resistor (200 Ω) to the sensor connector.
- Remove the air cleaner upper cover assembly, and heat up the intake air thermo sensor above 60°C (140°F).
- 3. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the pressure regulator, and place a finger over the port opening.
- 4. Check for vacuum when starting the engine.
- 5. If not correct, check the solenoid valve and electrical signal.
- 6. Connect the vacuum hose to the pressure regulator.



83U04B-103

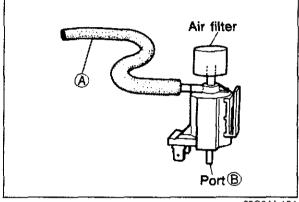
Electrical Signal

- 1. Disconnect the water thermo sensor connector, then connect a resistor (200 Ω) to the sensor connector.
- Remove the air cleaner upper cover assembly, and heat up the intake air thermo sensor above 60°C (140°F).
- Connect a voltmeter to the PRC solenoid valve (LB).

Operating time	Voltage
After starting for: 180 sec	below 2.5 V
After 180 sec	approx 12V

83U04B-104

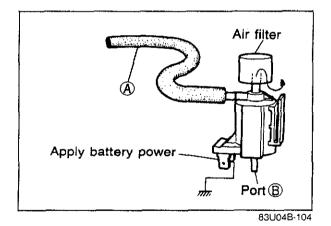
- 4. Check the voltage when starting the engine.
- 5. If not correct, check the engine control unit terminal voltage (Refer to page 4B—77)



69G04A-134

PRC Solenoid Valve Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the solenoid valve and vacuum pipe.
- 2. Blow through the solenoid valve from vacuum hose
- 3. Check that air passes through the solenoid valve and flows from port (B).



5. Connect 12V and a ground to the terminals of the solenoid valve.6. Blow through the solenoid valve from the vacuum

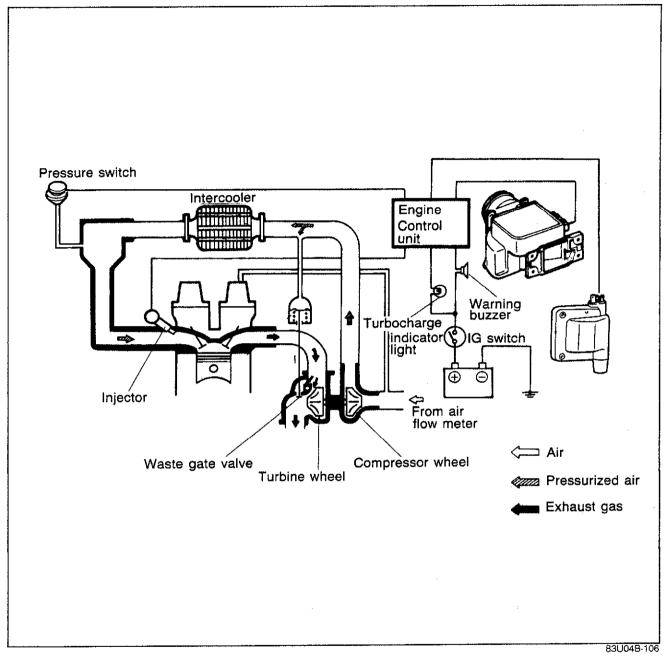
4. Disconnect the solenoid valve connector.

Blow through the solenoid valve from the vacuum hose A.

7. Check that air passes through the solenoid valve and flows from the air filter.

- 8. If not correct, replace the solenoid valve.
- 9. Connect the vacuum hoses, and connector.

TURBOCHARGING SYSTEM

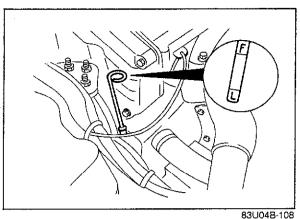


The turbocharger is composed of the turbine wheel (driven by exhaust gases), compressor wheel (which pressurizes the intake air), full-floating bearings (which support the compressor and turbine wheels), seal rings (which prevent oil leakage), housing, actuator (which controls the waste-gate valve), and waste-gate valve (which opens and closes the exhaust gas bypass passage). By utilizing the flow of exhaust gases, the turbocharger, pressurizes the intake air to a maximum of 56 kPa (0.57 kg/cm², 8.1 psi), thus increasing the amount of the intake air.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

	PAGE SYMPTOM	Pressure switch	Waste gate valve	Turbocharger	Knock sensor	Knock control unit	Engine control unit		
	Poor acceleration, hesitation, and	4863	4B63	4B—62	543	5—44	4B—76	4B77	
Base assets with the Market and	lack of power		1	2					
Poor acceleration, hesitation, and	Knocking	2	1		3	4	5	6	
Poor acceleration, hesitation, and lack of power 2	Abnormal noise			1					
Poor acceleration, hesitation, and lack of power 1 2	Vibration			1	2	3	4	5	
Poor acceleration, hesitation, and lack of power Knocking 2 1 3 4 5 6 Abnormal noise 1	White smoke								
Poor acceleration, hesitation, and lack of power 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 Knocking 2 1 3 4 5 6 Abnormal noise 1 2 3 4 5 Vibration 1 2 3 4 5	Excessive oil consumption			1					

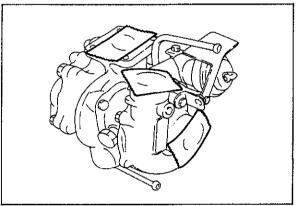
83U04B-107



REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION Precaution

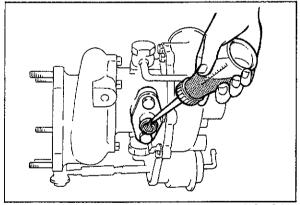
1. When replacing the turbocharger, always check the engine oil level and quality, as well as the oil pipe leading to the turbocharger, and the oil return pipe.

if necessary, replace them.



63G04C-333

- 2. Be careful of the following when removing, installing, and handling the turbocharger.
 - a) Do not drop the turbocharger.
 - b) Do not bend the actuator mounting or rod.
 - c) Cover the intake, exhaust and oil passages to prevent dirt or other particles from entering.

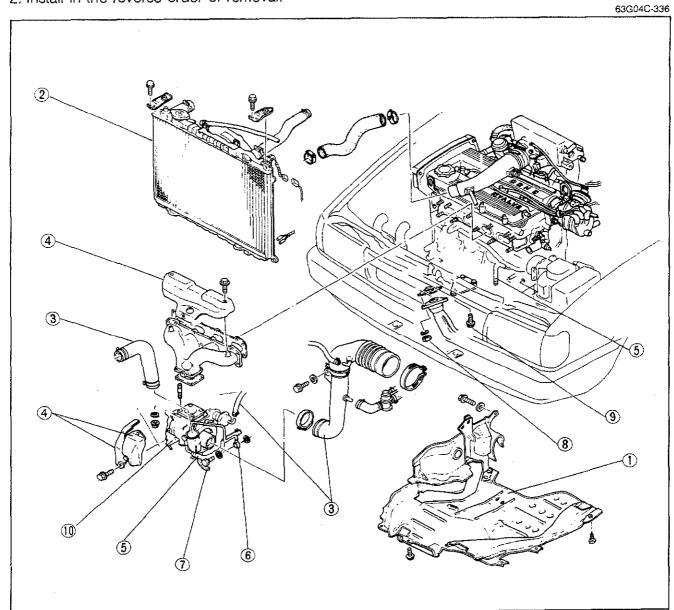


63G04C-334

- 3. When reinstalling the turbocharger, perform the fol
 - a) Remove all the gaskets and sealant.
 - b) Use new gaskets.
 - c) Add 25 cc of oil in the oil passage of the turbocharger.
- 4. After replacing the turbocharger, perform the following.
 - (1) Disconnect the connector from the negative terminal of the ignition coil.
 - (2) Crank the engine for 20 seconds.
 - (3) Reconnect the negative terminal connector.
 - (4) Start the engine and run at idle for 30 seconds.

Removal and Installation of Turbocharger

- 1. Remove the turbocharger in the sequence shown in the figure.
- 2. Install in the reverse order of removal.



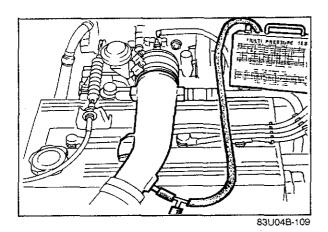
83U04B-200

- 1. Under cover
- 2. Radiator
- 3. Air pipe and air hose
- 4. Insulator covers
- 5. Water hoses

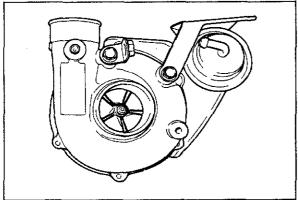
- 6. Oil pipe
- 7. Oil return pipe
- 8. Attaching nuts
- 9. Attaching bolts
- 10. Turbocharger

Caution

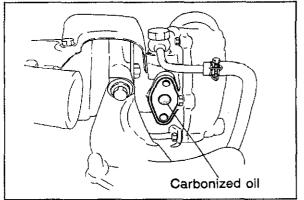
- a) Before removing the radiator, drain the engine coolant.
- b) Replace the mounting gasket it bent or cracked.
- c) Use the specified nut to mounts the turbocharger.



83U04B-110



83U04B-111



66U04B-047

INSPECTION

Turbocharger Boost Pressure

- 1. Disconnect the air hose to the waste gate valve.
- 2. Connect a pressure gauge as shown.
- 3. Connect a tachometer to the engine.
- 4. Warm up the engine to operating temperature.
- 5. Increase the engine speed to **4,000 rpm** and check that the boost pressure is within the specification.

Specification

Min. 2.0 kPa (0.02 kg/cm², 0.28 psi)

6. If not within specification, check the turbocharger.

Turbocharger Inspection of wheel assembly

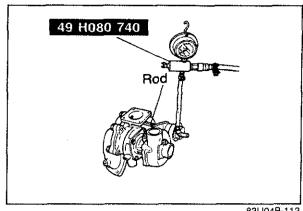
- 1. Cool the engine.
- 2. Remove the air hose.
- 3. Check that the rotor assembly turns smoothly.
- 4. If there is excessive load or noise, replace the turbocharger.

Inspection of wheel deflection

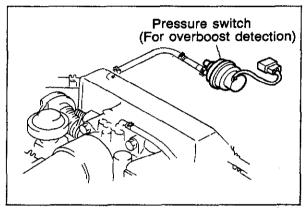
- 1. Cool the engine.
- 2. Remove the air hose.
- 3. Check if the wheel touches the compressor housing.
- 4. If the wheel touches the housing, replace the turbocharger.

Inspection of Oil Passage

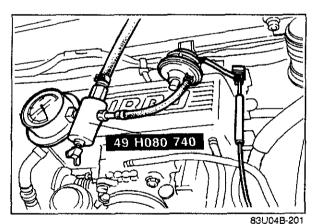
- 1. Cool the engine.
- 2. Remove the oil return pipe.
- 3. Check that carbonized oil has not blocked the oil passage in the turbocharger or the oil return pipe.
- 4. If carbonized oil blocks the oil passage, replace the turbocharger, and return pipe if necessary.



83U04B-112



83U04B-113



63G04C-340

Waste Gate Valve

- 1. Cool the engine.
- 2. Remove the waste gate actuator hose and attach SST.
- 3. Adjust the compressed air pressure to 48.1—58.9 kPa (0.49—0.60 kg/cm², 7.0—8.6 psi).
- 4. Check that the rod moves when disconnecting and reconnecting the hose applying the compressed air.

Caution

Do not apply compressed air higher than 98 kPa (1.0 kg/cm², 14 psi).

Pressure Switch

- 1. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 2. Disconnect the hose from the pressure switch and attach SST.
- 3. Adjust the compressed air pressure to 71.8—79.8 kPa (0.73-0.81 kg/cm², 10.4-11.6 psi).
- 4. Make sure that the warning buzzer sounds while applying the compressed air.
- 5. If the warning buzzer does not sound, inspect as described below.

inspection of voltage

- 1. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 2. Apply air pressure of **71.8—79.8kPa (0.73—0.81** kg/cm², 10.4—11.6 psi) to the pressure switch, then check the voltage at the (Lg) and (B) terminals with the connector connected.

Condition	Lg	В
Compressed air applied	12 V	0 V
Compressed air not applied	0 V	0 V

If the voltage is not correct, go to next step.

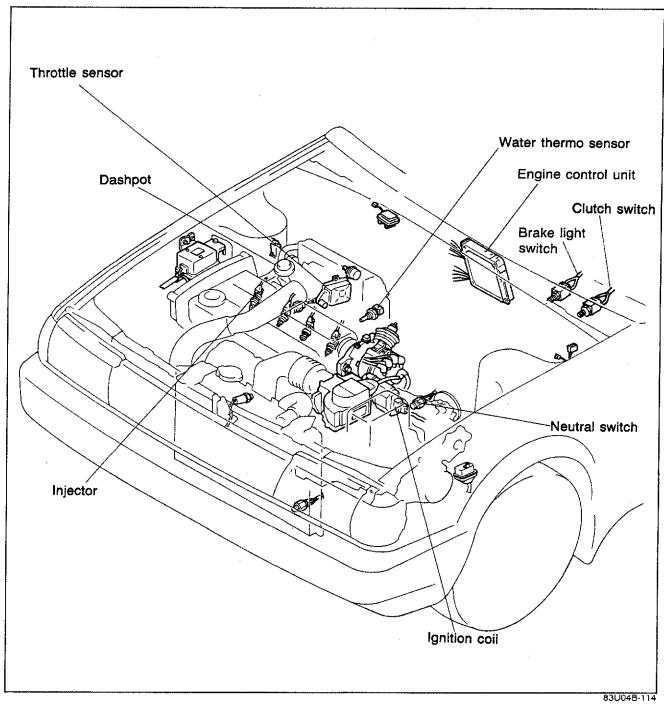
Inspection of the pressure switch

- 1. Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the pressure switch connector.
- Apply air pressure of 71.8—79.8 kPa (0.73—0.81) kg/cm², 10.4—11.6 psi) to the pressure switch, then check the continuity between the terminals.

Condition	Continuity
Compressed air applied	Yes
Compressed air not applied	No

If the continuity is not good, replace the pressure switch.

DECELERATION CONTROL SYSTEM

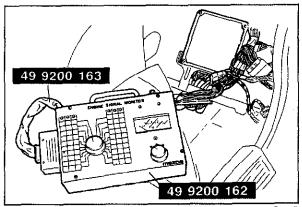


The fuel cut function is provided in the deceleration control system. This function is to improve fuel consumption.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

POSSIBLE CAUSE Page SYMPTOM	Water thermo sensor	Injector	3C Electrical signal	3E	Dashpot adjustment			
	4882	4B47	48—7	77 4	8-66		ļ	ĺ
Runs rough on deceleration	3	2	1		4			
Afterburn in exhaust system	3	4	1		2		 	
Fail emission test	3	2	1		4			

83U04B-159



gine control unit.

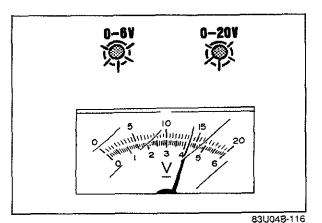
2. Warm up the engine and run at idle.
3. Set "3C" and "3E" position on **SST**.

System Inspection (Electrical Signal)

- "3C" For No. 2 and No. 4 injectors "3E" For No. 1 and No. 3 injectors

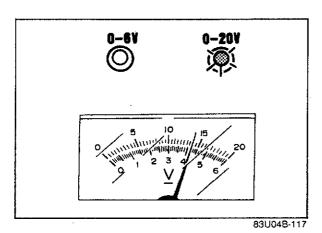
1. Connect SST between the wiring harness and en-

- 83U04B-115

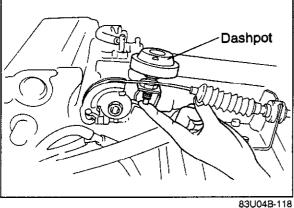


4. Check that both indicator lamps flash at idle.

4B DECELERATION CONTROL SYSTEM



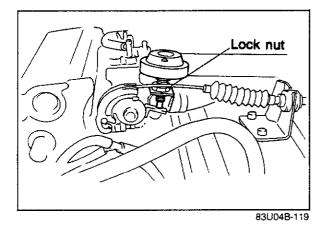
- Increase the engine speed to 4,000 rpm, then suddenly decrease the engine speed.
- 6. Check that only the red indicator lamp illuminates during deceleration.



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Dashpot Inspection

- 1. Push the dashpot rod with a finger and make sure the rod goes into the dashpot slowly.
- 2. Release the finger and make sure the rod comes out quickly.



Adjustment

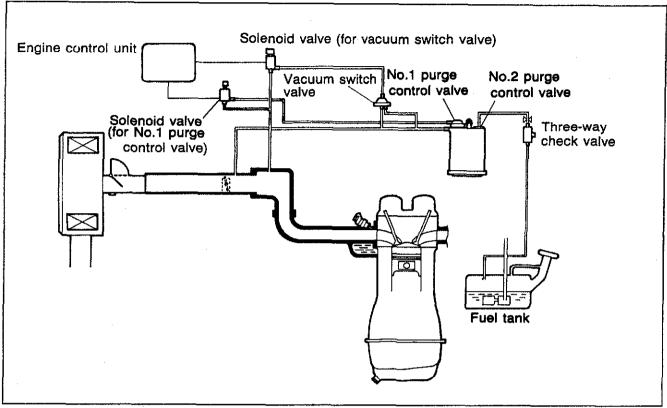
- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operation temperature and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Connect tachometer.
- 3. Increase the engine speed above 3,500 rpm.
- 4. Grandually decrease the engine speed and check the dashpot rod contact speed.

Contact speed: 2,000 ± 150 rpm

5. To adjust, loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the dashpot, tighten lock nut after adjusting.

4B

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

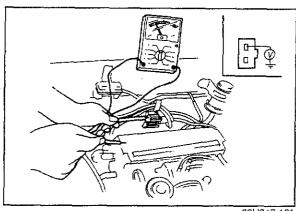


83U04B-120

The evaporative emission control system is controlled by signal from the water thermo sensor, the intake air thermo sensor, the air flow meter, and the engine speed sensor (ignition coil). The control unit determines the engine operating conditions from the signals, and control the evaporative emission control system by operating the solenoid valves for No. 1 purge control valve and vacuum switch valve when specified conditions exist.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Page	lioo r	thermo sensor	· [- }	Engine control unit		d valve 1 purge control valve) d valve uum switch valve)		um switch valve purge control valve	purge control valve	vay check valve	
	gnition	Water	Intake	20	⊒ 2P	Solenoid (for No.1	Solenoid (for vacur	Vacuum	No.1 p	No.2 p	Three-way
SYMPTOM	5—30	4B—82	4B79	4B-	-76	4B-	-69	4B—70	4B69	4869	4B—70
Checking order	11	10	9	3	4	1	2	7	5	6	8



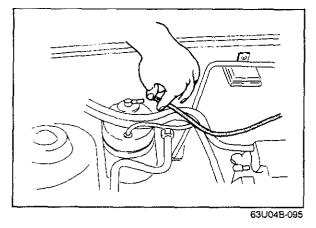
83U04B-121

SYSTEM INSPECTION

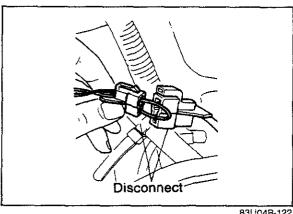
1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.

2. Connect a voltmeter to the solenoid valve for No. 1 purge control valve (YG) terminal

Voltage: approx. 12V



- 3. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the No. 1 purge control valve and place a finger over the hose openina.
- 4. Increase the engine speed to about 2,000 rpm and make sure air is not sucked in.



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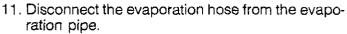
5. Disconnect the neutral switch connector, and connect a jumper wire to the neutral switch connector, 6. Disconnect the throttle sensor connector (vacuum hose disconnected) 7. Check the terminal voltage (YG)

Voltage: below 1.5V

8. Place finger over the hose opening.

9. Increase the engine speed to about 2,000 rpm and check that air is sucked in.

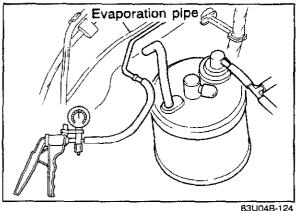
10. If not correct, check the solenoid valve for No.1 purge control valve, engine control unit 2P terminal, and No.1 purge control valve.



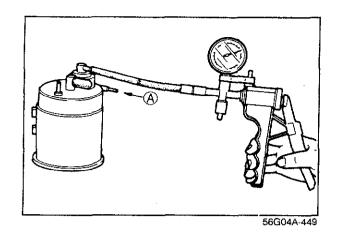
12. Connect the vacuum pump to the evaporation

13. Operate the vacuum pump and check that no vacuum is held.

14. If vacuum is held, check the three-way check valve or evaporation pipe for clog.

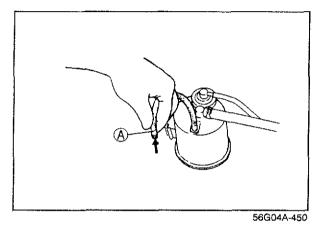


83U04B-124



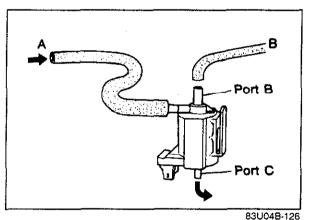
NO. 1 PURGE CONTROL VALVE Inspection

- 1. Blow through the purge control valve from port (A) and check that air does not flow.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to the purge control valve.
- 3. Apply **110 mmHg (4.33 inHg)** vacuum, and blow through port (A) again; air should flow from port (A).



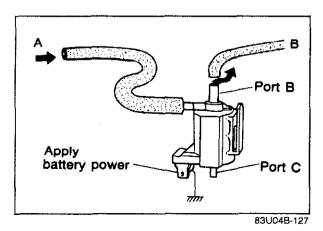
NO. 2 PURGE CONTROL VALVE Inspection

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose (B) from the evaporation pipe.
- 2. Blow into the hose and check that air flows freely.



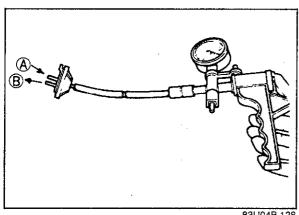
SOLENOID VALVE

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose (A) from the servo diaphragm.
- 2. Disconnect vacuum hose (B) from the solenoid valve.
- 3. Disconnect the connector of the solenoid valve.
- 4. Blow air through the solenoid valve from hose (A) and make sure air comes out of port (C).



- 5. Apply battery power to the solenoid valve with a suitable jumper wire.6. Plays air through the solenoid valve from hose (A)
- 6. Blow air through the solenoid valve from hose (A) and check that air comes out of port (B).
- 7. If the solenoid valve does not operate properly, replace it with a new one.

4B EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

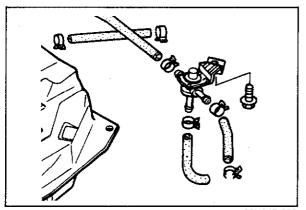


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VACUUM SWITCH VALVE

- 1. Remove the vacuum switch valve.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to the valve.
- 3. Blow through the valve from port (A) and confirm that air comes out of port ® when applied vacuum is more than the specified vacuum amount.

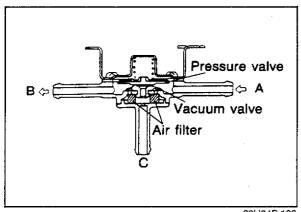
Specified vacuum: 70-100 mmHg (2.76-3.94 inHg)



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THREE-WAY CHECK VALVE

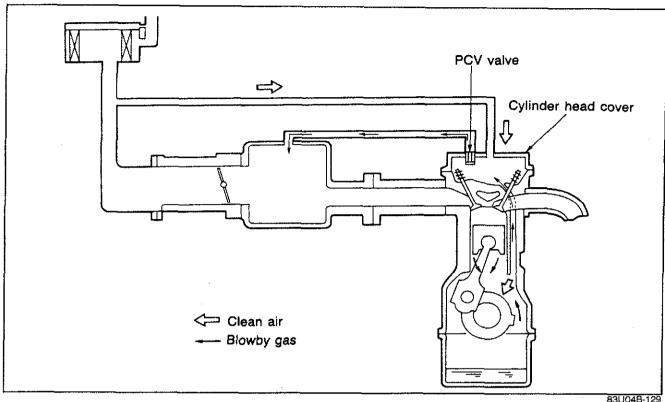
1. Remove the three-way check valve.



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- 2. Blow through the valve from port (A), and check that air flows out through port (B). Next, block port (B), and check that air flows out through port (C).
- 3. Block port (B), and suck through port (A). Check that air is pulled in through port (C).

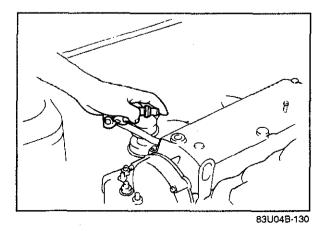
POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM



The PCV valve is operated by intake manifold vacuum.

When the engine is running at idle, the PCV valve is slightly opened and small amount of blow-by gas is drawn into the dynamic chamber.

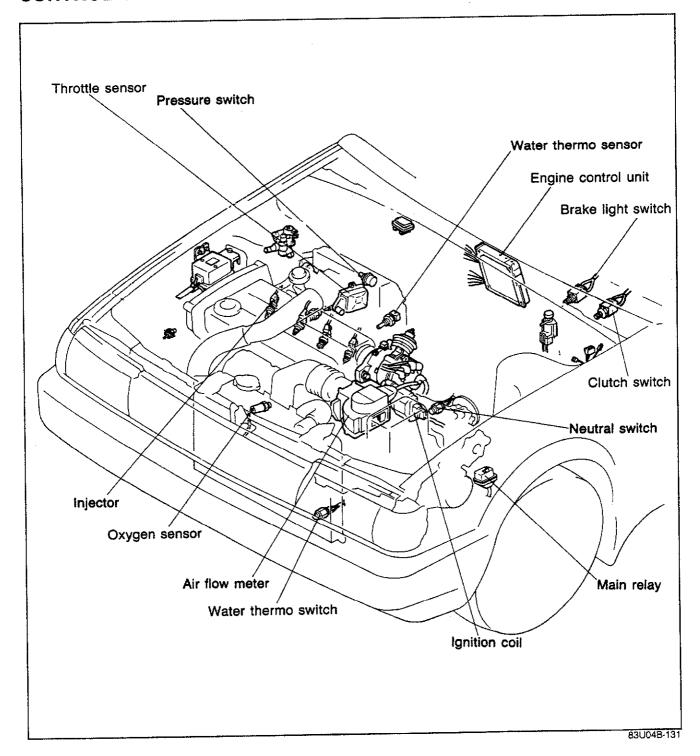
At high engine speed, the PCV valve is further opened and large amount of blow-by gas; drawn into the dynamic chamber.

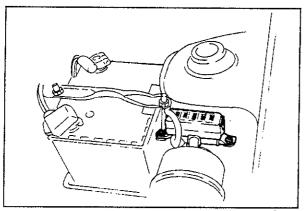


PCV VALVE Inspection

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Disconnect the PCV valve together with the ventilation hose from the cylinder head cover.
- 3. Close the PCV valve opening with finger. Make sure air is sucked into the PCV valve, if not replace the valve.

CONTROL SYSTEM

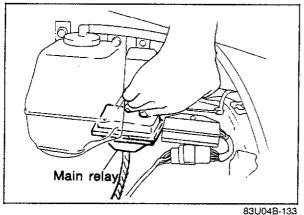




83U04B-132

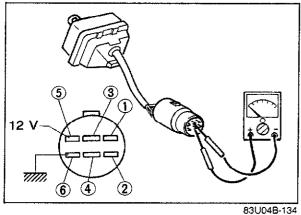
MAIN FUSE Inspection

Check the continuity of EGI main fuse.



MAIN RELAY Inspection

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and OFF, verify that the main relay "CLICKS"
- 2. If clicking is not heard at main relay, check the continuity at terminals using an ohmmeter, and wiring harness.



- Continuity
- 1. Apply 12V to 5 and a ground 6 terminals of the main relay.
- 2. Check continuity at terminals using an ohmmeter.

Operation Terminals	12V Not applied	12V Applied
1)-2	No	Yes
3-4	No	Yes

3. If not correct, replace it.

Fp: To fuel pump Fc: To fuel pump switch B: To IG switch (ON) STA: To IG switch (ST) E1: Ground

STA B

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CIRCUIT OPENING RELAY Inspection

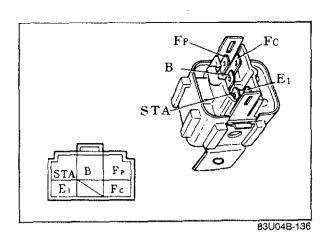
Terminal voltage

1. Check voltage between each terminal and ground using a voltmeter.

Terminal Condition	Fp	Fc	В	STA	E1
IG SW: ON	0٧	12V	12V	٥٧	ΟV
Measuring plate: open	12V	0V	12V	OV	ΟV
IG SW: ST	12V	٥٧	12V	12V	٥٧

2. If not correct, check the resistance using the ohmmeter.

4B CONTROL SYSTEM



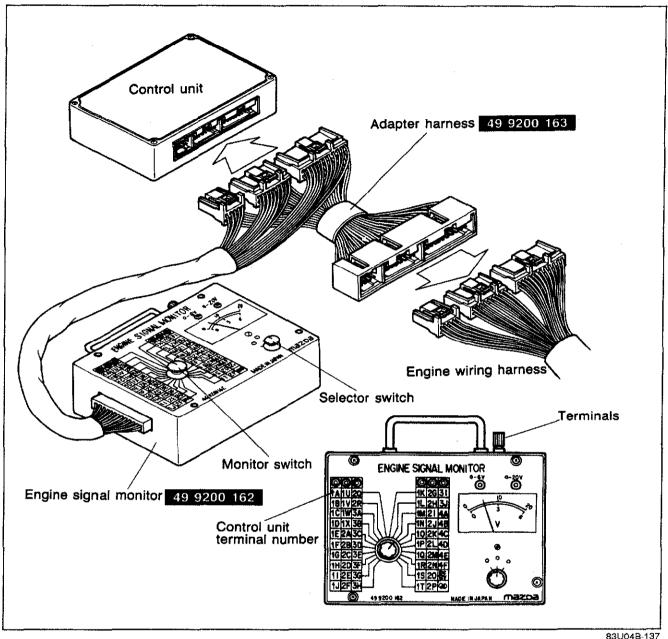
Resistance

1. Check the resistance between the terminals using an ohmmeter.

Between terminals	Resistance (Ω)
STA ↔ E1	15—30
B ↔ Fc	80—150
B ↔ Fp	

2. It not correct, replace the relay.

ENGINE CONTROL UNIT Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) and Adapter (49 9200 163)



The Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) was developed to check the engine control unit terminal voltages. This monitor easily inspects the terminal voltage by setting the monitor switch.

How to Use the Engine Signal Monitor

- 1. Connect the Engine Signal Monitor (49 9200 162) between the engine control unit and the engine harness using the adapter (49 9200 163).
- 2. Turn the selector switch and monitor switch to select the terminal number.
- 3. Check the terminal voltage.

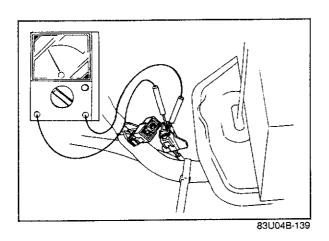
Do not apply voltage to terminals.

Terminal	Connected to	Voltage	Condition	Remark
1A (Output)	MIL	Below 2.5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector
, , ,		Approx. 12V	After 3 sec.	grounded
1B (Output)	Self-Diagnosis Checker (for Code No.)	Below 2.5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector grounded
	·	Approx. 12V	After 3 sec.	Checker connected
1C	***	_		
1D (Output)	Self-Diagnosis Checker (for Monitor lamp)	Approx. 5V	Ignition switch OFF → ON for 3 sec.	Test connector grounded
		Approx. 12V	After 3 sec.	Checker connected
1E (Input)	Throttle sensor	Approx. 12V	Accelerator pedal depressed	
	(IDL switch)	Below 1.5V	Accelerator pedal released	
1F (Output)	A/C control relay	Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON	
-		Below 1.5V	A/C switch ON (at idle)	
1G (Input)	Neutral/clutch switch	Approx. 12V	Clutch pedal depressed	In-gear condition (Neu-
		Below 1.5V	Clutch pedal released	tral: Constant 12V)
1H (Input)	Water thermo switch	Approx. 12V	Below 17°C (63°F)	
	(Radiator)	Below 1.5V	Above 17°C (63°F)	
11 (Input)	Electrical load (E/L)	Approx. 2.5V	E/L switch ON	
(,,	switch	Approx. 12V	E/L switch OFF	
1J (Input)	Brake light switch	Approx. 12V	Brake pedal depressed	
(Below 1.5V	Brake pedal released	
1K (Input)	Power steering switch	Approx. 12V	Power steering switch OFF	
n (mpay	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Below 1.5V	Power steering switch ON	
1L (Input) A/C switch		Approx. 12V	A/C switch OFF	Blower motor ON
TE (III)DOG	740 0111011	Below 2.5V	A/C switch ON	
1M (Input)	Ignition coil	Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON	(When engine running) Engine Signal Monitor:
		Approx. 12V	At idle	Green and red light flash
1N	G sensor (Distributor)	Below 1.5V	Ignition switch ON	
		Approx. 3V	At idle	
10	_	_		
1P		-		
1Q	-	_	-	
1R	_	_	· -	
18	_		_	
1T		_	_	_
1U (Output)	Knock control unit	Below 1.5V	Ignition switch ON	
(=)	(I terminal)	Approx. 12V	At idle	
1V (Input)	FF switch	Below 1.5V	4×4	
(Approx. 12V	FF	
1W (Input)	Test connector	Below 1.5V	Test connector grounded	
TVV (RIPOG)	Post Cornicotor	Approx. 12V	Test connector not grounded	
1X				
2A (Output)	Vref	4.5—5.5V		
2B (Input)	Air flow meter (Vc)	7—9V		
26 (input)	Ground (E2)	Below 1.5V	_	
		0.3—0.7V	At idle	
2D (Input)	Oxygen sensor	More than 0.45V	During acceleration	1
		Less than 0.45V	During deceleration	-{

Terminal	Connected to	Voltage	Condition	Remark	
2E (Input) Air flow meter (Vs)		Approx. 2V	Ignition switch ON	- 	
		45V	At idle	7	
2F	_	-	_		
2G (Input)	Throttle sensor	Approx. 0.5V	Accelerator pedal released		
		Approx. 4V	Accelerator pedal depressed		
2H (Input)	Atmospheric pressure sensor	Approx. 4V	_	At sea level	
2I (Input)	Water thermo sensor	Approx. 0.5V	Normal operating temperature		
2J (Input)	Intake air thermo sen- sor (Air flow meter)	2—3V	Intake air temperature: 20°C (68°F)		
2K (Output)	Pressure regulator con- trol valve (PRCV) solenoid	Below 2.5V	Intake air temp. more than 58°C (136°F) Water temp. more than 90°C (194°F)		
		Approx. 12V	Other		
2L (Output)	Pressure switch	Approx. 12V	At idle	Air pressure 71.8-79.8	
		Below 1.5V	At overboost	kPa (0.73-0.81 kg/cm ² 10.4-11.6 psi)	
2M (Output)	Knock control unit	Below 1.5V	At idle	Coolant temp: More	
	(f terminal)	Approx. 12V	Engine speed 1,000 rpm (Positive pressure)	than 80°C (176°F) Intake air temp: More than 0°C (32°F)	
2N (Output)	Indicator light	Approx. 12V	At idle	71.8-79.8 kPa	
		Below 1.5V	At overboost	(0.73—0.81 kg/cm², 10.4—11.6 psi)	
20	No.2 purge control	Approx. 12V	Less than 1,500 rpm		
	solenoid	Below 1.5V	More than 1,500 rpm		
2P	No.1 purge control valve solenoid	Below 1.5V	Intake air temp. more than 50°C (122°F) Water temp. more than 50°C (122°F)	In-gear condition. Jumper wire connect to the Neutral switch	
		Approx. 12V	Other		
2Q	Idle speed control (ISC) valve	1.5—11.6V	At idle	Engine Signal Monitor: Green and red light flash	
2R	Ground	Below 1.5V	_		
3A	Ground	Below 1.5V		-	
3B	Starter switch	Below 2.5V	ignition switch ON		
		7—9V	While cranking		
3C	Injector No.2, No.4	Approx. 12V	At idle	Engine Signal Monitor: Green and red light flash	
3D			_	_	
3E	Injector No.1, No.3	Approx. 12V	At idle	Engine signal Monitor: Green and red light flash	
3F			_	-	
3G	Ground	Below 1.5V			
3H				· ·	
31	Main relay	Approx. 12V	Ignition switch ON		
3J	Battery	Approx. 12V			

3| 3G|3F|3C|3A|20|20|2M|2K|2||2G|2F|2C|2A|1W|1U|1S|10|10|1M|1K|

3J	ЗН	ЗF	3D	3B	2R	2P	2N	2L	2J	2H	2F	2D	2B	1X	17	1T	1R	1P	1N	7	1J	1H	1F	1D	1B
ิ	3G	ЗE	3C	ЗА	2Q	20	1	2K	21	2G	2E	2C	2A	1W		15	1Q	10	1M	1K	11	1G	1E	1C	1A

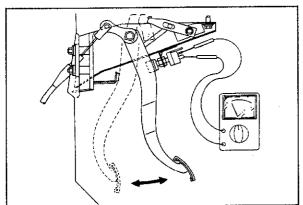


NEUTRAL SWITCH Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the neutral switch connector.
- 2. Connect a to the neutral switch and check the continuity through the switch.

Condition	Continuity
In neutral	No
In other ranges	Yes

3. After checking, connect the switch connector.

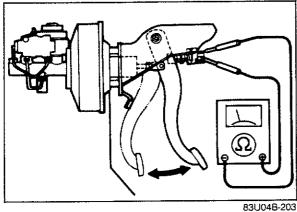


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CLUTCH SWITCH Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the clutch switch connector.
- 2. Connect the circuit tester to the clutch switch and check the continuity between the switch terminals.

Condition	Continuity
When the pedal is depressed	No
When the pedal is released	Yes



BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH Inspection

- 1. Disconnect the brake switch connector.
- 2. Connect an ohmmeter to the switch.
- 3. Check the continuity of the switch.

Pedal	Continuity
Depressed	Yes
Released	No

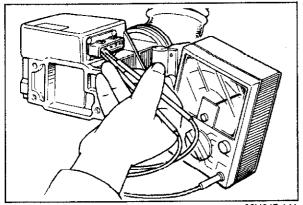
4. After checking, connect the switch connector.

Note

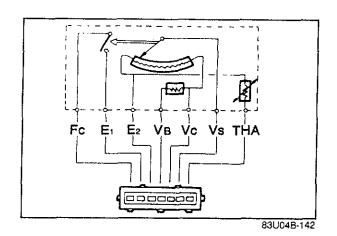
Refer to section 11 for replacement of the brake switch.

AIR FLOW METER Inspection

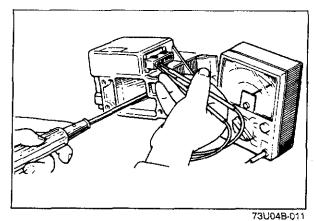
- 1. Inspect the air flow meter body for cracks.
- 2. Check the resistance between terminals using an ohmmeter.



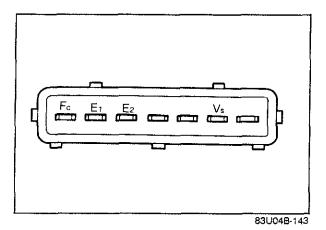
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Terminal	Resistance (Ω)
E₂ ↔ Vs	20 to 400
E₂ ↔ Vc	100 to 300
E₂ ↔ VB	200 to 400
E ₂ ↔ THA (Air thermo sensor)	-20°C (-4°F) 10,000 to 20,000 0°C (32°F) 4,000 to 7,000 20°C (68°F) 2,000 to 3,000 40°C (104°F) 900 to 1,300 60°C (140°F) 400 to 700
E₁ ↔ Fc	∞

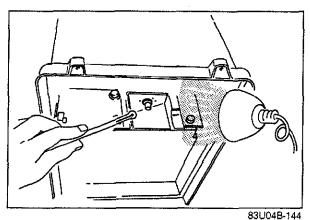


3. Press open the measuring plate with a screwdriver, measure the resistance between E1 and FC (fuel pump switch) and between E2 and VS.



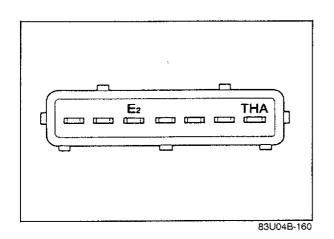
Conditions	Measuring Plate					
Terminals	Fully closed	Fully open				
E₁ ↔ Fc	∞	0				
E2 ↔ Vs	20 to 400Ω	20 to 1,000Ω				

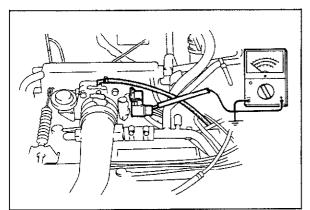
4. If not correct replace it.



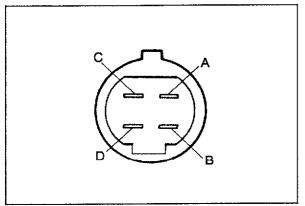
INTAKE AIR THERHO SENSOR Inspection of Resistance

- 1. Remove the air cleaner upper cover assembly.
- 2. Heat the intake air thermo sensor and observe the temperature.

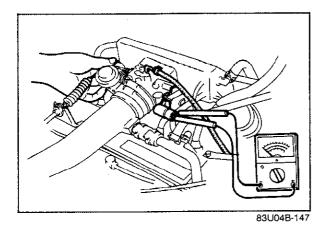




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3. Check resistance between the THA and E₂ terminals using an ohmmeter.

Intake Air Temperature	Resistance (Ω)
–20°C (−4°F)	10,000—20,000
20°C (68°F)	2,000—3,000
60°C (140°F)	400—700

- 4. If the resistance is not within specification, replace the air flow meter assembly.
- 5. If the resistance is within specification, check the wiring harnesses.

THROTTLE SENSOR Inspection of Terminal Voltage

- 1. Remove the rubber boot from the connector.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check the voltage between each terminal and around.
- ground.
 4. Open the throttle valve and check the voltage between each terminal and ground.

Condition Terminal	Closed	Fully opened		
A (OUTPUT)	0.3—0.7V	Approx, 4.0V		
B (GND)	below 1.5V			
C (Vref)	4.5—5.5V			
D (IDL)	below 1.5V	Approx. 12V		

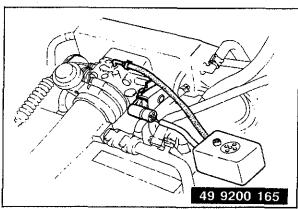
- 5. If not correct on (D) terminal only, check the throttle sensor setting.
- 6. If not correct at others, check resistances of the throttle sensor and voltage of the (2A), (2C), (2E) and (IG) terminals at the Engine control unit (refer to page 4B—76).
- 7. Install the rubber boot to the connector.

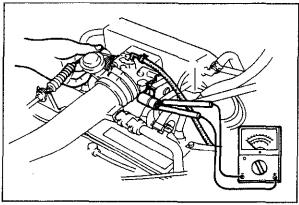
Inspection of Resistance

- 1. Disconnect the connector from the throttle sensor.
- 2. Check resistance between the terminals as shown in the table.
- 3. Open the throttle valve fully and check resistances between the terminals

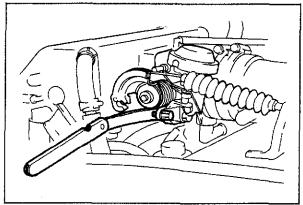
Condition Terminal	Closed	Fully opened			
A B	Approx. 500Ω	Approx. 4.5kΩ			
B — C	3—7 kΩ				

4. If not correct, replace the throttle sensor.

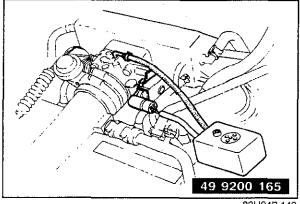




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Inspection of Throttle Sensor Setting

- 1. Disconnect the connector from the throttle sensor.
- 2. Connect the SST or ohmmeter to the throttle sensor.

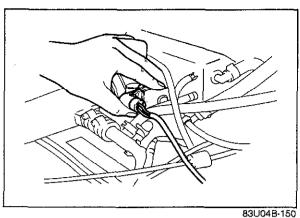
- 3. Insert a thickness gauge between the throttle stop screw and stop lever.
- 4. Note the operation of the buzzer or continuity between terminals.

Thickness gauge	Buzzing of the tester	Continuity between terminals B — D
0.5mm (0.020 in)	Yes	Yes
0.7mm (0.027 in)	No	No

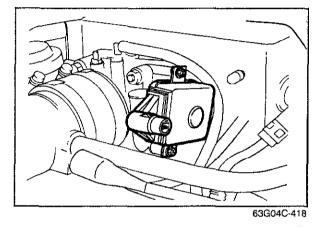
If necessary, adjust the throttle sensor

Adjustment of Throttle Sensor Setting

- 1. Disconnexct the connector from the throttle sensor.
- 2. Connect the SST to the throttle sensor.
- 3. Insert a 0.5mm (0.020 in) thickness gauge between the throttle stop screw and stop lever.



- 4. Loosen the two attaching screws.
- 5. Rotate the throttle sensor clockwise about 30 degrees, then rotate it back counterclockwise until the buzzer sounds.
- 6. Replace the thickness gauge with a 0.7mm (0.027 in) gauge.
- 7. Check that the buzzer dose not sound, or exsist continuity.
- 8. If it sounds or continuity, repeat step 4 to 8.

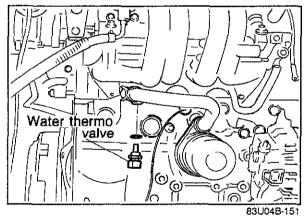


9. Tighten the two attaching screws.

Note:

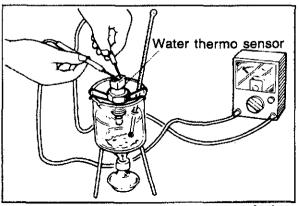
Be careful not to move the throttle sensor from the set position when fightening the

10. Open the throttle valve fully a few times, then check the adjustment of the throttle sensor again (Refer to inspection procedures).



WATER THERMO SENSOR Inspection of Resistance

1. Remove the water thermo sensor.

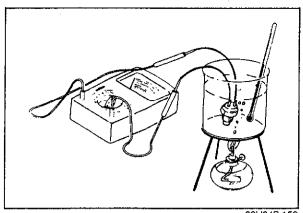


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- 2. Place the sensor in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 3. Check that resistance of the sensor is within specification:

Water temperature	Resistance		
-20°C (-4°F)	14.6—17.8 kΩ		
20°C (68°F)	2.21—2.69 kΩ		
80°C (176°F)	0.2900.354 kΩ		

4. If not correct, replace the water thermo sensor.



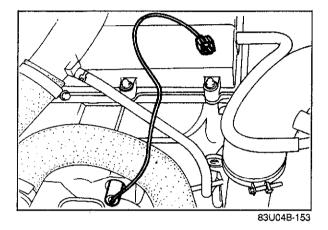
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WATER THERMO SWITCH Inspection

- 1. Remove the switch from the radiator.
- 2. Place the switch in water with a thermometer and heat the water gradually.
- 3. Check that the continuity between the terminals exists at more than specification.

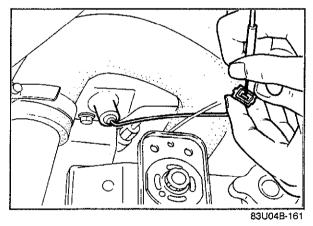
Specification: 15—19°C (59—66°F)

4. If not correct, replace the water thermo switch.

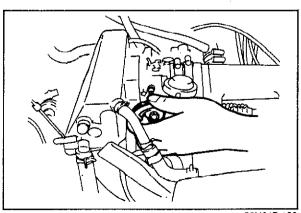


OXYGEN SENSOR

- 1. Warm up the engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Disconnect the oxygen sensor wiring harness connector.

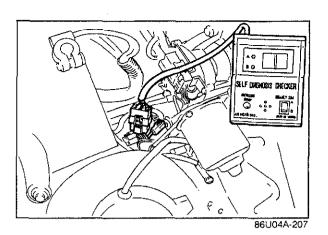


- 3. Attach a voltmeter between the oxygen sensor connector (oxygen sensor side) and ground.
- 4. Run the engine speed at 4,000 rpm until the voltmeter indicates about 0.7 V.



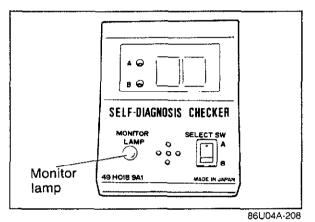
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- 5. Increase and decrease the engine speed quickly several times. When the speed is increased the meter should read between 0.5V-1.0V. When the speed is decreased it should read between **0V-0.3V**.
- 6. If the voltmeter doesn't indicate above mentioned values, replace the O2 sensor.



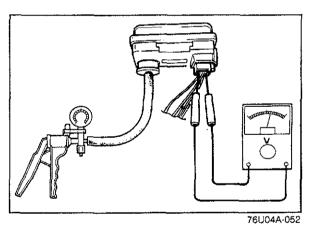
Inspection of Sensitivity

- 1. Warm up the engine to the normal operating temperature and run it at idle.
- 2. Connect the **SST** to the check connector.



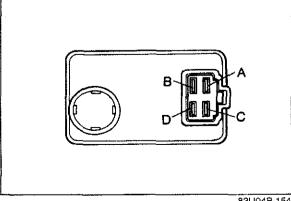
3. Increase the engine speed to between 2,000 and 3,000 rpm, and check that the monitor lamp flashes for 10 seconds.

Monitor lamp: Flashes ON and OFF more than 8 times/10 sec



ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR Inspection of Terminal Voltage

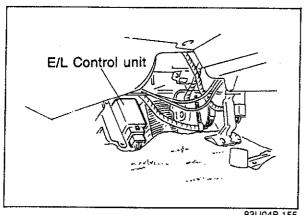
- 1. Remove the rubber cap and connect a vacuum pump to the port of the sensor.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between each terminal and ground while applying and releasing vacuum to the sensor.



Terminal (Color)	Voltage		
A			
B (Lg)	1.4—4.9V		
C (LgR)	Below 1.5V		
D (LgW)	4.5—5.5V		

- 4. If the voltage at C or D terminal is not correct, check the wiring harness.
- 5. If the voltage of C and D terminal is OK but at B terminal is wrong, replace the atmospheric pressure sensor.

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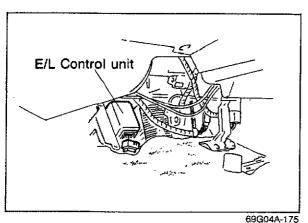


ELECTRICAL LOAD (E/L) CONTROL UNIT Inspection

- 1. Connect a voltmeter between the E/L control unit and ground.
- 2. Start the engine and check the terminal voltages as described below.

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Terminal In	Innut	Output	Connection to	Voltage (after warm-up)		
	mpat	iput Output		Ignition switch: ON	idle	Remarks
A (YG)	<u></u>	_	Ignition switch	Approx. 1	Approx. 12V	
В	0		Electrical fan relay	Approx. 12V Below 1.5V		Coolant temp.: below 97°C (206.6°F)
(YG)						Coolant temp.: above 97°C (206.6°F)
C (B)	-	- [Ground	ov	ov	
D				_		_
E (L)		Control unit (1H)	Below 1.5V		E/L: ON	
			Control dist (11)	Approx. 12V		E/L: OFF
F			Combination switch	Approx. 12V		Combination switch: ON
(RB)				Below 1.5	SV .	Combination switch: OFF
G	0		Blower motor switch	Below 1.5V		Blower motor switch: ON (2nd, 3rd or 4th position)
(LG)			Approx. 12	2V	Others	
H (BY)	0		Rear defroster	Below 1.5	V	Rear defroster switch: ON
		switch	Approx. 12V		Rear defroster switch: OFF	



Replacement

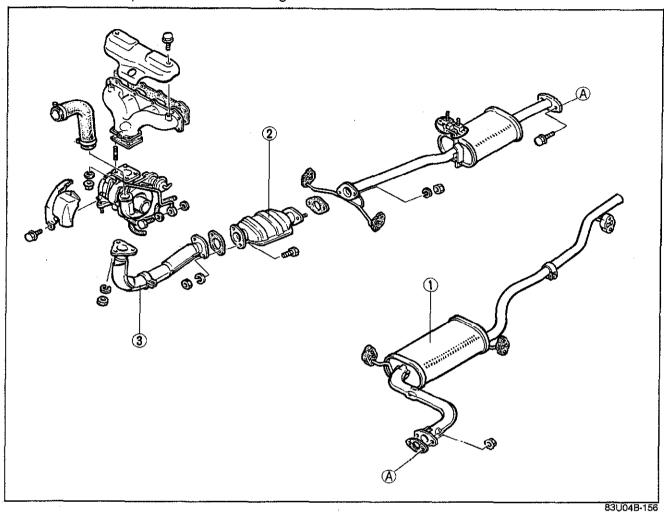
- 1. Disconnect the connector from the E/L control unit.
- 2. Replace the E/L control unit.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

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EXHAUST SYSTEM

REMOVAL

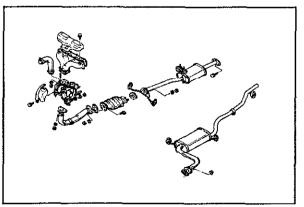
Remove in the sequence shown in the figure.



1. Main silencer

2. Catalytic converter

3. Front exhaust pipe



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INSPECTION

Visually check the exhaust system parts for cracks, or damage.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

Note When installing the exhaust system parts, tighten to the specified torque.

